

INSTRUCTIONS:

Fill out the hazard analysis and risk assessment below.

HA-001 should be for the lane departure warning function as discussed in

HA-002 should be for the lane keeping assistance function as discussed in

Then come up with your own situations and hazards for the la

When finished, export your spreadsheet as a pdf file so that a

Hazard ID	Si		
	Operational Mode	Operational Scenario	Environmental Details
HA-001	OM03 - Normal driving	OS01 - City Road	EN04 - Snowfall (degraded view)
HA-002	OM03 - Normal driving	OS03 - Country Road	EN01 - Normal conditions
HA-003	OM03 - Normal driving	OS02 - City Road	EN04 - Snowfall (degraded view)
HA-004	OM03 - Normal driving	OS09 - Road tunnel	EN01 - Normal conditions

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ne assistance system. Fill in the HA-003 and HA-004 rows.

reviewer can easily see your work.

Situational Analysis			
Situation Details	Other Details (optional)	Item Usage (function)	Situation Description
SD02 - High speed		IU01 - Correctly used	Normal driving on a City Road during snowfall (degraded view) with high speed and correctly used system.
SD02 - High speed		IU01 - Correctly used	Normal driving on a country road during normal conditions with high speed and incorrectly used System.
SD01 - Low speed		IU01 - Correctly used	Normal driving on a city road during Snowfall with low speed and correctly used system.
SD02 - High speed		IU02 - Incorrectly Used	Normal driving in a tunnel during normal conditions with high speed and incorrectly used System.

Hazard Identification			
Function	Deviation	Deviation Details	Hazardous Event (resulting effect)
Lane Departure Warning (LDW) function shall apply an oscillating steering torque to provide the driver with haptic feedback	DV02 - Function unexpectedly activated	The LDW function applies an oscillating torque unexpectedly.	EV00 - Collision with other Vehicle
Lane Keeping Assistance (LKA) function shall apply the steering torque when active in order to stay in ego lane	DV15 - Sensor detection too late	The Camera Image Processing in LKA function is delayed.	EV00 - Collision with other Vehicle
Lane Departure Warning (LDW) function shall apply an oscillating steering torque to provide the driver with haptic feedback	DV12 - Sensor sensitivity is too high	LDW alert driver of lane departure frequently	EV01 – Side collision with obstacle
Lane Keeping Assistance (LKA) function shall apply the steering torque when active in order to stay in ego lane	DV10 – Actor effect is reverse	LKA alert driver of lane departure reversely	EV-01 - Side collision with Obstacle

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Event Details	Hazardous Event Description	Exposure (of situation)
Wrong haptic feedback can mislead the driver's ability to steer. The driver could control the vehicle wrongly and collide with another vehicle.	The haptic feedback occurs unexpectedly	DV02 - Function unexpectedly activated
The LKA function can't control the vehicle in a timely Manner.	The control output of the LKA function is delayed.	E2 - Low Probability
Snowfall increase sensor sensitivity. The LDW function alerts Driver frequently.	LDW alerts driver of lane departure frequently	E2 - Low Probability
Inattentive driver relies on LKA which give the reverse control output	LKA does not correct vehicle lane departure	E2 - Low Probability

Hazardous Event Classification			
Rationale (for exposure)	Severity (of potential harm)	Rationale (for severity)	Controllability (of hazardous event)
Highway driving at high speeds in the rain is a relatively common Occurrence.	S3 - Life-threatening or fatal injuries	High speed collisions are often life threatening	C0 - Controllable in general
The image processing software may not be hard time, because of the software complicity	S3 - Life-threatening or fatal injuries	High speed collisions are often life threatening	C3 - Difficult to control or uncontrollable
Degrade vision in good driving conditions uncommon.	S3 - Life-threatening or fatal injuries	Vehicle to pedestrian impact may be fatal at low speeds	C0 - Controllable in General
The image processing software may not be hard time, because of the software complicity	S2 - Severe and life-threatening injuries	High speed collision although side impact slightly Lesser	C2 - Normally controllable

	Determination of ASIL and Safety Goals	
Rationale (for controllability)	ASIL Determinati on	Safety Goal
Unexpected haptic feedback misleads drivers ability to steer the vehicle	C	Reduce the threshold oscillation torque from the LDW system
Delayed control output of LKA function makes drivers confused.	B	Create a mechanism to handle the delay of image processing.
System not active, vehicle controllable as usual	QM	Create a mechanism to filter the sensor reading
System not active, vehicle controllable as usual	QM	Turn Off the LDW function when it become faulty.

EXAMPLE DISCUSSED IN THE PROJECT INSTRUCTIONS - I

Hazard ID	
	Operational Mode
HA-001	Normal Driving

MORE EXAMPLES - Headlamp System

Hazard ID	
	Operational Mode
HA-001	OM03 - Normal Driving
HA-002	OM03 - Normal Driving
HA-003	OM03 - Normal Driving
HA-004	OM03 - Normal Driving
HA-005	OM03 - Normal Driving

Headlamp System

Situational Context	
Operational Scenario	Environmental Details
City Road	Normal Conditions

Situational Context	
Operational Scenario	Environmental Details
OS01 - City Road	EN01 - Normal conditions
OS01 - City Road	EN04 - Snowfall (degraded view)
OS03 - Highway	EN04 - Snowfall (degraded view)
OS02 - Country Road	EN01 - Normal conditions
OS02 - Country Road	EN04 - Snowfall (degraded view)

Situational Analysis		
Situation Details (optional)	Other Details (optional)	Item Usage (function)
Low Speed	Night time + Obstacle on the road	Correctly Used

Situational Analysis		
Situation Details (optional)	Other Details (optional)	Item Usage (function)
SD03 - Low speed	Night time + Obstacle on the road	IU01 - Correctly used
SD03 - Low speed	Night time + Obstacle on the road and no other illumination on road	IU01 - Correctly used
SD03 - High speed	Night time + Obstacle on the road or upcoming curve	IU01 - Correctly used
SD02 - High speed	Night time + Oncoming vehicle	IU01 - Correctly used
SD04 - High speed	Night time + Obstacle on the road and no other illumination on road	IU01 - Correctly used

Situation Description	Function	Deviation
Normal Driving on a City Road in Normal Conditions at Low Speed at Night with an Obstacle on the Road	Low beam illuminates the roadway in the dark	Function not activated

Situation Description	Function	Deviation
Normal Driving on City Road during Normal conditions with Low speed (Night time + Obstacle on the road)	Low beam illuminates the roadway in the dark	DV01 - Function not activated
Normal Driving on City Road during Snowfall (degraded view) with Low speed (Night time + Obstacle on the road and no other illumination on road)	Low beam illuminates the roadway in the dark	DV01 - Function not activated
Normal Driving on Highway during Snowfall (degraded view) with High speed (Night time + Obstacle on the road or upcoming curve)	Low beam illuminates the roadway in the dark	DV01 - Function not activated
Normal Driving on Country Road during Normal conditions with High speed (Night time + Oncoming vehicle)	Low beam illuminates the roadway in the dark	DV01 - Function not activated
Normal Driving on Country Road during Snowfall (degraded view) with High speed (Night time + Obstacle on the road and no other illumination on road)	Low beam illuminates the roadway in the dark	DV01 - Function not activated

Hazard Identification	
Deviation Details	Hazardous Event (resulting effect)
Both headlights stop working	Front collision with obstacle

Hazard Identification	
Deviation Details	Hazardous Event (resulting effect)
Both headlights stop working	EV04 - Front collision with obstacle
Both headlights stop working	EV04 - Front collision with obstacle
Both headlights stop working	EV04 - Front collision with obstacle
Both headlights stop working	EV08 - Collision with other vehicle
Both headlights stop working	EV04 - Front collision with obstacle

Event Details	Hazardous Event Description	Exposure (of situation)
Vehicle crashes into the obstacle with injury to driver	Total loss of low beam	E4 - High probability

Event Details	Hazardous Event Description	Exposure (of situation)
Vehicle crashes into the obstacle with injury to driver	Total loss of low beam	E4 - High probability
Vehicle crashes into the obstacle with injury to driver	Total loss of low beam	E1 - Very low probability
Vehicle crashes into the obstacle or road infrastructure with injury to driver and any others present	Total loss of low beam	E2 - Low probability
Vehicle crashes into the oncoming vehicle or road infrastructure	Total loss of low beam	E4 - High probability
Vehicle crashes into the obstacle or road infrastructure with injury to driver and any others present	Total loss of low beam	E2 - Low probability

Hazardous I

Rationale (for exposure)	Severity (of potential harm)
night driving in the city is a regular activity	S1 - Light and moderate injuries

Hazardous I

Rationale (for exposure)	Severity (of potential harm)
night driving in the city is a regular activity	S1 - Light and moderate injuries
night driving in the city on completely unilluminated roads while it is snowing is rare	S1 - Light and moderate injuries
High driving is part of regular driving, however, heavy snow occurs a few times a year	S3 - Life-threatening or fatal injuries
country driving is part of regular driving	S3 - Life-threatening or fatal injuries
country driving is part of regular driving, however, heavy snow occurs a few times a year	S3 - Life-threatening or fatal injuries

Event Classification	
Rationale (for severity)	Controllability (of hazardous event)
In city traffic, speed of vehicle is expected to be low	C0 - Controllable in general

Event Classification	
Rationale (for severity)	Controllability (of hazardous event)
In city traffic, speed of vehicle is expected to be low	C0 - Controllable in general
In city traffic, speed of vehicle is expected to be low	C1 - Simply controllable
On highway speed of vehicle is expected to be high	C2 - Normally controllable
On country roads speed of vehicle is expected to be high	C1 - Simply controllable
On country roads speed of vehicle is expected to be high	C3 - Difficult to control or uncontrollable

	Determination of ASIL and Safety Goals	
Rationale (for controllability)	ASIL Determination	Safety Goal
At city speed, most drivers will be able to control the situation by applying brakes and there is additional illumination on city roads	QM	Total Loss of Beam Shall Be Prevented

	Determination of ASIL and Safety Goals	
Rationale (for controllability)	ASIL Determination	Safety Goal
At city speed, most drivers will be able to control the situation by applying brakes and there is additional illumination on city roads	QM	Total loss of low beam shall be prevented
On completely unilluminated city roads, drivers usually drive at lower end of city speeds and hence are expected to be able to control vehicle	QM	Total loss of low beam shall be prevented
It can be expected that there are other vehicles and there is some form of illumination on road and hence >90% drivers are able to brake and control the vehicle. And also use other forms of illumination	A	Total loss of low beam shall be prevented
Since there is usually no other form of illumination to be expected on country road, it will be difficult for the average driver to control the vehicle in such a situation	B	Total loss of low beam shall be prevented
Since there is usually no other form of illumination to be expected on country road, it will be difficult for the average driver to control the vehicle in such a situation	B	Total loss of low beam shall be prevented

Hazard & Risk Analysis Defin

Operational Mode

ID	Mode
OM01	Parked
OM02	Ignition on
OM03	Normal driving
OM04	Backward driving
OM05	Degraded driving
OM06	Towing (active)
OM07	Towing (passive)
OM08	Service
OM09	N/A

Operational Scenario

ID	Scenario
OS01	Any Road
OS02	City Road
OS03	Country Road
OS04	Highway
OS05	Mountain Pass
OS06	Off Road
OS07	Road with gradient
OS08	Road with bump
OS09	Road tunnel
OS10	Road with construction site
OS11	N/A

Situation Details

ID	Scenario
SD01	Low speed
SD02	High speed
SD03	Normal acceleration
SD04	High acceleration
SD05	Normal braking
SD06	High braking
SD07	N/A

Item Usage

ID	Mode
IU01	Correctly used
IU02	Incorrectly used
IU03	N/A

Environmental Details

ID	Scenario
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EN01	Normal conditions
EN02	Sun blares (degraded view)
EN03	Fog (degraded view)
EN04	Snowfall (degraded view)
EN05	Cross-wind (lateral force)
EN06	Rain (slippery road)
EN07	Snow (slippery road)
EN08	Glacé (slippery road)
EN09	N/A

itions

Remarks
Car is parked, ignition is off
Car is parked, ignition is on
Car is driving
Car is driving
Limp home mode
Towing another car
Being towed by another car
Vehicle is in repair garage
not applicable or not relevant

Remarks
road type
road type
road type
road type
road type
road type
road attribute
road attribute
road attribute
road attribute
not applicable or not relevant

Remarks
driving attribute
driving attribute
driving attribute
driving attribute
driving attribute
driving attribute
not applicable or not relevant

Remarks
Intended usage
Unintended usage (foreseeable)
not applicable or not relevant

Remarks

weather attribute
weather attribute
weather attribute
weather attribute
weather attribute
road attribute
road attribute
road attribute
not applicable or not relevant

Reference
OM01 - Parked
OM02 - Ignition on
OM03 - Normal driving
OM04 - Backward driving
OM05 - Degraded driving
OM06 - Towing (active)
OM07 - Towing (passive)
OM08 - Service
OM09 - N/A

Reference
OS01 - Any Road
OS02 - City Road
OS03 - Country Road
OS04 - Highway
OS05 - Mountain Pass
OS06 - Off Road
OS07 - Road with gradient
OS08 - Road with bump
OS09 - Road tunnel
OS10 - Road with construction site
OS11 - N/A

Reference
SD01 - Low speed
SD02 - High speed
SD03 - Normal acceleration
SD04 - High acceleration
SD05 - Normal braking
SD06 - High braking
SD07 - N/A

Reference
IU01 - Correctly used
IU02 - Incorrectly used
IU03 - N/A

Reference

EN01 - Normal conditions
EN02 - Sun blares (degraded view)
EN03 - Fog (degraded view)
EN04 - Snowfall (degraded view)
EN05 - Cross-wind (lateral force)
EN06 - Rain (slippery road)
EN07 - Snow (slippery road)
EN08 - Glace (slippery road)
EN09 - N/A

Deviation

ID	Deviation (Guideword)	Remarks
DV01	Function not activated	Activation error
DV02	Function unexpectedly activated	Activation error
DV03	Function always activated	Activation error
DV04	Actor effect is too much	Quantitative error
DV05	Actor effect is too less	Quantitative error
DV06	Actor action too early	Timing error
DV07	Actor action too late	Timing error
DV08	Actor action before	Sequence error
DV09	Actor action after	Sequence error
DV10	Actor effect is reverse	Logical error
DV11	Actor effect is wrong	Logical error
DV12	Sensor sensitivity is too high	Quantitative error
DV13	Sensor sensitivity is too low	Quantitative error
DV14	Sensor detection too early	Timing error
DV15	Sensor detection too late	Timing error
DV16	Sensor detection before	Sequence error
DV17	Sensor detection after	Sequence error
DV18	Sensor detection is reverse	Logical error
DV19	Sensor detection is wrong	Logical error
DV20	N/A	not applicable or not relevant

Hazardous Events (possible effects)

ID	Hazardous Event	Remarks
EV-07	None	
EV-06	Front collision with oncoming traffic	
EV-05	Front collision with ahead traffic	
EV-04	Front collision with obstacle	
EV-03	Rear collision with trailing traffic	
EV-02	Side collision with other traffic	
EV-01	Side collision with obstacle	
EV00	Collision with other vehicle	
EV01	Collision with train	
EV02	Collision with pedestrian	
EV03	Car spins out of control	
EV04	Car comes off the road	
EV05	Car catches fire	
EV06	N/A	



Reference
DV01 - Function not activated
DV02 - Function unexpectedly activated
DV03 - Function always activated
DV04 - Actor effect is too much
DV05 - Actor effect is too less
DV06 - Actor action too early
DV07 - Actor action too late
DV08 - Actor action before
DV09 - Actor action after
DV10 - Actor effect is reverse
DV11 - Actor effect is wrong
DV12 - Sensor sensitivity is too high
DV13 - Sensor sensitivity is too low
DV14 - Sensor detection too early
DV15 - Sensor detection too late
DV16 - Sensor detection before
DV17 - Sensor detection after
DV18 - Sensor detection is reverse
DV19 - Sensor detection is wrong
DV20 - N/A

Reference
EV-07 - None
EV-06 - Front collision with oncoming traffic
EV-05 - Front collision with ahead traffic
EV-04 - Front collision with obstacle
EV-03 - Rear collision with trailing traffic
EV-02 - Side collision with other traffic
EV-01 - Side collision with obstacle
EV00 - Collision with other vehicle
EV01 - Collision with train
EV02 - Collision with pedestrian
EV03 - Car spins out of control
EV04 - Car comes off the road
EV05 - Car catches fire
EV06 - N/A



Exposure

ID	Description
E0	Incredible
E1	Very low probability
E2	Low probability
E3	Medium probability
E4	High probability

Severity

ID	Description
S0	No injuries
S1	Light and moderate injuries
S2	Severe and life-threatening injuries
S3	Life-threatening or fatal injuries

Controllability

ID	Description
C0	Controllable in general
C1	Simply controllable
C2	Normally controllable
C3	Difficult to control or uncontrollable

Duration (of situation)
Not specified
<1 % of average operating time
1 % to 10 % of average operating time
>10 % of average operating time

Remarks
No injuries
Light and moderate injuries
Severe and life-threatening injuries (survival probable)
Life-threatening injuries (survival uncertain), fatal injuries

Remarks
Controllable in general
99 % or more of all drivers or other traffic participants are usually
90 % or more of all drivers or other traffic participants are usually
Less than 90 % of all drivers or other traffic participants are usua

Frequency (of situation)	Reference
	E0 - Incredible
Occurs less often than once a year for the great majority of drivers	E1 - Very low probability
Occurs a few times a year for the great majority of drivers	E2 - Low probability
Occurs once a month or more often for an average driver	E3 - Medium probability
Occurs during almost every drive on average	E4 - High probability

Probability of Injuries	Reference
AIS 0 and less than 10 % probability of AIS 1-6	S0 - No injuries
More than 10 % probability of AIS 1-6 (and not S2 or S3)	S1 - Light and moderate injuries
More than 10 % probability of AIS 3-6 (and not S3)	S2 - Severe and life-threatening injuries
More than 10 % probability of AIS 5-6	S3 - Life-threatening or fatal injuries

	Reference
	C0 - Controllable in general
able to avoid harm	C1 - Simply controllable
able to avoid harm	C2 - Normally controllable
lly able, or barely able, to avoid harm	C3 - Difficult to control or uncontrollable

Controllability	Exposure	Severity		
		S0	S1	S2
C1	E1	QM	QM	QM
	E2	QM	QM	QM
	E3	QM	QM	QM
	E4	QM	QM	A
C2	E1	QM	QM	QM
	E2	QM	QM	QM
	E3	QM	QM	A
	E4	QM	A	B
C3	E1	QM	QM	QM
	E2	QM	QM	A
	E3	QM	A	B
	E4	QM	B	C

S3
QM
QM
A
B
QM
A
B
C
A
B
C
D