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INTERNATIONAL AS **MATHEMATICS**

(9660/MA01) Unit P1 Pure Mathematics

Tuesday 14 January 2020 07:00 GMT Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes

Materials

- For this paper you must have the Oxford International AQA booklet of formulae and statistical tables (enclosed).
- · You may use a graphics calculator.

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Pencil should only be used for drawing.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- If you need extra space for your answer(s), use the lined pages at the end of this book. Write the question number against your answer(s).
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 80.

Advice

- Unless stated otherwise, you may quote formulae, without proof, from the booklet.
- Show all necessary working; otherwise marks may be lost.

For Examiner's Use		
Question	Mark	
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		
8		
9		
10		
TOTAL		



Answer all questions in the spaces provided.

1 The equation

$$y = \left(4x^2 - x^{\frac{5}{2}}\right) \div \left(\frac{1}{4x}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

can be written in the form

$$y = ax^p - bx^q$$

where a, b, p and q are positive constants.

1 (a) (i) Find the value of p.

Circle your answer.

[1 mark]

1

 $\frac{3}{2}$

 $\frac{5}{2}$

4

1 (a) (ii) Find the value of q.

Circle your answer.

[1 mark]

 $\frac{5}{4}$

2

3

1 (b) Find $\frac{\mathrm{d}y}{\mathrm{d}x}$

Fully simplify the coefficient of each term.

[2 marks]

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}y}{\mathrm{d}x} =$$

4

Turn over for the next question

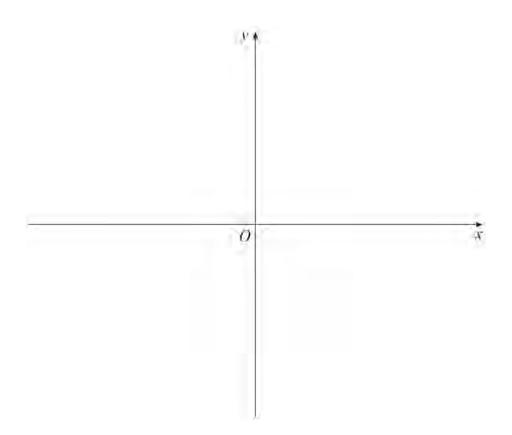


2	Let $f(x) = x^2 + bx + c$ where b and c are real numbers.	
	It is given that:	
	 the line x = 5 is the line of symmetry of the curve with equation y = f(x) the discriminant of f(x) is zero. 	
2 (a)	Find the value of b and the value of c .	[2 marks]
	b = c =	

2 (b) On the axes below, sketch the curve with equation y = f(x).

Show the coordinates of the vertex and the *y*-intercept on the graph.

[3 marks]



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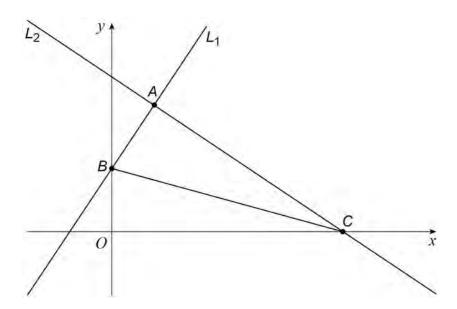
Turn over for the next question



The lines L_1 and L_2 are shown in the diagram.

 L_1 cuts the *y*-axis at the point *B*.

 L_2 cuts the *x*-axis at the point C.



3 (a) L_1 has the equation

$$2y - 3x = 6$$

3 (a) (i) Find the gradient of L_1

Answer

3 (a) (ii) Find the *y*-coordinate of *B*.

[1 mark]

Answer ____

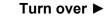
3	(b)	AB and AC are two sides of a rectangle.	outs
		L_2 has the equation $y = mx + \frac{22}{3}$	
3	(b) (i)	State the value of <i>m</i> . [1 mark]	
		m =	
3	(b) (ii)	Show that the <i>x</i> -coordinate of <i>C</i> is 11 [1 mark]	
3	(c)	The point D is the mid-point of BC . Find an equation of the line which passes through D and is parallel to L_1 [3 marks]	
		Answer	_{{ }}



4 (a)	The expression $(2-x)^4$ can be written in the form $16-32x+ax^2-bx^3+x^4$ where a and b are positive integers.	
	Show that $a = 24$ and find the value of b .	[3 marks
	b =	



4	(b)	Using the expansion in part (a), show that the value of $\left(2 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^{4}$ can be	
		written in the form $\frac{p-q\sqrt{2}}{r}$ where p, q and r are integers.	
			[4 marks]





5		The equation of a curve C is given by
		$y = \frac{(x-1)(x-14)}{x} , \qquad x \neq 0$
		x
5	(a)	Find an equation of the tangent to C at the point where $x = 2$
		[7 marks]
		Answer



5	(b)	P is the point on C where $x = -4$	outside the
		Explain whether y is increasing or decreasing at P . [2 marks]	
			9

Turn over for the next question



	Grady sells boxes of chocolates.
	In the first month, Month 1, he sells 36 boxes.
	Each month after Month 1, he sells 22 more boxes than he sold the previous month.
(a) (i)	The number of boxes he sells each month forms a sequence.
	State, with a reason, whether this is an arithmetic sequence or a geometric sequence. [2 marks]
(a) (ii)	Find an expression in terms of n for the number of boxes he sells in Month n . [2 marks]
	Answer



6 (b)	Grady makes £12 profit on each box of chocolates he sells.	
	Over the first N months, he makes a total profit of exactly £90 000	
	By forming and solving a quadratic equation, find the value of $\it N$.	[5 marks]
	N =	

9



7		The gradient at any point (x, y) of a curve is given by	
		$\frac{\mathrm{d}y}{\mathrm{d}x} = 3x^2 + ax - 36$	
		where a is a constant.	
		The curve passes through the points $(1, -7)$ and $(3, -5)$	
7	(a)	Find the equation of the curve.	[7 marks]
		<i>y</i> =	



7 (b) (i)	Find	$\frac{\mathrm{d}^2 y}{\mathrm{d}x^2}$
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[1 mark]

 $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} =$

7 (b) (ii) The curve has a minimum point P.

Find the *x*-coordinate of *P*.

[3 marks]

x =

8		A geometric series has first term a , common ratio r and n th term u_n	
		The sum to infinity of the series is 425	
		The sum of the first two terms is 408	
		The series only contains positive terms.	
8	(a) (i)	Show that $r = \frac{1}{5}$	[4 marks]
8	(a) (ii)	Find the value of <i>a</i> .	[2 marks]
		$a = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$	



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8 (b)	Show that $\sum_{n=k}^{k+1} u_n = p \left(\frac{1}{q}\right)^{k-1}$	
	where p and q are positive integers.	[4 marks]

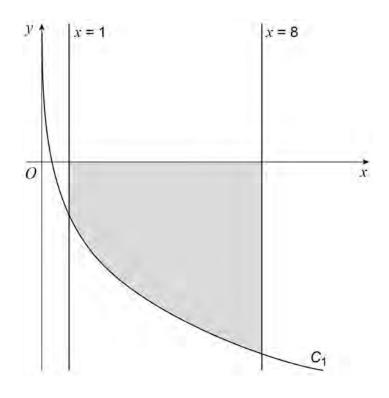




9 The equation of the curve C_1 is

$$y = \left(x^{\frac{1}{3}} - 4\right)^2 - 11, \quad x \ge 0$$

 C_1 and the lines x = 1 and x = 8 are shown in the diagram below.



9 (a) Find $\int \left(\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}} - 4 \right)^2 - 11 \right) dx$

[3 marks]

Answer

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	the x-axis. [3 marks]
	Answer
(c)	The translation $\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$ maps the curve C_1 onto the curve C_2
	Using your answer to part (b) , find the area of the region bounded by the curve C_2 , the
	Using your answer to part (b) , find the area of the region bounded by the curve C_2 , the lines $x = 1$, $x = 8$ and the x -axis.
	Using your answer to part (b) , find the area of the region bounded by the curve C_2 , the lines $x = 1$, $x = 8$ and the x -axis.
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(c)	Using your answer to part (b) , find the area of the region bounded by the curve C_2 , the lines $x = 1$, $x = 8$ and the x -axis.
(c) (i)	Using your answer to part (b) , find the area of the region bounded by the curve C_2 , the lines $x = 1$, $x = 8$ and the x -axis. [2 marks]
(c) (i)	Using your answer to part (b) , find the area of the region bounded by the curve C_2 , the lines $x=1$, $x=8$ and the x -axis. [2 marks] Answer

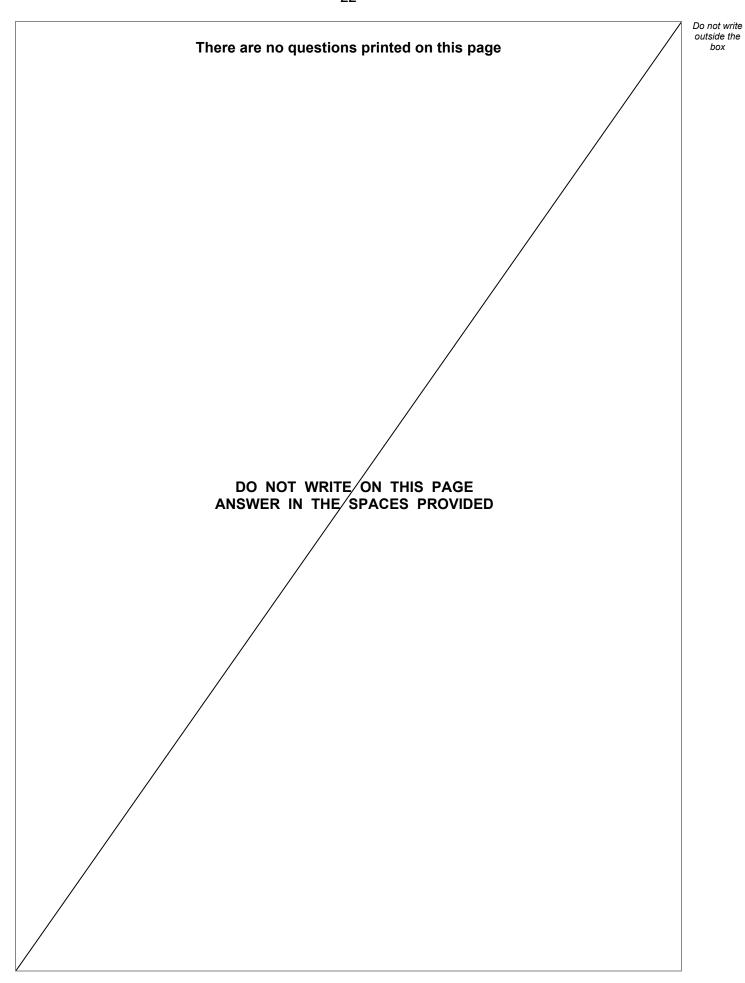


10	A curve has the equation
	$y = 2x^2 + 4(p+3)x + 12p + q + 12$
	where p and q are constants.
	The curve crosses the <i>x</i> -axis at two distinct points.
10 (a)	Show that $2 p^2 - q + 6 > 0 \label{eq:continuous}$ [3 marks]



10 (b)	The curve passes through the point $(0, 32)$.	
	Find the possible values of p .	[5 marks]
	Answer	
	END OF QUESTIONS	







Question number	Additional page, if required. Write the question numbers in the left-hand margin.



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