Language Operations and a Structure Theory of ω -Languages

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Introduction:
$$\mathcal{P}(\Sigma^*) \to \mathcal{P}(\Sigma^*)$$

We have the common $\mathcal{P}(\Sigma^*) \to \mathcal{P}(\Sigma^*)$ language operators:

- 1. $ext(L) := \{ \alpha \in \Sigma^{\omega} \mid \exists n : \alpha[0, n] \in L \} = L \cdot \Sigma^{\omega}$
- 2. $\widehat{\text{ext}}(L) := \{ \alpha \in \Sigma^{\omega} \mid \forall n \colon \alpha[0, n] \in L \}$
- 3. $\lim(L) := \{ \alpha \in \Sigma^{\omega} \mid \forall N : \exists n > N : \alpha[0, n] \in L \} = \{ \alpha \in \Sigma^{\omega} \mid \exists^{\omega} n : \alpha[0, n] \in L \}$
- 4. $\widehat{\text{lim}}(L) := \{ \alpha \in \Sigma^{\omega} \mid \exists N \colon \forall n > N \colon \alpha[0, n] \in L \}$

Introduction: $\mathcal{P}(\mathcal{P}(\Sigma^*)) \to \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{P}(\Sigma^*))$

From these, define language class operators:

- 1. $\operatorname{ext}(\mathcal{L}) := \{ \lim L \mid L \in \mathcal{L} \}$
- 2. $\widehat{\operatorname{ext}}(\mathcal{L}) := \left\{ \widehat{\operatorname{ext}} L \middle| L \in \mathcal{L} \right\}$
- 3. $\lim(\mathcal{L}) := \{\lim L \mid L \in \mathcal{L}\}$
- 4. $\widehat{\lim}(\mathcal{L}) := \left\{ \widehat{\lim} L \mid L \in \mathcal{L} \right\}$

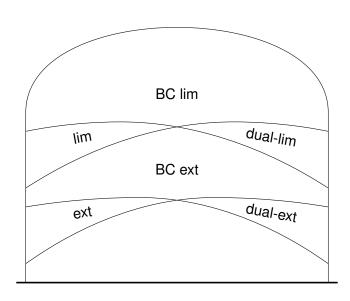
We combine these operators via union or intersection, e.g.

$$\operatorname{ext} \cup \widehat{\operatorname{ext}} \mathcal{L} := \operatorname{ext} \mathcal{L} \cup \widehat{\operatorname{ext}} \mathcal{L}.$$

Or boolean combinations:

- 1. $BC \operatorname{ext} \mathcal{L} = BC(\operatorname{ext}(\mathcal{L}))$
- 2. BC $\lim \mathcal{L} = BC(\lim(\mathcal{L}))$

$\mathcal{L}^*(reg)$ inclusion diagram



Questions

- instead of the class of regular *-languages, look at other *-language classes, e.g. starfree, LT, PT, or any arbitrary *-language class £
- does it result in the same relations as in the diagram? are the enclosures strict?

My Diplom thesis:

- Chapter 3: general results on arbitrary L, given some introduced properties on L
- Chapter 4: concrete *-language classes

Concrete results

- 1. BC ext $\mathcal{L}^*(PT) = BC \lim \mathcal{L}^*(PT)$
- 2. $\mathcal{L}^{\omega}(FO[+1]) = BC \operatorname{ext} \mathcal{L}^{*}(FO[+1])$
- 3. $\mathcal{L}^{\omega}(FO[<]) = BC \lim \mathcal{L}^*(FO[<])$
- 4. BC ext $\mathcal{L}^*(FO[<]) \subsetneq BC \lim \mathcal{L}^*(FO[<])$
- 5. BC ext $\mathcal{L}^*(LT) \subseteq BC \lim \mathcal{L}^*(LT)$
- 6. BC ext $\mathcal{L}^*(pos-PT) = BC \lim \mathcal{L}^*(pos-PT)$
- 7. BC ext $\mathcal{L}^*(pos-PT) = BC ext \mathcal{L}^*(PT)$