Reinforcement Learning Lab

Lesson 4: Temporal Difference Methods

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Environment Setup

The first step for the setup of the laboratory environment is to update the repository and load the miniconda environment.

• Update the repository of the lab:

```
cd RL—Lab
git stash
git pull
git stash pop
```

• Activate the *miniconda* environment:

```
conda activate rl-lab
```

Safe Procedure

Always back up the previous lessons' solutions before executing the repository update.

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Today Assignment

In today's lesson, we implement the Q-Learning and SARSA algorithms in Python. In particular, the file to complete is:

```
RL—Lab/lessons/lesson_4_code.py
```

Inside the file, two functions are partially implemented. The objective of this lesson is to complete them.

- def QLearning()
- def SARSA()

Expected results can be found in:

 $RL-Lab/results/lesson_4_results.txt$

Algorithm: Q-Learning

Q-learning (off-policy TD control) for estimating $\pi \approx \pi_*$

Algorithm parameters: step size $\alpha \in (0,1]$, small $\varepsilon > 0$ Initialize Q(s,a), for all $s \in \mathbb{S}^+, a \in \mathcal{A}(s)$, arbitrarily except that $Q(terminal, \cdot) = 0$ Loop for each episode: Initialize SLoop for each step of episode: Choose A from S using policy derived from Q (e.g., ε -greedy) Take action A, observe R, S' $Q(S,A) \leftarrow Q(S,A) + \alpha \left[R + \gamma \max_a Q(S',a) - Q(S,A)\right]$ $S \leftarrow S'$ until S is terminal

Figure: Pseudocode for Q-Learning, from the Sutton and Barto book *Reinforcement Learning: An Introduction*

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Algorithm: SARSA

Sarsa (on-policy TD control) for estimating $Q \approx q_*$

Algorithm parameters: step size $\alpha \in (0,1]$, small $\varepsilon > 0$ Initialize Q(s,a), for all $s \in \mathbb{S}^+, a \in \mathcal{A}(s)$, arbitrarily except that $Q(terminal, \cdot) = 0$ Loop for each episode: Initialize SChoose A from S using policy derived from Q (e.g., ε -greedy) Loop for each step of episode: Take action A, observe R, S'Choose A' from S' using policy derived from Q (e.g., ε -greedy) $Q(S,A) \leftarrow Q(S,A) + \alpha \big[R + \gamma Q(S',A') - Q(S,A) \big]$ $S \leftarrow S'$; $A \leftarrow A'$; until S is terminal

Figure: Pseudocode for SARSA, from the Sutton and Barto book *Reinforcement Learning: An Introduction*

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Assignment Notes

Today's assignment is based on the *DangerousGridWorld* environment, the same as the previous lessons. The suggested assignment's solutions use an exploration function provided in the code, epsilon_greedy(). However, any other exploration strategy can be used.

Hint

The class <code>DangerousGridWorld</code> (i.e., our environment) comes with a useful function to reset the agent to a random state: <code>random_initial_state()</code>. The suggested assignment's solutions use it as a state-initialization function.

Results Disclaimer

Given the (high) stochasticity of the method, the obtained results may differ from those suggested. The crucial requirement is to obtain a policy that reaches the goal position.

Pseudocode: Q-Learning

Require: environment [A, S], episodes, α, γ , expl_func, expl_param **Ensure:** policy, rewards, lengths

- 1: $\forall a \in A, \forall s \in S$ initialize Q(s, a) arbitrarily
- $2: \textit{ rewards}, \textit{lengths} \leftarrow [0,...,0]$
- 3: **for** $i \leftarrow 0$ **to** *episodes* **do**
- 4: Initialize s
- 5: repeat
- 6: $a \leftarrow \text{EXPL_FUNC}(Q, s, expl_param)$
- 7: $s', r \leftarrow \text{take action } a \text{ from state } s$
- 8: $Q(s, a) \leftarrow Q(s, a) + \alpha(R + \gamma \max_{a' \in A_s} Q(s', a) Q(s, a))$
- 9: $s \leftarrow s'$
- 10: **until** *s* is terminal
- 11: Update rewards, lengths
- 12: $\pi \leftarrow [0, ..., 0]$
- 13: for each s in S do
- 14: $\pi_s \leftarrow \operatorname*{argmax}_{a \in A_s} Q(s, a)$
- 15: **return** π , rewards, lengths

 \triangleright Act and observe

⊳ TD

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Pseudocode: SARSA

Require: environment [A, S], episodes, α , γ , expl_func, expl_param

Ensure: policy, rewards, lengths

- 1: $\forall a \in A, \forall s \in S$ initialize Q(s, a) arbitrarily
- 2: rewards, lengths $\leftarrow [0, ..., 0]$
- 3: **for** $i \leftarrow 0$ **to** *episodes* **do**
- Initialize s 4:
- $a \leftarrow \text{EXPL_FUNC}(Q, s, expl_param)$
- 6: repeat
- s', $r \leftarrow$ take action a from state s
- 8: $a' \leftarrow \text{EXPL_FUNC}(Q, s', expl_param)$
- $Q(s,a) \leftarrow Q(s,a) + \alpha(R + \gamma Q(s',a') Q(s,a))$ 9:
- $s \leftarrow s', a \leftarrow a'$ 10:
- until s is terminal 11:
- 12: Update rewards, lengths
- 13: $\pi \leftarrow [0, ..., 0]$
- 14: for each s in S do
- $\pi_s \leftarrow \operatorname{argmax} Q(s, a)$ 15:
- 16: **return** π , rewards, lengths

Null vectors of length episodes

▶ Act and observe

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