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Forename(s)	
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	I declare this is my own work.

INTERNATIONAL A-LEVEL **FURTHER MATHEMATICS**

(9665/FM04) Unit FS2 Statistics

Wednesday 22 January 2020 07:00 GMT Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes

Materials

- For this paper you must have the Oxford International AQA booklet of formulae and statistical tables (enclosed).
- · You may use a graphics calculator.

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Pencil should only be used for drawing.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- · Answer all questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- If you need extra space for your answer(s), use the lined pages at the end of this book. Write the question number against your answer(s).
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do

•	Do all fought work in this book.	Cross unough any	work you do not want to b
	marked.		

Information

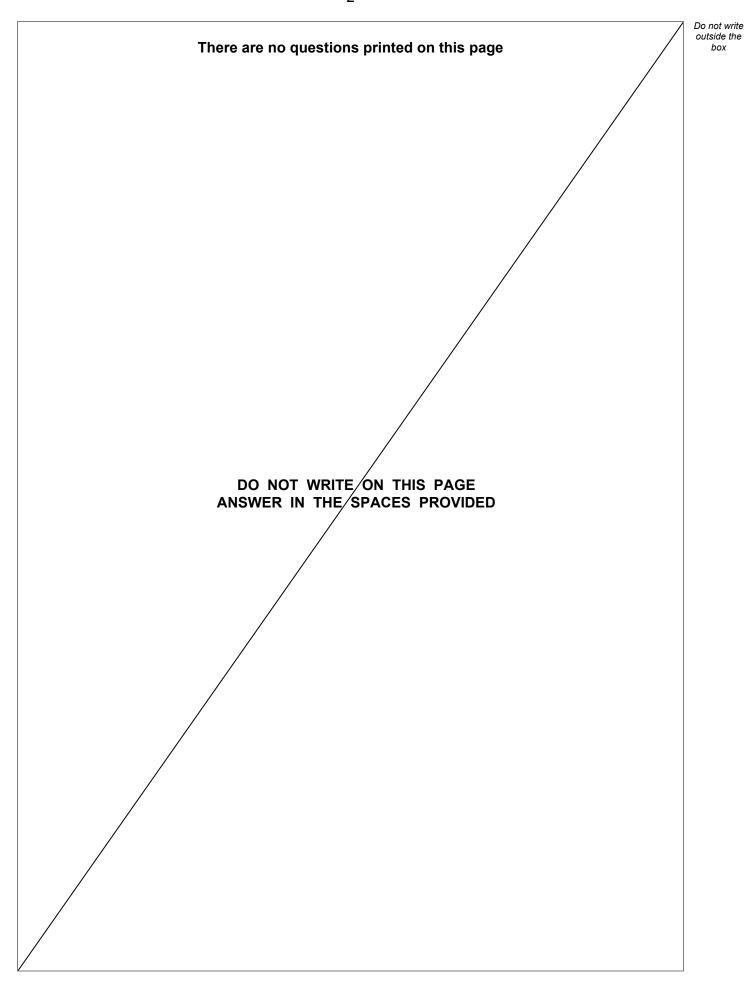
- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 80.

Advice

- Unless stated otherwise, you may quote formulae, without proof, from the booklet.
- Show all necessary working; otherwise marks may be lost.

For Exam	iner's Use
Question	Mark
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	
TOTAL	







Fiona is tossing an un	biased coin with 'heads' on one side and	'tails' on the other.
She is playing a game and 0 points if it lands	e where she gets 10 points if the coin land with 'tails' facing up.	ds with 'heads' facing up
She tosses the coin to	vice.	
Find the sampling dist	tribution of Fiona's median score, <i>M</i> .	[3 marks
	Answer	

Turn over ▶



2	The random variable $ X $ represents the weights of cats in a town.
	Andrew estimates the mean by taking a random sample, $X_{\rm I}$, of size 10 from X and calculating the sample mean $\overline{X_{\rm I}}$
	Linda estimates the mean by taking a random sample, X_2 , of size 100 from X and calculating the sample mean $\overline{X_2}$
	$X_{\rm 1}$ and $X_{\rm 2}$ are independent.
	X has mean μ kilograms and standard deviation σ kilograms.
	Both $\overline{X_1}$ and $\overline{X_2}$ are unbiased estimators of μ .
2 (a)	Evaluate the efficiency of Linda's estimator relative to Andrew's estimator.
	Interpret your answer. [3 marks]



2	(b) (i)	Show that $P = \frac{\overline{X_1} + \overline{X_2}}{2}$ is an unbiased estimator of μ .	[2 marks]	•
2	(b) (ii)	Find $Var(P)$.	[2 marks]	
		Answer _		
		, ulowo1		L





3		Abdul is studying the age, X years, of people at retirement.				
		He takes a random	sample of 500 peop	ole. The re	esults are	
			$\sum x = 33\ 202$	and	$\sum x^2 = 2210000$	
3	(a)	Abdul assumes that	age at retirement is	s a normal	distribution.	
		Construct a 96% conthree decimal places		r the mean	age at retirement, giving	your values to
		·				[6 marks]
			Answer			



3	(b)	Abdul uses his random sample to conduct a hypothesis test at the 4% level of significance with hypotheses
		H_0 : $\mu = 67$
		H_1 : $\mu \neq 67$
		Using the confidence interval found in part (a), explain whether Abdul accepts or rejects the null hypothesis. [1 mark]
3	(c)	After further investigation, Abdul concludes that age at retirement is not a normal distribution.
		Explain whether or not the confidence interval found in part (a) is still valid. [2 marks]

Turn over ▶

9



4		A hypothesis test, using a 5% level of significance, is performed on the population of a binomial distribution using a random sample of size 50. The hypotheses are	
		$H_0: p = 0.4$	
		$H_1: p > 0.4$	
		The actual value of p is 0.5	
4	(a) (i)	Find the probability that a Type II error is made, giving your answer to three significant figures. [4 marks]	
		Answer	



4	(a) (ii) Find the power of the test, giving your answer to three significant figures.
		[2 marks
		Answer
		Allswei
	(b)	State how increasing the level of significance for the hypothesis test will affect the power of the test.
		[1 mark
		Turn over for the next question
		·

5	A fabrics company has two machines, A and B .
	The length of fabric produced per minute by machine \emph{A} and the length of fabric produced per minute by machine \emph{B} both have normal distributions which are independent of each other.
	The company claims that the population variances for the two machines are equal.
	The company takes a random sample of 21 lengths of fabric, each produced in a minute, from machine $\it A\it .$
	The company also takes a random sample of 26 lengths of fabric, each produced in a minute, from machine $\it B$.
	The sample standard deviation for machine $\it A$ is 0.3 metres.
	The sample standard deviation for machine B is 0.2 metres.
	Test the company's claim that the population variances for the two machines are equal, using the 2% level of significance.
	[7 marks]



Turn over ►



7

6	A company performed a survey of its employees in both its northern offices and its
	southern offices about the transport that the employees use to get to work.

The results are summarised in the following table.

	Walk	Car	Bus	Train	Total
Northern	4	32	30	2	68
Southern	22	15	20	5	62
Total	26	47	50	7	130

Test if there is an association between the office in which an employee works transport they use to get to work, using the 1% level of significance.		
transport they use to get to work, using the 170 level of significance.	[10 marks]	



10





7		A supermarket sells jars of honey from two suppliers.
		The masses of jars of honey supplied by the two suppliers are independent.
		The mass of the jars of honey from supplier ${\cal A}$ has a normal distribution with standard deviation 2 grams.
		The mass of the jars of honey from supplier ${\it B}$ has a normal distribution with standard deviation 3 grams.
		A random sample of size 10 is taken from the jars of honey from supplier ${\cal A}$ and the mean mass is 504 grams.
		A random sample of size 12 is taken from the jars of honey from supplier ${\it B}$ and the mean mass is 502 grams.
		The supermarket claims that the mean mass of jars of honey is different for the two suppliers.
7	(a)	Test the supermarket's claim, using a 5% level of significance. [7 marks]
		,



sample standard deviation	ıld need to be made to the test s were available and assuming	t carried out in part (a) if only g that the population standard
deviations were equal.		[4 marks]

Turn over ▶



8 A tutorial company offers a four-week revision course to students taking an examination.

The results are shown in the table below.

Student	Before	After
1	20	24
2	18	19
3	16	16
4	10	9
5	5	7
6	3	6

The students attempt a practice paper before the course and after the end of the course.

The tutorial company claims that students score more on average on the practice paper after the revision course than before.

8	(a)	Test the tutorial company's claim, using the 5% level of significance.	[11 marks]



	17		
			Do not wr outside th box
8 (b)	State a necessary assumption for the test in part (a) to be valid.	[2 marks]	

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9		The random variable X has moment generating function $M_{_X}ig(tig)$ where		
		$M_X(t) = 0.04(1 - 0.8e^t)^{-2}$		
9	(a)	Find the mean of X .	[4 marks]	
		Answer		
9	(b)	Find the variance of X .	[4 marks]	
		Answer		



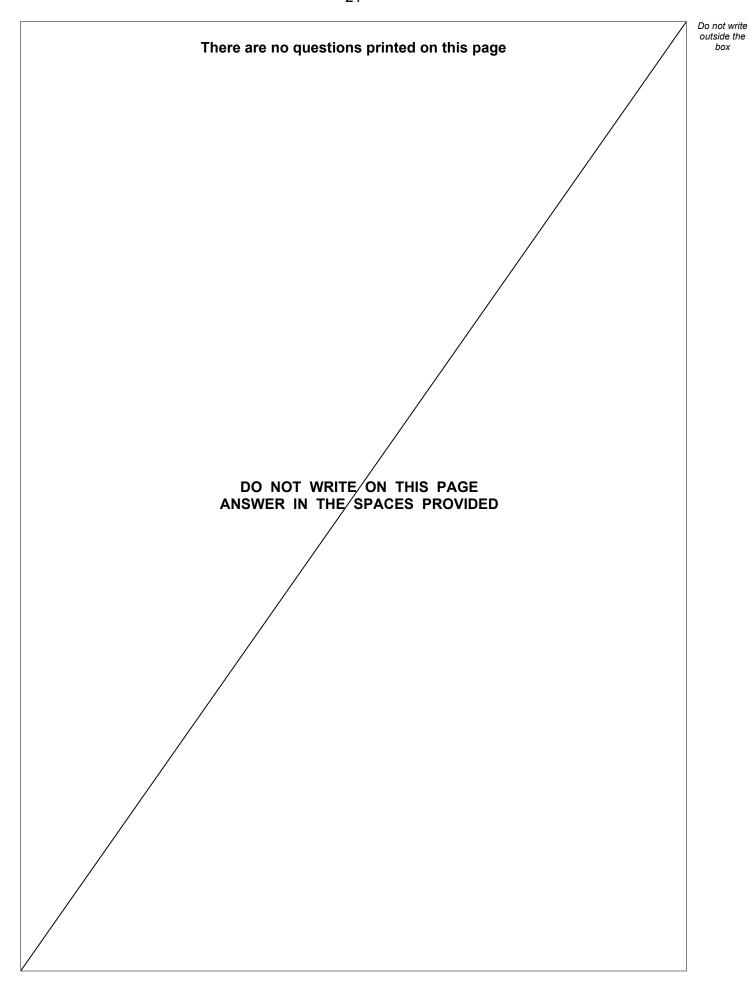
9	(c)	Find $M_{2+3X}(t)$, giving your answer in the form $\left(\frac{a\mathrm{e}^t}{1-0.8\mathrm{e}^{bt}}\right)^2$, where a and b are
		constants. [3 marks]
		Answer
		Question 9 continues on the next page

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9 (d)	The random variable Y has moment generating function $M_{_Y}(t)$ where
	$M_Y(t) = \left(0.8 + 0.2e^t\right)^2$
	X and Y are independent.
	Find $M_{X+Y}(t)$, giving your answer in the form $\left(\frac{a+b\mathrm{e}^t}{1-0.8\mathrm{e}^t}\right)^2$, where a and b are constants.
	[2 marks]
	Answer

END OF QUESTIONS







Question number	Additional page, if required. Write the question numbers in the left-hand margin.



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