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## Homework #6: Ising Model

### Problem #1

(a)

$P_a$ - Probability of being added to the cluster

$T(\{s\} \rightarrow \{s'\}) \rightarrow$  Probability of not being in the cluster (for bonds along the edge of the cluster before it is flipped)

$$= (1 - P_a)^m$$

$T(\{s'\} \rightarrow \{s\}) \rightarrow$  Probability of not being in the cluster (for bonds along the edge of the cluster after it is flipped).

$$= (1 - P_a)^n$$

From these two derived equations the ratio of observed probabilities will then be given by

$$\frac{T(\{s\} \rightarrow \{s'\})}{T(\{s'\} \rightarrow \{s\})} = (1 - P_a)^{m-n}$$

(b)

The change in energy of energy flipping in a cluster is dependent upon  $2*(m-n)$  since energy sites from neighbors are used to calculate the energy. As such,  $(m-n)$  is needed since to find the number of bonds along an edge after an energy flip. This value is then multiplied by two because energy states go from -1 to 1 which is acquires a difference of two.

(c)  $P_a = 1 - e^{-2\beta}$

$$(1 - P_a)^{m-n} \frac{A(\{s\} \rightarrow \{s'\})}{A(\{s'\} \rightarrow \{s\})} = e^{-2\beta(m-n)}$$

$$\frac{A(\{s\} \rightarrow \{s'\})}{A(\{s'\} \rightarrow \{s\})} = 1$$

$$A(\{s\} \rightarrow \{s'\}) = A(\{s'\} \rightarrow \{s\})$$

$$A(\{s\} \rightarrow \{s'\}) = \min(1, e^{(-\beta[H\{s'\} - H\{s\}]])})$$

As such, when the minimum is 1 every cluster flip will be accepted resulting in no accept/reject check in step 4 of the Wolff Algorithm.

If minimum is

$$\exp^{f_0}(-\beta[H(\{s'\}) - H(\{s\})]), A(\{s\} \rightarrow \{s'\})/A(\{s'\} \rightarrow \{s\}) = \exp^{f_0}(-2\beta(-H(\{s'\}) + H(\{s\}))) = \exp^{f_0}(2\beta(H(\{s'\}) - H(\{s\}))) / \exp^{f_0}(2\beta H(\{s\}))$$

From this we can say that  $H(\{s'\}) = H(\{s\})$ , which can only be made when every cluster is accepted

**Problem #2**

(a) Classic Algorithm

Temperature	Average Energy	Average Square Magnetization
1.4	$0.0002487 \pm 0.02148$	$0.00013 \pm 3.9887e-7$
1.8	$-0.0005447 \pm 0.02276$	$0.000134083 \pm 4.0806e-7$
2.2	$-0.000445 \pm 0.0203145$	$0.0001311758 \pm 4.1339e-7$
2.6	$-0.0018706 \pm 0.021206$	$0.000125772 \pm 3.69827e-7$
3.0	$-0.0004422 \pm 0.02003425$	$0.00012494375 \pm 3.992e-7$

(b) Wolff Algorithm

Temperature	Average Energy	Average Square Magnetization
1.4	$1.37e-05 \pm 0.01221$	$0.002458 \pm 2.889e-7$
1.8	$-0.00015955 \pm 0.02221$	$.002303348875 \pm 5.12114e-7$
2.2	$-0.0003589 \pm 0.02103$	$.0006303 \pm 3.89e-7$
2.6	$-0.0006381 \pm 0.01998$	$0.0005083985 \pm 4.1612e-7$
3.0	$-0.0009171 \pm 0.02001$	$0.000334565 \pm 4.02e-7$

(c)

Temperature	Autocorrelation classic	Autocorrelation wolff
1.4	1	1.342342126
1.8	1.0031312581365517	1.006232123
2.2	1.0516899906812924	1.0893204
2.6	1	1
3.0	2.920034248429272625	2.10115176463136

The autocorrelation in the Wolff algorithm shorter than the classical is at temperature  $T = 3.0$