

# Homework 1

For all questions involving histograms, choose a sensible binwidth and breakpoints, unless otherwise indicated.

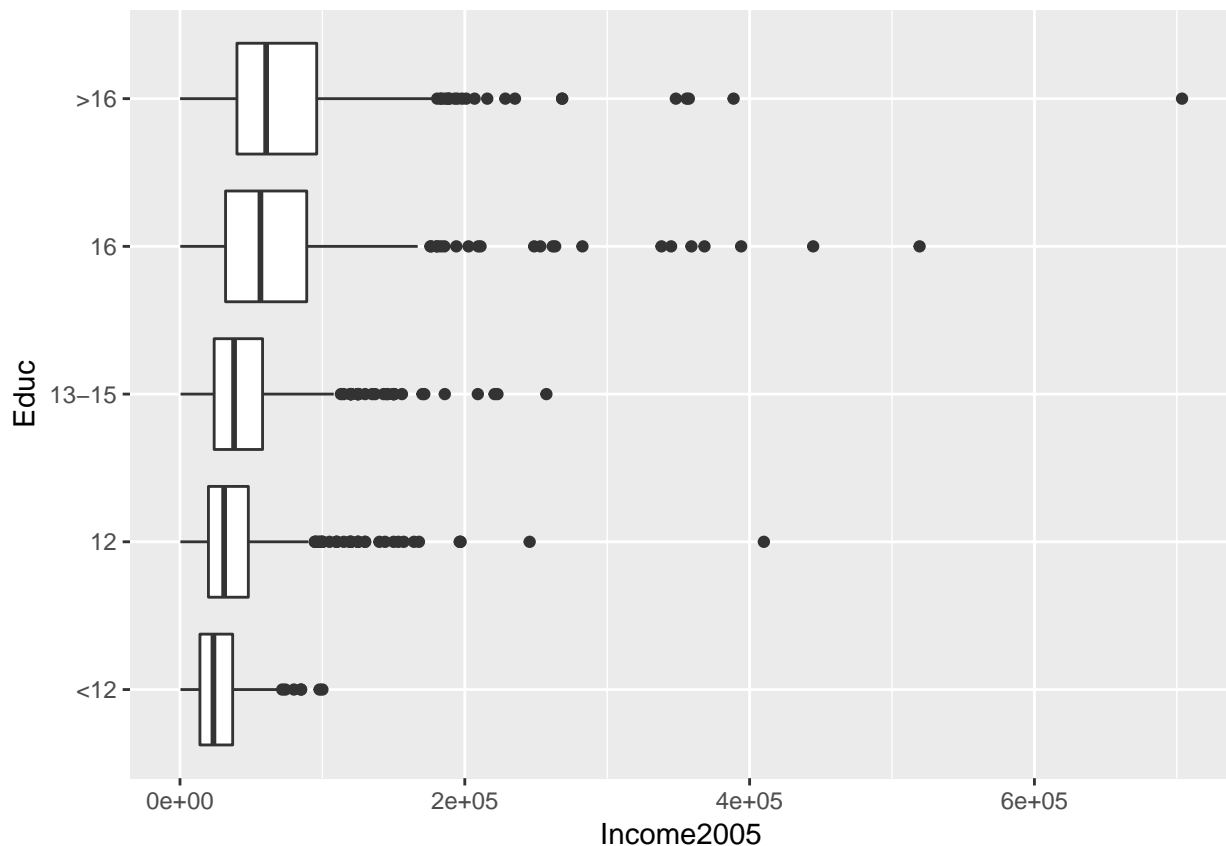
## 1. Income

- a) Describe in detail the features you observe in the boxplots below, plotted with data from the *ex0525* dataset, **Sleuth3** page. (see page 29 in *Graphical Data Analysis in R* for a list of features to concentrate on, and the numbered list on the bottom of page 43 for an example of how to describe features of a graph in words.) [5 points]

```
#install.packages("Sleuth3")
library(Sleuth3)
library(tidyverse)

# convert Educ from an integer to a factor, and make "<12" the first factor level
mydata <- ex0525 %>%
  dplyr::mutate(Educ = forcats::fct_relevel(Educ, "<12"))

ggplot(mydata, aes(Educ, Income2005)) +
  geom_boxplot() +
  coord_flip() # for horizontal boxplots
```



- b) Plot a histogram of the **Income2005** variable in the dataset referenced in part a). [3 points]
- c) Use `+facet_wrap(~Educ)` to facet the histogram on education level. [3 points]

- d) What do you learn from the histograms that wasn't apparent in the boxplots from question 1? [3 points]

## 2. Respiratory Rates

- a) Plot right closed and right open histograms for each of the two variables in the *ex0824* dataset in the **Sleuth3** package using default binwidths and breaks. (4 histograms in total). [4 points]
- b) For which variable, **Age** or **Rate**, do the two versions differ more? Why? [3 points]
- c) Redraw the **Age** histograms with different parameters so that the right closed and right open versions are identical. [3 points]

## 3. Movie budgets

Are there rounding patterns in the **budget** variable of the *movies* in the **ggplot2movies** package? If so, what are the patterns? (Note: according to the textbook this dataset is in the **ggplot2** package, but it has since been moved to a separate package.) Support your conclusions with graphical evidence. You are encouraged to break the variable down into different budget ranges and consider them separately. [8 points]

## 4. Finches

- a) Plot separate density histograms of the beak depth of the finches in *case0201* from the **Sleuth3** package, with density curves overlaid as on page 34 of the textbook. (However, do this by facetting on **Year** rather than using **grid.arrange**). [3 points]
- b) Plot both density curves on the same graph to facilitate comparison. Make 1976 yellow and 1978 blue. Use alpha blending so the fills are transparent. [3 points]
- c) Based on your graphs in parts a) and b), describe how the distributions differ by year. [3 points]
- d) What is the cause of the difference according to the information in the help file? [3 points]

## 5. Salary

Is the **Salary** variable in the *case0102* of **Sleuth3** normally distributed? Use two different graphical methods to provide evidence. [6 points]