

Safety Plan Lane Assistance

**Document Version: [Version]**

**Template Version 1.0, Released on 2017-06-21**



# Document history

**[Instructions: Fill in the date, version and description fields. You can fill out the Editor field with your name if you want to do so. Keep track of your editing as if this were a real world project.**

**For example, if this were your first draft or first submission, you might say version 1.0. If this is a second submission attempt, then you'd add a second line with a new date and version 2.0]**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Date | Version | Editor | Description |
| 2018-07-01 | 1.0 | Albert Zheng | First Draft of Safety Plan |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

# Table of Contents

**[Instructions: We have provided a table of contents. If the table of contents is not showing up correctly in your word processor of choice, please update it. The table of contents should show each section of the document and page numbers or links. Most word processors can do this for you. In** [**Google Docs**](https://support.google.com/docs/answer/116338?co=GENIE.Platform%3DDesktop&hl=en)**, you can use headings for each section and then go to Insert > Table of Contents.** [**Microsoft Word**](https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/help/285059/how-to-create-a-table-of-contents-by-marking-text-in-word) **has similar capabilities]**

[Document history](#_1t3h5sf)

[Table of Contents](#_ktt3lgighckp)

[Introduction](#_zakt536q9xt3)

[Purpose of the Safety Plan](#_52ybytyytfvs)

[Scope of the Project](#_sh22j99mm02k)

[Deliverables of the Project](#_fzzlhwsfq6ys)

[Item Definition](#_t6m96u2v69wo)

[Goals and Measures](#_km1cu1hyl182)

[Goals](#_ww7fqc274i9y)

[Measures](#_v2rbrzjrkt9b)

[Safety Culture](#_b23s6orj91gm)

[Safety Lifecycle Tailoring](#_pqn9poe0nvtc)

[Roles](#_xlicd1ijavb7)

[Development Interface Agreement](#_swj0emygbhrm)

[Confirmation Measures](#_lllavvxrxrdy)

# Introduction

## Purpose of the Safety Plan

**The purpose of the safety plan is provide the defined framework for the functional safety of the overall project.**

## Scope of the Project

**[Instructions: Nothing to do here. This is for your information.]**

For the lane assistance project, the following safety lifecycle phases are in scope:

Concept phase

Product Development at the System Level

Product Development at the Software Level

The following phases are out of scope:

Product Development at the Hardware Level

Production and Operation

## Deliverables of the Project

**[Instructions: Nothing to do here. This is for your information.]**

The deliverables of the project are:

Safety Plan

Hazard Analysis and Risk Assessment

Functional Safety Concept

Technical Safety Concept

Software Safety Requirements and Architecture

# Item Definition

The item in this plan is the Lane Assistance System.

There are two main functions in this item which are:

1. **Lane departure warning function** – the functionality that will vibrate the steering wheel if the driver drifts towards the edge of an lane
2. **Lane keeping assistance function** - the functionality that will turn the steering wheel towards the center of the line if the driver begins to drift away from the center of the line.

The following subsystems are responsible for the item functionalities:

1. Camera Subsystem:

This subsystem will be responsible for detecting the lane lines and the providing the sensing necessary to determine how far away the vehicle is from the center of the lane. This subsystem is divided into two components.

* 1. Camera sensor
  2. Camera sensor Electronic control unit

1. Electronic Power Steering Subsystem:

This subsystem will be responsible for sensing how much current torque is being used by the driver and then commanding the expected torque in order to steer the wheel back towards the center. This subsystem is divided into three components.

* 1. Motor which will provide torque to steering wheel
  2. Electronic Power Steering Electronic control unit
  3. Steering Wheel Torque Sensor

1. Car Display Subsystem:

This subsystem will be responsible for displaying the information on whether the system is active. This subsystem is divided into two components

* 1. Car Display Electronic control unit
  2. Car Visual Display

The following figure represents the item boundaries for the lane assistance architecture:



# 

# Goals and Measures

## Goals

## The goals of this project are:

1. Identify the risk and hazardous situations associated with the Line Assistance system that could potentially cause harm to a person
2. Evaluate the risks of the hazardous situations
3. Mitigate the risk of potential malfunctions to levels accepted by societal standards

## Measures

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Measures and Activities | Responsibility | Timeline |
| Follow safety processes | All Team Members | Constantly |
| Create and sustain a safety culture | All Team Members | Constantly |
| Coordinate and document the planned safety activities | All Team Members | Constantly |
| Allocate resources with adequate functional safety competency | Project Manager | Within 2 weeks of start of project |
| Tailor the safety lifecycle | Safety Manager | Within 4 weeks of start of project |
| Plan the safety activities of the safety lifecycle | Safety Manager | Within 4 weeks of start of project |
| Perform regular functional safety audits | Safety Auditor | Once every 2 months |
| Perform functional safety pre-assessment prior to audit by external functional safety assessor | Safety Manager | 3 months prior to main assessment |
| Perform functional safety assessment | Safety Assessor | Conclusion of functional safety activities |

# Safety Culture

The safety culture should value all the following characteristics listed below:

* **High priority**: safety has the highest priority among competing constraints like cost and productivity
* **Accountability**: processes ensure accountability such that design decisions are traceable back to the people and teams who made the decisions
* **Rewards**: the organization motivates and supports the achievement of functional safety
* **Penalties**: the organization penalizes shortcuts that jeopardize safety or quality
* **Independence**: teams who design and develop a product should be independent from the teams who audit the work
* **Well defined processes**: company design and management processes should be clearly defined
* **Resources**: projects have necessary resources including people with appropriate skills
* **Diversity**: intellectual diversity is sought after, valued and integrated into processes
* **Communication**: communication channels encourage disclosure of problems

# Safety Lifecycle Tailoring

For the lane assistance project, the following safety lifecycle phases are in scope:

Concept phase

Product Development at the System Level

Product Development at the Software Level

The following phases are out of scope:

Product Development at the Hardware Level

Production and Operation

# Roles

**[Instructions:**

**This section is here for your reference. You do not need to do anything here. It is provided to help with filling out the development interface agreement section.**

**]**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Role | Org |
| Functional Safety Manager- Item Level | OEM |
| Functional Safety Engineer- Item Level | OEM |
| Project Manager - Item Level | OEM |
| Functional Safety Manager- Component Level | Tier-1 |
| Functional Safety Engineer- Component Level | Tier-1 |
| Functional Safety Auditor | OEM or external |
| Functional Safety Assessor | OEM or external |

# Development Interface Agreement

**[Instructions:**

**Assume in this project that you work for the tier-1 organization as described in the above roles table. You are taking on the role of both the functional safety manager and functional safety engineer.**

**Please answer the following questions:**

1. **What is the purpose of a development interface agreement?**
2. **What will be the responsibilities of your company versus the responsibilities of the OEM? Hint: In this project, the OEM is supplying a functioning lane assistance system. Your company needs to analyze and modify the various sub-systems from a functional safety viewpoint.**

**]**

A DIA (development interface agreement) defines the roles and responsibilities between companies involved in developing a product. All involved parties need to agree on the contents of the DIA before the project begins.

The DIA also specifies what evidence and work products each party will provide to prove that work was done according to the agreement.

The ultimate goal is to ensure that all parties are developing safe vehicles in compliance with ISO 26262.

Project Manager

* Overall project management
* Acquires and allocates resources needed for the functional safety activities
* Appoints safety manager or might act as safety manager

Safety Manager

* Planning, coordinating and documenting of the development phase of the safety lifecycle
* Tailors the safety lifecycle
* Maintains the safety plan
* Monitors progress against the safety plan
* Performs pre-audits before the safety auditor

Safety Engineer

* Product development
* Integration
* Testing at the hardware, software and system levels

Safety Auditor

* Ensures that the design and production implementation conform to the safety plan and ISO 26262.
* Must be independent from the team developing the project

Safety Assessor

* Independent judgement as to whether functional safety is being achieved via a functional safety assessment
* Must be independent from the team developing the project

Test Manager

* Plans testing activities
* Coordinates testing to show that the vehicle system works correctly

# Confirmation Measures

**[Instructions:**

**Please answer the following questions:**

1. **What is the main purpose of confirmation measures?**
2. **What is a confirmation review?**
3. **What is a functional safety audit?**
4. **What is a functional safety assessment?**

**]**

Confirmation measures serve two purposes:

* that a functional safety project conforms to ISO 26262, and
* that the project really does make the vehicle safer.

The people who carry out confirmation measures need to be independent from the people who actually developed the project.

### Confirmation Measures Definitions

##### Confirmation review

Ensures that the project complies with ISO 26262. As the product is designed and developed, an independent person would review the work to make sure ISO 26262 is being followed.

##### Functional safety audit

Checking to make sure that the actual implementation of the project conforms to the safety plan is called a functional safety audit.

##### Functional safety assessment

Confirming that plans, designs and developed products actually achieve functional safety is called a functional safety assessment.

A safety plan could have other sections that we are not including here. For example, a safety plan would probably contain a complete project schedule.

There might also be a "Supporting Process Management" section that would cover "Part 8: Supporting Processes" of the ISO 26262 functional safety standard. This would include descriptions of how the company handles requirements management, change management, configuration management, documentation management, and software tool usage and confidence.

Similarly, a confirmation measures section would go into more detail about how each confirmation will be carried out.