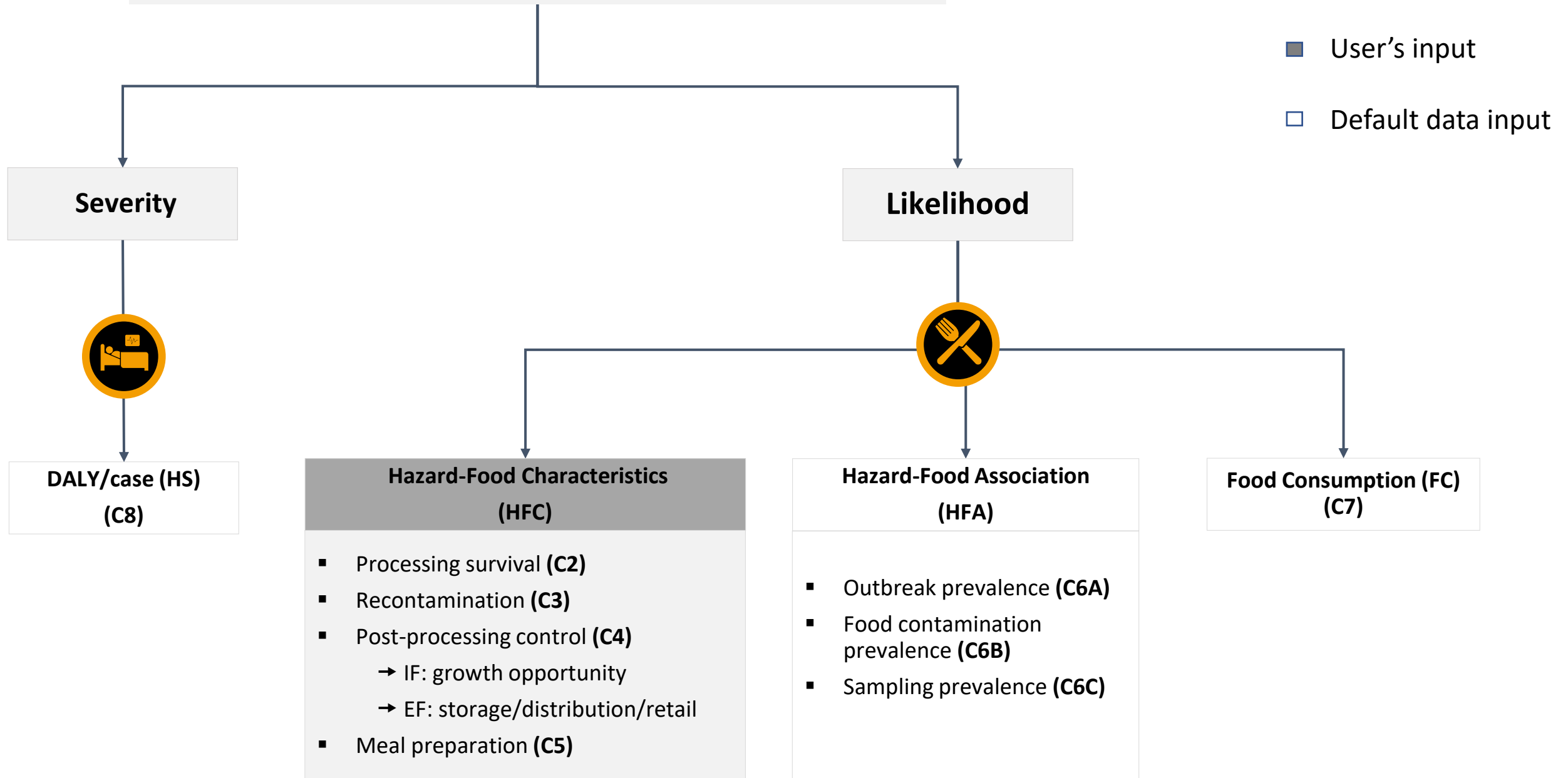


Microbial Hazards

Risk Ranking



Microbial Hazards Risk Ranking Criteria



Grouping of Risk Ranking Criteria

User's input

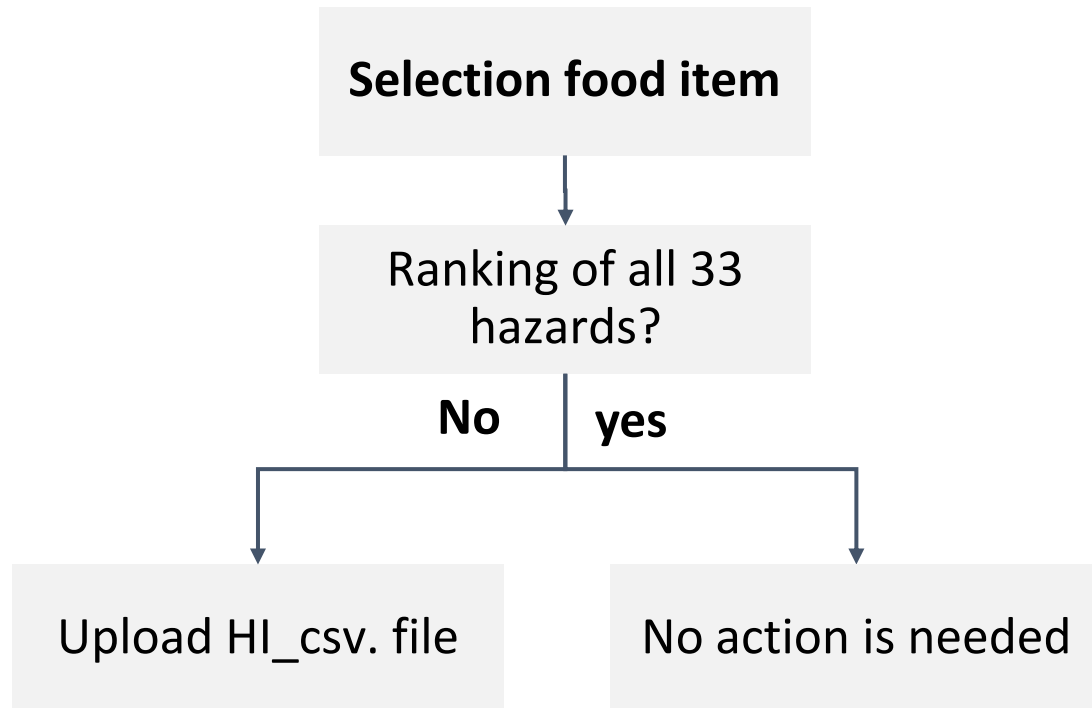
Parameter	Criteria
Food	item Composition Acidity
Factory	C1 Processing survival C2 Recontamination
Distribution	C3 PPE: growth opportunity C4 PPE: storage, distribution and retail C5 Meal preparation
Others	Include hazard with no/low evidence

Default data

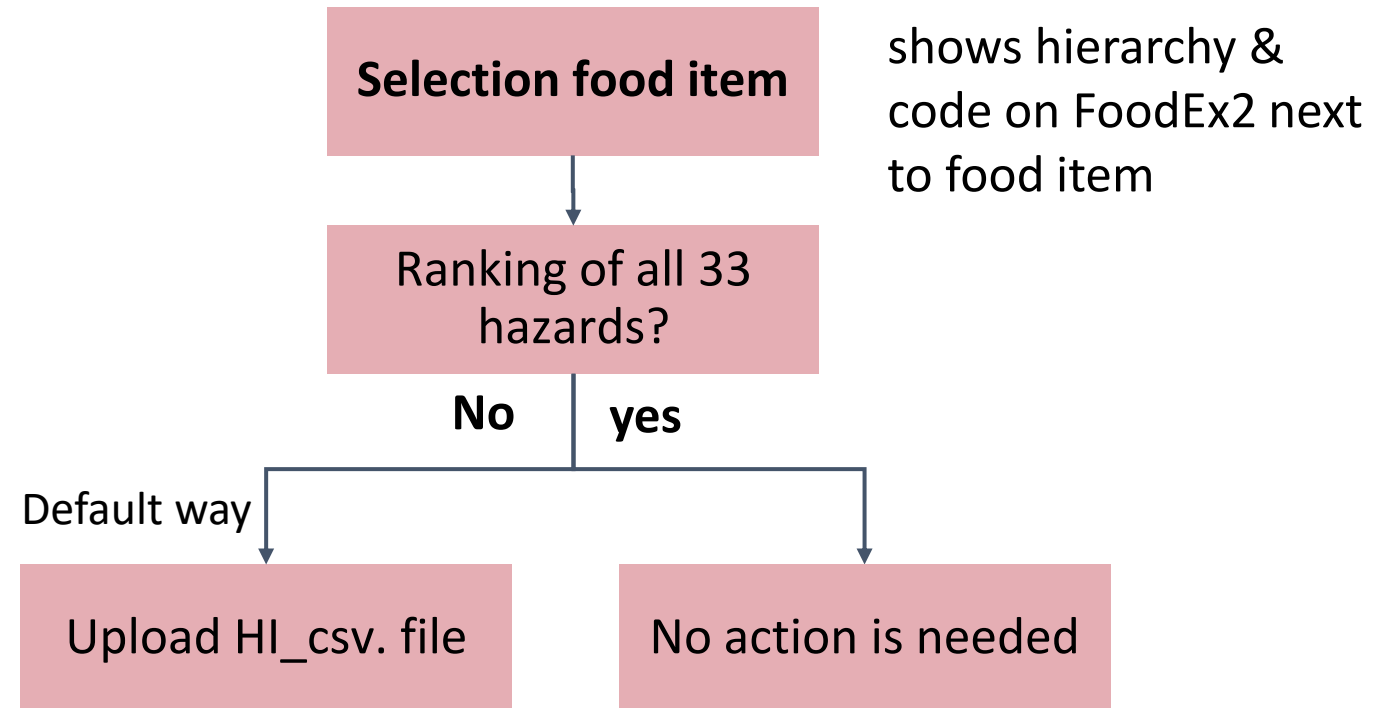
Parameter	Criteria
C6 Prevalence - Outbreak - Contamination - Sampling	Default value is automatically added into the calculation
C7 Food consumption	
C8 Severity	

Food parameter: Select food item

User's input



Mira



Provide link to MiID

https://foodmicrobiologywur.shinyapps.io/Microbial_hazards_ID/

Food parameter: select food composition

User's input

Food composition

Factors	Tick relevant
High fat	<input type="checkbox"/> yes
Low Aw (0.5-0.9)	<input type="checkbox"/> yes
Dry product ($a_w < 0.5$)	<input type="checkbox"/> yes
$\text{pH} < 4.5$	<input type="checkbox"/> yes
$4.5 < \text{pH} < 4.8$	<input type="checkbox"/> yes
$\text{pH} > 10$	<input type="checkbox"/> yes
Neutral	<input type="checkbox"/> yes

Mira

Food composition

This step influences the inactivation efficacy of the selected processing techniques in the next input

1. Check processing techniques of factory parameter
2. Take the corresponding value

Decision tree

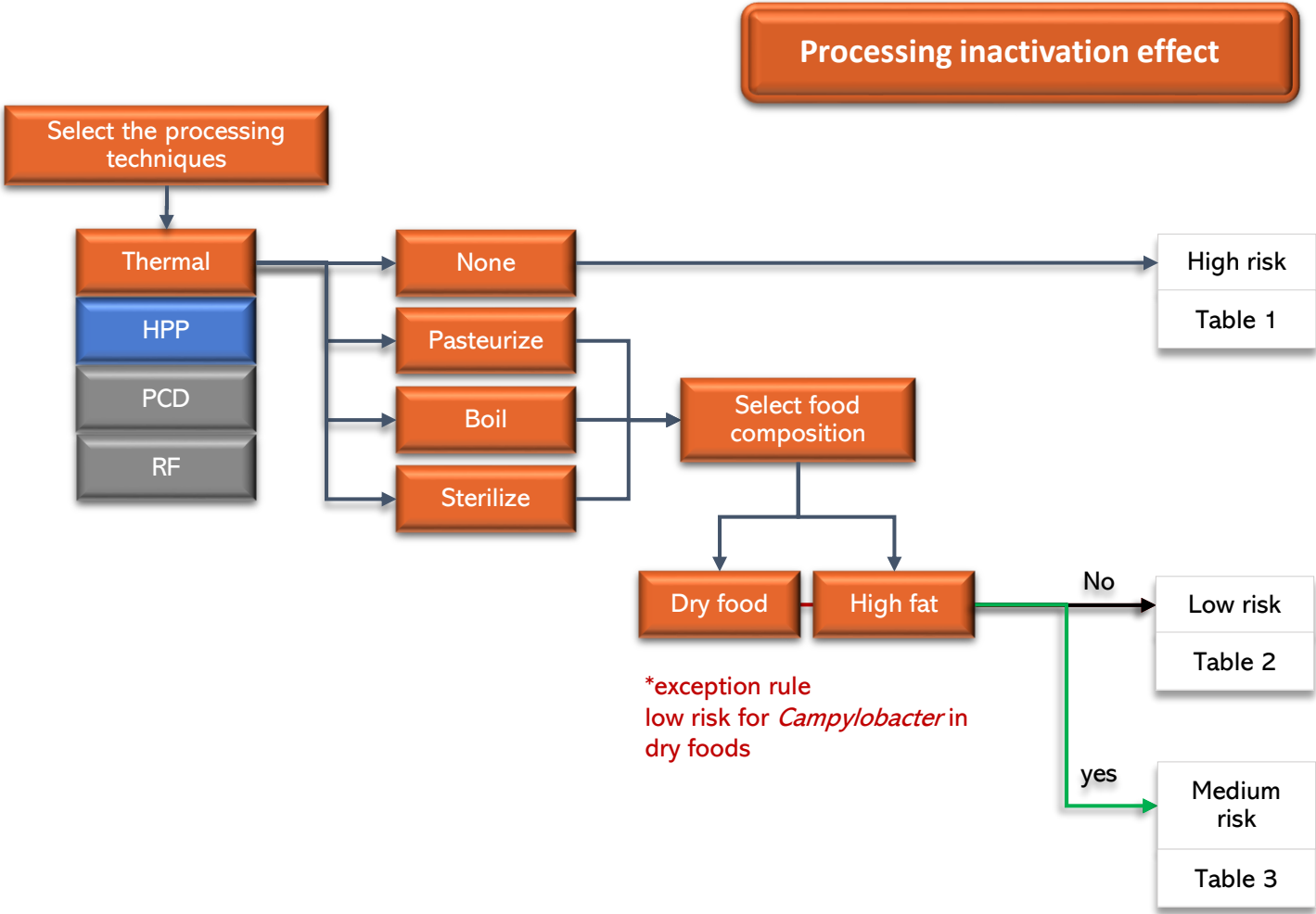


Table 1

Hazard group	No inactivation
Vegetative bacteria	1
Virus	1
Vegetative parasites	1
Parasite cysts	1
Heat-resistant virus	1
Bacterial spores	1
Bacterial toxin	1

Table 2

Hazard group	Pasteurization	Boiling	Sterilization
Vegetative bacteria	1E-6	1E-10	1E-20
Virus	1E-6	1E-10	1E-20
Vegetative parasites	1E-6	1E-10	1E-20
Parasite cysts	1E-05	1E-10	1E-20
Heat-resistant virus	1E-03	1E-10	1E-20
Bacterial spores	1	1E-03	1E-12
Bacterial toxin	1	1E-03	1E-12

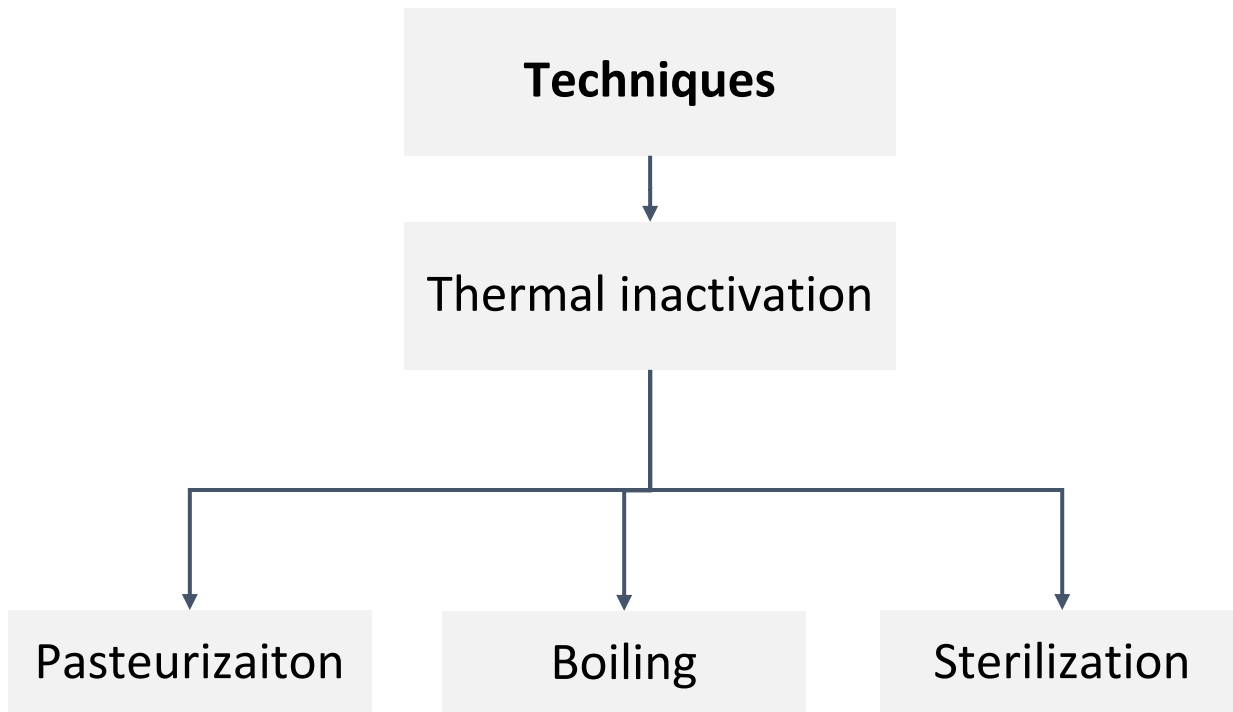
Table 3

Hazard group	Pasteurization	Boiling	Sterilization
Vegetative bacteria	1E-4	1E-8	1E-18
Virus	1E-4	1E-8	1E-18
Vegetative parasites	1E-4	1E-8	1E-18
Parasite cysts	1E-3	1E-8	1E-18
Heat-resistant virus	1E-1	1E-8	1E-18
Bacterial spores	1	1E-1	1E-10
Bacterial toxin	1	1E-1	1E-10

Risk value	Score
1E-20	1
1E-18	1
1E-12	1
1E-10	2
1E-8	2
1E-6	2
1E-5	2
1E-4	3
1E-3	3
1E-1	4
1	4

Factory parameter: processing techniques

User's input



Mira

Techniques + food composition

Factors	Tick relevant
High fat	<input type="checkbox"/> yes
Low Aw (0.5-0.9)	<input type="checkbox"/> yes
Dry product (aw < 0.5)	<input type="checkbox"/> yes
pH < 4.5	<input type="checkbox"/> yes
4.5 < pH < 4.8	<input type="checkbox"/> yes
pH > 10	<input type="checkbox"/> yes
Neutral	<input type="checkbox"/> yes

Step 2_PE: relevant values in column H, I, or J is used. Display information on columns K & L based on the factory parameter selection

When more than 1 factor is relevant, select the highest value

Default	Wet neutral product	Column H
Factors	Tick relevant	Data column
High fat	<input type="checkbox"/> yes	Column I, display column K
Low Aw (0.5-0.9)	<input type="checkbox"/> yes	Column J, display column L
Dry product (aw < 0.5)	<input type="checkbox"/> yes	Column J, display column L
Acidity	Tick relevant	Data column
pH < 4.5	<input type="checkbox"/> yes	
4.5 < pH < 4.8	<input type="checkbox"/> yes	
pH > 10	<input type="checkbox"/> yes	
Neutral	<input type="checkbox"/> yes	Column H

Problem:

e.g., high fat AND dry;

Addition: has no meaning

Multiplication: make the value smaller which does not make sense

Solution:

When more than 1 factor is relevant, select the highest value

Factory parameter: Recontamination



User's input

Sources	Tick relevant
Aseptic processing	<input type="checkbox"/> yes
Wet environment	<input type="checkbox"/> yes
Dry environment	<input type="checkbox"/> yes
Addition of dry herbs or spices	<input type="checkbox"/> yes
Addition of dry vitamins	<input type="checkbox"/> yes
Addition of other dry ingredients	<input type="checkbox"/> yes
Human cross-contamination	<input type="checkbox"/> yes

Mira

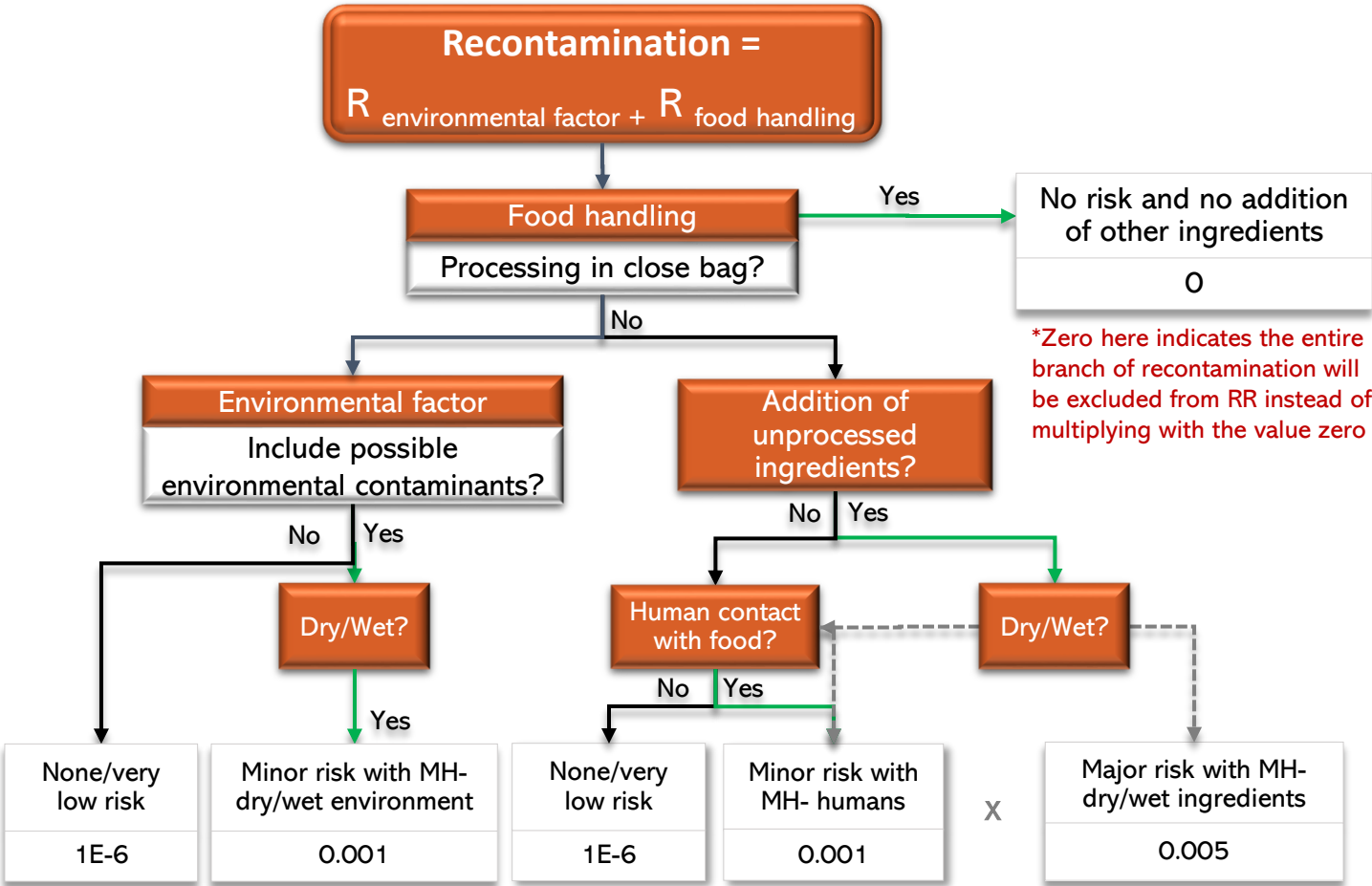
Sources	Tick relevant
Aseptic processing	<input type="checkbox"/> yes
Wet environment	<input type="checkbox"/> yes
Dry environment	<input type="checkbox"/> yes
Addition of dry herbs or spices	<input type="checkbox"/> yes
Addition of dry vitamins	<input type="checkbox"/> yes
Addition of other dry ingredients	<input type="checkbox"/> yes
Human cross-contamination	<input type="checkbox"/> yes

Step 3_RP: pick the relevant columns and **add** the numerical values assigned for EF & RF

Decision tree

Category of dry ingredients	Risk of recontamination for relevant hazard
dry spices	0.5
other dry ingredients	0.05
dry vitamins	0.005

Risk value	Score
1E-6	1
0.005	2
0.05	3
0.5	4
0	0



Category of dry ingredients	Risk of recontamination for relevant hazard
dry spices	0.5
others	0.05
dry vitamins	0.005

Recontamination scenario comparision							
Aseptic processing Environment factor: Wet environment Dry environment Addition of dry herbs or spices Addition of dry vitamins Addition of other dry ingredients Human cross-contamination	Assign risk values						
	0						
		None	vitamin or human	dry ingre	spices	addition of all dry options	addition of all dry options + human contamination
	1E-6 OR 0.005	1.00E-06	0.005				
		1.00E-06	0.005	0.05	0.5		
	1E-6 OR 0.005 OR 0.05 or 0.5						
	Calculated risk	1.00E-12	5.00E-09	5.00E-08	5.00E-07	1.25E-10	6.25E-13
						3.34E-03	3.62E-03
							root function

Problem: Selection of more options for recontamination category → lower value due to multiplication

Solution: Replace with addition, and it reflects more to the reality

Recontamination scenario comparison		Assign risk values						
Aseptic processing	Environment factor: Wet environment Dry environment	0						
		None	vitamin or human	dry ingre	spices	addition of all dry options	addition of all dry options + human contamination	
		1E-6 OR 0.005	1.00E-06	0.005				
	Addition of dry herbs or spices	1.00E-06	0.005	0.05	0.5			
	Addition of dry vitamins Addition of other dry ingredients Human cross-contamination	1E-6 OR 0.005 OR 0.05 or 0.5						
Calculated risk		1.00E-12	5.00E-09	5.00E-08	5.00E-07	1.25E-10	6.25E-13	
						3.34E-03	3.62E-03	root function

Problem: Scenario 1: “ 0 “ in the RP category
Scenerio 2: “ 0.005” in the RP category

Final RR: Scenario 1 should be < Scenario 2
But it is the opposite for now.

Solution: addition will solve the problem

Recontamination scenario comparision		Assign risk values						
Aseptic processing		0						
Environment factor: Wet environment Dry environment		1E-6 OR 0.005	None 1.00E-06	vitamin or human 0.005	dry ingre	spices	addition of all dry options	addition of all dry options + human contamination
Addition of dry herbs or spices			1.00E-06	0.005	0.05	0.5		
Addition of dry vitamins		1E-6 OR 0.005 OR 0.05 or 0.5						
Addition of other dry ingredients								
Human cross-contamination								
Calculated risk			2.00E-06	5.00E-03	5.00E-02	5.00E-01	5.55E-01	5.60E-01

Scenario 1: “ 0 “ in the RP category

Scenerio 2: “ 0.005” in the RP category

Mutiplication:

Scenario 1: “0”* 5

Scenario 2: 0.005 * 5

Addition:

Scenario 1: 0+5 = 5

Scenario 2: 0.005+5 = 5.0005

Distribution parameter – storage/distribute/retail

User's input

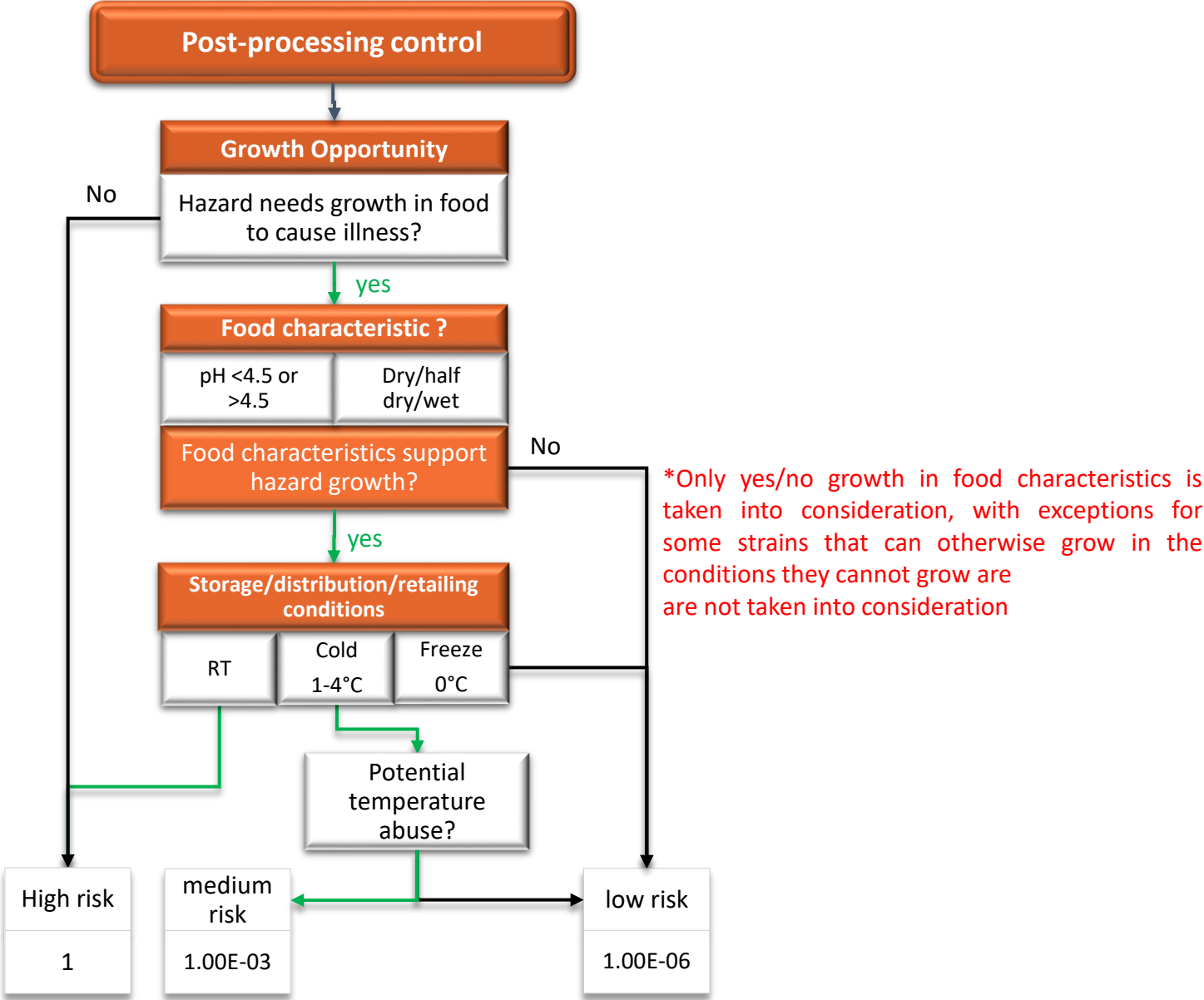
Storage/distribution/retail	Tick relevant
Room temperature	<input type="checkbox"/> yes
Refrigeration	<input type="checkbox"/> yes
Frozen	<input type="checkbox"/> yes
Potential temperature abuse	<input type="checkbox"/> yes

Mira

Storage/distribution/retail	Tick relevant	Food composition filled by user	Cardinal parameter
Room temperature	<input type="checkbox"/> yes	Take data in food parameter	Compare with cardinal parameter in Supplementary Table X, & take the estimated likelihood in step 4_PPC2
Refrigeration	<input type="checkbox"/> yes		
Frozen	<input type="checkbox"/> yes		
Potential temperature abuse	<input type="checkbox"/> yes		

Decision tree

Risk value	Score
1E-6	1
1E-3	2
1	3



Distribution parameter – Meal preparation

User's input

Meal preparation	Tick relevant
Ready to eat	<input type="checkbox"/> yes
Ready to heat <70°C	<input type="checkbox"/> yes
Ready to cook > 70°C	<input type="checkbox"/> yes

Mira

Step 5_MP: pick the value in the relevant columns E, F or G

Hazard group	RTE	RTH <70°C	RTC >70°C
Vegetative bacteria	1	1E-2	1E-4
Virus	1	1E-2	1E-4
Vegetative parasites	1	1E-2	1E-4
Parasite cysts	1	1E-1	1E-03
Heat-resistant virus	1	1	1E-02
Bacterial spores	1	1	1
Bacterial toxin	1	1	1

Decision tree

Risk value	Score
1E-4	1
1E-3	1
1E-2	2
1E-1	3
1	4

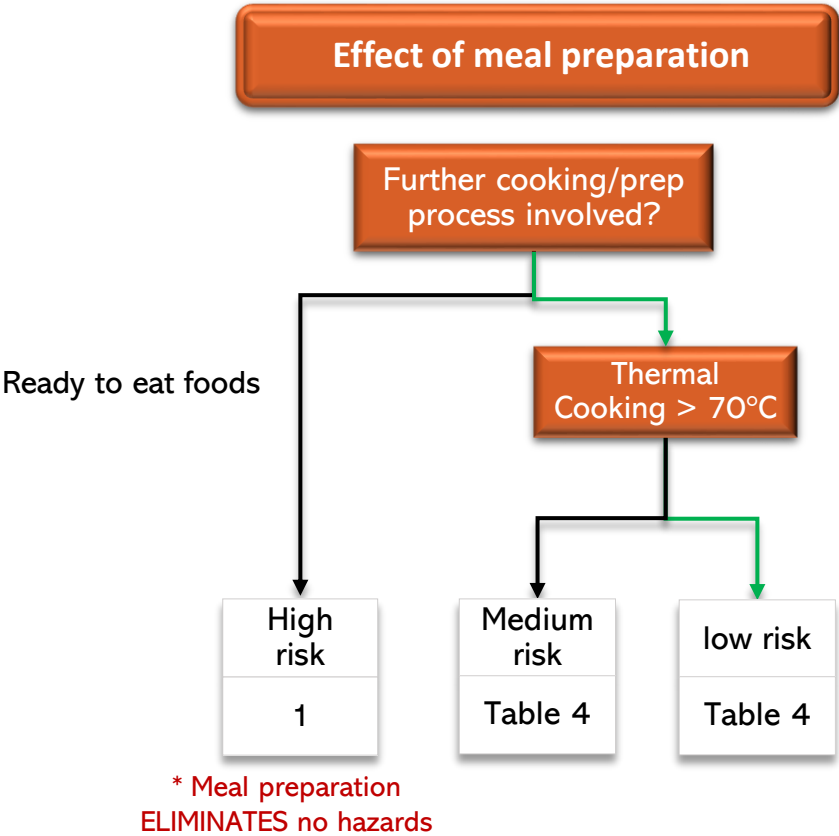


Table 4

Hazard group	Cooking <70C	Cooking >70C
Vegetative bacteria	1E-2	1E-4
Virus	1E-2	1E-4
Vegetative parasites	1E-2	1E-4
Parasite cysts	1E-1	1E-03
Heat-resistant virus	1	1E-02
Bacterial spores	1	1
Bacterial toxin	1	1

Prevalence and Severity data

User's input

Parameter	Criteria
Food	item Composition Acidity

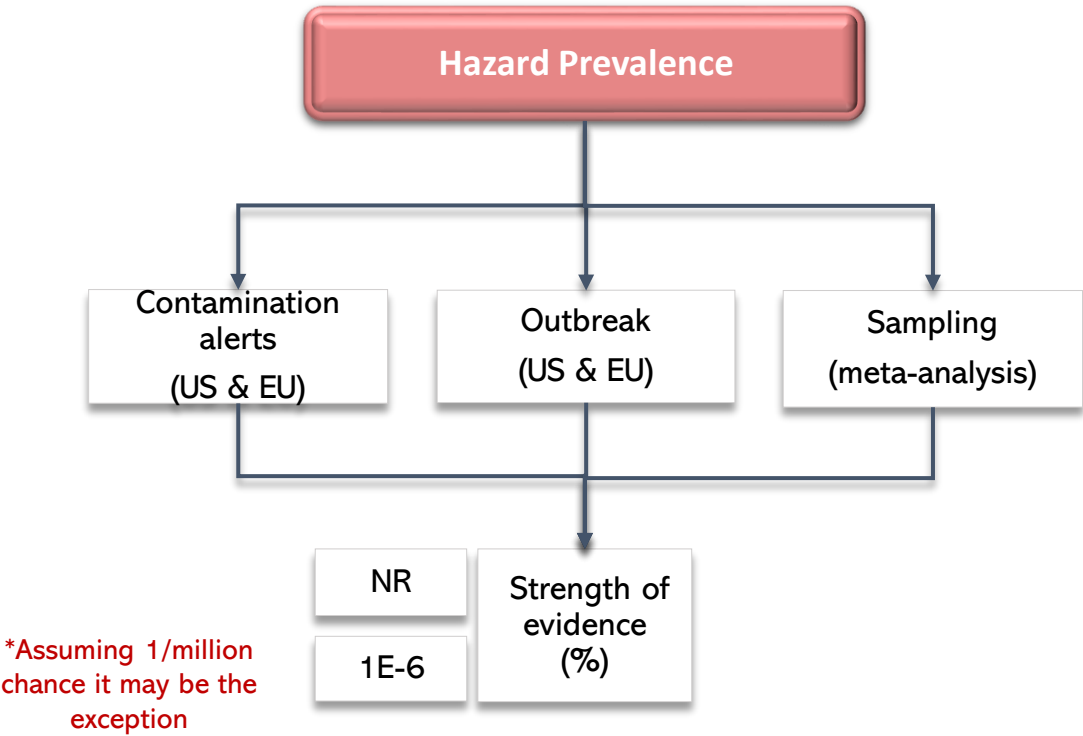
Mira

Based on user's input in step 1, display the respective data column in Step 6_HFA4th root, Step 7_FC and Step8_HS values

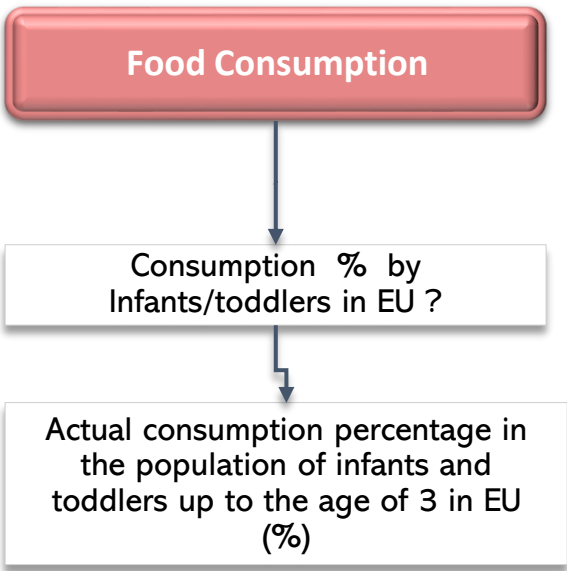
Show total ranking of
results in a Table

Show total ranking of
results in a plot

Decision tree



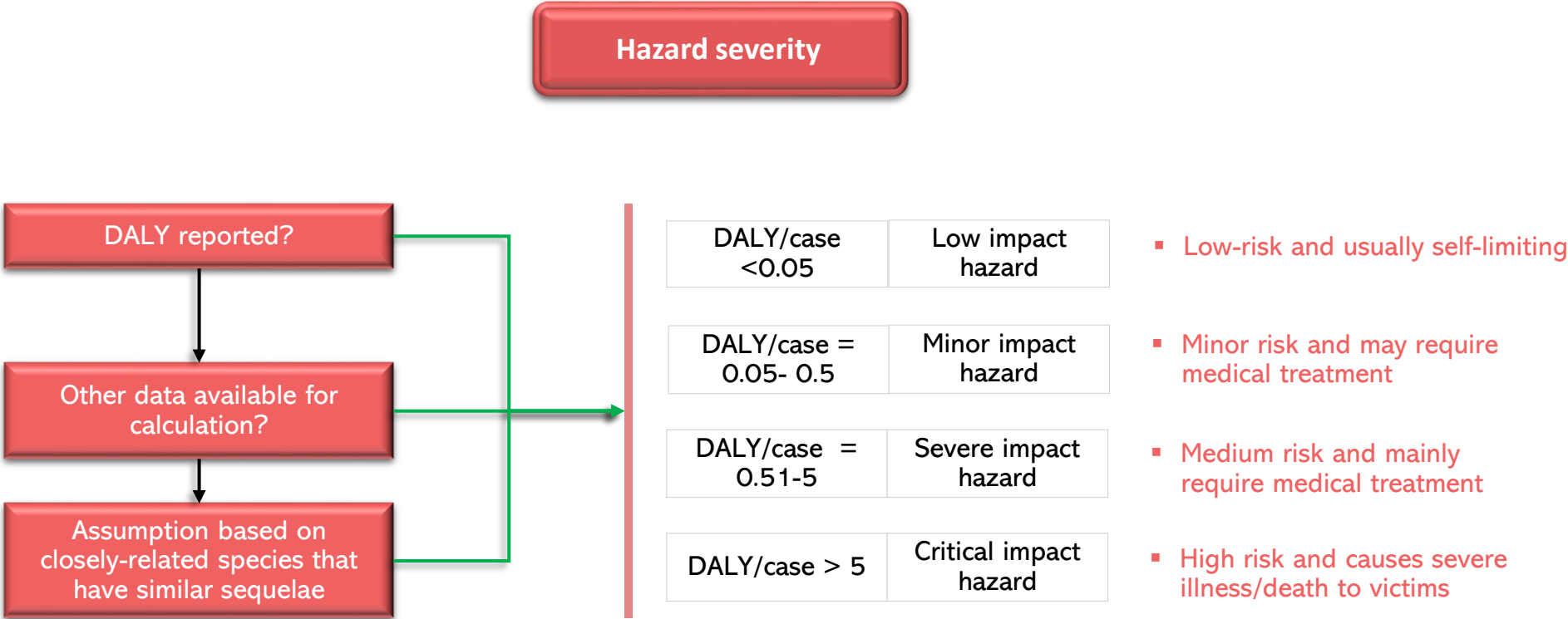
Prevalence percentage	Risk value	Score
NR	0.000001	1
< 1%	<0.01	2
1-10%	0.011-0.1	3
10.1 - 40%	0.101 - 0.4	4
> 40%	> 0.4	5



Consumption percentage	Risk value	Score
NR	0.000001	1
< 1%	<0.01	2
1-10%	0.011-0.1	3
10.1 - 40%	0.101 - 0.4	4
> 40%	> 0.4	5

Decision tree

Risk value (DALY/case)	Score
< 0.05	1
0.05-0.5	2
0.51-5	3
> 5	4



Parameter set up in MCDA PROMETHEE

Table 6: Parameters used to run PROMETHEE II on R Software

Parameters	C2+3	C4	C5	C6	C7	C8	Justification
Indifference	0	0	0	0	0	0	The indifference threshold is zero as the criteria values are considered as real numbers (without uncertainty).
Preference	2.5e-5 ^a	1 ^b	1 ^c	0.056 ^b	0.47 ^c	8.47 ^b	The preference threshold reflects where a difference between 2 scores makes a real added value in the decision. The first choice was the difference between the 75 th and 25 th percentiles. However when this difference equaled zero, the second choice was to increase this percentile range and if still zero, to take the maximum value
Type of preference	“V-shape”	“V-shape	“V-shape	“V-shape	“V-shape”	“V-shape”	“V-shape” to generate a proportional preference
Weight	1/6	1/6	1/6	1/6	1/6	1/6	We assume that the 7 criteria had the same weight on the final risk

a: difference between the 75th and 25th percentiles
b: the difference between the penultimate and the second percentiles
c: the maximum value

Final ranking of Microbiological hazards

Criteria input

Ranking output

Table 4: Risk ranking Criteria and Parameter.

Criteria (C)	Description	Parameter
C1 ^a	Food item Food composition	Food
C2 C3 ^b	Processing survival Recontamination	Factory
C4 C5	PPE: growth opportunity PPE: storage, distribution, and retail Meal preparation	Distribution
C6 ⁿ	Outbreak Food contamination Sampling ^a	Prevalence
C7	Food consumption of infants and toddlers	Consumption
C8	DALY/case per hazard	Severity
Optional	Include hazard with no/low evidence	Others

Total Risk = (C2 + C3^b)* C4* C5* (C6ⁿ)^{1/n} *C7* C8

^a-excluded in ranking; ^b- addition of risk values. ⁿ = 4. Outbreak and food recall data in the EU and USA