

# Installing Julia

## Binary file

Download the Julia binary from the official [website](#). The binary is available for Windows, macOS, and Linux.

- **Recommended version** : *Current stable release: v1.10.4 (June 4, 2024)*
- Install a **64-bits** binary
- Be aware of installing v1.11, it is still a release candidate version and not all packages may work out of the box.

## Via CLI

- Windows:

```
> winget install julia -s msstore
```

- Linux & MacOS:

```
> curl -fsSL https://install.julialang.org | sh
```

## Juliaup - version manager (RECOMMENDED)

Juliaup is a version manager that allows you to easily install and switch to different Julia versions.

### Juliaup installation

- Windows:

```
> winget install julia -s msstore
```

- Mac & Linux:

```
> curl -fsSL https://install.julialang.org | sh
```

### Julia installation

You can install any version of Julia with the Juliaup CLI tools. For example, to install julia-1.10.4 open your terminal and type

```
> juliaup add 1.10.4
```

If you have several Julia versions installed, you can switch versions by opening julia as e.g.

```
> julia +1.9.1
```

or make it the default version as

```
> juliaup default 1.9.1
```

Check juliaup [GitHub](#) page for more config options.

## Using Julia

The recommended way of developing code in Julia is using the [VSCode](#) IDE.

## Julia with VSCode

### Installing Julia plug-in in VSCode

To run Julia interactively in VSC you will need to install Julia's plugin by following the steps in the snapshot:

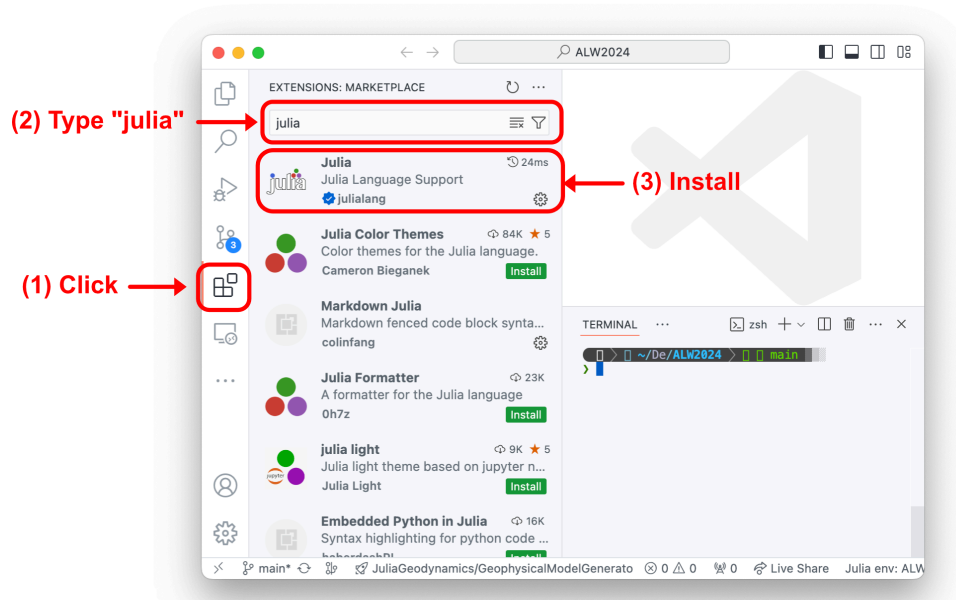


Figure 1: How to install Julia VSCode plugin

Other usefull plugins:

- GitHub Pull Request
- GitLense
- Remote Explorer
- Live Share
- LaTeX / Typst
- Markdown
- Jupyter
- Quarto
- etc...

### Starting an interactive Julia session in VSCode

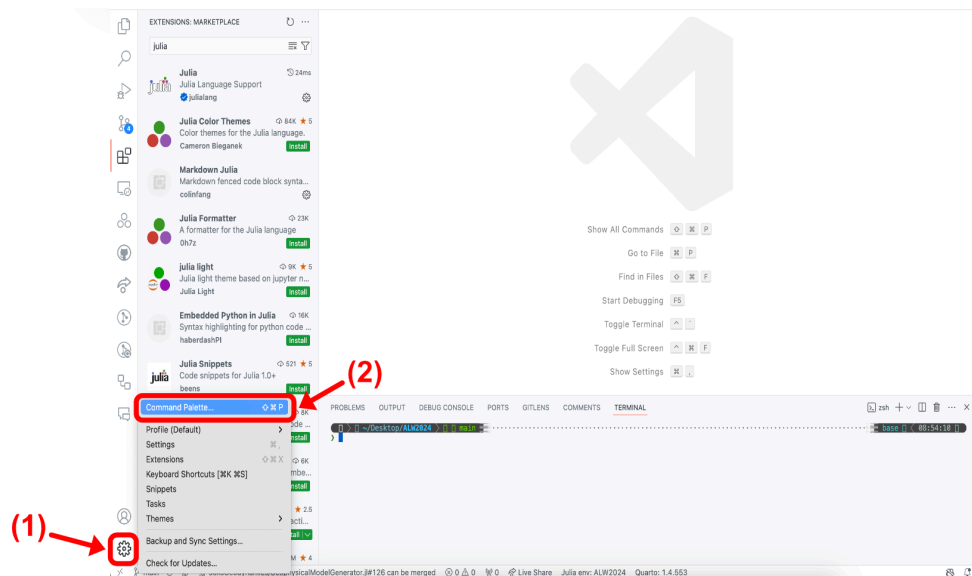


Figure 2: How to open an interactive Julia session in VSCode

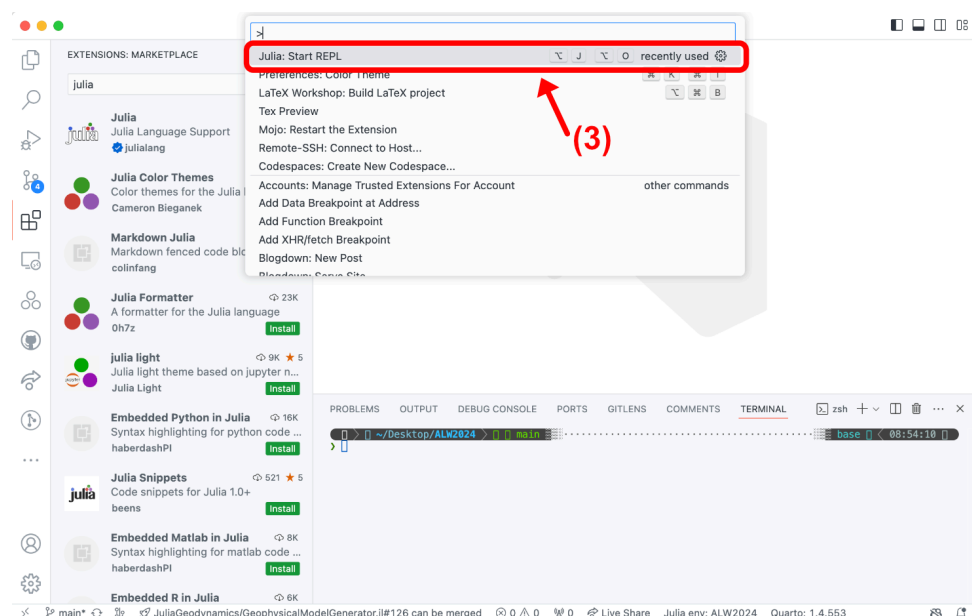


Figure 3: How to open an interactive Julia session in VSCode

## Julia from the terminal

### Interactive session

1. Add julia binary to your environment path
2. Open terminal
3. Type julia to open the REPL

### Launching a script

1. Add julia binary to your environment path
2. Open terminal
3. Type julia myScript.jl. More info [here](#).

## Installing registered packages

Packages that are registered in Julia's general registry can easily be installed with Julia's built-in package manager. To enter the package manager mode, simply open an interactive julia session and type `] in the REPL`. Once inside the package manager, a given package can be installed by typing `add MyPkg`. For example, to install `GLMakie.jl`, one of the plotting packages, just type

```
] add GLMakie
```

Specific versions can also be installed, for example, to install v0.5 of GLMakie

```
] add GLMakie@0.5
```

and also specific branches from the host repository

```
] add GLMakie#myBranch
```

Packages can also be installed outside the package manager in a more verbose way

```
import Pkg; Pkg.add("GLMakie")
```

## Required packages

- [GLMakie.jl/CairoMakie](#) (or [Plots.jl](#)) for visualization.
- [IJulia](#) to run Jupyter notebooks with the Julia kernel
- [ParallelStencil.jl](#) (Multithreading, CUDA, AMDGPU) or [KernelAbstractions.jl](#) (Multithreading, CUDA, AMDGPU, M-series chips) for parallel programming.
- [ImplicitGlobalGrid.jl](#) MPI communication

## Optional

- [GeophysicalModelGenerator.jl](#)
- [GMT.jl](#)
- [Interpolations.jl](#)

### If there is time...

- [JustRelax.jl](#)
- [GeoParams.jl](#)
- [JustPIC.jl](#)