

BMW 3-Series and Z4 (99-05) Includes 2006 325ci/330ci Coupe and Convertible models Haynes Online Manual.

8 Charging system - testing

1 If the ignition warning light fails to illuminate when the ignition is switched on, first check the alternator wiring connections for security. If satisfactory, check that the warning light bulb has not blown, and that the bulb holder is secure in its location in the instrument panel. If the light still fails to illuminate, check the <u>continuity</u> of the warning light feed wire from the alternator to the bulb holder. If all is satisfactory, the alternator is at fault and should be replaced or taken to an auto-electrician for testing and repair.

2 If the ignition warning light illuminates when the engine is running, stop the engine and check that the drivebelt is correctly tensioned (see Chapter 1) and that the alternator connections are secure. If all is so far satisfactory, have the alternator checked by an automotive electrician for testing and repair.

- 3 If the alternator output is suspect even though the warning light functions correctly, the regulated voltage may be checked as follows.
- 4 Connect a voltmeter across the battery terminals and start the engine.
- 5 Increase the engine speed until the <u>voltmeter</u> reading remains steady; the reading should be at least 12.66 volts, and no more than 14.2 volts.
- 6 Switch on as many electrical accessories as possible (headlights, heated rear window and heater blower, etc.), and check that the alternator maintains the regulated voltage at around 13 to 14 volts.
- 7 If the regulated voltage is not as stated, the fault may be due to worn alternator brushes, weak brush springs, a faulty <u>voltage regulator</u>, a faulty diode, a severed phase winding or worn or damaged slip-rings. The alternator should be replaced or taken to an automotive electrician for testing and repair.

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