

Do you want to print a 2?

Mark Fowler, Albany Perl Mongers

### Perl String Escapes Recap





```
# hex
$eacute = "\x{e9}";

# oct (<256 only)
$eacute = "\351";

# name
$eacute = "\N{LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH ACUTE}";</pre>
```



```
$snowman = "\x{2603}";

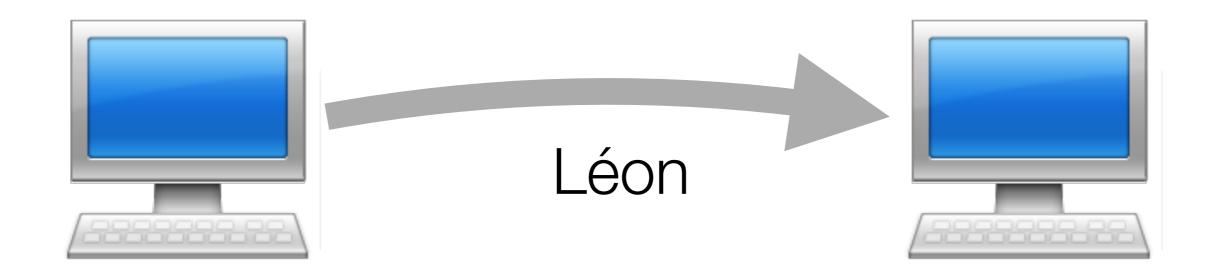
# name
$snowman = "\N{SNOWMAN}";
```

# hex

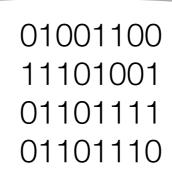
### Character Encoding Recap



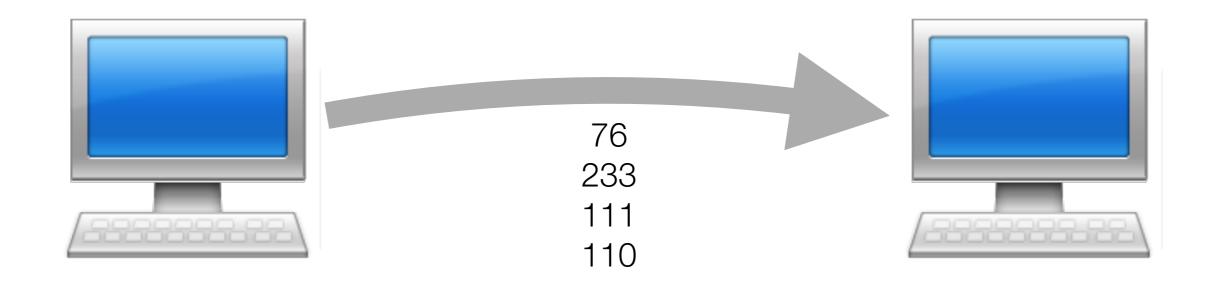
## Léon

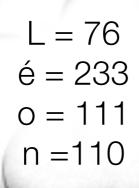


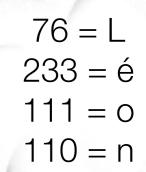
















#### Dear Kate,

Here's to the arany area. The n.

The rebells. The trouble-makers. The read pegs is the square holes. The ones who see things differently. They're nettend of rules. And they have no respect for the status que. You can quote them, disagree with them, glorify or with them, About the only thing you can't do is ignore them. Because they change things. They push the homes race forward. And white some racy see them as the crary ones, we see geston. Because the people who are crazy enough to think they can change the surely, are the ones who do.

Take care. John Appleseed





#### Dear Kirte,

Here's to the arany area. The n.

The rebells. The troublemasters. The recent pegs in the square holes. The ones who see things differently. They're nettend of rules. As if they have no respect for the status que. You can quote them, disagree with them, glorify or villy them. About the only thing you can't do is ignore them. Secance they change things. They push the human race forward. And while some may see them as the orazy ones, we see genius. Because the people who are may execute the people who are may execute the people who are may every enough to think they can change the works, are the ones who do.

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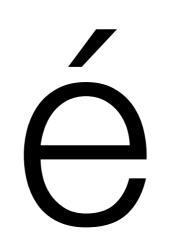
### Terminology

Here's to the crary once. The misfits. The bouble making. The round pega in the square hales. The once who see things differently. They are not lond

nuice, And they are no respect for se status quo. You an quote them, ciss gree with them, portly or vility them, about the only thing ou can't do is

### Character

A single letter or symbol





### Character String

One letter or symbol followed by another, followed by another, and so on...an array of characters

## ana

# Characters are abstract

### Byte

An eight bit number, between 0-255 inclusive

## Byte String

A chunk of memory, a series of bytes, that may somehow have characters encoded in it...an array of bytes

# Bytes are what your code reads

# Bytes are what your code prints

## Encoding

Going from a Character String to a Byte String

### Decoding

Going from a Byte String to a Character String

# Character Set Encoding

What bytes are used to represent a character in a byte string

### Common Character Sets



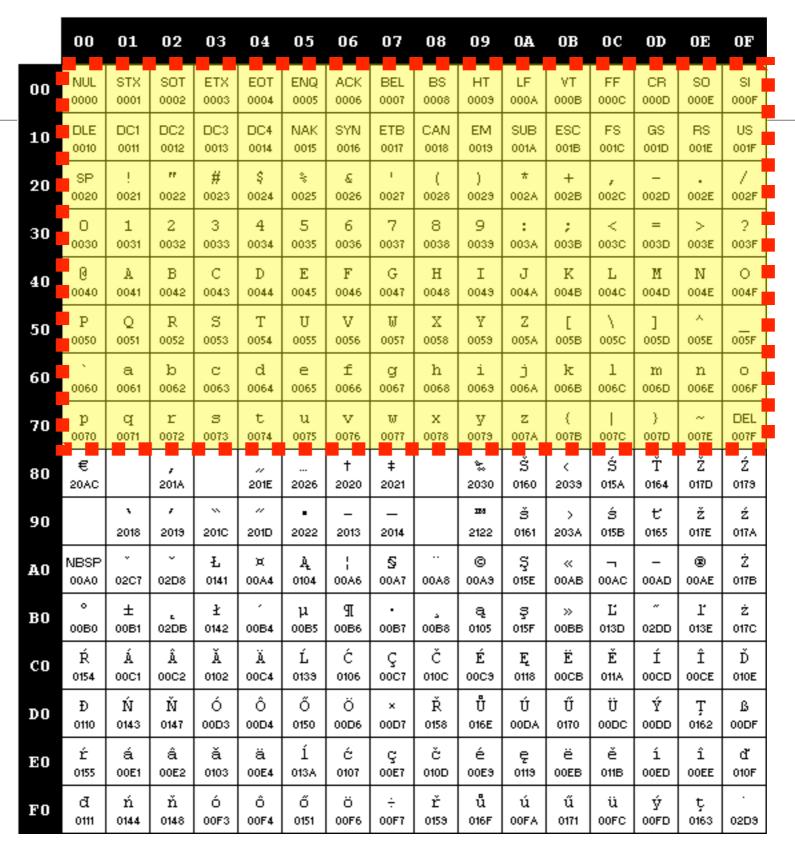
### ASCII

			_	_		-		-									
Н	0	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	В	C	D	E	F	Н
П	0 0000	1 \\ 0x01	2 0x02	3 \(\(\)003	4 \\ 0x04	5 \\\ 0x05	6 \0006	7 0007	8 \\010 0x08	9 \\011 0x09	10 \\( \)0x0A	11 \( \frac{\( \cdot 0.13}{\( \cdot 0.03} \)	12 \0x00	13 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	14 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	15 \\ \( \)0x0F	
0	NUL	SOH	STX	ETX	EOT	ENQ	ACK	BEL	BS	HT	LF	VT	FF	CR	SO	SI	0
Ш			$\perp$		M	X	<b>/</b>	ft		$\rightarrow$	$\equiv$	V	<b>*</b>	$\leq$	$\otimes$	0	Ш
1	16 \\ \( \)020 \\ 0x10 \)	17 \( \frac{\\0.021}{0x11} \)	18 \(\frac{\\022}{0x12}\)	19 \(\frac{\(\chi_{023}\)}{\(\chi_{0x13}\)}	20 \\\( \)024 \\\( 0x14 \)	21 \\ \( \)0x15	22 \\   0x16	23 \\ \( \cdot \) 0x17	24 \\ 0x18	25 \\ 0x19	26 \\032 0x1A	27 \\ \( \) 0x1B	28 \\034 0x10	29 \\( 0.005 \\ 0.001D	30 \\( \)036 \\ 0x18	31 \\ 0x1F	П
	DLE	DC1	DC2	DC3	DC4	NAK	SYN	ETB	CAN	EM	SUB	ESC	FS	GS	RS	US	1
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П	32 \\040 0x20	33 \\041 0x21	34 \\042 0x22	35 \ \( 043 \)	36 \044 0x24	37 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	38 \046 0x26	39 \047	40 \\050 0x26	41 \051 0x29	42 \052 0x2A	43 \\053 0x2B	44 \\0x20	45 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	46 \056 0x2E	47 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	П
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^	Δ	Į.	"	#	\$	%	&	'	(	)	*	+	,	-	•	/	-
П	48 \\060 0x30	49 \\081 0x31	50 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	51 \\\( \)\( 0 \text{d} 3 \)	52 \\084 0x34	53 \ \065	54 \066	55 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	56 \\\(070\)	57 \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	58 \\072 0x3A	59 \\(\)073 0x35	60 \\074	61 \\ 0x30	62 \\076 0x3#	63 \\077	$\Box$
3	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	:	;	<	=	>	?	3
П	64 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	65 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	66 \\102 0x42	67 103	68 \\104 0x44	69 \\105	70 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	71 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	72 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	73 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	74 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	75 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	76 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	77 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	78 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	79 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	4
4	@	A	В	С	D	Е	F	G	н	I	J	K	L	М	N	0	
П	80 \\120 0x50	81 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	82 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	83 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	84 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	85 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	86 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	87 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	88 \\130 0x58	89 \\131 0x59	90 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	91 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	92 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	93 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	94 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	95 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	П
5	Р	Q	R	S	Т	U	V	w	X	Υ	Z	Ε	\	1	^		5
П	96 \\140	97 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	98 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	99 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	100 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	101 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	102 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	103 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	104 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	105 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	106 \\152 0xdA	107 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	108 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	109 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	110 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	111 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	П
6	`	а	b	С	d	е	f	g	h	i	j	k	I	m	n	0	6
П	112 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	113 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	114 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	115 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	116 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	117 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	118 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	119 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	120 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	121 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	122 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	123 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	124 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	125 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	126 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	127 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	П
7	р	q	r	S	t	u	v	w	x	y	z	{	-	}	~	DEL ///	7
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	С	D	E	F	

#### Latin-1

	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	0A	ОВ	0C	OD	0E	OF
00	NUL	STX	SOT	ETX	EOT	ENQ	ACK	BEL	BS	HT	LF	VT	FF	CR	SO	SI
	0000	0001	0002	0003	0004	0005	0006	0007	0008	0009	000A	000B	000C	000D	000E	000F
10	DLE	DC1	DC2	DC3	DC4	NAK	SYN	ETB	CAN	EM	SUB	ESC	FS	GS	RS	US
	0010	0011	0012	0013	0014	0015	0016	0017	0018	0019	001A	001B	001C	001D	001E	001F
20	SP	!	<b>"</b>	#	\$	%	<u>چ</u>	ı	(	)	*	+	,	-		/
	0020	0021	0022	0023	0024	0025	0026	0027	0028	0029	002A	002B	002C	002D	002E	002F
30	O	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	:	;	<	=	>	?
	0030	0031	0032	0033	0034	0035	0036	0037	0038	0039	003A	003B	003C	003D	003E	003F
40	@	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O
	0040	0041	0042	0043	0044	0045	0046	0047	0048	0049	004A	004B	004C	004D	004E	004F
50	P 0050	Q 0051	R 0052	ස 0053	T 0054	Ŭ 0055	V 0056	₩ 0057	X 0058	Y 0059	Z 005A	[ 005B	\ 005C	] 005D	^ 005E	005F
60	,	a	b	С	d	e	f	g	h	i	ј	k	1	m	n	O
	0060	0061	0062	0063	0064	0065	0066	0067	0068	0069	006А	006B	006C	006D	006E	006F
70	p	q	r	8	t	u	V	ਯ	X	У	Z	{		)	~	DEL
	0070	0071	0072	0073	0074	0075	0076	0077	0078	0079	007A	007B	007C	007D	007E	007F
80	€ 20AC		, 201A		201E	 2026	† 2020	‡ 2021		ي 2030	ട് 0160	〈 2039	క 015A	Ť 0164	Ž 017D	Ź 0179
90		<b>\</b> 2018	2019	\\ 201C	// 201D	2022	_ 2013	_ 2014		184 2122	ජ 0161	> 203A	ජ 015B	じ 0165	Ž 017E	Ź 017A
AO	NBSP 00A0	02C7	02D8	Ł 0141	¤ 00A4	<u>Д</u> 0104	 00A6	<b>§</b> 00A7	 00A8	© 00A9	స్త 015E	« 00AB	OOAC	- 00AD	® 00AE	Ż 017B
во	00B0	± 00B1	02DB	ł 0142	, 00B4	μ 00B5	Я 00В6	00B7	00B8	ą 0105	Ş 015F	» 00BB	Ľ 013D	″ 02DD	1' 013E	Ż 017C
CO	Ŕ 0154	Á 00C1	Â 00C2	Ă 0102	Ä 00C4	Ĺ 0139	Ć 0106	Ç 00C7	Č 010C	É oocs	Ę 0118	Ë	Ě 011A	Í 00CD	Î OOCE	Ď 010E
DO	Ð 0110	Ń 0143	Ň 0147	Ó 00D3	Ô 00D4	Ő 0150	Ö 00D6	× 00D7	Ř 0158	Ů 016E	Ú OODA	Ű 0170	Ü	Ý 00DD	Ţ 0162	ß OODF
EO	ŕ	á	â	ă.	ä.	Í	Ć	Ç	č	é	Ę	ë	ě	í	î	ď
	0155	00E1	00E2	0103	00E4	013A	0107	00E7	010D	00E9	0119	OOEB	0118	OOED	OOEE	010F
FO	đ	ń	ň	Ó	Ô	Ő	Ö	÷	ř	ů	ú	ű	ü	ý	ţ	
	0111	0144	0148	00 <b>F</b> 3	00F4	0151	00F6	00F7	0159	016F	OOFA	0171	oofc	00FD	0163	02D9

#### Latin-1



## Same As ASCII

## Latin-1

	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	0A	ОВ	0C	OD	0E	OF
00	NUL 0000	STX 0001	SOT 0002	ETX 0003	EOT 0004	ENQ 0005	ACK 0006	BEL 0007	BS 0008	HT 0009	LF 000A	VT 000B	FF 000C	CR 000D	SO 000E	SI 000F
10	DLE 0010	DC1 0011	DC2 0012	DC3 0013	DC4 0014	NAK 0015	SYN 0016	ETB 0017	CAN 0018	EM 0019	SUB 001A	ESC 001B	FS 001C	GS 001D	RS 001E	US 001F
20	SP 0020	! 0021	" 0022	# 0023	\$ 0024	% 0025	& 0026	ı 0027	( 0028	) 0029	* 002A	+ 002B	, 002C	- 002D	002E	/ 002F
30	O 0030	1 0031	2 0032	3 0033	4 0034	5 0035	6 0036	7 0037	8 0038	9 0039	: 003A	; 003B	< 003C	= 003D	> 003E	? 003F
40	@ 0040	À 0041	B 0042	C 0043	D 0044	E 0045	F 0046	G 0047	H 0048	I 0049	J 004A	K 004B	L 004C	M 004D	N 004E	O 004F
50	P 0050	Q 0051	R 0052	ි 0053	T 0054	U 0055	V 0056	₩ 0057	X 0058	Y 0059	Z 005A	[ 005B	\ 005C	] 005D	^ 005E	005F
60	0060	a 0061	b 0062	C 0063	d 0064	e 0065	f 0066	g 0067	h 0068	i 0069	ј 006А	k 006B	1 006C	m 006D	n 006E	O 006F
70	p 0070	q 0071	r 0072	8 0073	t 0074	u 0075	V 0076	₩ 0077	X 0078	У 0079	Z 007A	{ 0078	 007C	} 007D	~ 007F	DEL 007F
80	€ 20AC		, 201A		201E	 2026	† 2020	‡ 2021		% 2030	ട് 0160	< 2039	Ś 015A	Ť 0164	Ž 017D	Ź 0179
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во	о 00В0	± 00B1	, 02DB	ł 0142	, 00B4	μ 00B5	П 0800	00B7	00B8	ą. 0105	ş 015F	» 00BB	Ľ 013D	 02DD	1° 013E	Ż 017C
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ΕO	ŕ	á	â	ă	ä	í	ć	ç	č	é	ę 0119	ë OOEB	ě 0118	í	î	ď
	0155	00E1	00E2	0103	00E4	013A	0107	00E7	010D	00E9	0113	OOLD	01110	00ED	00EE	010F

Just in Latin-1

## Unicode

## 1,111,998 Different Characters

109,384 assigned in version 6.0 First 256 are the same as Latin-1

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Since a single byte can only map to 256 code points

## Unicode

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109,384 assigned in version 6.0 First 256 are the same as Latin-1

byte != codepoint

Since a single byte can only map to 256 code points

multi-byte encodings

#### UTF-8

```
a → \x{61}
F → \x{70}
é → \x{c3}\x{a9}
⑤ → \x{e2}\x{98}\x{83}
```

#### UTF-8

a 
$$\rightarrow \x{61}$$
F  $\rightarrow \x{70}$ 

é  $\rightarrow \x{c3}\x{a9}$ 
 $\Rightarrow \x{e2}\x{98}\x{83}$ 

#### UTF-8

## Perl Unicode Basics



```
byte[] bytes = getBytes();
String str = new String(bytes, "UTF-8");
```

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## Back in Perl: Just Scalars

```
use Encode qw(decode);
my $bytes = getBytes();
$str = decode("utf-8", $bytes);
```

## Back in Perl: Just Scalars

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use Enscie qw(decode);
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## It's all up to you

- You must remember which scalars are:
  - Character Strings
  - Byte Strings
- You must remember which characters are:
  - Really Characters
  - Characters containing bytes

## Back in Perl: Just Scalars

```
use Encode qw(decode);

my $bytes = getBytes();
$str = decode("utf-8", $bytes);
```

## Back in Perl: Just Scalars

```
use Encode qw(encode decode);

my $bytes = getBytes();
$str = decode("utf-8", $bytes);
my $bytes2 = encode("utf-8", $str);
```

```
open my $fh1, $filename_to_read;
my $string = decode(scalar(<$fh1>), "utf-8");
open my $fh2, $filename_to_write;
print $fh2, encode("utf-8",$string);
```

```
open my $fh1, "<:utf-8", $filename_to_read;
my $string = <$fh1>;
open my $fh2, ">:utf-8", $filename_to_write;
print $fh2, $string
```

```
open my $fh1, "<:utf-8", $filename_to_read;
my $string = <$fh1>;
open my $fh2, ">:utf-8", $filename_to_write;
print $fh2, $string
```

```
binmode $fh1, "utf-8";
binmode $fh2, "utf-8";
```

"Th-th-that's all, folks!"

Porky Pig

## Behind The Curtain



## Behind the Curtain

76 233 111 110

→ Léon

## Behind the Curtain



# Debugging Perl Unicode



"There's always another encoding bug, you just haven't found it yet"

Fowler's Rule on Encoding

```
Hark@travis:"$ cat /tmp/example.txt
Sven the møgse and Olaf the ♂
Hark@travis:"$ bytey /tmp/example.txt
Sven the m\x{c3}\x{b8}\x{c3}\x{b8}\se and Olaf the \x{e2}\x{98}\x{83}\
Hark@travis:"$ cat /tmp/example.txt | bytey
Sven the m\x{c3}\x{b8}\x{c3}\x{b8}\se and Olaf the \x{e2}\x{98}\x{83}\
Hark@travis:"$
Hark@travis:"$
```

http://tinyurl.com/getbytey

```
#!/usr/bin/env perl -s
use strict;
use warnings;
use Term::ANSIColor qw(colored);
$::r = $::r ? "" : '(?![\\x{1b}]\\[\\d+m)';
while (<>) {
    s{\::r([^x{0a}\x{20}\x{21}-x{7e}]+)}{
         colored(
             join(
              map {
                   '\\x{'. sprintf('%02x',ord($_)) . '}'
              } split(//, $1)
             'yellow',
    }eg;
    print
```

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             join(
              map {
                   '\\x{'. sprintf('%02x',ord($_)) . '}'
              } split(//, $1)
             'yellow',
    }eg;
    print
```

```
perl -e 'use Devel::Peek; Dump "L\x{e9}on"'
SV = PV(0x7fd812004280) at 0x7fd812011368
    REFCNT = 1
    FLAGS = (POK,READONLY,pPOK)
    PV = 0x7fd811c0dde0 "L\351on"\0
    CUR = 4
    LEN = 16
```



```
perl -e 'use Devel::Peek; Dump "L\x{e9}on"'
SV = PV(0x7fd812004280) at 0x7fd812011368
    REFCNT = 1
    FLAGS = (POK, READONLY, pPOK)
    PV = 0x7fd811c0dde0 "L\351on"\0
    CUR = 4
    LEN = 16
```

```
perl -e 'use Devel::Peek; Dump "L\x{e9}on"'
SV = PV(0x7fd812004280) at 0x7fd812011368
    REFCNT = 1
    FLAGS = (POK,READONLY,pPOK)
    PV = 0x7fd811c0dde0 "L\351on"\0
    CUR = 4
    LEN = 16
```

```
perl -e 'use Devel::Peek; Dump "\N{SNOWMAN}"'
SV = PV(0x7f91399b49c0) at 0x7f9139811368
   REFCNT = 1
   FLAGS = (POK,READONLY,pPOK,UTF8)
   PV = 0x7f913940dde0 "\342\230\203"\0
        [UTF8 "\x{2603}"]
   CUR = 3
   LEN = 16
```

```
# check the string is good
is_valid_string($string);  # check the string is valid
is_sane_utf8($string);  # check not double encoded

# check the string has certain attributes

is_flagged_utf8($string1);  # has utf8 flag set
is_within_ascii($string2);  # only has ascii chars in it
isnt_within_ascii($string3);  # has chars outside the ascii range
is_within_latin_1($string4);  # only has latin-1 chars in it
isnt within ascii($string5);  # has chars outside the latin-1 range
```

```
# check the string is good

is_valid_string($string);  # check the string is valid
is_sane_utf8($string);  # check not double encoded

# check the string has certain attributes

is_flagged_utf8($string1);  # has utf8 flag set
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isnt_within_ascii($string3);  # has chars outside the ascii range
is_within_latin_1($string4);  # only has latin-1 chars in it
isnt within ascii($string5);  # has chars outside the latin-1 range
```

```
# check the string is good
is_valid_string($string);  # check the string is valid
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isnt within ascii($string5);  # has chars outside the latin-1 range
```

```
# check the string is good
is_valid_string($string);  # check the string is valid
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is_flagged_utf8($string1);  # has utf8 flag set
is_within_ascii($string2);  # only has ascii chars in it
isnt_within_ascii($string3);  # has chars outside the ascii range
is_within_latin_1($string4);  # only has latin-1 chars in it
isnt_within_ascii($string5);  # has chars outside the latin-1 range
```

```
# This will pass as it's a normal latin-1 string
is_sane_utf8("Hello L\x{e9}on");

# this will fail because the \x{c3}\x{a9} looks like the
# utf8 byte sequence for e-acute
my $string = "Hello L\x{c3}\x{a9}on";
is_sane_utf8($string);

# this will pass because the utf8 is correctly interpreted as utf8
Encode::_utf8_on($string)
is_sane_utf8($string);
```

## Common Problems





# Léon & 🖹

"send byte  $x{4c}$ "





Léon &







"Ah screw it send utf-8 byte sequence \x{e2}\x{98}\x{83}"

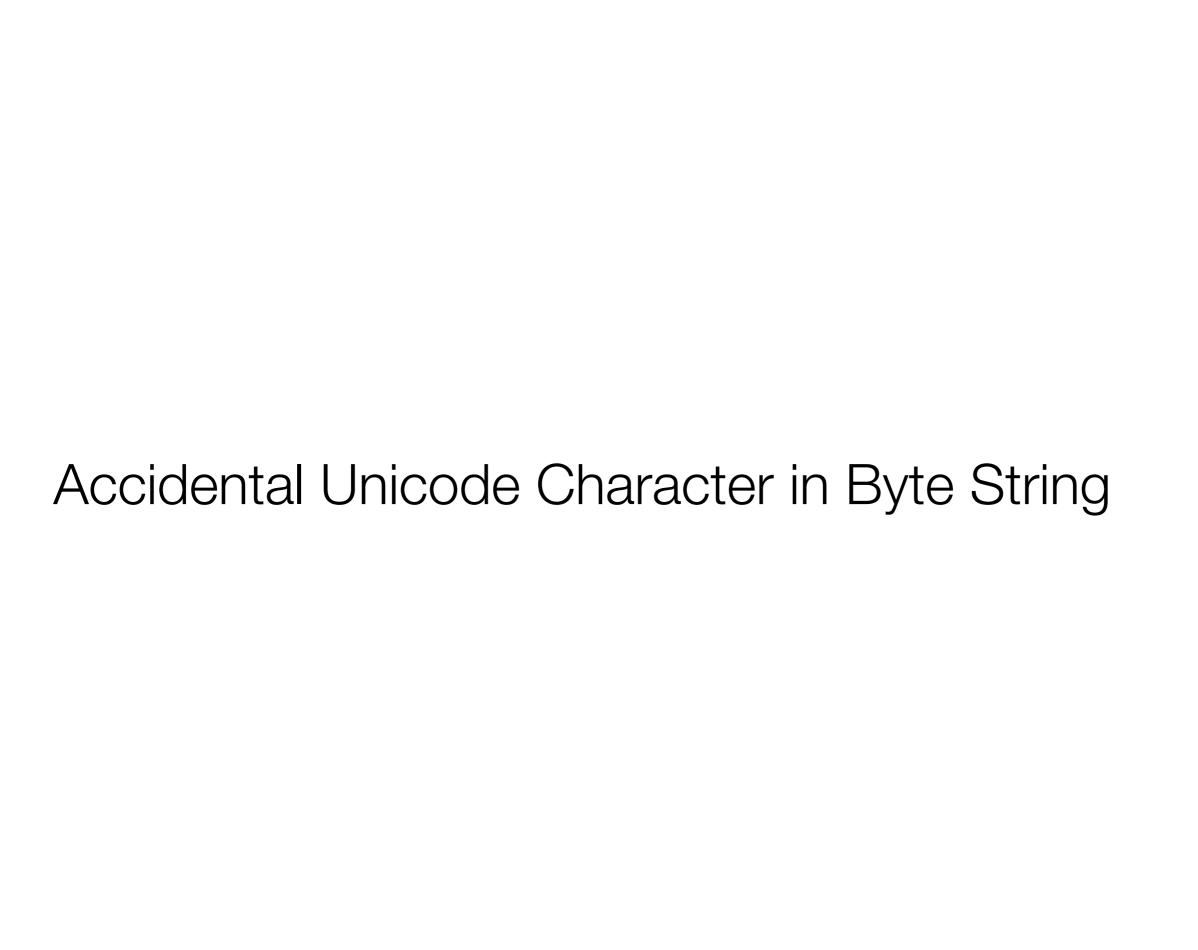
Wide character in print at -e line 1.







"Ah screw it send utf-8 byte sequence \x{e2}\x{98}\x{83}"



## UTF-8 Upgrade (good)

```
Mark@travis:"$ perl -E 'binmode STDOUT, 'utf8'; say "L\x{e9}on" . "\N{SNOWMAN}"'
Léon &
Mark@travis:"$ perl -E 'binmode STDOUT, 'utf8'; say "L\x{e9}on" . "\N{SNOWMAN}"' | bytey
L\x{c3}\x{a9}on\x{e2}\x{98}\x{83}
```

## UTF-8 Upgrade (bad)

```
Hark@travis:"$ per1 -E 'binmode STDOUT, 'utf8'; say "L\x{c3}\x{a9}on" . "\N{SNOWMAN}"'
LÃ@on ♂
Hark@travis:"$ per1 -E 'binmode STDOUT, 'utf8'; say "L\x{c3}\x{a9}on" . "\N{SNOWMAN}"' | bytey
L\x{c3}\x{83}\x{c2}\x{a9}on\x{e2}\x{98}\x{83}
```

```
my $string = "\x{c9}";
print lc $string, "\n";

$string .= "\N{SNOWMAN}";
chop $string;
print lc $string, "\n";
```

```
Mark@travis:~$ perl /tmp/bug.pl | bytey
\x{c9}
\x{e9}
```

```
my $string = "\x{c9}";
print lc $string, "\n";

$string .= "\N{SNOWMAN}";
chop $string;
print lc $string, "\n";
```

```
Mark@travis:~$ perl /tmp/bug.pl | bytey
\x{c9}
\x{e9}
```

```
my $string = "\x{c9}";
print lc $string, "\n";

$string .= "\N{SNOWMAN}";
chop $string;
print lc $string, "\n";
```

```
Mark@travis:"$ perl /tmp/bug.pl | bytey
\x{c9}
\x{e9}
```

```
my $string = "\x{c9}";
print lc $string, "\n";

$string .= "\N{SNOWMAN}";
chop $string;
print lc $string, "\n";
```

```
Mark@travis:~$ perl /tmp/bug.pl | bytey
\x{c9}
\x{e9}
```

```
my $string = "\x{c9}";
print lc $string, "\n";

$string .= "\N{SNOWMAN}";
chop $string;
print lc $string, "\n";
```

```
Mark@travis:"$ perl /tmp/bug.pl | bytey
\x{c9}
\x{e9}
```

$$128-255 = ???$$

```
use feature 'unicode_strings';

my $string = "\x{c9}";
print lc $string, "\n";

$string .= "\N{SNOWMAN}";
chop $string;
print lc $string, "\n";
```

```
use 5.12.0;

my $string = "\x{c9}";
print lc $string, "\n";

$string .= "\N{SNOWMAN}";
chop $string;
print lc $string, "\n";
```

XS routines loses the UTF-8 flag

#### XS and UTF-8

- Bad XS code copies SV's PV but not UTF-8 flag
  - Flip flag with Encode::\_utf8\_on
  - or Re-do the decode again
  - or use Data::Structure::Util in anger
  - or PATCH THE DARN XS CODE

Re-encode a byte string a second time Re-decode a character string a second time "Doctor, it hurts when I do this."

"Don't do that."

- Dr. Kronkheit and His Only Living Patient, Smith & Dale, 1920s

# Tricks and Tips



Unicode in Perl Source Code

#### Unicode In Source Files

```
#!/usr/bin/perl
use 5.18.0;
use warnings;
say length "Léon";
  use utf8;
  say length "Léon";
```

#### Unicode In Source Files

```
Mark@travis:"$ bytey /tmp/unicode.txt
#!/usr/bin/perl
use 5.18.0;
use warnings;
say length "L\x{c3}\x{a9}on";
    use utf8;
    say length "L\x{c3}\x{a9}on";
Mark@travis:"$
```

#### Unicode In Source Files

```
#!/usr/bin/perl
use 5.18.0;
use warnings;
                           # prints "5"
say length "Léon";
  use utf8;
  say length "Léon";
                           # prints "4"
```

## Unicode Regex

```
perl -E 'say "100" =~ /^\d+$/ ? "yes" : "no"';
yes

perl -E 'say "abc" =~ /^\d+$/ ? "yes" : "no"';
no
```

```
perl -E 'say "100" =~ /^\d+$/ ? "yes" : "no"';
yes

perl -E 'say "abc" =~ /^\d+$/ ? "yes" : "no"';
no
```

```
perl -E 'say "100" =~ /^\d+$/ ? "yes" : "no"';
yes

perl -E 'say "abc" =~ /^\d+$/ ? "yes" : "no"';
no
```

```
perl -E 'say "x{09EA}" =~ /^d+/ ? "yes" : "no"';
```

```
perl -E 'say "\x{09EA}" =~ /^\d+$/ ? "yes" : "no"';
yes
```

09EA BENGALI DIGIT FOUR

```
perl -E 'say "\x{09EA}" =~ /^\d+$/a ? "yes" : "no"';
no
```

```
/a
```

Make \d, \s, \w match only in ASCII range

```
perl -E 'say "x{212A}" =~ /^[a-z]+$/i ? "yes":"no"';
```

```
perl -E 'say "x{212A}" =~ /^[a-z]+$/i ? "yes":"no"'; yes
```

212A KELVIN SIGN

```
perl -E 'say "\x{212A}" =~ /^[a-z]+$/iaa ? "yes":"no"';
no
```

212A KELVIN SIGN

/aa

Make \d, \s, \w match only in ASCII range Make ASCII/non-ASCII never match

Data::Structure::Utils

#### Handy Dandy Utility Functions

```
has utf8($var)
   Returns $var if the utf8 flag is enabled for $var or any scalar
   that a data structure passed in $var contains.
utf8 off($var)
   Recursively disables the utf8 flag on all scalars within $var.
utf8 on($var)
   Recursively enables the utf8 flag on all scalars within $var.
utf8 on($var)
   This routine performs a "sv_utf8_upgrade" on each scalar string in
   the passed data structure that does not have the utf8 flag turned
  on.
utf8_off($var)
   This routine performs a "sv utf8 downgrade" on each scalar string
```

in the passed data structure that has the utf8 flag turned on.

Converting Anything To ASCII

### Converting Anything To ASCII

```
use Text::Unidecode;
say unidecode("北京");
```

Bei Jing

### Normalized Form

### md5 bytes only

```
my $code = md5sum( $passwd_str );
```

### md5 bytes only

```
my $passwd_bytes = encode("utf-8", $passwd_str);
my $code = md5sum( $passwd_bytes );
```

#### When é isn't é

$$\acute{e} \rightarrow \chi\{e9\}$$

#### When é isn't é

$$\acute{e} \rightarrow \xt{65} \xt{0301}$$

#### When é isn't é

"LATIN SMALL LETTER E"



"COMBINING ACUTE ACCENT"

### md5 bytes only

```
use Unicode::Normalize;
$passwd_str = NFC($string);
my $passwd_bytes = encode("utf-8", $passwd_str);
my $code = md5sum( $passwd_bytes );
```

ETX