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Centre number

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Candidate number

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Candidate signature

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I declare this is my own work.

# INTERNATIONAL A-LEVEL FURTHER MATHEMATICS

(9665/FM04) Unit FS2 Statistics

Monday 18 January 2021 07:00 GMT Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes

## Materials

- For this paper you must have the Oxford International AQA Booklet of Formulae and Statistical Tables (enclosed).
- You may use a graphical calculator.

## Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Pencil should only be used for drawing.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer **all** questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- If you need extra space for your answer(s), use the lined pages at the end of this book. Write the question number against your answer(s).
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

## Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 80

## Advice

- Unless stated otherwise, you may quote formulae, without proof, from the booklet.
- Show all necessary working; otherwise marks may be lost.

| For Examiner's Use |      |
|--------------------|------|
| Question           | Mark |
| 1                  |      |
| 2                  |      |
| 3                  |      |
| 4                  |      |
| 5                  |      |
| 6                  |      |
| 7                  |      |
| 8                  |      |
| <b>TOTAL</b>       |      |



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IB/G/Jan21/E8

**FM04**

Answer **all** questions in the spaces provided.

- 1** A company believes that use of its revision app changes the chance of a candidate passing a particular mathematics examination.

The results of 200 candidates taking the mathematics examination were collected.

Some of these candidates used the app and others did not.

The table below shows the observed frequencies  $O_i$  from the collected data and the expected frequencies  $E_i$  necessary for a  $\chi^2$  test.

|                     | Pass  |       | Fail  |       |
|---------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
|                     | $O_i$ | $E_i$ | $O_i$ | $E_i$ |
| App used            | 72    | 66    | 28    | 34    |
| App <b>not</b> used | 60    | 66    | 40    | 34    |

The company conducts a  $\chi^2$  test using a 10% level of significance.

- 1 (a)** State the hypotheses for this test.

**[1 mark]**

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- 1 (b)** Show that the value of the test statistic  $\chi^2$  is 2.696 correct to four significant figures.

**[2 marks]**

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**[4 marks]**

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|              |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|--------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Score on die | 1  | 2  | 3  | 4  | 5  | 6  |
| Frequency    | 50 | 43 | 38 | 63 | 61 | 45 |

**[8 marks]**

[illegible]

[illegible]

- He concluded correctly that the die might **not** be fair.

**[2 marks]**

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- 4** The random variable  $X$  has a distribution with unknown mean  $\mu$  and unknown variance  $\sigma^2$

A random sample of size  $n$ , denoted by  $X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n$  is used to determine two statistics

$$T = \sum_{k=1}^n X_k \quad \text{and} \quad V = \left( \frac{1}{n} \sum_{k=1}^n X_k^2 \right) - \frac{T^2}{n^2}$$

- 4 (a)** Explain why  $T$  and  $V$  are both statistics.

**[2 marks]**

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- 4 (b)** Show that  $T$  is not an unbiased estimator.

**[2 marks]**

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4 (c) (i) Show that  $E(X_k^2) = \sigma^2 + \mu^2$

[1 mark]

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4 (c) (ii) Show that  $E(T^2) = n\sigma^2 + n^2\mu^2$

[2 marks]

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4 (d) Use your results in **part (b)** and **part (c)** to show that  $\frac{nV}{n-1}$  is an unbiased estimator of  $\sigma^2$

[3 marks]

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The mass of sugar in each can,  $X$  grams, is measured.

Assume that the mass of sugar in each can is normally distributed.

The summary statistics from the study are

$$\sum x = 328.2 \quad \text{and} \quad \sum x^2 = 10843.9$$

**5 (a)** Construct a 98% confidence interval for the mean mass of sugar per can. Give your values to two decimal places.

**[6 marks]**

[illegible]

Answer



It is required that this value be found from a sample size greater than 100 cans that ensures the width of the 98% confidence interval is less than 1 gram.

The population standard deviation is **known** to be less than 3 grams.

Find the **minimum** number of cans in the sample that the manufacturer needs to use.

**[4 marks]**

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Answer

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**6** A particular model of a mobile phone has a battery lifetime  $X$  hours with mean  $\mu$  and variance  $\sigma^2$

**6 (a)** A random sample of size  $n$  of the phones is taken and the mean  $\bar{X}$  is calculated.

**6 (a) (i)** Write down expressions for the mean and variance of  $\bar{X}$  in terms of  $\mu$ ,  $\sigma$  and  $n$  **[2 marks]**

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Mean \_\_\_\_\_ Variance \_\_\_\_\_

**6 (a) (ii)** Hence show that  $\bar{X}$  is an unbiased and consistent estimator of  $\mu$  **[2 marks]**

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

**6 (b)** Shop  $A$  and shop  $B$  both sell this model of mobile phone.

Shop  $A$  surveys a random sample of 40 customers and calculates the mean  $\bar{X}_A$  as an estimate of  $\mu$

Shop  $B$  surveys a different random sample of 60 customers and calculates the mean  $\bar{X}_B$  as an estimate of  $\mu$

Show that the relative efficiency of  $\bar{X}_B$  with respect to  $\bar{X}_A$  is 1.5

**[2 marks]**

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They use a new unbiased estimator  $T$  of  $\mu$  where

Find the value of  $p$  that minimises the variance of  $T$

[illegible]

10



**7** The number of platelets in the blood of males and females is being investigated.

It is assumed that the number of platelets is normally distributed with the same variance for both male and female populations.

The number of platelets, measured in thousands per microlitre, in the blood of 11 males and 9 females was recorded as

|      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Male | 261 | 277 | 201 | 219 | 349 | 300 | 321 | 219 | 277 | 280 | 310 |
|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Female | 211 | 190 | 273 | 301 | 220 | 295 | 192 | 231 | 183 |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|

**7 (a)** Using the samples, calculate a pooled estimate of the population variance.  
Give your answer to four significant figures.

**[3 marks]**

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Answer \_\_\_\_\_

**7 (b)** Investigate the hypothesis that the mean number of platelets is greater for males than for females at the 5% level of significance.

**[7 marks]**

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- 7 (c) Show that the assumption of same variances for male and female populations is supported at the 5% level of significance.

[6 marks]

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**[2 marks]**

[illegible]

Answer \_\_\_\_\_





- 8 (c)** A fair six-sided die is rolled until two sixes are obtained and the total number of rolls is recorded.

The total number of rolls is calculated as the number of rolls to obtain the first six **plus** the number of further rolls to obtain the second six.

For example, if the second six appears on the 20th roll, then the total number of rolls is 20

- 8 (c) (i)** Show that the moment generating function for the total number of rolls needed is

$$\frac{1}{(6e^{-t} - 5)^2}$$

**[2 marks]**

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- 8 (c) (ii)** Hence show that the mean total number of rolls needed is 12

**[2 marks]**

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Use a moment generating function to find in terms of  $n$  the variance of the number of rolls required.

[illegible]

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