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**Experiment No.: 8****Aim**

Program to implement decision trees using any standard dataset available in the public domain and find the accuracy of the algorithm.

**CO3**

Use different packages and frameworks to implement text classification using SVM and clustering using k-means

**Procedure**

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix
from sklearn.tree import plot_tree
df = sns.load_dataset('iris')
print(df.head())
print(df.info())
df.isnull().any()
print(df.shape)
sns.pairplot(data=df, hue='species')
plt.savefig("pne.png")
# correlation matrix
sns.heatmap(df.corr())
plt.savefig("one.png")
target = df['species']
df1 = df.copy()
df1 = df1.drop('species', axis=1)
```

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```
print(df1.shape)
print(df1.head())
# defining attributes
x = df1
print(target)
# label encoding
le = LabelEncoder()
target = le.fit_transform(target) # learn scaling parameters(species)
print(target)
y = target
x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)
print("Training split input: ", x_train.shape)
print("Testing split input: ", x_test.shape)
# defining the decision tree algorithm
dtree = DecisionTreeClassifier()
dtree.fit(x_train, y_train)
print('Decision tree classifier created')
# predicting the value of test data
y_pred = dtree.predict(x_test)
print("Classification report: \n", classification_report(y_test, y_pred))
cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
plt.figure(figsize=(5, 5))
sns.heatmap(data=cm, linewidths=.5, annot=True, square=True, cmap='Blues')
plt.ylabel('Actual label')
plt.xlabel('Predicted label')
all_sample_title = 'Accuracy score: {0}'.format(dtree.score(x_test, y_test))
plt.title(all_sample_title, size=15)
plt.savefig("two.png")
plt.figure(figsize=(20, 20))
dec_tree = plot_tree(decision_tree=dtree, feature_names=df1.columns, class_names=["setosa",
"vericolor", "virginica"], filled=True, precision=4, rounded=True)
```

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```
plt.savefig("three.png")
```

## Output Screenshot

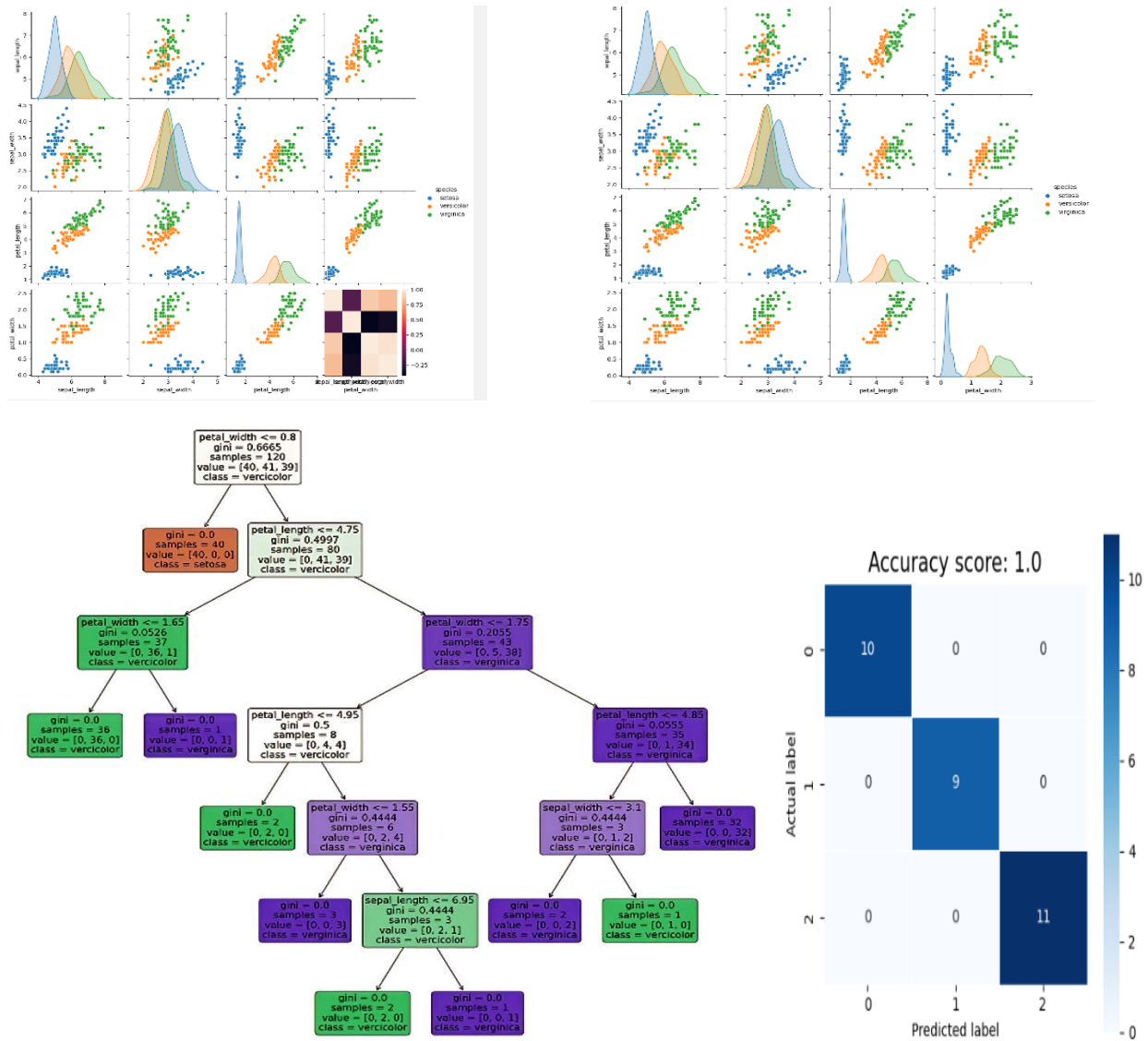
```
p11 x
C:\ALBINA\ml\venv\Scripts\python.exe C:/ALBINA/ml/p11.py
  sepal_length  sepal_width  petal_length  petal_width  species
0           5.1           3.5           1.4           0.2  setosa
1           4.9           3.0           1.4           0.2  setosa
2           4.7           3.2           1.3           0.2  setosa
3           4.6           3.1           1.5           0.2  setosa
4           5.0           3.6           1.4           0.2  setosa

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 150 entries, 0 to 149
Data columns (total 5 columns):
#   Column          Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  ---
0   sepal_length    150 non-null   float64
1   sepal_width     150 non-null   float64
2   petal_length    150 non-null   float64
3   petal_width     150 non-null   float64
4   species         150 non-null   object
dtypes: float64(4), object(1)
memory usage: 6.0+ KB
None
(150, 5)
```

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```
  sepal_length  sepal_width  petal_length  petal_width
0           5.1           3.5           1.4           0.2
1           4.9           3.0           1.4           0.2
2           4.7           3.2           1.3           0.2
3           4.6           3.1           1.5           0.2
4           5.0           3.6           1.4           0.2
0           setosa
1           setosa
2           setosa
3           setosa
4           setosa
...
145        virginica
146        virginica
147        virginica
148        virginica
149        virginica
Name: species, Length: 150, dtype: object
[0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
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 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
 2 2]
Training split input: (120, 4)
Testing split input: (30, 4)
Decision tree classifier created
Classification report:
              precision    recall  f1-score   support

0               1.00      1.00      1.00         10
```



## Result

The program was executed and the result was successfully obtained. Thus CO3 was obtained.