

Dining Philosophers

Free of Deadlocks And Starvation Version

The versions I used is actually vulnerable to deadlocks. However, I implement a way of detecting and recovering from the deadlock making it a deadlock free. It is also free from starvation since each philosopher is ensured at least one use of both forks at the same time.

Implementaiton

- In the beginning all the threads grab the left fork using `sem_wait()`
 - A 1 second `sleep()` is put right after the `sem_wait()` to allow all the other threads to grab the left fork before any thread manages to get the right fork.
- For the right fork, `sem_timedwait()` is used in order to check for deadlocks.
- A certain timestamp in the future is given to the function for it to return after a certain amount of blocking time.
 - If the time passed is 'current_time + 1 sec' then it will try to obtain the semaphore
 - If it couldn't, it will block for 1 sec and then return with an error code
 - 0 for success
 - -1 for failure
- I passed 1 sec, although 0 seconds would do the same job.
- In the case that I get back a -1, I release the left fork using `sem_post()`
- A random time for `sleep()` is called
- Then I loop back to try and get left and right again, in which case, other threads may be done using.

```
do {
    clock_gettime(CLOCK_REALTIME, &time);
    time.tv_sec += 1;

    // Grab fork to the left
    sem_wait(fork_left);
    printf("Philosopher %d grabbed the LEFT fork\n", index);

    // Wait for other Philosophers to grab the left fork
    sleep(1);

    // Try to grab the fork to the right
    timedwaitResult = sem_timedwait(fork_right, &time);
    printf("Philosopher %d is trying to grab the RIGHT fork\n", index);

    // If I couldn't get the fork to the right
    if (timedwaitResult == -1) {
        printf("Philosopher %d couldn't grab the RIGHT fork... Releasing
LEFT fork.\n", index);
        sem_post(fork_left);
        sleep(rand() % 5);
        count++;
    } else {
```

```

        printf("Philosopher %d grabbed BOTH the forks\n", index);
        done = 1;
    }

} while (!done);

```

Deadlock Version

The version with deadlock is similar to the deadlock free version. The only difference is whether I loop back to try and get left and right fork after some random time or just exist the function reporting a deadlock.

Implementation

```

// If I couldn't get the fork to the right
if (timedwaitResult == -1) {
    printf("Philosopher %d couldn't grab the RIGHT fork... DEADLOCK.\n",
index);
    deadlock = 1;
} else {
    printf("Philosopher %d grabbed BOTH the forks\n", index);
    deadlock = 0;
}

return deadlock;

```

Starvation Version

This version focused on trying to get one of the philosophers to starve while at the same time avoiding deadlocks. So, I tried to apply the idea of using **room** from the book, but instead call it **seats**. What I try to do is allow up to only 4 to eat per run. I create 4 semaphore seats, and the seats are given out on a First-Come-First-Served bases. The first thread/philosopher comes in to take **seat 0**, then the second philosopher comes in to take **seat 1** and so on and so forth. The unlucky thread doesn't get a seat and ends up starving. The fact that there are 4 at a time, ensure that at least one eats. When that person is done eating, he can leave his fork (may not be clean) for the next person to use.

Implementation

- The idea of grabbing a seat uses **sem_timedwait()** to check whether someone else grabbed this seat
- In this scenario, **time.tv_sec** is passed **0** instead of **1** since I don't want it to wait for one second if it finds that the seat is taken. Rather, I want to know that the seat is taken and move on to another one.
- Also, after grabbing a seat, a thread might finish execution right away, so when the last thread comes he could take that seat. Therefore, I call **sleep(1)** which allows all the seats to be assigned before any of the philosophers start eating.
- If **sleep(1)** was not used and two or three threads tried to grab the same seat, they would just wait for whoever is on it to finish and then grab it.

```
clock_gettime(CLOCK_REALTIME, &time);
time.tv_sec += 0;
timedwaitResult = sem_timedwait(seat_one, &time);
if (timedwaitResult != -1) {
    sleep(1);
    printf("Philosopher %d grabbed seat ONE.\n", index);
    return 1;
}
```