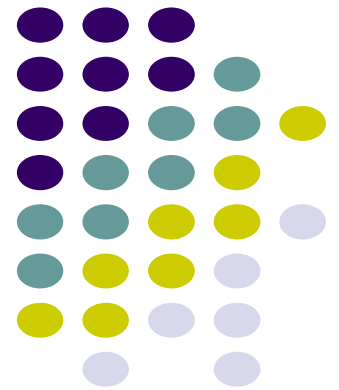


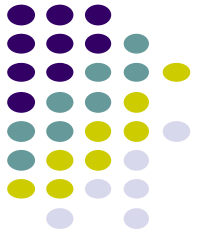
JSON

Javascript Object Notation


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Javascript Object



- Real Life Objects, Properties, and Method

Object	Properties	Methods
	<code>car.name = Fiat</code> <code>car.model = 500</code> <code>car.weight = 850kg</code> <code>car.color = white</code>	<code>car.start()</code> <code>car.drive()</code> <code>car.brake()</code> <code>car.stop()</code>

Creating Javascript Object



- Javascript object used to describe the properties and methods of real world objects.
- It is created using `{ }` with `name` : `value` pairs
- For example: You want to store student details

```
<script>
```

```
//example for javascript object (Student details)
```

```
const student = {name: 'john', regno: 101, dept: 'cse', cgpa: 9.1};
```

```
//accessing data from student object using dot operator
```

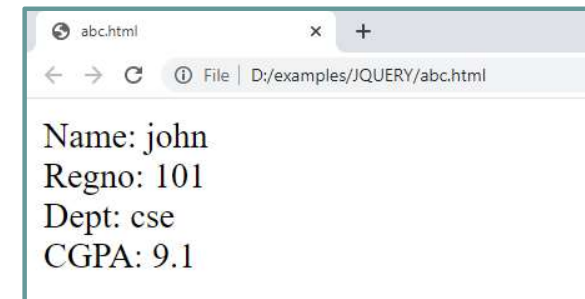
```
document.write('Name: ' + student.name + '<br>');
```

```
document.write('Regno: ' + student.regno + '<br>');
```

```
document.write('Dept: ' + student.dept + '<br>');
```

```
document.write('CGPA: ' + student.cgpa + '<br>');
```

```
</script>
```





JSON - Introduction

- JSON stands for JavaScript Object Notation
- JSON is a text format for storing and transporting data
- JSON is "self-describing" and easy to understand
- JSON is a lightweight **Data-Interchange Format**.
- JSON Is Programming Language Independent



Why JSON?

- The JSON format is syntactically similar to the code for creating **JavaScript objects**.
- Because of this, a JavaScript program can easily convert **JSON data** into **JavaScript objects**.

JavaScript has a built in function for converting JSON strings into JavaScript objects:

JSON.parse()

JavaScript also has a built in function for converting a JSON object into a JSON string:

JSON.stringify()



JSON Object Literal

- JSON object literal syntax is derived from JavaScript object notation syntax:
 - Data is in **name/value** pairs
 - Data is separated by **commas**
 - **Curly** braces hold **objects**
 - **Square** brackets hold **arrays**

JSON **names/keys** require double quotes.

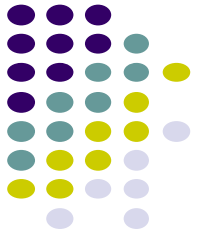
```
<script>  
    var student = {"name":"John", "regno":101, "cgpa":9.1}  
</script>
```

The **name** in the **double quotes** should be any valid **string**.
The **value** can be any valid data types

JSON Object Literal is it Object?



- It is a common mistake to call a JSON object literal "a JSON object".
- JSON cannot be an object.
- JSON is a string format.
- The data is only JSON when it is in a string format. When it is converted to a JavaScript variable, it becomes a JavaScript object



JSON String

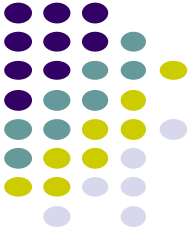
- When we create JSON object literal inside single quotes it is called as JSON String

```
<script>  
    let jsonstring = '{"name":"Rajiv","age":20,"salary":1000}';  
</script>
```

- It can be converted as JSON object literal or JavaScript object using **JSON.parse()** method

JSON Validation Tools

- <https://jsoneditoronline.org/>
- <https://jsonlint.com/>



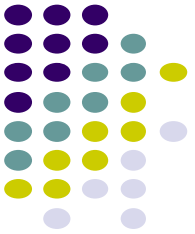
JSON as document

- JSON data can be created in an external file with an extension as **.json**
- The advantage here is, the JSON data file can be exchanged between web application components such as **Javascript, JQuery, Angular Js, React JS, Vu JS** etc...

A screenshot of the Visual Studio Code editor interface. The Explorer sidebar on the left shows a project named 'JQUERY' with several files: 'abc.html', 'car.JPG', 'car2.png', 'car3.png', 'car4.png', 'carpink.png', 'data.json' (selected), and 'demo.html'. The main editor area displays the content of 'data.json', which is a JSON object:

```
{ "name": "John", "regno": 101, "cgpa": 9.1 }
```

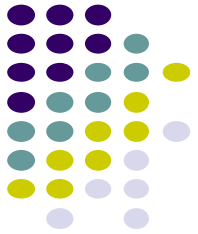
 The file is saved, and the status bar at the bottom indicates 'data.json - JQUERY - Visual Studio Code'.



JSON Data Types

- The JSON **name** or **key** must be a **string type**.
- The JSON **values** can be any of the following
 - **Number**
 - Integer, Floating point number `{"regno":101, "cgpa":9.1}`
 - **String**
 - Text with double quotes `{"name":"John"}`
 - **Boolean**
 - true or false `{"sale":true}`
 - **Array**
 - `[]` `{"employees":["John", "Anna", "Peter"]}`
 - **Object**
 - `{}` `{"employee":{"name":"John", "age":30}}`
 - **Null**
 - null `{"middlename":null}`

Number, String, Boolean Values(Literals)



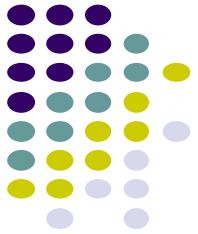
- Example: Representing shoe data

```
{ "brand": "Crocs", "color": "pink", "size": 9, "hasLaces": false }
```

- It can be written vertically

```
{  
    "brand": "Crocs",  
    "color": "pink",  
    "size": 9,  
    "hasLaces": false  
}
```

JSON Array Values(Literals)



- **Arrays** in JSON are almost the same as arrays in **JavaScript**.

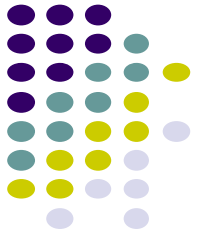
Example: Representing set of fruits

```
{  
  "fruits":["apple","orange","mango","pineapple","grapes"]  
}
```

Example: Representing set of scores

```
{  
  "scores":[98,23,78,89,97]  
}
```

JSON Object Literals



- The JSON value can be object data created using `{ }`
- It means, the JSON value is another JSON String

```
{  
  "book1":{"title" : "Life", "author": "Luther", "stock": 18, "price": 2000}  
}
```

It can be written vertically

```
{  
  "book1":{  
    "title": "Life",  
    "author": "Luther",  
    "stock": 18,  
    "price": 2000  
  }  
}
```

Nested JSON Objects

College information

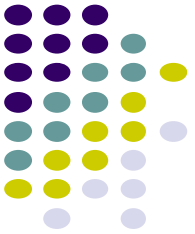


```
{
  "students": {
    "cse": {
      "URK20CS1001" : {"name": "John", "cgpa": 8.7},
      "URK20CS1002" : {"name": "Grace", "cgpa": 7.7},
      "URK20CS1003" : {"name": "Lincy", "cgpa": 9.7}
    }
  },
  "faculty": {
    "cse": {
      "678": {"name": "Ashok", "gender": "male", "place": "Chennai"},
      "857": {"name": "Arun", "gender": "male", "place": "Coimbatore"}
    }
  }
}
```

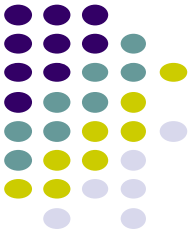
Null data value

- Null data value can be specified as **null**

```
{
  "person1":{
    "firstname":"John",
    "middlename":null,
    "lastname": "william"
  },
  "person2":{
    "firstname":"David",
    "middlename":"Wilson",
    "lastname": null
  }
}
```

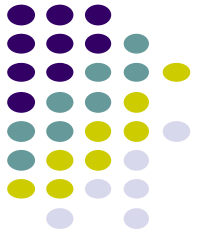


All Data Types



```
<script>
  var json= {
    "array": [1,2,3],
    "boolean": true,
    "color": "gold",
    "status": null,
    "number": 123,
    "object": {"a": "b", "c": "d"},
    "string": "Hello World"
  }
</script>
```

Display JSON Data



```
<script>
  var jsondata = {"name":"John","regno":101,"cgpa":9.5};
  document.write("Name: " + jsondata.name + "<br>");
  document.write("Regno: " + jsondata.regno + "<br>");
  document.write("CGPA: " + jsondata.cgpa + "<br>");
</script>
```

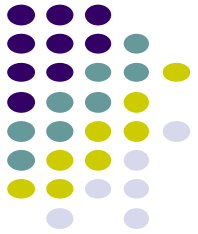


Name: John
Regno: 101
CGPA: 9.5

Creating an Array of **JSON** data

Consider the Table Data

Name	Regno	CGPA
John	101	7.4
Vmax	102	6.4
Vijay	103	9.4
Grace	104	8.4
Lincy	105	7.4



JSON.stringify()

- Used to convert the data as **JSON** string

```
var data =[
    { "name": "John", "regno": 101, "cgpa": 7.4 },
    { "name": "Vmax", "regno": 102, "cgpa": 6.4 },
    { "name": "Vijay", "regno": 103, "cgpa": 9.4 },
    { "name": "Grace", "regno": 104, "cgpa": 8.4 },
    { "name": "Lincy", "regno": 105, "cgpa": 7.4 }
];
var jsonstring = JSON.stringify(data);    //JSON String
```



Convert **JSON** String to **JavaScript** Object

- **JSON.parse()**

- Converts the JSON string data to JavaScript object.

```
var data =[  
    { "name": "John", "regno": 101, "cgpa": 7.4 },  
    { "name": "Vmax", "regno": 102, "cgpa": 6.4 },  
    { "name": "Vijay", "regno": 103, "cgpa": 9.4 },  
    { "name": "Grace", "regno": 104, "cgpa": 8.4 },  
    { "name": "Lincy", "regno": 105, "cgpa": 7.4 }  
];
```

```
var jsonstring = JSON.stringify(data);
```

```
var javascriptobject = JSON.parse(jsonstring);
```



```
<script>
var data =[
    {"name": "John", "regno": 101, "cgpa": 7.4 },
    {"name": "Vmax", "regno": 102, "cgpa": 6.4 },
    {"name": "Vijay", "regno": 103, "cgpa": 9.4 },
    {"name": "Grace", "regno": 104, "cgpa": 8.4 },
    {"name": "Lincy", "regno": 105, "cgpa": 7.4 }
];
var json = JSON.stringify(data);
var jsobj = JSON.parse(json);
```

```
<body onload="display()">
    <div id="view"></div>
</body>
```

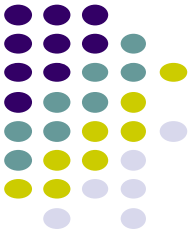
```
//display
function display(){
    var element = document.getElementById('view')
    var output = "<table border=1 cellspacing=0 width=40%>";
    output += "<tr><th>Name</th><th>Regno</th><th>CGPA</th></tr>";
    jsobj.forEach((item)=>{
        output += "<tr><td>" + item.name + "</td><td>" + item.regno + "</td><td>" + item.cgpa + "</td></tr>";
    })
    output += "</table>"
    element.innerHTML = output;
}
</script>
```

Display as Table Format

Output



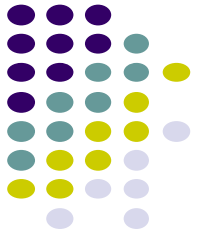
Name	Regno	CGPA
John	101	7.4
Vmax	102	6.4
Vijay	103	9.4
Grace	104	8.4
Lincy	105	7.4



Filter the student details based on CGPA

```
//display
function display(){
  var element = document.getElementById('view')
  var output = "<table border=1 cellspacing=0 width=40%>";
  output += "<tr><th>Name</th><th>Regno</th><th>CGPA</th></tr>";
  jsobj.forEach((item)=>{
    if(item.cgpa > 7.5){
      output+="<tr><td>" + item.name + "</td><td>" + item.regno + "</td><td>" + item.cgpa + "</td></tr>";
    }
  })
  output += "</table>"
  element.innerHTML = output;
}
```

JSON and JQuery



- JQuery also can be used to access JSON data.
- **\$.getJSON()** method used to load the JSON data file

```
1  [
2    {"name": "John", "regno": 101, "cgpa": 7.4 },
3    {"name": "Vmax", "regno": 102, "cgpa": 6.4 },
4    {"name": "Vijay", "regno": 103, "cgpa": 9.4 },
5    {"name": "Grace", "regno": 104, "cgpa": 8.4 },
6    {"name": "Lincy", "regno": 105, "cgpa": 7.4 }
7  ]
8
9
10
11
```




```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <script src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/jquery/3.7.1/jquery.min.js"></script>
  <script>
    $(document).ready(function(){
      $.getJSON('data.json',function(data){
        data.forEach(item => {

var temp = "<tr><td>" + item.name + "</td><td>" + item.regno + "</td><td>" + item.cgpa + "</td></tr>"
          $('#mytable').append(temp)

        });
      });
    });
  </script>
</head>
<body>
  <div>
    <table border="1" cellspacing="0" width="40%" id="mytable">
      <tr><th>Name</th><th>Regno</th><th>CGPA</th></tr>
    </table>
  </div>
</body>
</html>
```