

Python Active-subspaces Utility Library

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Software

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Summary

Active subspaces are part of an emerging set of tools for discovering and exploiting low-dimensional structure in a function of several variables (Constantine 2015; Constantine, Dow, and Wang 2014). The active subspace for a given function is the span of a set of important directions in the function's domain, where importance is defined by the eigenvalues of a symmetric, positive semidefinite matrix derived from the function's partial derivatives. Perturbing the inputs within the active subspace changes the output more, on average, than perturbing the inputs orthogonally to the active subspace. The functions of interest arise in complex computer simulation models in science and engineering, where the inputs are the model's physical parameters and the output is the scientific or engineering quantity of interest. Identifying an active subspace in a given model enables one to reduce the input dimension for essential parameter studies—such as optimization or uncertainty quantification. When the simulation model is computationally expensive, this dimension reduction may enable otherwise infeasible parameter studies.

The Python Active-subspaces Utility Library ("Python Active-Subspaces Utility Library" 2016) contains Python utilities for working with active subspaces in a given model. Given either (i) a function handle to the model's output and gradients as a function of the model's inputs or (ii) a set of previously generated input/output pairs, the Utility Library provides several methods for estimating the active subspace—along with several diagnostics for the quality of the estimated active subspace. With an active subspace in hand, the Utility Library contains tools for (i) constructing a polynomial or Gaussian radial basis response surface, (ii) estimating the minimum value of the function, and (iii) estimating the average of the function—all of which exploit the low-dimensional active subspace for increased efficiency. The Library also contains several convenience functions for plotting that may reveal simple relationships between the model's active variables (linear combinations of the original variables) and its output.

References

Constantine, Paul G. 2015. Active Subspaces: Emerging Ideas for Dimension Reduction in Parameter Studies. SIAM, Philadelphia. http://dx.doi.org/10.1137/1.9781611973860.

Constantine, Paul G., Eric Dow, and Qiqi Wang. 2014. "Active Subspace Methods in Theory and Practice: Applications to Kriging Surfaces." SIAM Journal on Scientific Computing 36 (4): A1500–A1524. http://dx.doi.org/10.1137/130916138.

"Python Active-Subspaces Utility Library." 2016. https://github.com/paulcon/active_subspaces.