

# visdat: Visualising Whole Data Frames

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#### **Software**

- Review 🖸
- Repository 🗗
- Archive ♂

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## Summary

When you receive a new dataset you need to look at the data to get a sense of what is in it, and understand potential problems and challenges to get it analysis-ready. "Taking a look at the data" can mean different things. For example: examining statistical summaries (minimum, maximum, mean, inter-quartile range), finding missing values, checking data formatting, creating graphical summaries such as histograms, scatter plots, box plots, and more.

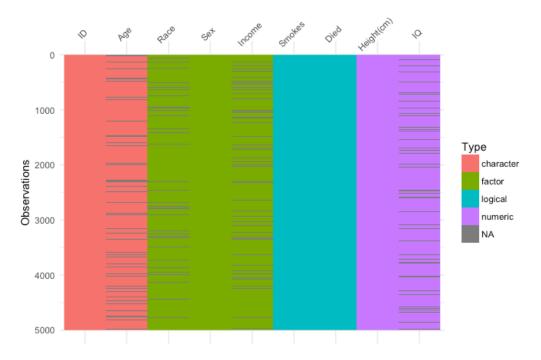
When handling typical real-world data, these preliminary exploratory steps can become difficult to perform when values are not what you expect. For example, income might be a factor instead of numeric, date could be a number not a character string or a date class, or values could be missing when they shouldn't be. Often times, you discover that you had expectations of the data, which are hard to realise until they are a problem. This is similar to how one might not think to buy more light bulbs until one goes out: when you use data in an exploratory scatter plot, or a preliminary model, you often don't realise your data is in the wrong format until that moment. What is needed is a birds eye view of the data, which tells you what classes are in the dataframe, and where the missing data are.

visdat is an R (R Core Team 2016) package that provides a tool to "get a look at the data" by creating heatmap-like visualisations of an entire dataframe, which provides information on: classes in the data, missing values, and also comparisons between two datasets. visdat takes inspiration from csv-fingerprint, and is powered by ggplot2 (Wickham, Chang, and RStudio 2016), which provides a consistent, powerful framework for visualisations that can be extended if needed.

Plots are presented in an intuitive way, reading top down, just like your data. Below is a plot using vis\_dat() of some typical data containing missing values and data of a variety of classes.

library(visdat)
vis\_dat(typical\_data)





visdat will continue to be improved over time, to improve speed in computation and improve interactive plotting.

## **Acknowlegements**

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### References

R Core Team. 2016. R: A Language and Environment for Statistical Computing. Vienna, Austria: R Foundation for Statistical Computing. https://www.R-project.org/.

Wickham, Hadley, Winston Chang, and RStudio. 2016. *Ggplot2: An Implementation of the Grammar of Graphics*. https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=ggplot2.