Hi dear,

As you learned in the previous lectures throughout this section, there are so many privileges in the Oracle Database. And when a user performs an operation, the Oracle server checks if the user has the required privileges for that operation.

Here are some data dictionary views that you can use to check the privileges:

Data Dictionary View	Description
TABLE_PRIVILEGE_MAP	Contains information about access privilege codes.
ROLE_SYS_PRIVS	Lists system privileges granted to roles.
ROLE_TAB_PRIVS	Lists table privileges granted to roles.
ROLE_ROLE_PRIVS	Lists roles granted to other roles.
USER_COL_PRIVS	Lists grants on columns for which the user is the owner, grantor, grantee.
USER_SYS_PRIVS	Lists system privileges granted to the user.
USER_ROLE_PRIVS	Lists roles accessible by the user.
SESSION_PRIVS	Lists privileges which the user currently has set.
USER_TAB_PRIVS	Lists grants on objects for which the user is the owner, grantor or grantee.
USER_CODE_ROLE_PRIVS	Lists all the roles that are associated with the program units owned by the user.
ALL_TAB_PRIVS_MADE	Lists user's grants and grants on user's objects.
ALL_TAB_PRIVS_RECD	Lists grants on objects for which the user or PUBLIC is the grantee.
USER_COL_PRIVS_RECD	Lists object privileges granted to the user on specific columns.