

PyEscape: A narrow escape problem simulator package for python

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Summary

In biology many research questions focus on uncovering the mechanisms which allow particles (molecules, proteins etc.) to move from one location to another. Often these movements are from one domain to another and these domains are in some way contained. The "narrow escape problem" is a bio-physics problem where the solution would provide the average time required for a Brownian particle to escape a bounded domain through a particular opening. Originally proposed by Holcman & Schuss (2004), solutions to this problem have been proposed and refined over the years Schuss, Singer, & Holcman (2007).

Here, we present a novel Python library which enables simulations to be ran in order to solve the narrow escape problem for unique scenarios. The mathematical models provided are simple and robust, they provide stochastic estimations through random-walks in 3-dimensions. With our models we show that they are good approximations for analytical solutions (example notebook), and that they can be scaled to many custom problems.

Through this library we provide functionality for both cube and spherical shaped domains. We enable a broad range of simulation variables to control, in the most simple case a user will select the volume and shape they wish to act as their container, the number and size of escape pores on the container's surface and the average speed (diffusion coefficient) of their particle of interest. Additionally, we give an implementation of Fibonacci spheres which allows for the fast placement of escape pores pseudo-evenly spaced on the surface of a sphere, this is often useful in experiments to test how number of escapes relates to mean escape time.

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References

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