

# Operating System Project 1 Report

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## 1 Design

### 1.1 Main Structure

For each process, it's attribute (ready time, execution time, start time and process id) is stored in a structure `processData`. A structure `processList` is constructed to maintain a list of `processData`, while processes in it are sorted by ready time.

The scheduler process `S` itself is limited to run on CPU 0 with lowest nice value -20 at the beginning. Once a child process `P` is forked, `P` will limit itself to run on CPU 1, and it's nice value is determined by scheduling principle. After finishing setting these property, `P` then execute `./child`, a process that will run million empty iterations for  $n$  times, while  $n$  is passed through `argv[1]`. To make `P` be able to print it's own name, it's name is passed through `argv[2]`.

To schedule, `S` idles a process `P1` and awake another process `P2` by setting nice value of `P1` to 19 and setting nice value of `P2` to -20. Child processes won't compete with `S` for CPU resources because they are affined to different CPU.

### 1.2 FIFO

Maintain two pointer `st` and `ed` pointing to elements in `processList`. They are both pointing the first process at the beginning.

`S` checks if the process pointed by `ed` is ready every time unit. Once the child process is ready and forked, `ed` moves right.

**S** waits non-blockingly for the process pointed by **st** every time unit. Once the child process terminates, **st** moves right.