

## Laboratory work #2

- Create the following form and add it to web page from the laboratory work #1.
- Validate fields of the form when user clicks the button
- If there are some errors, show them to user

Variant	Picture of the structure
1	Travel cost calculator
2	Delivery form
3	Hotel reservation
4	Car maintenance record
5	Choosing seats in the cinema
6	Cart calculator

### 1. Travel cost calculator

Days:	<input type="text" value="5"/>	<u>Result:</u>
Ticket price (->)	<input type="text" value="10000"/>	Cost: 27000
Ticket price (<-)	<input type="text" value="12000"/>	Left: 83000
Hotel price	<input type="text" value="1000"/>	Per day: 16600
Budget	<input type="text" value="100000"/>	
<input type="button" value="Calculate"/>		

User enters:

- Days (number from 1 to 60)
- Ticket price (->)
- Ticket price (<-)
- Hotel price (greater than zero)
- Budget (greater than zero)

After user click "Calculate" you need show the following:

- Cost = Days \* Hotel price + Ticket price (->) + Ticket price (<-)
- Left = Budget - Cost
- Per day = Left / Days

### 2. Delivery form

Type	<input type="radio"/> pickup <input type="radio"/> courier	<u>Result:</u>
Store address:	<input type="text" value="Studencheskaya, 42"/>	Thank you for order!
City:	<input type="text"/>	You can pick up your order at the Studencheskaya, 42
Street address:	<input type="text"/>	- or -
Flat	<input type="text"/>	We will deliver the order to you soon
Floor	<input type="text"/>	
<input type="button" value="Send"/>		

User enters:

- Type (if “pickup” is active fields “City”, “Street address”, “Flat”, “Floor” should be hidden. If “courier” is active field “Store address” should be hidden)
- Store address (selection from the list)
- City, Street address are not-empty strings
- Flat is string, can be empty
- Floor – number (from 1 to 100)

After user have pressed button “Send”

- If type was “pickup” show the message “You can pick up your order at the *SELECTED ADDRESS*”
- If type was “courier” show the message “We will deliver the order to you soon”

### 3. Hotel reservation

Room type:	<input type="text" value="Simple"/>	<b>Result:</b>  Nights: 4 Price: 1000 Total price: 4000
Check in	<input type="text" value="01.12.2019"/>	
Check out	<input type="text" value="05.12.2019"/>	
Name	<input type="text"/>	
Phone	<input type="text"/>	
<input type="button" value="Reserve"/>		

User enters:

- select one of the following room types:
  - Simple (1000 per night)
  - Comfort (2000 per night)
  - Royal (123000 per night)
- Check in (input with type “date”)
- Check out (input with type “date”, selected date should be not less than check in date)
- Name: non-empty string
- Phone: non-empty string, can consists of only digits, spaces and plus sign

After user have pressed button “Reserve”, you need show the following:

- Number of nights (or days) between check out and check in dates
- Price for one night (or day)
- Total price for selected period

#### 4. Car maintenance record

Brand	<input type="text" value="BMW"/>
Model	<input type="text" value="F25 X3"/>
Release year	<input type="text" value="2011"/>
<hr/>	
Date	<input type="text" value="01.12.2019"/>
Time	<input type="text" value="16:00"/>
Phone	<input type="text"/>
<input type="button" value="Submit"/>	

Result:

Thank you! We are waiting for you on 01.12.2019 at 16:00

User enters:

- Brand from the list. Available options: BMW, Renault, Lada
- Model from the list depending on selected brand:
  - For BMW: E53 X5, F25 X3, G07 X7
  - For Renault: Logan, Clio, Zoe, Duster
  - For Lada: Vesta, Granta, XRAY
- Release year – integer from 1920 to 2019
- Date - input with type “date”
- Time – list with the following options: 10:00, 11:00, 12:00, 13:00, 14:00, 15:00, 16:00, 17:00
- Phone: non-empty string, can consists of only digits, spaces and plus sign

After user have pressed button “Submit”, show the message:

“Thank You! We are waiting for you on *DATE* at *TIME*”

#### 5. Choosing seats in the cinema

Phone	<input type="text"/>
Film	<input type="text" value="Star Wars: Episode XL"/>
Seats	<div><div><input type="checkbox"/><input type="checkbox"/><input checked="" type="checkbox"/><input checked="" type="checkbox"/><input checked="" type="checkbox"/><input checked="" type="checkbox"/><input checked="" type="checkbox"/><input type="checkbox"/></div><div><input type="checkbox"/><input type="checkbox"/><input type="checkbox"/><input type="checkbox"/><input type="checkbox"/><input type="checkbox"/><input type="checkbox"/></div><div><input type="checkbox"/><input type="checkbox"/><input type="checkbox"/><input type="checkbox"/><input type="checkbox"/><input type="checkbox"/></div></div> <div><input type="button" value="Buy"/></div>

Result:

You selected: 3-7  
Price: 100  
Total sum: 500

User enters:

- Phone: non-empty string, can consists of only digits, spaces and plus sign
- Film from the list:
  - Star Wars: Episode XL (price: 100)
  - X-Men: Wonder-Y (price: 90)
  - Mickey Mouse: Undead (price: 150)
- Range of the seats. Seats are presented as checkboxes. User can select only continuous range of seats.

After user have pressed button “Buy”, show:

- Selected range of seats (numbering starts from the upper left corner)

- Price of one seat
- Total price for all selected seats

## 6. Cart calculator

Add to cart:	<input type="text" value="Select product"/>	<u>Result:</u>
		Sum: \$16
Carrot (\$2)	<input type="text" value="5"/>	<input type="button" value="Remove"/>
Potato (\$3)	<input type="text" value="2"/>	<input type="button" value="Remove"/>
<input type="button" value="Calculate"/>		

User select one of the following products:

- Carrot (\$2)
- Potato (\$3)
- Fish (\$10)
- Meat (\$13)
- Eggs (\$6)

After user have selected some products, it should appear after combobox with input for entering the number (from 1 to 100) and “Remove” button. Remove button should delete row with a product

After user have pressed “Calculate” button, show total sum of selected products (sum of price \* number)

### Report:

- Your task
- Your code
- Screenshots