

Conoscere l'Intelligenza Artificiale



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Lezione 2
AI Tasks, Overfitting and Applications

Agenda



Lezione 1

- Introduzione a AI
- Neuroni e Perceptron
- Training
- Importanza dei Dati + Pulizia

→ Pratica: SPAZIO

Lezione 2

- Cosa fare con l'AI
- Applicazioni
- Loss Functions
- Iperparametri
- Overfitting e Generalizzazione

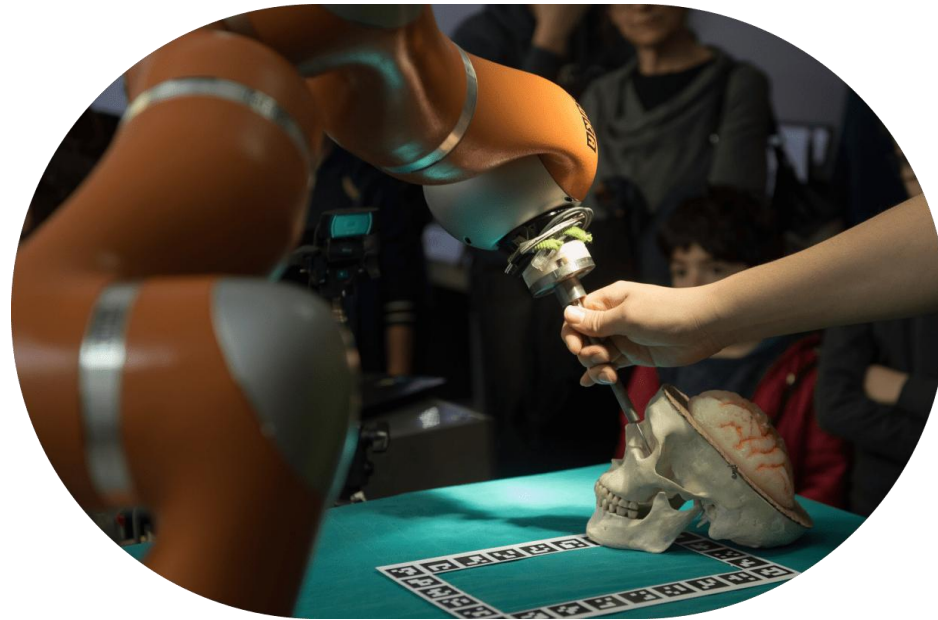
→ Pratica: MELE

Lezione 3

- ChatGPT
- Privacy / AI Act
- Explainability
- Competition!

→ **TEMA: ?**

Lezione 4



Recap

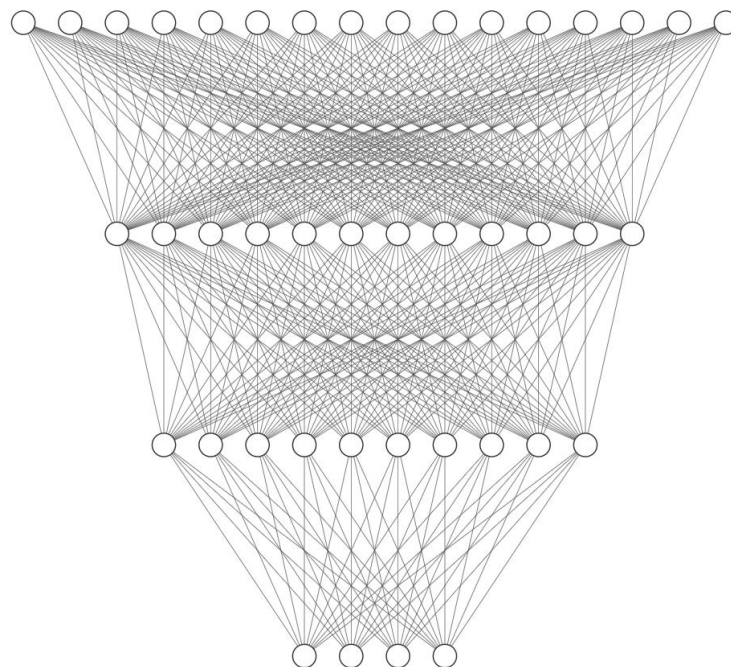
A horizontal bar spanning the width of the slide, featuring a color gradient that transitions from orange on the left to green on the right.

I Tre componenti principali dell'Intelligenza Artificiale

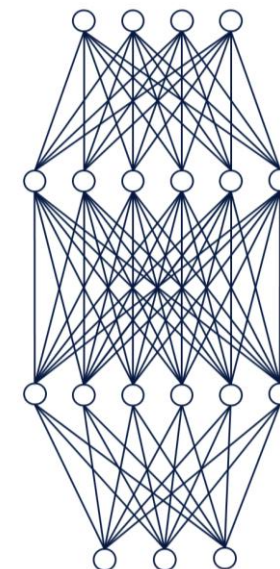
Dataset

abc Cust City	abc Cust State	abc Cust Zip Code	abc Cust County	abc Cust Region
Costa Mesa	California	92628	Orange County, California	West
Edinburg	Texas	78539	Hidalgo County, Texas	Southwest
Vancouver	Washington	98668	Clark County, Washington	West
El Paso	Texas	79910	El Paso County, Texas	Southwest
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Oakland	California	94612	Alameda County, California	West
Bellflower	California	90706	Los Angeles County, California	West
Phoenix	Arizona	85006	Maricopa County, Arizona	Southwest

Modello

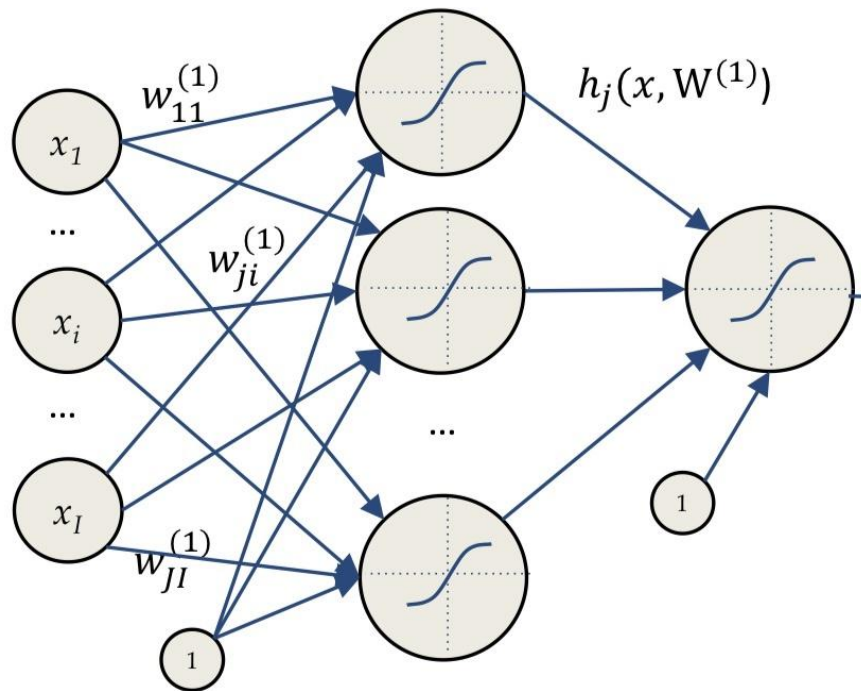


Ottimizzazione



Remarks

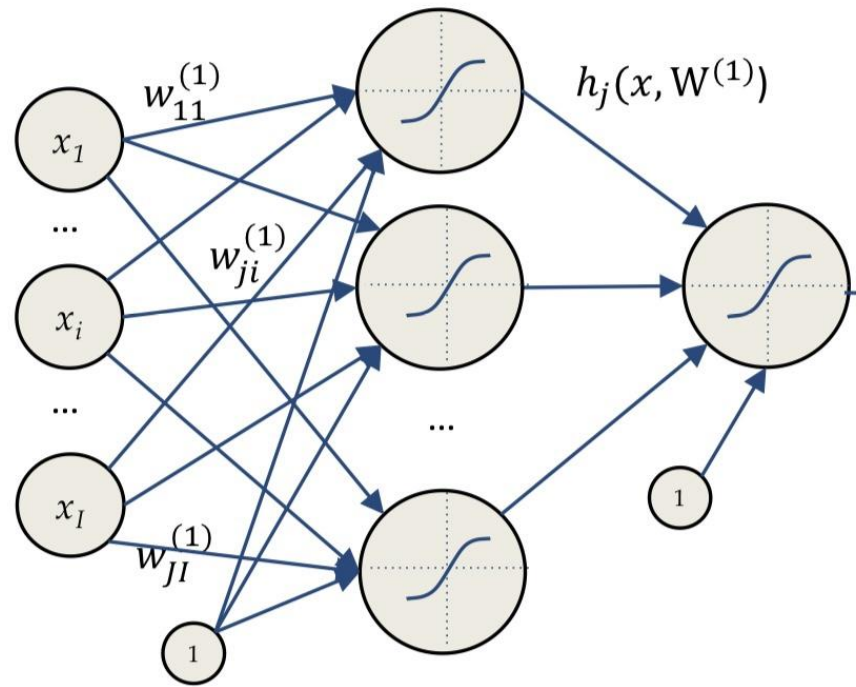
Gradient Descent Example



$$g_1(x_n|w) = g_1 \left(\sum_{j=0}^J w_{1j}^{(2)} \cdot h_j \left(\sum_{i=0}^I w_{ji}^{(1)} \cdot x_{i,n} \right) \right)$$

$$E(w) = \sum_{n=1}^N (t_n - g_1(x_n, w))^2$$

Gradient Descent Example



$$g_1(x_n|w) = g_1 \left(\sum_{j=0}^J w_{1j}^{(2)} \cdot h_j \left(\sum_{i=0}^I w_{ji}^{(1)} \cdot x_{i,n} \right) \right)$$

$$E(w) = \sum_{n=1}^N (t_n - g_1(x_n, w))^2$$

$$\frac{\partial E(w_{ji}^{(1)})}{\partial w_{ji}^{(1)}} = -2 \sum_n (t_n - g_1(x_n, w)) g_1'(x_n, w) w_{1j}^{(2)} h_j' \left(\sum_{i=0}^I w_{ji}^{(1)} \cdot x_{i,n} \right) x_i$$

$$g_1(x_n|w) = g_1 \left(\sum_{j=0}^J w_{1j}^{(2)} \cdot h_j \left(\sum_{i=0}^I w_{ji}^{(1)} \cdot x_{i,n} \right) \right)$$

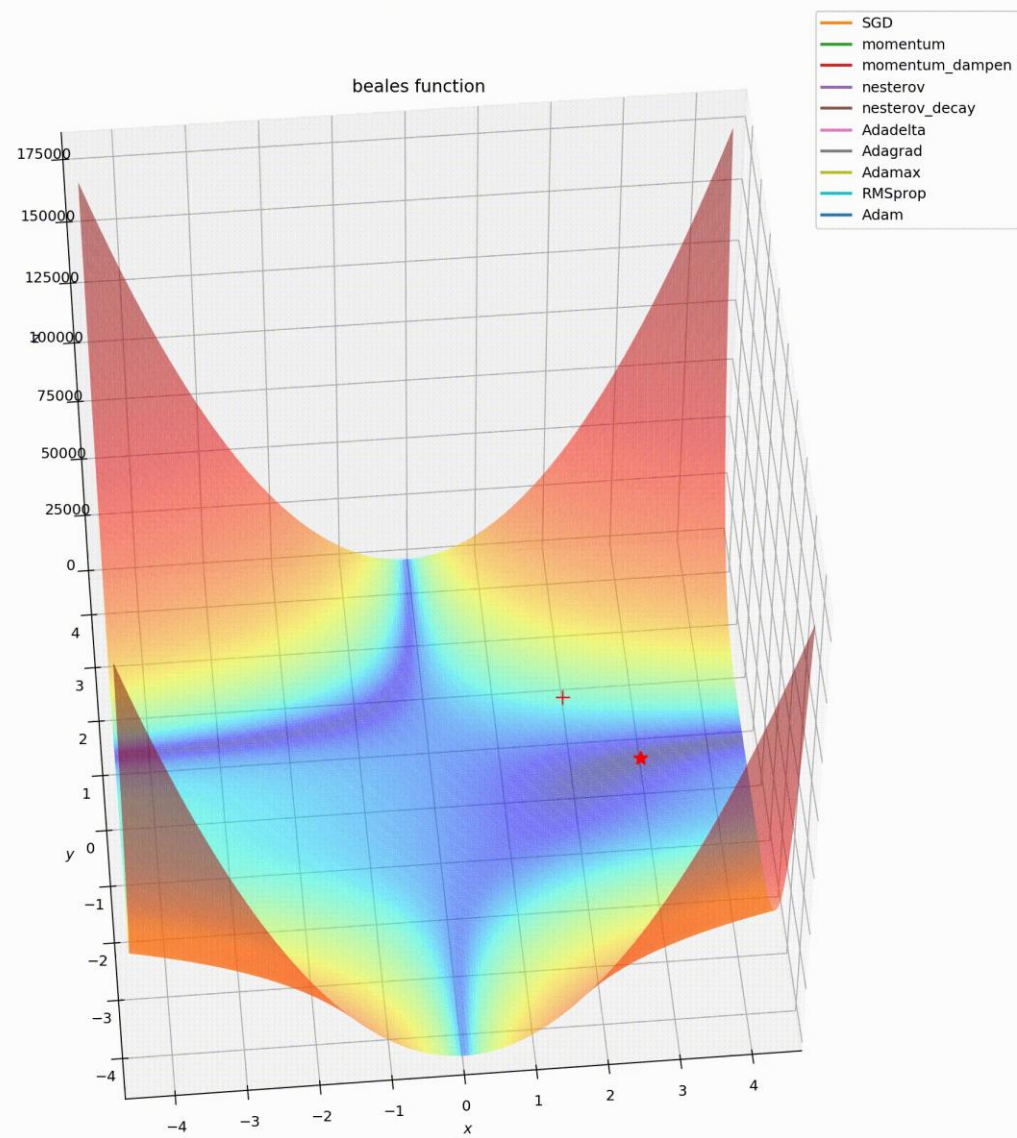
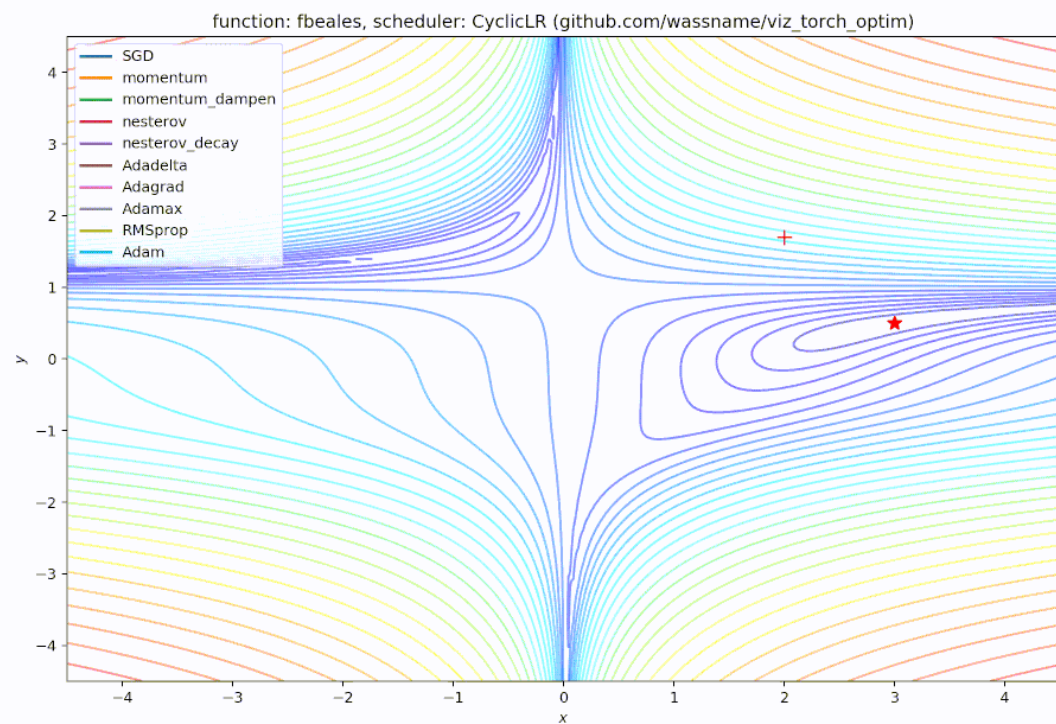
$$E(w) = \sum_{n=1}^N (t_n - g_1(x_n, w))^2$$

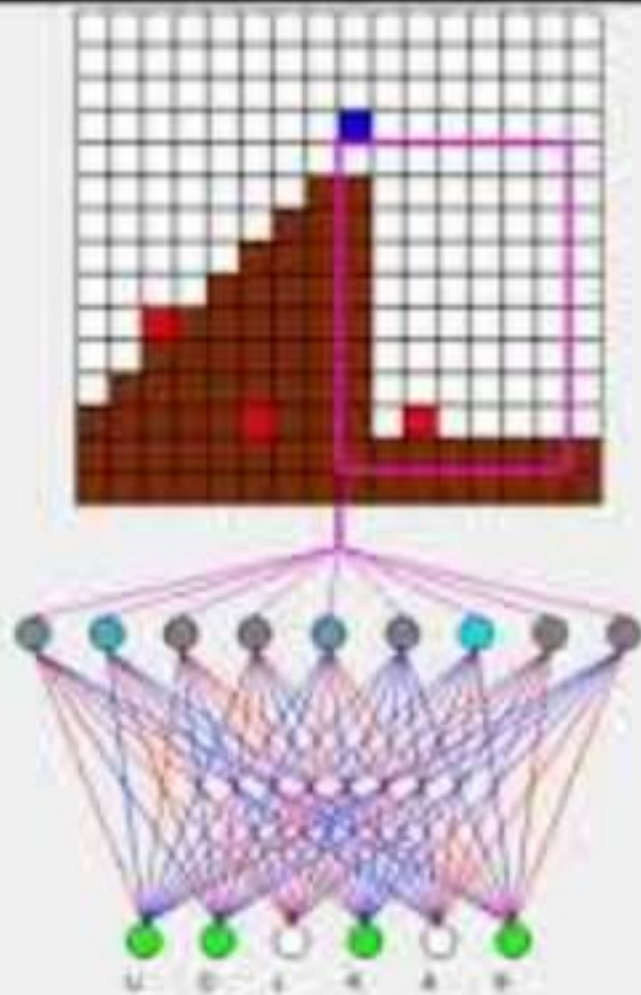
$$\frac{\partial E(w)}{\partial w_{3,5}^{(1)}} = \frac{\partial \sum_{n=1}^N (t_n - g_1(x_n, w))^2}{\partial w_{3,5}^{(1)}} = \sum_{n=1}^N \frac{\partial (t_n - g_1(x_n, w))^2}{\partial w_{3,5}^{(1)}} = -2 \sum_n (t_n - g_1(x_n, w)) \frac{\partial g_1(x_n, w)}{\partial w_{3,5}^{(1)}}$$

$$\frac{\partial g_1(x_n, w)}{\partial w_{3,5}^{(1)}} = \frac{\partial g_1 \left(\sum_{j=0}^J w_{1j}^{(2)} \cdot h_j(.) \right)}{\partial w_{3,5}^{(1)}} = g_1'(x_n, w) \cdot \frac{\partial \sum_{j=0}^J w_{1j}^{(2)} \cdot h_j(.)}{\partial w_{3,5}^{(1)}} = g_1'(x_n, w) \cdot w_{1,3}^{(2)} \cdot \frac{\partial h_3 \left(\sum_{i=0}^I w_{3i}^{(1)} \cdot x_{i,n} \right)}{\partial w_{3,5}^{(1)}}$$

$$\frac{\partial h_3 \left(\sum_{i=0}^I w_{3i}^{(1)} \cdot x_{i,n} \right)}{\partial w_{3,5}^{(1)}} = h_3' \left(\sum_{i=0}^I w_{3,i}^{(1)} \cdot x_{i,n} \right) \frac{\partial \sum_{i=0}^I w_{3,i}^{(1)} \cdot x_{i,n}}{\partial w_{3,5}^{(1)}} = h_3' \left(\sum_{i=0}^I w_{3,i}^{(1)} \cdot x_{i,n} \right) x_{5,n}$$

$$\frac{\partial E(w)}{\partial w_{3,5}^{(1)}} = -2 \sum_n (t_n - g_1(x_n, w)) g_1'(x_n, w) w_{1,3}^{(2)} h_3' \left(\sum_{i=0}^I w_{3,i}^{(1)} \cdot x_{i,n} \right) x_{5,n}$$





Generation:	1111	Offspring:	(0, 0)
Individual:	Keylay	Lifespan:	Infinite
Best Fitness:	0	Mutation:	Static 1.0%
Max Distance:	2710	Crossover:	Random
Num Inputs:	10	SBX Eta:	100.0
Trainable Params:	703	Layers:	[10, 9, 6]

Applicazioni



Classification

A quale “gruppo” /
“classe” appartiene il
mio dato?

- Sano / Malato
- Good / Bad



You can't post, comment or use Messenger for 30 days

This is because you previously posted something that didn't follow our Community Standards.

This post goes against our standards on harassment and bullying, so only you can see it.



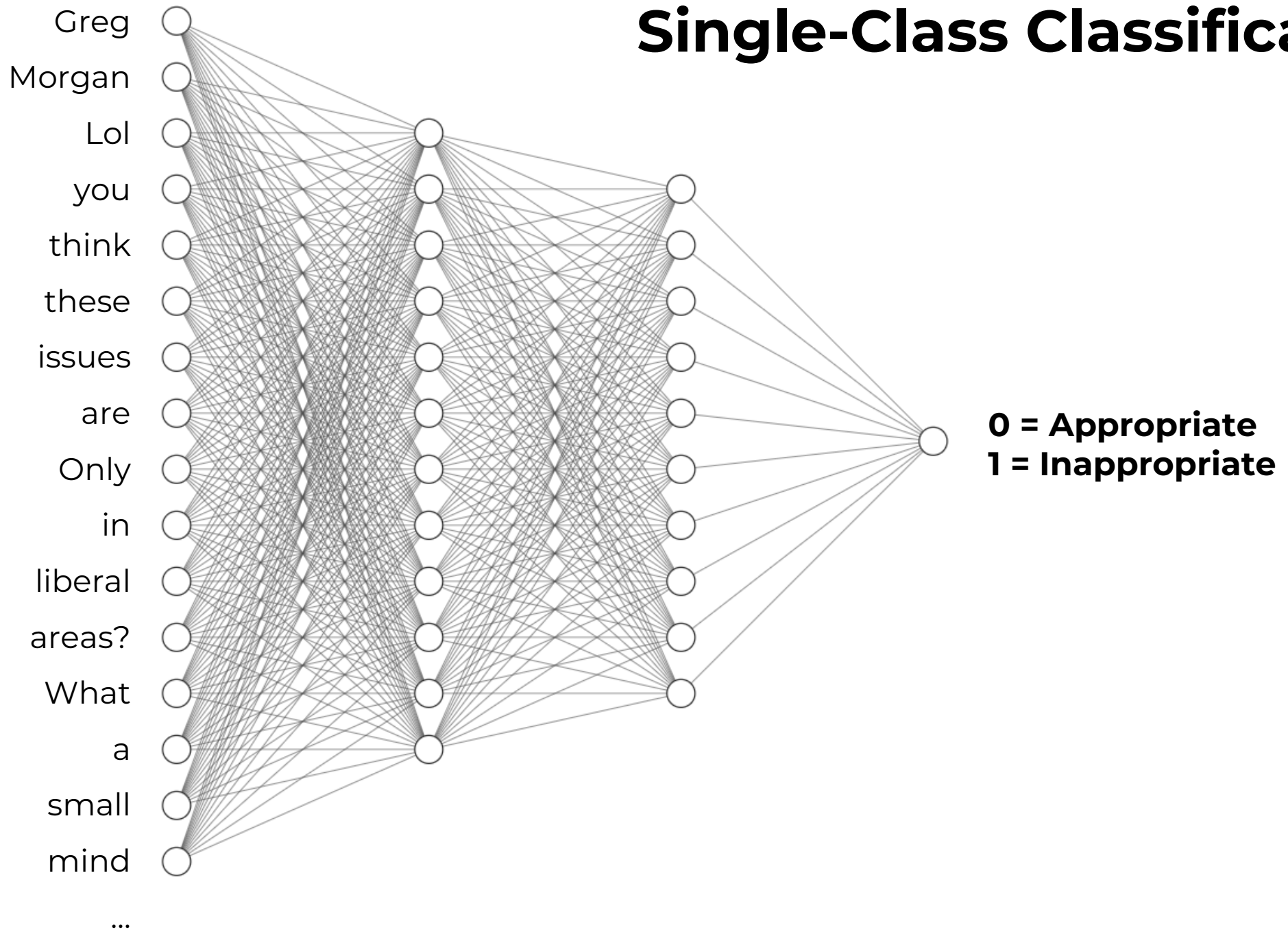
💎 Top Fan

Rob Jarrett

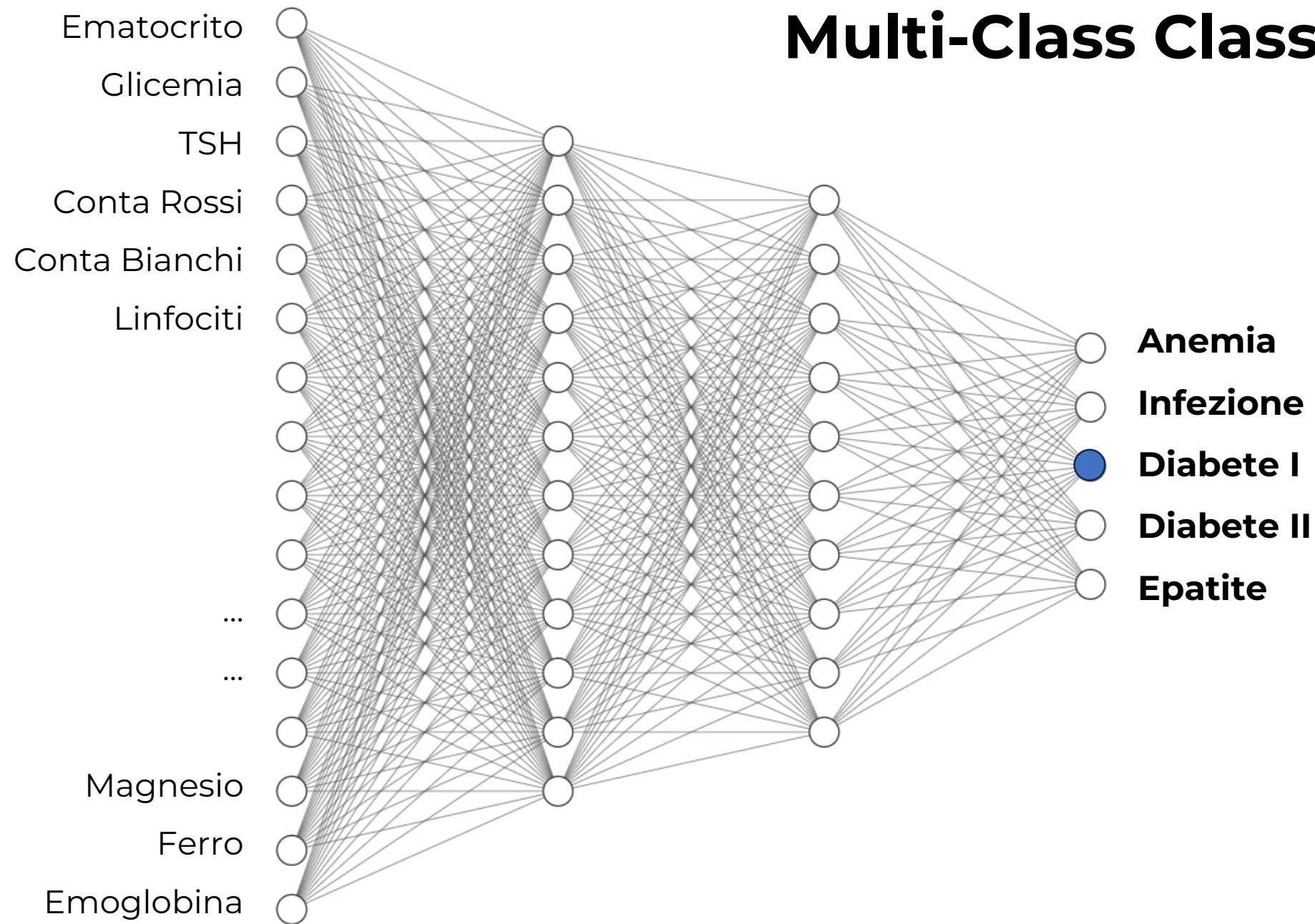
Greg Morgan Lol you think these issues are only in liberal areas? What a small mind you have.



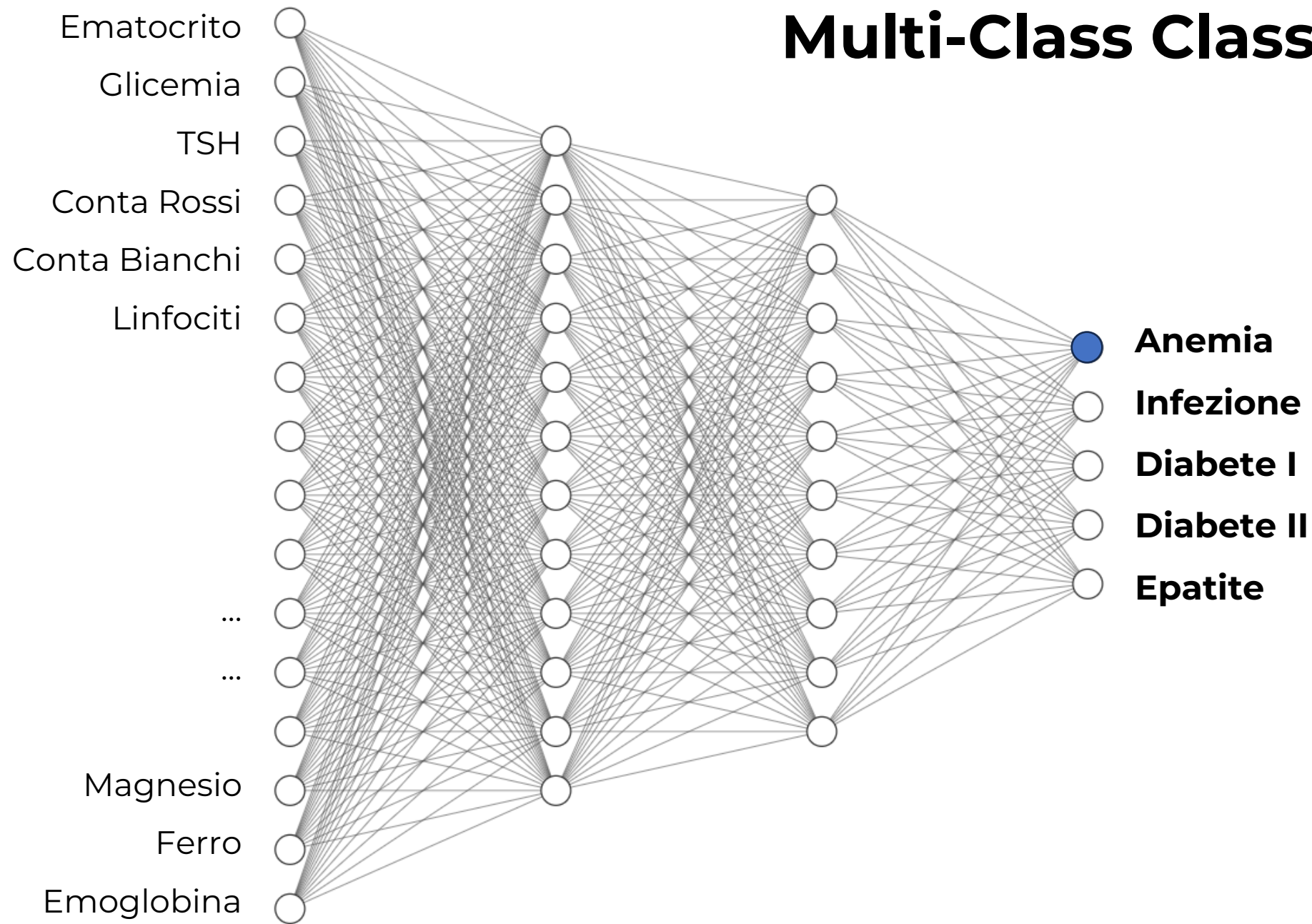
Single-Class Classification



Multi-Class Classification

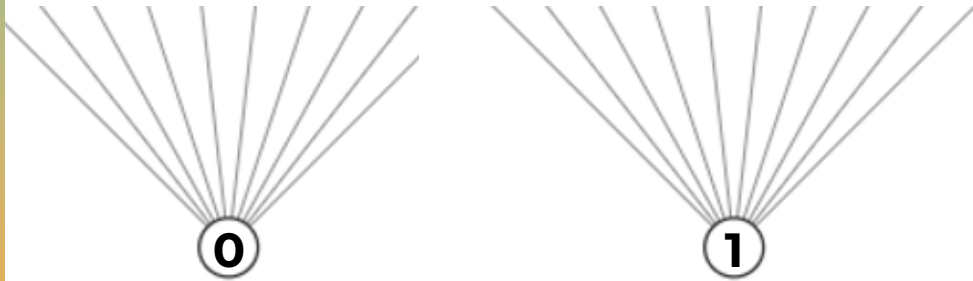


Multi-Class Classification



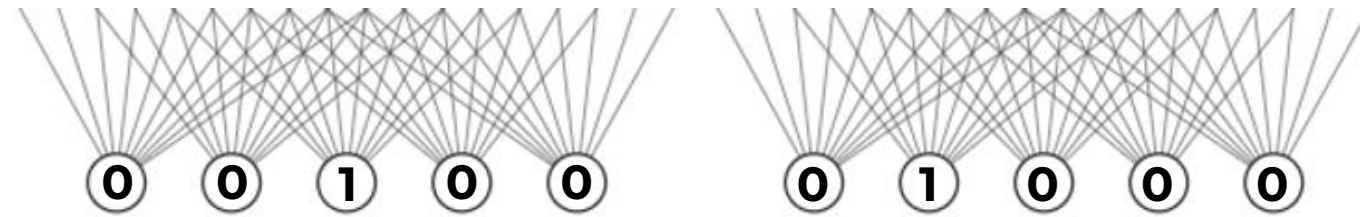
Errore / Loss

Single-Class Classification



$$E = y - \hat{y}$$

Multi-Class Classification



$$CE = - \sum_{i=1}^{i=N} y_i \cdot \log(\hat{y}_i)$$

Regression

Quale valore (continuo) è associato al mio dato?



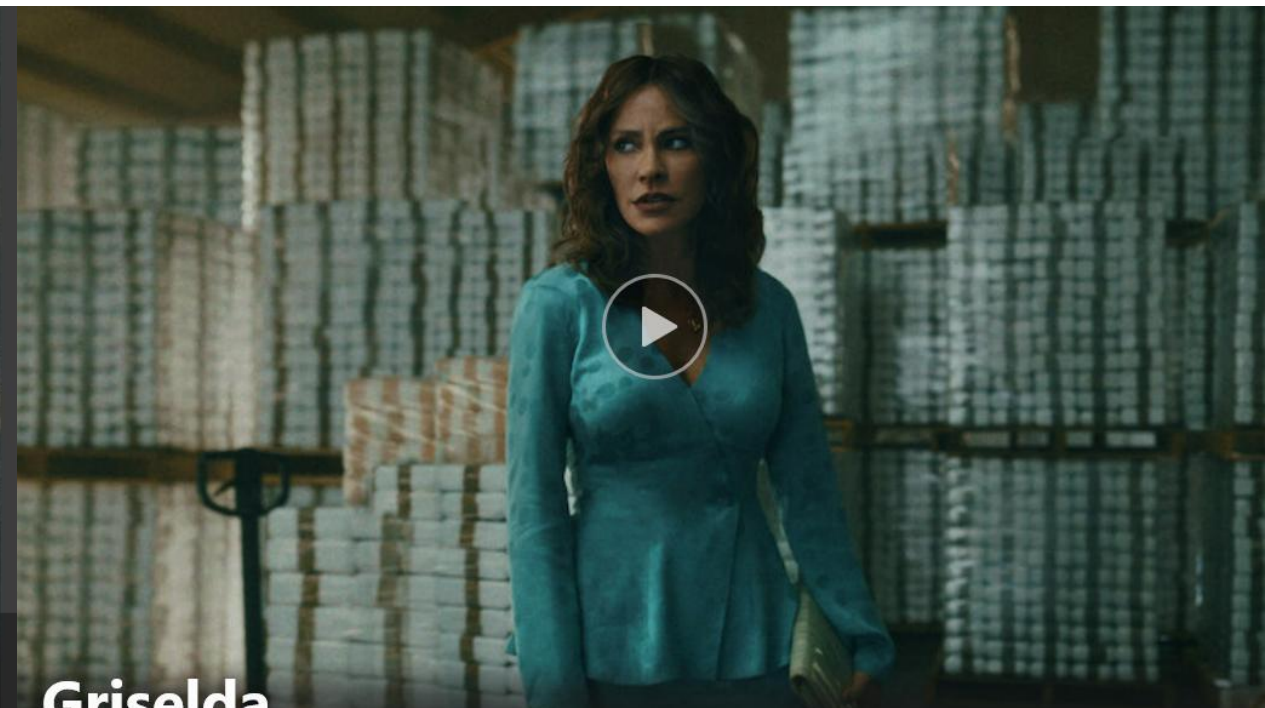
Peaky Blinders

98% compatibile 2013 16 6 stagioni HD 5.1

S1:E1 Episodio 1

36 di 57 min

Thomas Shelby è l'ambizioso leader di una gang che sfrutta l'occasione di un carico di armi scomparso per "fare carriera".

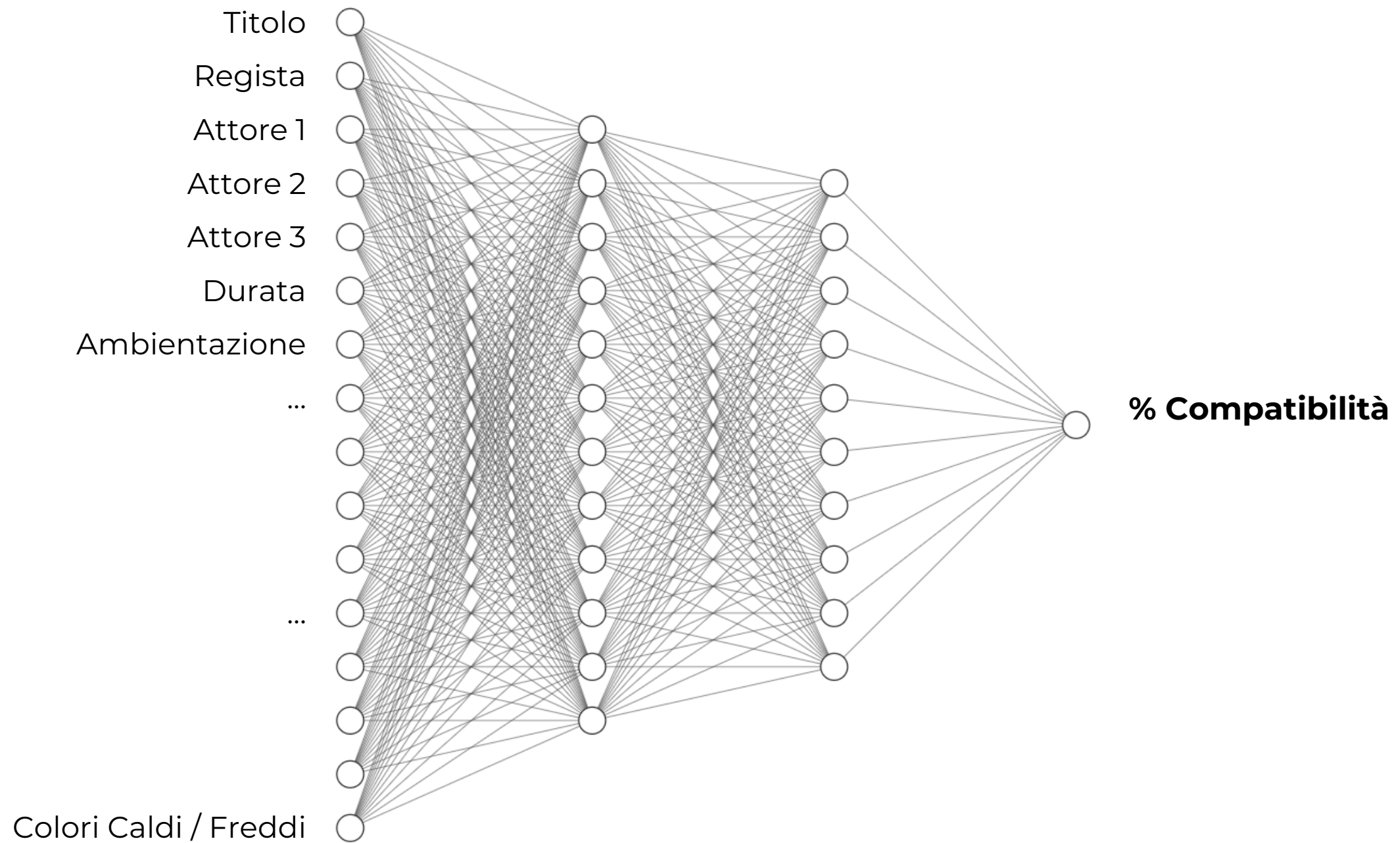


Griselda

67% compatibile 2024 16 Miniserie HD 5.1

M1:E1 Arriva la signora

Griselda fugge da Medellín a Miami per voltare pagina. Protetta in un nascondiglio con i figli, coglie l'occasione per avviare la sua attività.



lunedì
11
MARZO



6°C



5°C



14°C



10°C

Percepita

2°C

1°C

14°C

9°C

Vento

4 Km/H SO

13 Km/H ONO

14 Km/H O

13 Km/H O

Zero Termico

1584

1370

1449

1637

Precipitazioni

-

-

-

-

Umidità

99%

99%

56%

79%

Temperatura

Umidità

Vento

Tipologia Nuvole

Precipitazione %

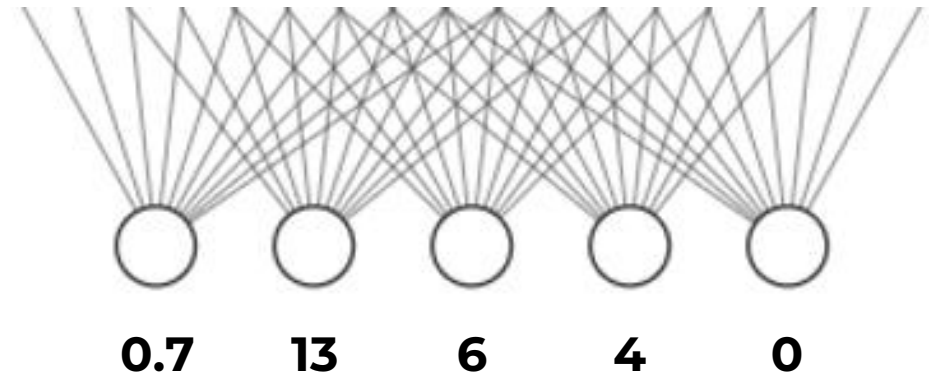
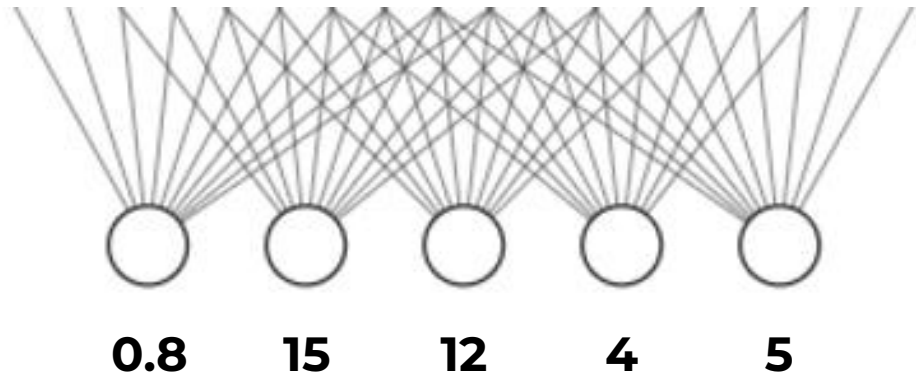
T massima

T minima

UV

...

Errore / Loss



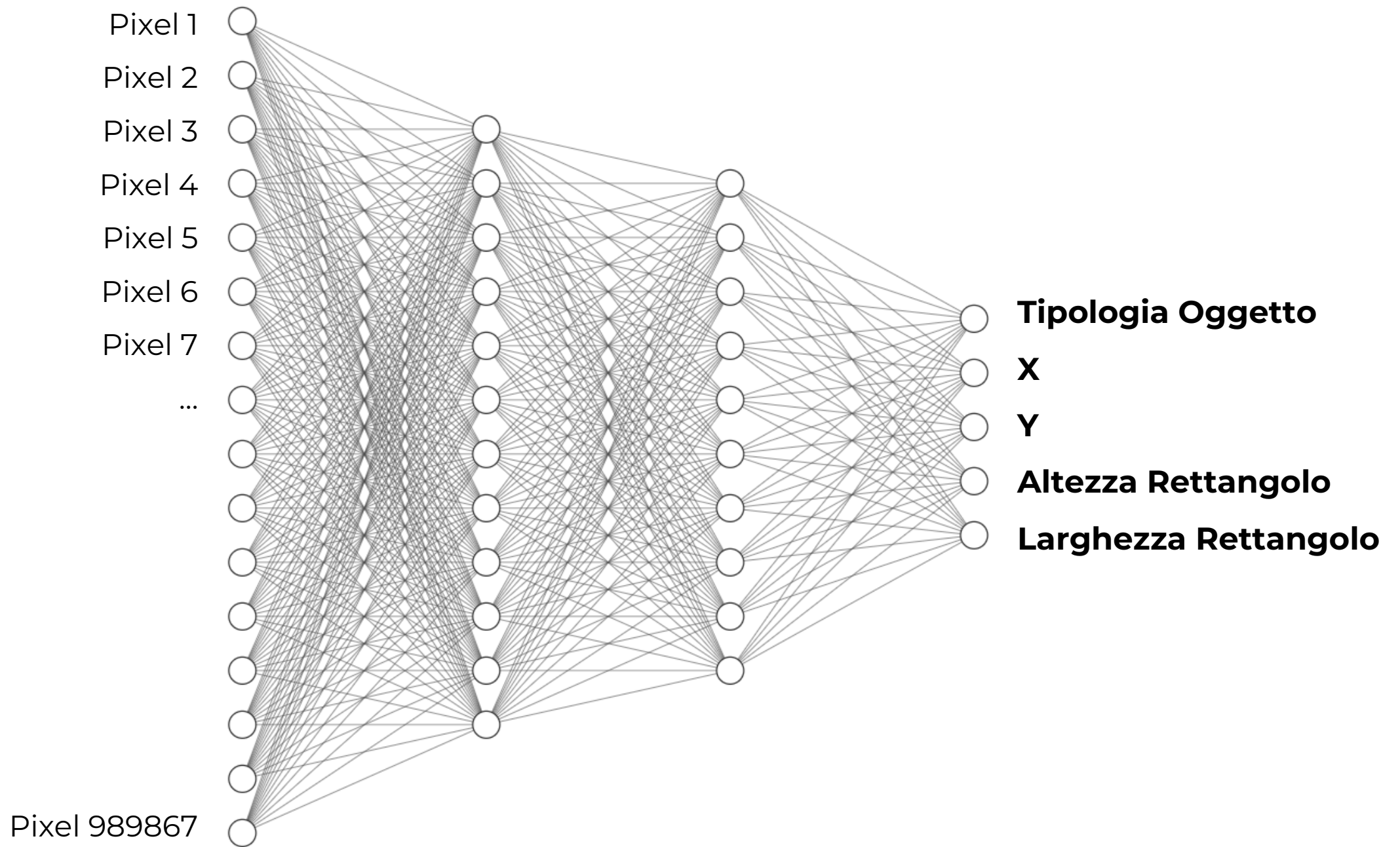
$$MSE = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^{i=N} (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2$$

$$MSE = \frac{1}{3} [(y_1 - \hat{y}_1)^2 + (y_2 - \hat{y}_2)^2 + (y_3 - \hat{y}_3)^2]$$

Detection

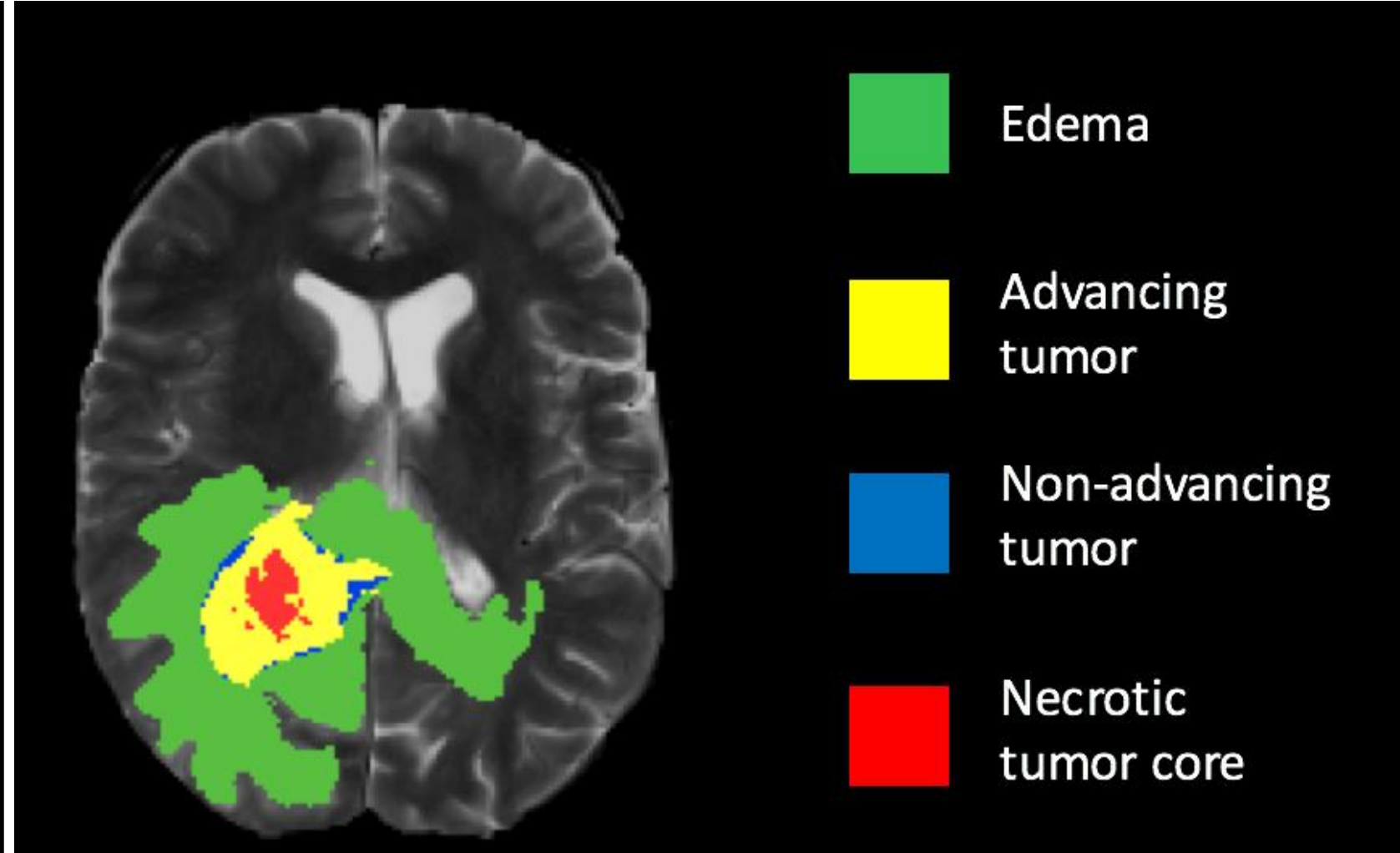
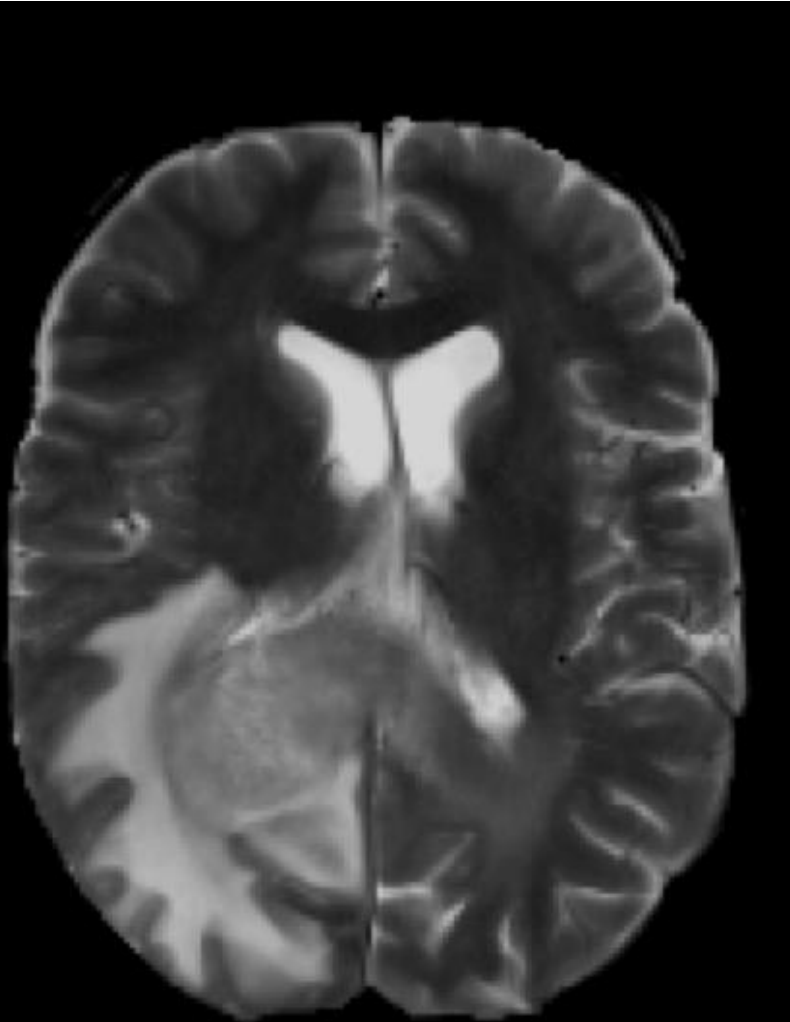
Dove è quello che cerco? (approssimativamente)

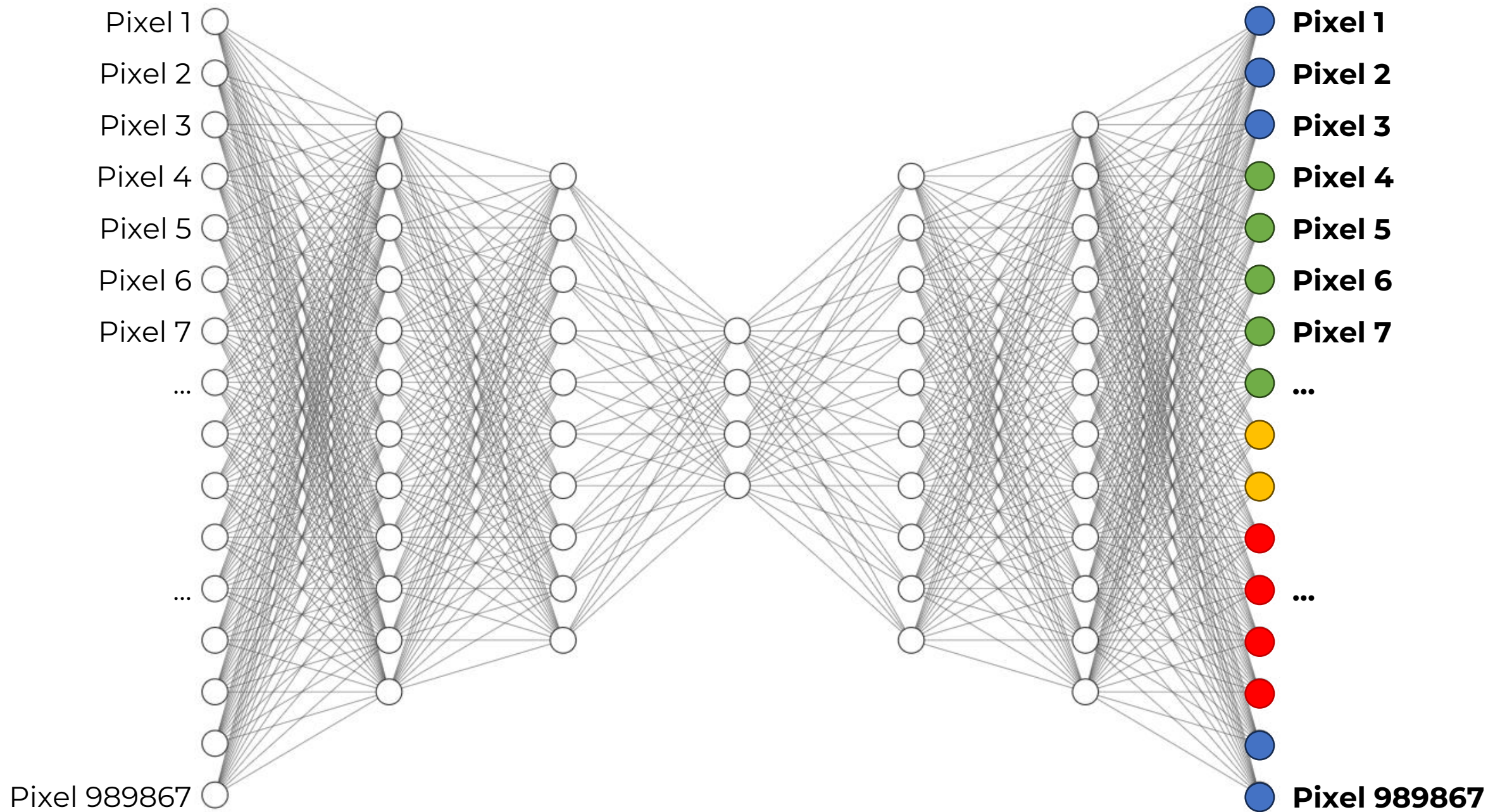




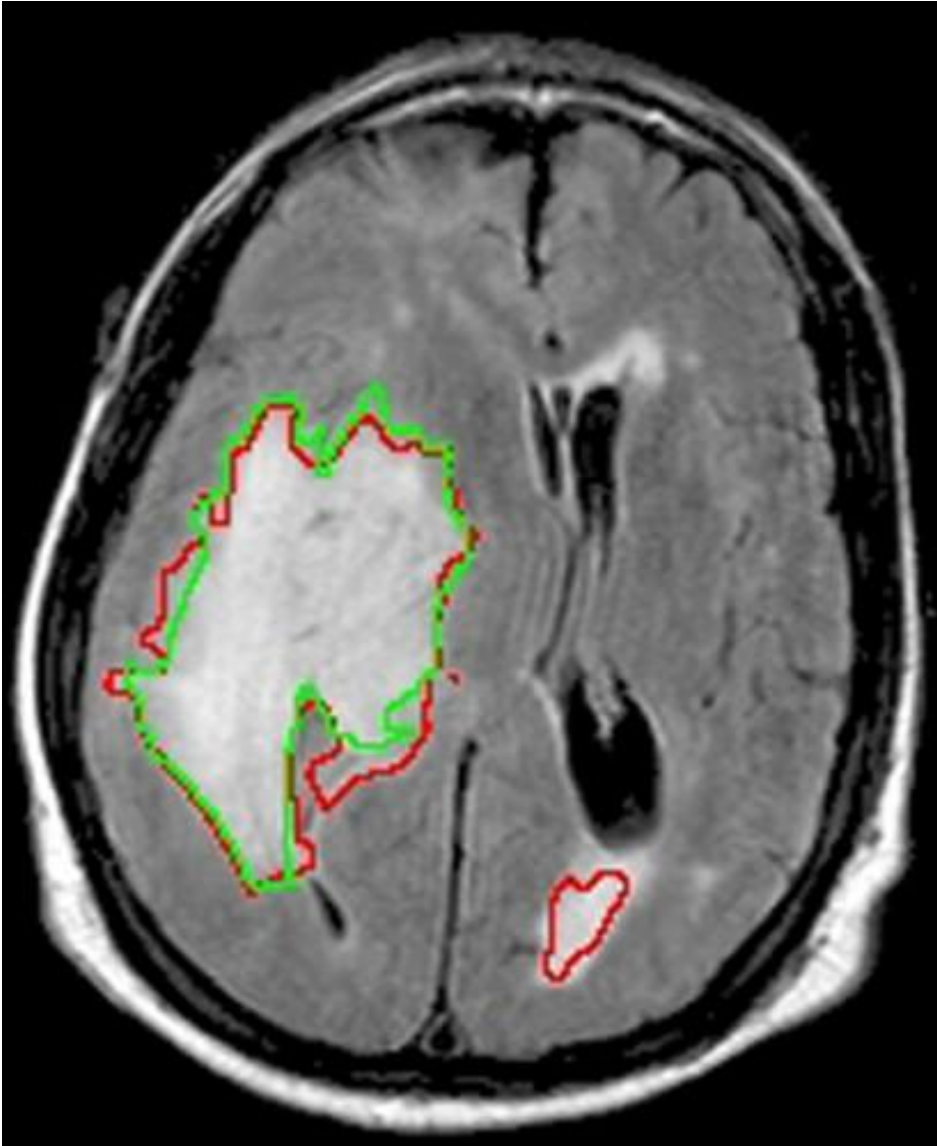
Segmentation

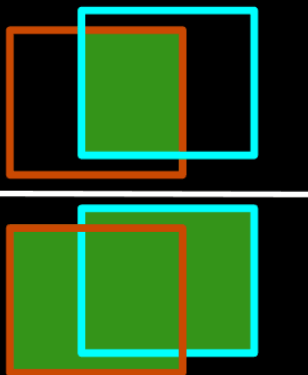
Dove è quello che cerco? (precisamente)





Errore / Loss



$$\text{IOU} = \frac{\text{Area of Overlap}}{\text{Area of Union}}$$


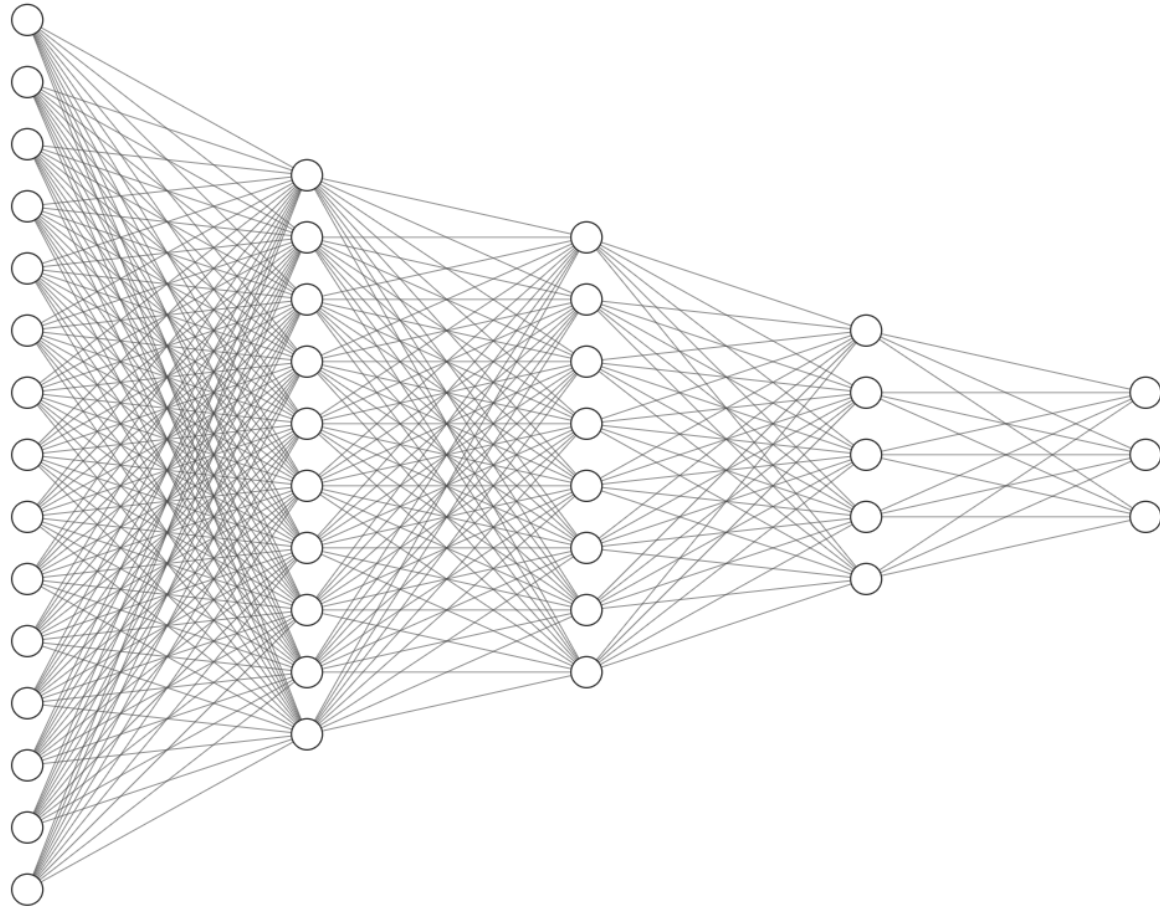
The diagram illustrates the IOU metric using two examples of overlapping rectangles. In the top example, an orange rectangle and a cyan rectangle overlap, with the intersection area shaded green. In the bottom example, the same two rectangles are shown, but the intersection area is also shaded green, demonstrating the calculation of the overlap relative to the union.

Generation

“Pope Francis swagging in a white puffer jacket”

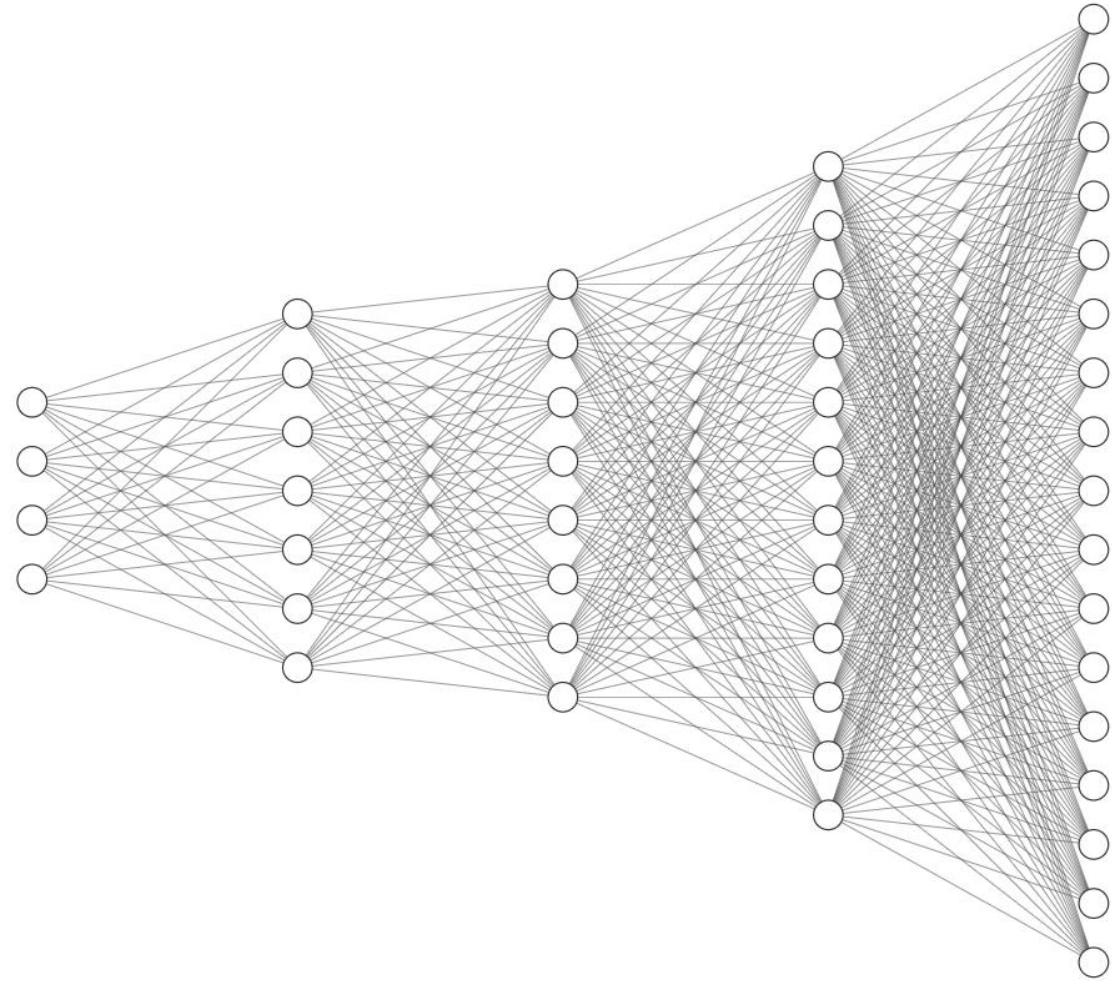


Discriminative AI

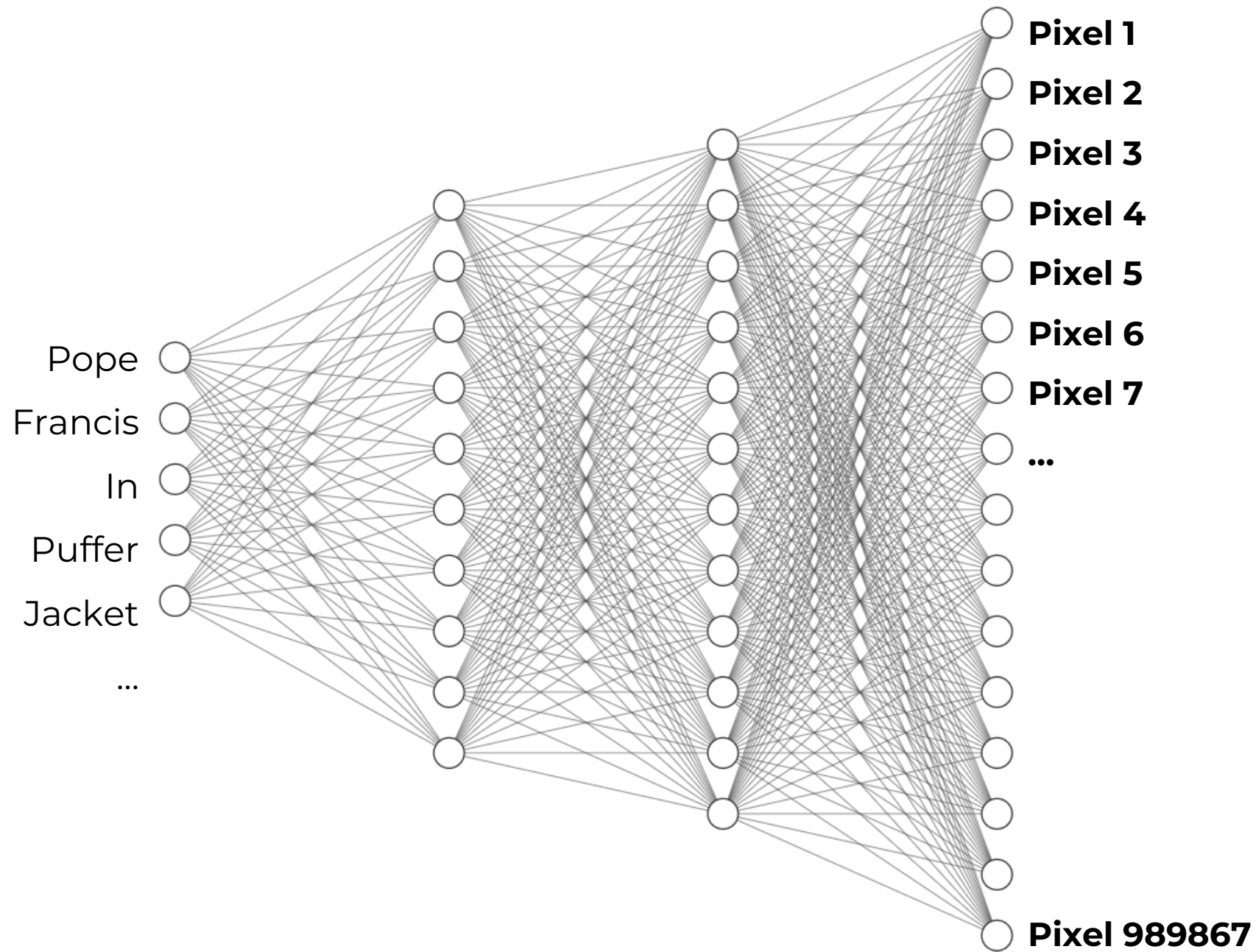


Big Input → Small Output

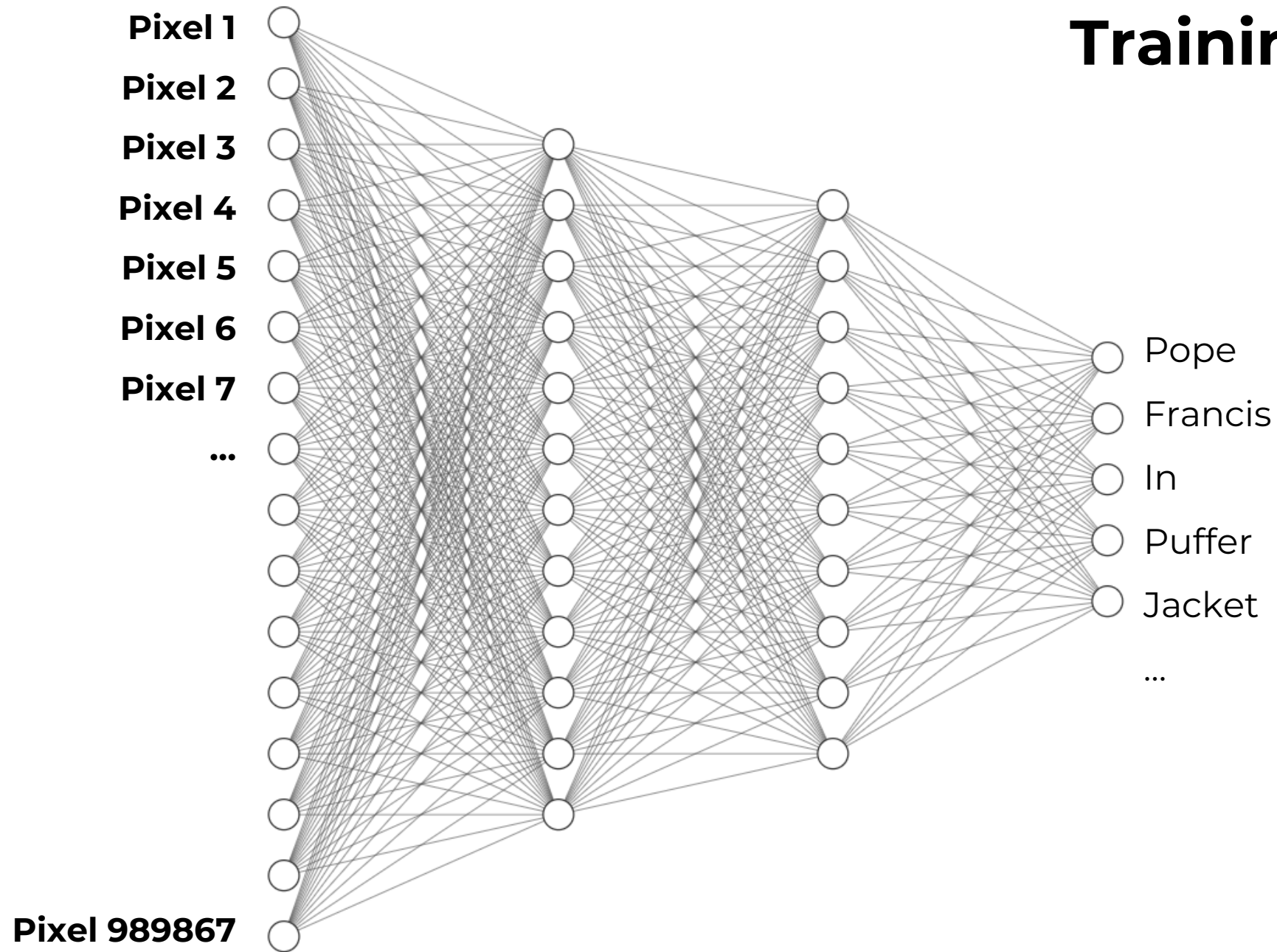
Generative AI



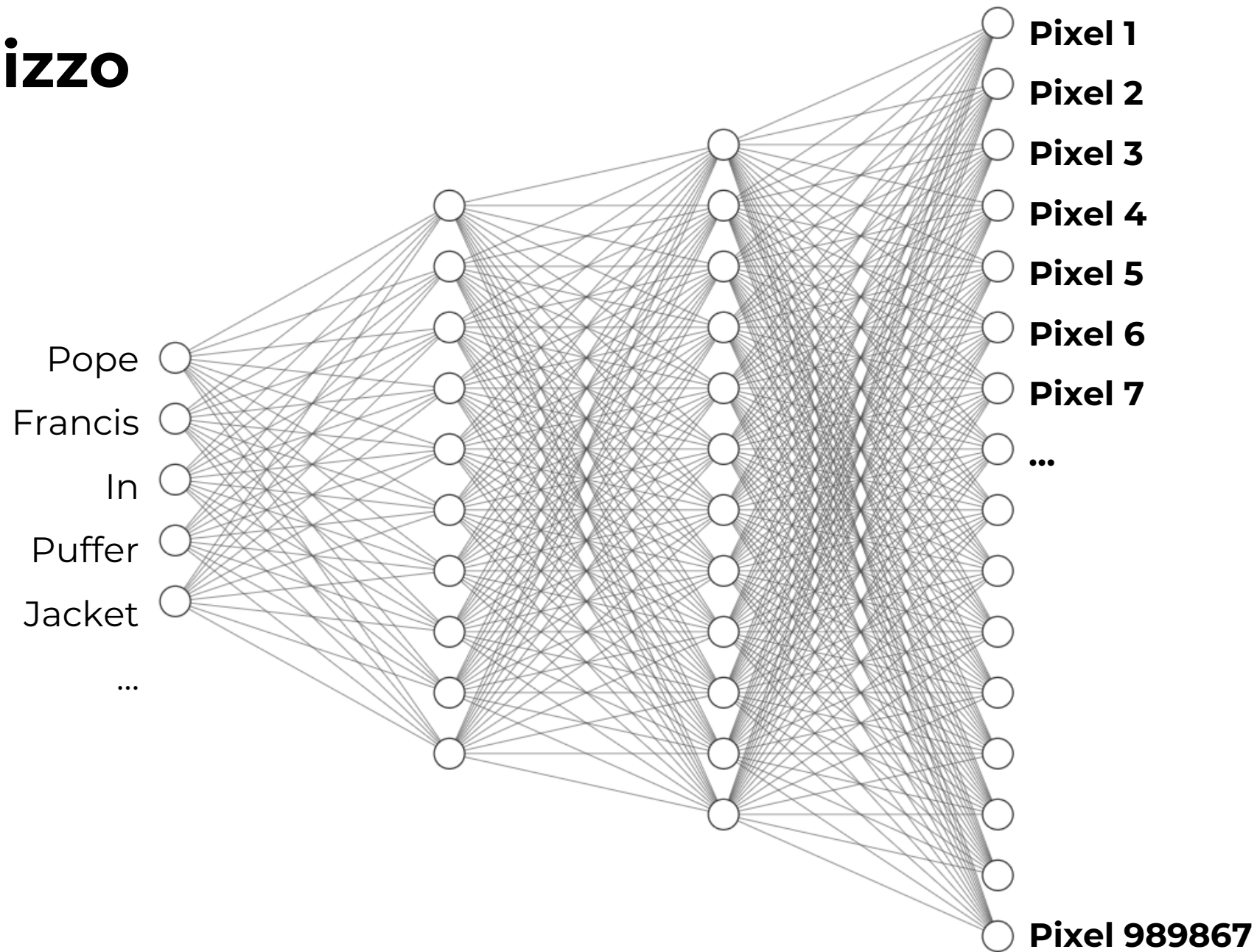
Small Input → Big Output



Training

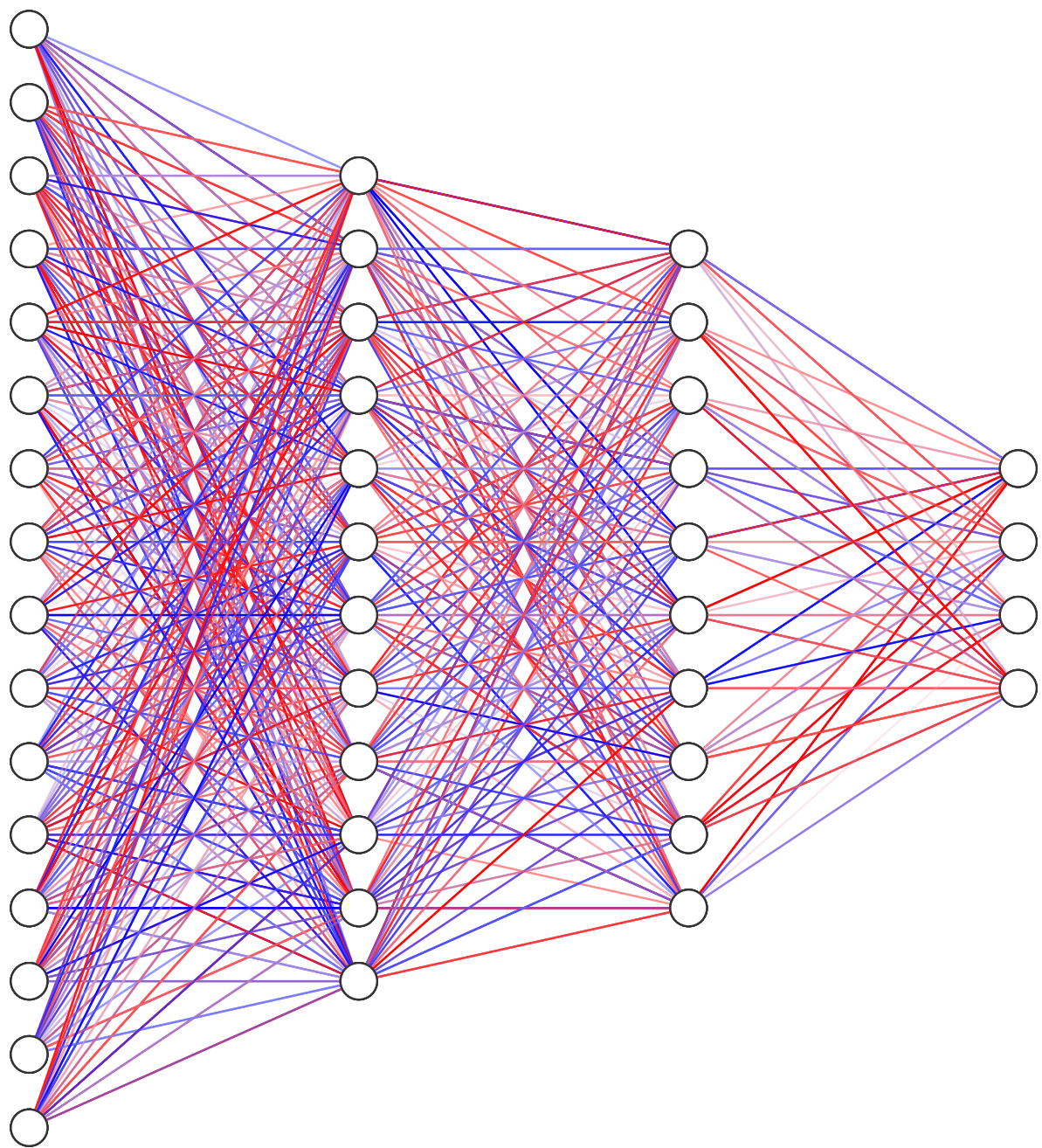


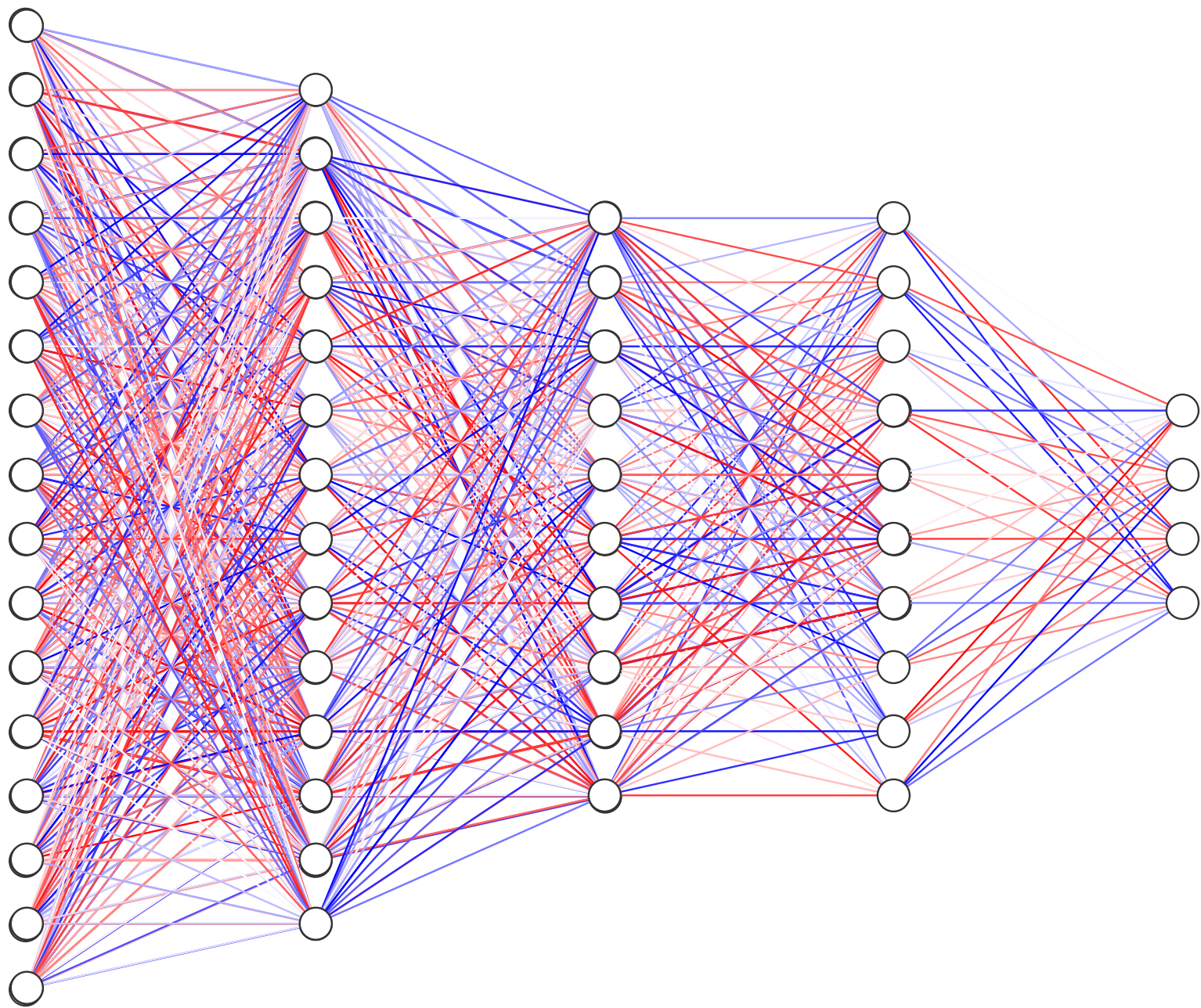
Utilizzo



HyperParameters







Parameters

- **Internal** to the model
- **Estimated** from the data
- **Required** by the model
- **Not set manually** by the practitioner

Example of model parameters:

- The **weights**

HyperParameters

- **External** to the model
- **Cannot be estimated** from the data
- **Tuned** for model predictions
- **Set manually** by the practitioner.

Examples of model parameters:

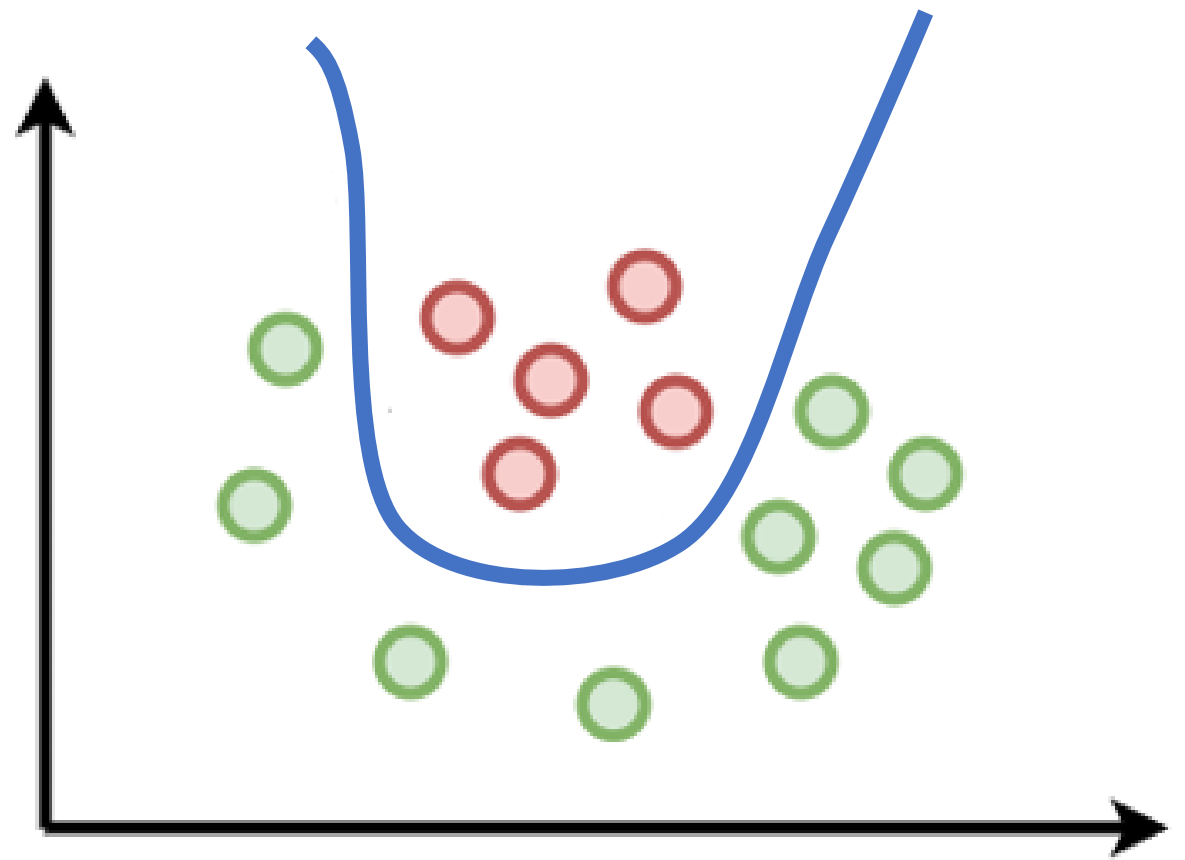
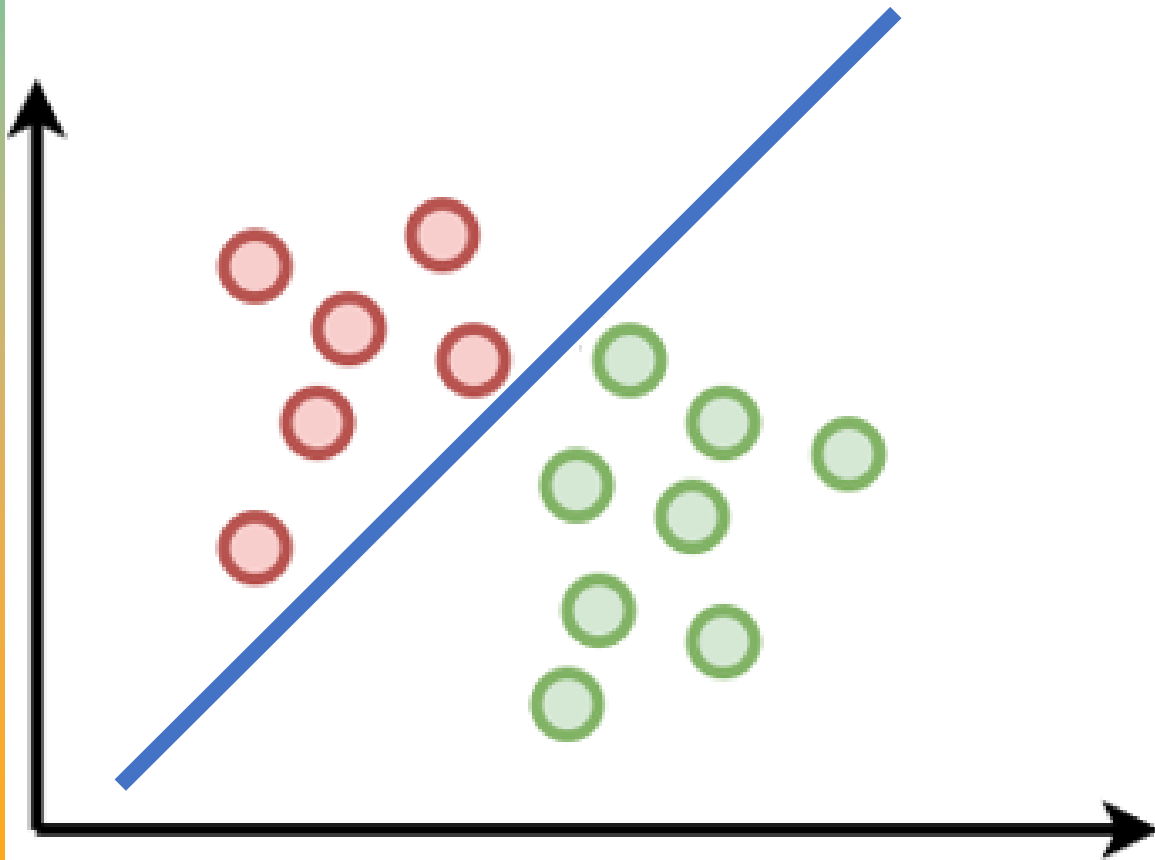
- The **learning rate**
- The **number of hidden layers**
- The **batch size**

Activation Function

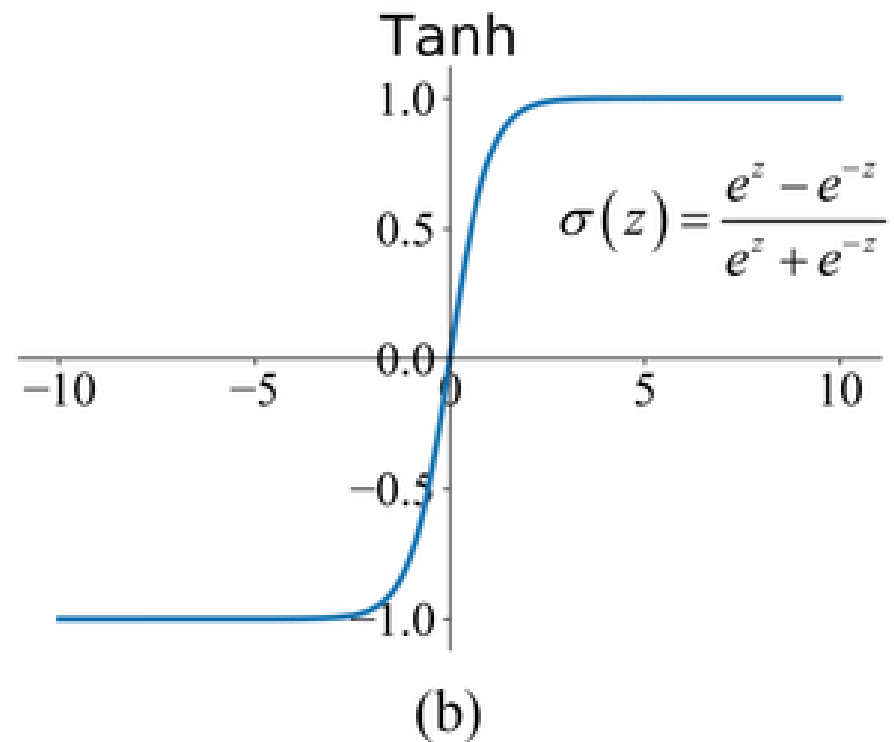
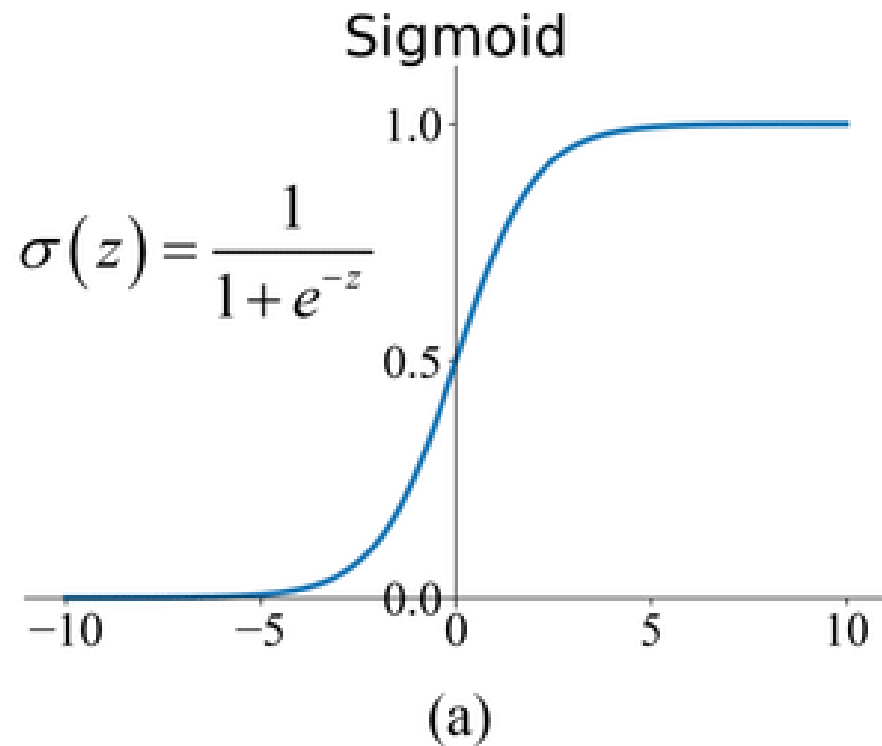
$$y = x_1 \cdot w_1 + x_2 \cdot w_2 + x_3 \cdot w_3 + x_4 \cdot w_4 + x_5 \cdot w_5$$

$$z = x_1 \cdot w_1 + x_2 \cdot w_2 + x_3 \cdot w_3 + x_4 \cdot w_4 + x_5 \cdot w_5$$

$$y = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-z}} = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(x_1 \cdot w_1 + x_2 \cdot w_2 + x_3 \cdot w_3 + x_4 \cdot w_4 + x_5 \cdot w_5)}}$$

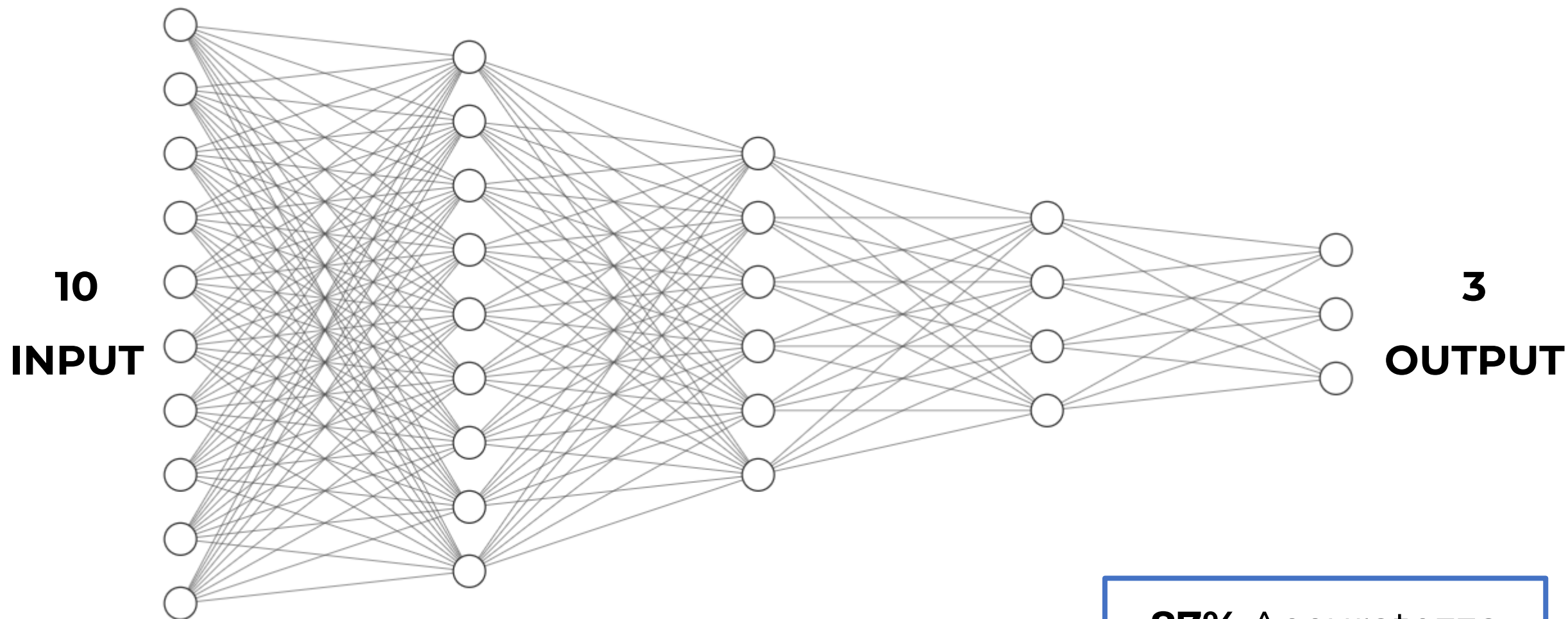


Activation Functions



Overfitting e Generalizzazione

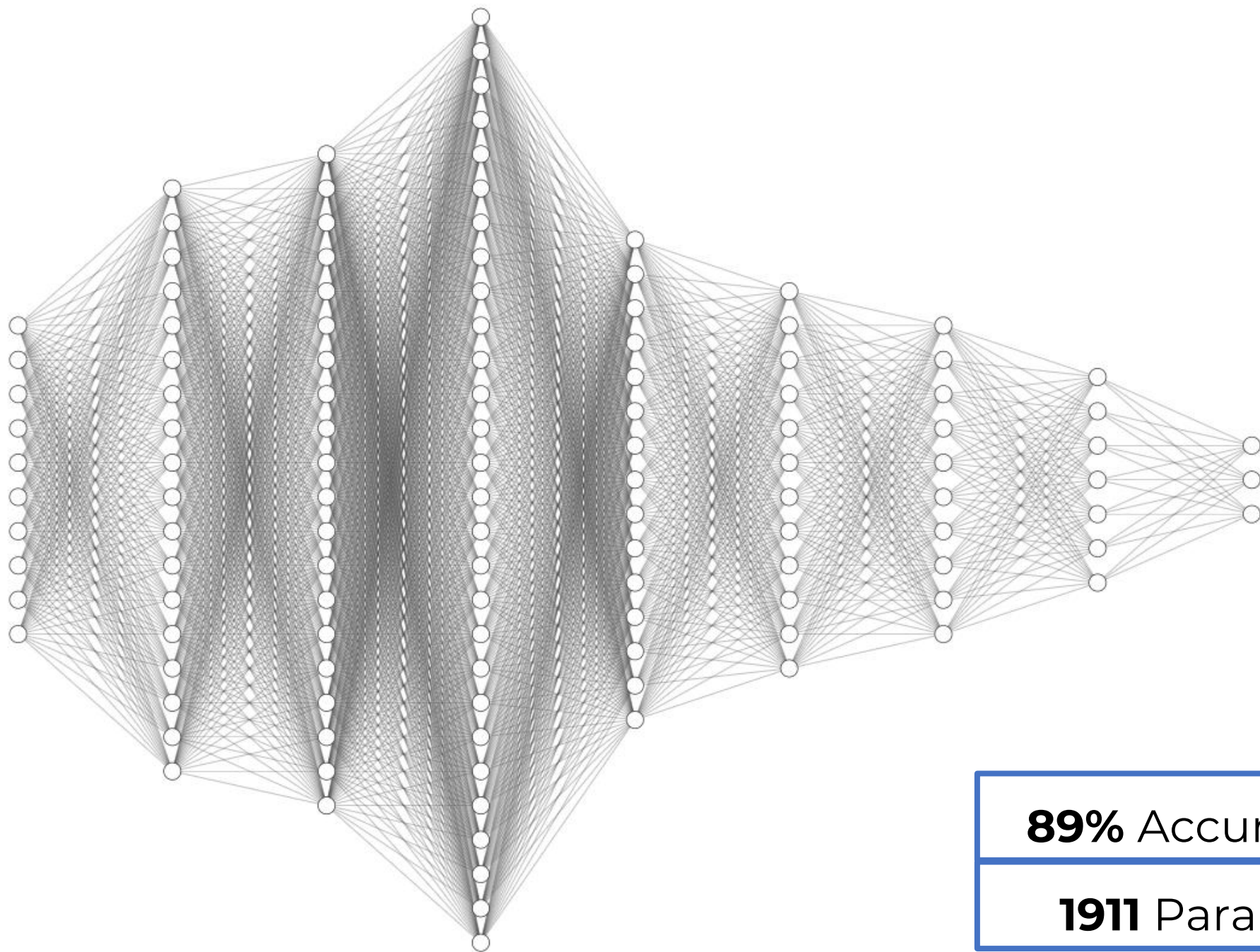




87% Accuratezza

180 Parametri

10
INPUT



3
OUTPUT

89% Accuratezza

1911 Parametri

$$(1 + 3)^3 = ?$$

$$\begin{aligned}(1 + 3)^3 &= \\ &= 4^3 \\ &= \mathbf{64}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}(A + B)^3 &= \\ &= (A + B)(A + B)(A + B) = \\ &= (A^2 + AB + AB + B^2)(A + B) = \\ &= (A^2 + 2AB + B^2)(A + B) = \\ &= A^3 + A^2B + 2A^2B + 2AB^2 + AB^2 + B^3 = \\ &= A^3 + 3A^2B + 3AB^2 + B^3 \\ &= \mathbf{64}\end{aligned}$$

Dataset Splitting

Imparo con: 70%

Controllo con: 30%

abc Cust City ▾	abc Cust State ▾	abc Cust Zip Code ▾	abc Cust County ▾	abc Cust Region ▾
Costa Mesa	California	92628	Orange County, California	West
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Bellflower	California	90706	Los Angeles County, California	West
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Quanti neuroni?

Quanti layers?

Quale Loss?

Quale LR?

Quale Batch Size?

Quale attivazione?