

DD2424 Assignment 1 Report

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Exercise 1

Analitical gradients

	Numerical	Analytical
time [s]	5.5991	0.0004

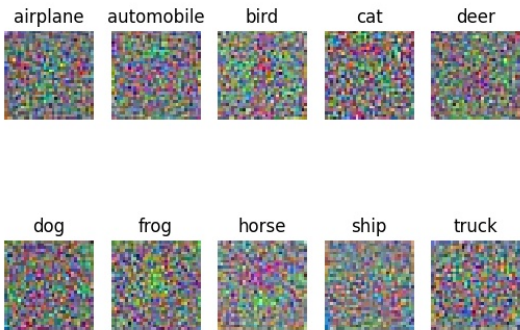
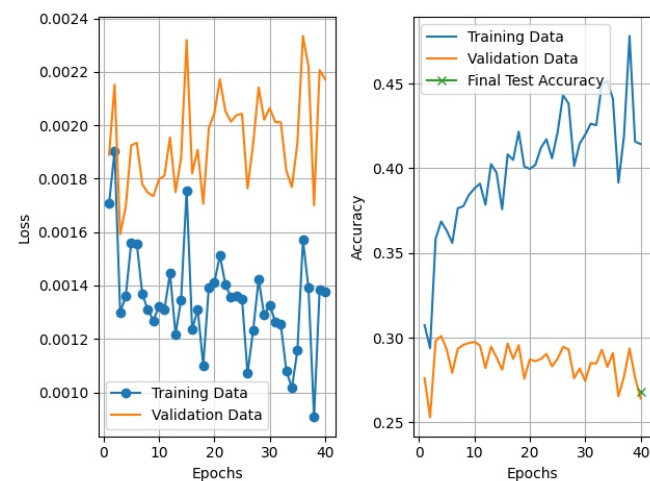
Absolute difference between mean weights $5.464830700232145e-18$

Absolute difference between mean biases $1.0842021724855044e-14$

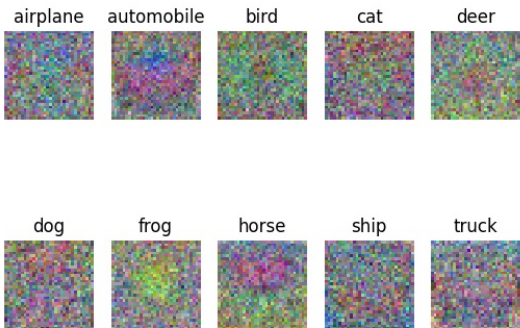
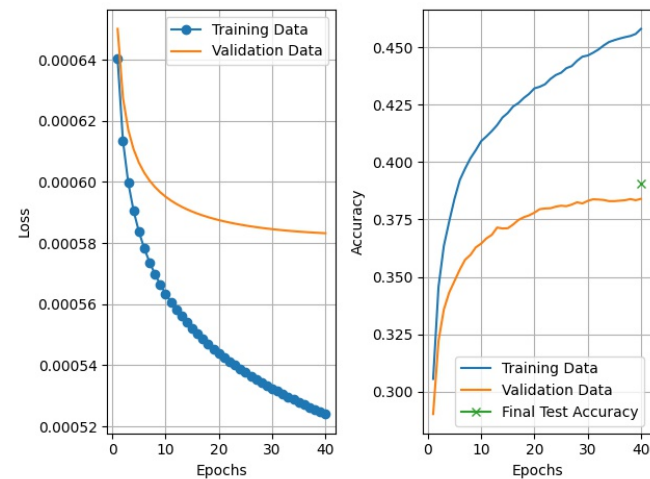
We can observe that the difference is so small, that we can consider it to be zero.

Training runs

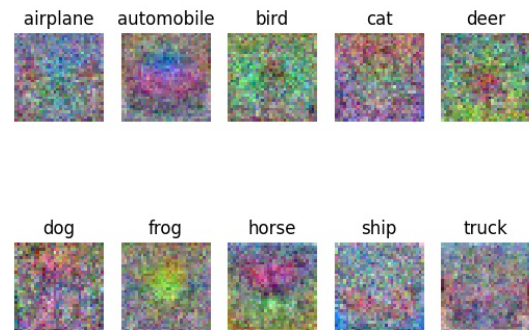
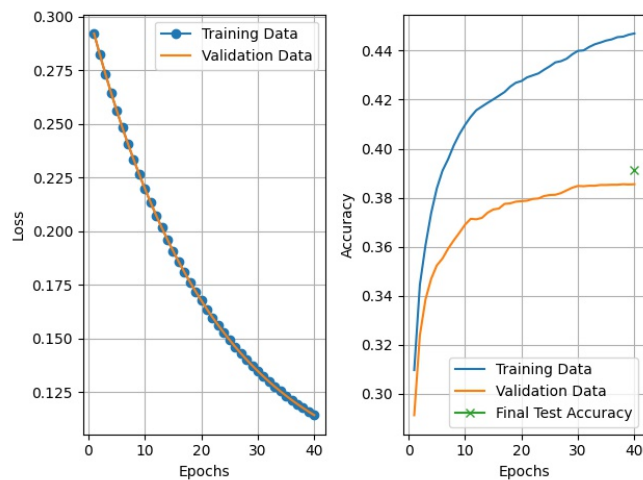
lambda=0, n epochs=40, n batch=100, eta=.1



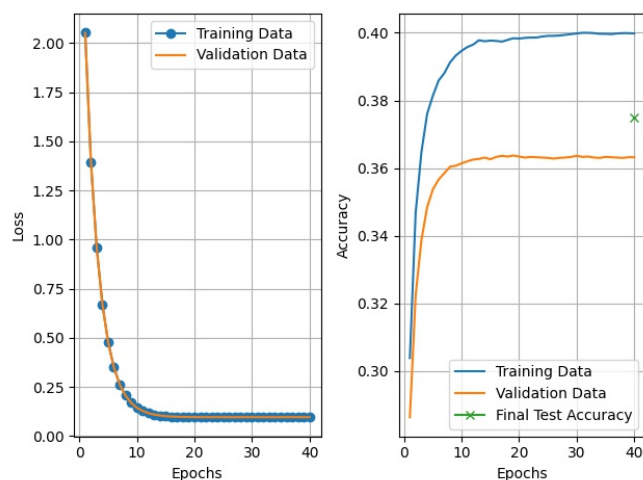
lambda=0, n epochs=40, n batch=100, eta=.001



$\lambda=0.1$, $n_{\text{epochs}}=40$, $n_{\text{batch}}=100$, $\eta=0.001$



$\lambda=1$, $n_{\text{epochs}}=40$, $n_{\text{batch}}=100$, $\eta=0.001$



Comments on regularization and learning rates

Learning rate (η) To investigate the effect of the learning rate (η) we have to look at the first 2 runs, as they only differ with the learning rate. It appears that a learning rate of 0.1 is too high and that may cause the algorithm to overshoot and undershoot the minimum as the epochs increase. We can observe that with $\eta=0.001$ the learning is smoother, so we can assume that this value works better for this data.

Regularization (λ) Three different values for λ were tested (0, 0.1, 1). This regularization should help reduce overfitting of the network by reducing the variance and increasing the bias. We can observe that with $\lambda=0.1$ the accuracy in the training data decreases but it increases on the validation and test set. We can also see that when we set the λ to the maximum value of 1 it has a negative impact on the accuracy as expected with a high bias.