Implementation and assessment of Assistance-as-Needed Virtual Fixtures for Surgical Training with a daVinci surgical robot: an experimental study

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1 Scope of the study

To implement a simulator for surgical training that employs haptic Virtual Fixtures as correction media, and to assess the effectiveness and utility of haptic Virtual Fixtures in the process of learning surgical skills, their retention and their transferability.

Haptic Virtual Fixtures: When teleoperation the surgical robot, the motors in the manipulators are activated so that a force is felt by the surgeon: this force is applied with the aim of stirring the surgeon motion away from obstacles or towards objective

Skill Retention: After surgical training, the trainee should be able to perform the surgical tasks correctly even after long periods of time away from the simulator

Skill Transfer: After surgical training conducted on a limited number of tasks, the trainee should be able to perform correctly on new never-seen-before chores.

2 Progress

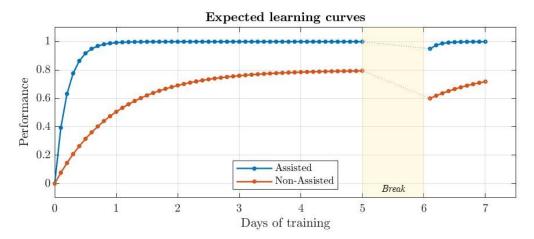
- We successfully built the surgical training simulator. Teleoperation occurs from the manipulators of a daVinci surgical robot; the virtual surgical scene is visible in 3D from the High-Resolution Stereo Viewers located at the teleoperation console
- We have constructed a tentative experimental protocol, where the performance of volunteer subjects
 that will recieve haptic assistance will be compared with a control group where the assistance will not
 be provided.
- We have gathered promising preliminary data from a very limited (X subject) population with no surgical experience

3 Expectations

In a context where the subjects of the experimental study perform multiple times the surgical tasks over the course of a few days, and where the **performance** in the execution of a task is calculated as a numerical value, it is expected that:

- Subjects in the assisted group will reach their best performances earlier than subjects in the control group
- The best performance of subjects in the assisted group will be higher than the best performance of subjects in the control group
- After a "break" of a few days, the subjects in the assisted group will be able to perform the surgical tasks with a performance comparable to the one obtained in the days before the break, *i.e.* they will have successfully retained their skill
- After a "break" of a few days, the subjects in the assisted group will be able to perform new never-seen-before surgical tasks with a performance comparable to the one obtained in the days before the break, *i.e.* they will **successfully have transferred their skill**

The figure below shows graphically the expectations of the study



4 Further requirements

Before proceeding with the experimental study, we must assert the clinical relevance and compliance of the surgical simulator that we have implemented and of the experimental protocol that we have planned. For that purpose opinions, corrections, criticism and involvement from the clinical community are encouraged and welcomed.

We ask you to kindly dedicate approximately 30 minutes of your time to test the simulator (8 surgical tasks in total are implemented, each taking at the very maximum 1 minute) and to give us your feedback regarding the haptic Virtual Fixtures, the surgical simulator and the experimental protocol.

5 More Information

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