

## Candidate Report: Anonymous

Test Name:

[Summary](#)[Timeline](#)

### Test Score

50 out of 100 points

# 50%

### Tasks in Test

PermMissingElem  
Submitted in: Java 8

Time Spent ⓘ

16 min

Task Score

50%

### TASKS DETAILS

EASY

#### 1. PermMissingElem

Find the missing element in a given permutation.

Task Score

50%

Correctness

100%

Performance

0%

### Task description

An array  $A$  consisting of  $N$  different integers is given. The array contains integers in the range  $[1..(N + 1)]$ , which means that exactly one element is missing.

Your goal is to find that missing element.

Write a function:

```
class Solution { public int solution(int[] A); }
```

that, given an array  $A$ , returns the value of the missing element.

For example, given array  $A$  such that:

```
A[0] = 2
A[1] = 3
A[2] = 1
A[3] = 5
```

the function should return 4, as it is the missing element.

Write an **efficient** algorithm for the following assumptions:

- $N$  is an integer within the range  $[0..100,000]$ ;
- the elements of  $A$  are all distinct;
- each element of array  $A$  is an integer within the range  $[1..(N + 1)]$ .

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### Solution

Programming language used: Java 8

Total time used: 17 minutes ⓘ

Effective time used: 16 minutes ⓘ

Notes: *not defined yet*

### Task timeline

 ⓘ

09:44:14

10:00:16

Code: 10:00:15 UTC, java, final,  
score: 50[show code in pop-up](#)

```
1 // you can also use imports, for example:
2 // import java.util.*;
3
4 // you can write to stdout for debugging purposes, e.g.
5 // System.out.println("this is a debug message");
6
7 class Solution {
8     public static int max = 10;
9     public static boolean[] mem;
```

```
10
11
12     public static int solution(int[] a) {
13         mem = new boolean[max + 1];
14         if (a.length == 0)
15             return 1;
16
17         for (int i = 0; i < a.length; i++) {
18             mem[a[i]] = true;
19         }
20
21         // System.out.println(Arrays.toString(a));
22         // System.out.println(Arrays.toString(mem));
23
24         for (int i = 1; i < a.length + 1; i++) {
25             if (!mem[i])
26                 return i;
27         }
28
29         return a.length + 1;
30     }
31 }
```

Analysis summary

The following issues have been detected: runtime errors.

Analysis ?

Detected time complexity:  **$O(N^2)$**

expand all	Example tests	
▶ example		✓ OK
example test		
expand all	Correctness tests	
▶ empty_and_single		✓ OK
empty list and single element		
▶ missing_first_or_last		✓ OK
the first or the last element is missing		
▶ single		✓ OK
single element		
▶ double		✓ OK
two elements		
▶ simple		✓ OK
simple test		
expand all	Performance tests	
▶ medium1		✗ RUNTIME ERROR
medium test, length = ~10,000		tested program terminated with exit code 1
▶ medium2		✗ RUNTIME ERROR
medium test, length = ~10,000		tested program terminated with exit code 1
▶ large_range		✗ RUNTIME ERROR
range sequence, length = ~100,000		tested program terminated with exit code 1
▶ large1		✗ RUNTIME ERROR
large test, length = ~100,000		tested program terminated with exit code 1
▶ large2		✗ RUNTIME ERROR
large test, length = ~100,000		tested program terminated with exit code 1

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