

## Wiki Enseignement

admin:tp8

# TP8 (DNS & DHCP)

### **Config Serveur DNS**

```
domain: metal.fr server: immortal (192.168.0.2)
Dans /etc/bind/named.conf.local:
zone "metal.fr" {
         type master;
         file "/etc/bind/db.metal";
};
zone "0.168.192.in-addr.arpa" {
         type master;
         file "/etc/bind/db.0.168.192";
};
Dans /etc/bind/db.metal:
; $ORIGIN metal.fr
$TTL
         86400
@
         ΙN
                  S<sub>0</sub>A
                          dns1.metal.fr. mailer.metal.fr. (
                                            ; Serial
                                 1
                           604800
                                              Refresh
                            86400
                                              Retry
                           2419200
                                              Expire
                            86400 )
                                            ; Negative Cache TTL
@
         IN
                 NS
                           immortal
                 MX
@
                          10
                                   nile
immortal
                  IN
                          Α
                                   192.168.0.2
                  ΙN
                          Α
                                   192.168.0.1
syl
nile
                  IN
                                   192.168.0.3
; alias
                  ΙN
                          CNAME
                                   nile
mailer
                  IN
                          CNAME
                                   immortal
Nota Bene: NS = DNS Server, IN = Internet (optionel), mailer.metal.fr ⇒ mailer@metal.fr (@email du DNS admin)
Dans /etc/bind/db.0.168.192 (reverse):
 $ORIGIN 0.168.192.in-addr.arpa
        86400
$TTL
         IN
                  S0A
                           dns1.metal.fr. mailer.metal.fr. (
                                            ; Serial
                                 1
                           604800
                                              Refresh
                                            ; Retry
                            86400
                           2419200
                                              Expire
                            86400 )
                                            ; Negative Cache TTL
@
         IN
                 NS
                          dns1.metal.fr.
;
2
  reverse
                  PTR
                          immortal.metal.fr.
         IN
                  PTR
1
         ΙN
                          syl.metal.fr.
3
                  PTR
                          nile.metal.fr.
Vérif Config Serveur:
  $ named-checkzone 0.168.192.in-addr.arpa db.0.168.192
  $ named-checkzone metal.fr db.metal
```

\$ named-checkconf -z

```
Démarrage du serveur :
$ /etc/init.d/bind9 restart
Les logs:
$ tail /var/log/syslog
Config Client DNS
Dans /etc/resolv.conf:
search metal.fr
nameserver 192.168.0.2
Dans /etc/nsswitch.conf:
                 files dns
hosts:
Ne pas oublier de redémarrer le daemon nscd.
Test Client, sur syl par exemple:
  $ nslookup nile
  Server:
                         192.168.0.2
  Address:
                192.168.0.2#53
  Name: nile.metal.fr
  Address: 192.168.0.3
  $ ping nile
  PING nile.metal.fr (192.168.0.3) 56(84) bytes of data.
  64 bytes from nile.metal.fr (192.168.0.3): icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=12.8 ms
Config du serveur DHCP
Serveur DHCP su syl.
Configuration sans DNS
Dans /etc/dhcp/dhcpd.conf:
  default-lease-time 600:
  max-lease-time 7200;
  subnet 192.168.0.0 netmask 255.255.255.0 {
    range 192.168.0.10 192.168.0.20;
    option broadcast-address 192.168.0.255;
On démarre le serveur DHCP:
 $/etc/init.d/isc-dhcp-server start
Configuration avec DNS
On suppose le serveur DNS bien configuré sur immortal...
Dans /etc/dhcp/dhcpd.conf (syl), ajouter à la fin :
subnet 192.168.0.0 netmask 255.255.255.0 {
                                                    # Range of IP addresses to be issued to DHCP clients
  range 192.168.0.10 192.168.0.30;
  option domain-name "metal.fr";
                                                    # Domain name
  option domain-name-servers 192.168.0.2;
                                                   # Default DNS to be used by DHCP clients
  # option routers 192.168.0.254;
                                                   # Default gateway to be used by DHCP clients
  option subnet-mask 255.255.255.0;
                                                   # Default subnet mask to be used by DHCP clients
  option broadcast-address 192.168.0.255;
                                                    # Default broadcast address to be used by DHCP clients
  host nile {
    hardware ethernet A2:00:00:00:03:00;
    fixed-address 192.168.0.9;
```

```
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```

On redémarre le serveur DHCP.

### **Configuration du Client DHCP**

```
Dans /etc/network/interfaces (nile):
```

```
auto eth0 inet dhcp
```

Puis on démarre le client...

\$/etc/init.d/networking restart

Ou encore:

```
root@nile:~ #dhclient -v

Listening on LPF/eth0/a2:00:00:00:03:00
Sending on LPF/eth0/a2:00:00:00:03:00
Sending on Socket/fallback
DHCPDISCOVER on eth0 to 255.255.255 port 67 interval 4
DHCPOFFER from 192.168.0.1
DHCPREQUEST on eth0 to 255.255.255 port 67
DHCPACK from 192.168.0.1
bound to 192.168.0.10 -- renewal in 265 seconds.
```

On peut vérifier les entrées ajoutées dynamiquement sur le serveur DHCP dans le fichier /var/lib/dhcp/dhcpd.leases

#### Configuration avançée du serveur DHCP

On souhaite maintenant faire en sorte que le serveur DHCP collabore avec le serveur DNS pour mettre à jour automatiquement la liste desnouvelles machines reconnues par DNS.

On utilise le secret définie dans /etc/bind/rndc.key

On modifie la config DHCP du serveur dans /etc/dhcp/dhcpd.conf:

```
ddns-update-style interim;
ddns-updates on;
deny client-updates;
ddns-domainname "metal.fr.";
ddns-rev-domainname "0.168.192.in-addr.arpa.";
authoritative;
key "rndc-key" {
  algorithm hmac-md5;
  secret "nnuTF/RJEhvmKhttRzIv8w==";
zone metal.fr. {
  primary 192.168.0.2;
  key rndc-key;
}
zone 0.168.192.in-addr.arpa. {
  primary 192.168.0.2;
  key rndc-key;
subnet 192.168.0.0 netmask 255.255.255.0 {
  range 192.168.0.10 192.168.0.30;
                                                  # Range of IP addresses to be issued to DHCP clients
 option domain-name "metal.fr'
                                                  # Domain name
 option domain-name-servers 192.168.0.2;
                                                  # Default DNS to be used by DHCP clients
 option subnet-mask 255.255.255.0;
                                                  # Default subnet mask to be used by DHCP clients
 option broadcast-address 192.168.0.255;
                                                  # Default broadcast address to be used by DHCP clients
```

Puis on modifie la config su serveur DNS dans /etc/bind/named.conf.local:

```
key "rndc-key" {
  algorithm hmac-md5;
  secret "nnuTF/RJEhvmKhttRzIv8w==";
```