

## School of Mechanical and Manufacturing Engineering Faculty of Engineering

The University of New South Wales

# Vibration Diagnosis of Planetary Gearbox under Variable Speed Condition

by

## Hengcheng Zhang

Thesis submitted as a requirement for the degree of Master of Engineering in Mechanical Engineering

Submitted: October 2017 Student ID: z5130844

Supervisor: A/Prof. Zhongxiao Peng Topic ID:

## Abstract

This document describes the requirements to theses submitted for the Master of Engineering in Mechanical Engineering degree at the School of Mechanical and Manufacturing Engineering. Requirements described are that of both of context and layout of the theses. The document is written using the LATEX template provided by the school.

## Acknowledgements

This work has been inspired by the labours of numerous academics in the Faculty of Engineering at UNSW who have endeavoured, over the years, to encourage students to present beautiful concepts using beautiful typography.

Further inspiration has come from Donald Knuth who designed TEX, for typesetting technical (and non-technical) material with elegance and clarity; and from Leslie Lamport who contributed LATEX, which makes TEX usable by mortal engineers.

John Zaitseff, an honours student in CSE at the time, created the first version of the UNSW Thesis LATEX class and the author of the current version is indebted to his work.

## Abbreviations

**BE** Bachelor of Engineering

**L**ATEX A document preparation computer program

**PhD** Doctor of Philosophy

## Contents

1	Intr	roduction	1
2	Lite	erature Review	2
	2.1	Planetary gearbox	2
	2.2	Gear fault diagnosis	3
		2.2.1 Vibration generated by gear	3
		2.2.2 Diagnosis techniques	3
	2.3	Variable Speed	4
3	Sty	le and Submission Requirements	5
	3.1	Format	5
	3.2	Other physical appearance	6
	3.3	Submission	7
4	Cor	ntent Requirements	8
	4.1	Structure	8
	4.2	Style of writing	8
	4.3	Documentation	9
5	Eva	aluation	10
	5.1	Results	10

	onditi		H	eng	<u>;</u> cn	.en	g.	Zh	ang
	5.2	Discussion							10
6	Con	aclusion							11
	6.1	Future Work							11
Bi	ibliog	graphy							<b>12</b>
$\mathbf{A}$	ppen	dix 1							13
	A.1	Options					•	•	13
	A.2	Margins						•	13
	A.3	Page Headers							14
		A.3.1 Undergraduate Theses							14
		A.3.2 Higher Degree Research Theses							14
	A.4	Page Footers						•	14
	A.5	Double Spacing							15
	A.6	Files							15
$\mathbf{A}$	ppen	dix 2							17
	B.1	Data							17

## List of Figures

2.1	Planetary	Gearbox Layout[2]				 				 				ç	3

## List of Tables

## Introduction

The aim of this article is to investigate a method to identify planetary gearbox fault by vibration analysis. The planetary gearbox is

Chapter 2 explains the background for this document. Chapter 3 states the style and submission related requirements to theses submitted at the school. Chapter 4 explains content related requirements to theses. Chapter 5 evaluates the thesis requirements template. Finally, Chapter 6 draws up conclusions and suggest ways to further improve the thesis requirements template.

## Literature Review

In this chapter, some basic concepts and important knowledge are provided. These concepts are

#### 2.1 Planetary gearbox

Planetary gearing or epicyclic gearing is a gear system typically consisting of four parts: sun gear, planet gear, ring gear and the planet carrier.

There are several ways of input-output method such as stationary ring gear, fixed carrier or no stationary part. The gear ratio of the of the planetary gearbox could be calculated as:

$$N_s \omega_s + N_r \omega_r - (N_s + N_r) \omega_c \tag{2.1}$$

The following figure shows a typical planetary gearing system, which contains 3 planet gears.

The characters of planetary gearbox make it suitable for large transmission ratio, high load and split input or output circumstances. So it is widely used in wind turbines,

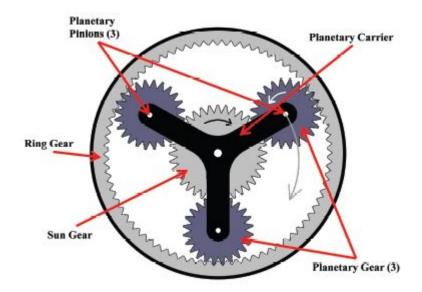


Figure 2.1: Planetary Gearbox Layout[2]

lathes, automobiles and helicopters.

#### 2.2 Gear fault diagnosis

#### 2.2.1 Vibration generated by gear

- 1) Normal operation
- 2) Fault, spalls and cracks

#### 2.2.2 Diagnosis techniques

- 1) Standard Indicators
- 2) wavelet
- 3) Cepstrum
- 4) TSA

Hengcheng Zhang

- 5) Order tracking
- 6) Machine learning method

## 2.3 Variable Speed

## Style and Submission

## Requirements

Requirements for other parts of the thesis work can be found on the school webpages [?]. The requirements below are for the written thesis only.

#### 3.1 Format

The following format specifications must be adhered to for your thesis (the LATEX template available from the school ensures this):

- 1. The thesis must be written on A4 size paper.
- 2. The thesis must be typed or prepared using a word-processor.
  - For Undergraduate theses, you are encouraged to use both sides of the paper.
  - For Higher Degree Research theses, your submitted thesis must be printed single-sided.
- 3. Margins on all sides must be no less than 20 mm (before binding).

- 4. 1.5 line spacing (about 8 mm per line) must be used.
- 5. All sheets must be *numbered*. The main body of the thesis must be numbered consecutively from beginning to end. Other sections must either be included or have their own logical numbering system.
- 6. The *title page* must contain the following information:
  - (a) University and School names.
  - (b) Title of Thesis/Project.
  - (c) Name of Author and student ID.
  - (d) The degree the thesis is submitted for.
  - (e) Submission date (month and year).
  - (f) Supervisor's name (for undergraduate theses).
- 7. After the body of the thesis, the thesis *must* contain a Bibliography or References list as appropriate.

Authors should confer with their supervisors and School about the style of their bibliography, as this varies between disciplines.

#### 3.2 Other physical appearance

Other requirements to the physical appearance of your theses are:

- 1. Graphs, diagrams and photographs should be inserted as close as possible to their first reference in the text. Rotated graphs etc are to be arranged so as to be conveniently read, with the bottom edge to the outside of the page. Graphs and diagrams must be legible!
- 2. Supplementary material (for example CFD animations) may be submitted either online or via external drive, and must be referred to within the text. The text should make sense without the supplementary material available.

#### 3.3 Submission

Finally, here are some requirements to the submission procedure.

- 1. The *author* of the thesis is *responsible* for the preparation of the thesis before the deadline, proofreading the typescript and having corrections made as necessary.
- 2. For undergraduate theses, there is a *page limit* of 50 pages for the main body of the thesis.

## Content Requirements

Students should consult the literature (e.g. [?, ?, ?, ?]) and other resources for material on how to write a good thesis. The present document is only a very brief introduction as to what is expected.

#### 4.1 Structure

Most theses are structured very much like the present document. The main part of the thesis can be structured in many different ways, however, but must contain: a problem definition; theory and considerations on how to solve the problem; a description of the solution method (dimensioning, construction, etc.); presentation of results (measurements, simulations, etc.); a discussion of the results (validity, deviations, comparison with previous solutions, etc.); and finally the conclusions.

#### 4.2 Style of writing

1. Audience: The thesis must be addressed to engineers at the same level as the student but without the special knowledge gained during the thesis work. Such

- a third-person must be able to reconstruct the results on the basis of the thesis alone.
- 2. Every used concept/symbol/abbreviation which is not widely know must be defined. The wording should be short and concise. Readable(!) figures and graphs enhances comprehensibility.
- 3. Units. SI units must be used.

#### 4.3 Documentation

- 1. The work must be well documented; i.e. enclosed must be the *complete schematics* of designed electronic circuits/test set-ups and/or a *program listing*, and/or etc. Documentation of *simulation results* and/or *measurement results* likewise.
- 2. References: For every declaration/equation/method/etc., which is not widely known, a reference to the literature must be given (or a 'proof' if it is the authors own work). In case material is copied verbatim, quotes must be used. This is also the case when referring to partners work in the case of a Group Thesis.
- 3. Plagiarism: Failure to give proper references to the literature is *plagiarism*. Plagiarism is considered serious offence and severe penalties may apply.

## **Evaluation**

This chapter is mainly provided for the purpose of showing a typical thesis structure. There are no more thesis requirements described.

#### 5.1 Results

The result of this work is the present document, being both a LATEX template and a thesis requirement specification.

#### 5.2 Discussion

The Dual function of this document somewhat de-emphasises the primary purpose of the document, namely the thesis requirements. It would be better, if these could be stated on a few concise pages (cf Appendix 1, p13).

## Conclusion

A thesis requirements/template document has been created. This serves the dual purposes of giving students specific requirements to their theses — both style and content related — while providing a typical thesis structure in a LATEX template.

#### 6.1 Future Work

Extract the requirements from the template in order to have very concise requirements.

## **Bibliography**

- [1] H. Partl: German TeX, TUGboat Volume 9, Issue 1 (1988)
- [2] National Research Council, Cost, Effectiveness, and Deployment of Fuel Economy Technologies for Light-Duty Vehicles, (2015)

## Appendix 1

This section contains the options for the UNSW thesis class; and layout specifications used by this thesis.

#### A.1 Options

The standard thesis class options provided are:

```
undergrad
                default
          hdr
         11pt
                default
         12pt
      oneside
                default for HDR theses
      twoside
                default for undergraduate theses
                (prints DRAFT on title page and in footer and omits pictures)
         draft
         final
                default
doublespacing
                default
singlespacing
                (only for use while drafting)
```

#### A.2 Margins

The standard margins for theses in Engineering are as follows:

	TT1 1	TIDD
	U'grad	HDR
\oddsidemargin	$40\mathrm{mm}$	$40\mathrm{mm}$
\evensidemargin	$25\mathrm{mm}$	$20\mathrm{mm}$
\topmargin	$25\mathrm{mm}$	$30\mathrm{mm}$
\headheight	$40\mathrm{mm}$	$40\mathrm{mm}$
\headsep	$40\mathrm{mm}$	$40\mathrm{mm}$
\footskip	$15\mathrm{mm}$	$15\mathrm{mm}$
\botmargin	$20\mathrm{mm}$	$20\mathrm{mm}$

#### A.3 Page Headers

#### A.3.1 Undergraduate Theses

For undergraduate theses, the page header for odd numbers pages in the body of the document is:

and on even pages is:

The title of the thesis	Author's Name
-------------------------	---------------

These headers are printed on all mainmatter and backmatter pages, including the first page of chapters or appendices.

#### A.3.2 Higher Degree Research Theses

For postgraduate theses, the page header for the body of the document is:

```
The title of the chapter or appendix
```

This header is printed on all mainmatter and backmatter pages, except for the first page of chapters or appendices.

#### A.4 Page Footers

For all theses, the page footer consists of a centred page number. In the frontmatter, the page number is in roman numerals. In the mainmatter and backmatter sections, the page number is in arabic numerals. Page numbers restart from 1 at the start of the mainmatter section.

If the **draft** document option has been selected, then a "Draft" message is also inserted into the footer, as in:

14	<b>Draft:</b> September 16, 2017
----	----------------------------------

or, on even numbered pages in two-sided mode:

<b>Draft:</b> September 16, 2017	14	
----------------------------------	----	--

#### A.5 Double Spacing

Double spacing (actualy 1.5 spacing) is used for the mainmatter section, except for footnotes and the text for figures and table.

Single spacing is used in the frontmatter and backmatter sections.

If it is necessary to switch between single-spacing and double-spacing, the commands \ssp and \dsp can be used; or there is a sspacing environment to invoke single spacing and a spacing environment to invoke double spacing if double spacing is used for the document (otherwise it leaves it in single spacing). Note that switching to single spacing should only be done within the spirit of this thesis class, otherwise it may breach UNSW thesis format guidelines.

#### A.6 Files

This description and sample of the UNSW Thesis LATEX class consists of a number of files:

```
unswthesis.cls the thesis class file itself

crest.pdf the UNSW coat of arms, used by pdflatex crest.eps the UNSW coat of arms, used by latex + dvips dissertation-sheet.tex formal information required by HDR theses pubs.bib reference details for use in the bibliography sample-thesis.tex the main file for the thesis
```

The file sample-thesis.tex is the main file for the current document (in use, its name should be changed to something more meaningful). It presents the structure of the thesis, then includes a number of separate files for the various content sections. While including separate files is not essential (it could all be in one file), using multiple files is useful for organising complex work.

Vibration Diagnosis of Planetary Gearbox under Variable Speed Hengcheng Zhang Condition

This sample thesis is typical of many theses; however, new authors should consult with their supervisors and exercise judgement.

The included files used by this sample thesis are:

definitions.tex	mywork.tex
abstract.tex	evaluation.tex
acknowledgements.tex	conclusion.tex
abbreviations.tex	appendix1.tex
introduction.tex	appendix2.tex
background.tex	

These are typical; however the concepts and names (and obviously content) of the files making up the matter of the thesis will differ between theses.

## Appendix 2

This section contains scads of supplimentary data.

#### B.1 Data

Heaps and heaps and heaps and heaps and heaps and heaps of data. Heaps and heaps of data.

Heaps and heaps of data.

Heaps and heaps and heaps and heaps and heaps and heaps of data. Heaps and heaps of data.

Heaps and heaps of data.

Heaps and heaps and heaps and heaps and heaps of data. Heaps and heaps of data. Heaps and heaps and heaps and heaps and heaps and heaps of data.

Heaps and heaps and heaps and heaps and heaps and heaps of data. Heaps and heaps of data.

Heaps and heaps

Heaps and heaps

Heaps and heaps

Heaps and heaps

Heaps and heaps and heaps and heaps and heaps and heaps of data. Heaps and h