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Centre number	Candidate number
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INTERNATIONAL AS MATHEMATICS

(9660/MA01) Unit P1 Pure Mathematics

Monday 3 January 2022 07:00 GMT Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes

Materials

- For this paper you must have the Oxford International AQA Booklet of Formulae and Statistical Tables (enclosed).
- You may use a graphical calculator.

Instructions

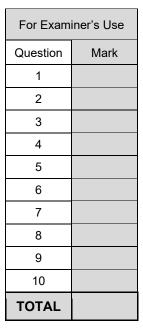
- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Pencil should only be used for drawing.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- If you need extra space for your answer(s), use the lined pages at the end of this book. Write the question number against your answer(s).
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 80.

Advice

- Unless stated otherwise, you may quote formulae, without proof, from the booklet.
- Show all necessary working; otherwise marks may be lost.





Answer all ques	tions in the	spaces	provided.
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- 1 The curve C with equation $y = (x-7)^2 35$ has a vertex at the point (p, q)
- **1** (a) (i) State the value of p

Circle your answer.

[1 mark]

-35

-7

7

35

1 (a) (ii) State the value of q

Circle your answer.

[1 mark]

-35

-7

7

35

1 (b) The curve C is mapped onto the curve D by a reflection in the y-axis.

Find the equation of D

Give your answer in the form $y = x^2 + bx + c$ where b and c are integers.

[2 marks]

Answer ____

4



2	(a)	The constants	a	and	b	satisf	y the ed	quations
	` '				-		,	

$$(7^4)^a = 49$$
 and $\frac{3^{13a}}{3^{8b}} = 81$

Find the value of a and the value of b

[3 marks]

		<u> </u>
		<u> </u>

2 (b) Simplify

$$3x^5 \times \frac{2}{y^9} \times \sqrt[4]{16x^{12}y^8}$$

Give your answer in the form kx^my^n where k, m and n are constants.

[3 marks]

Answer _

6



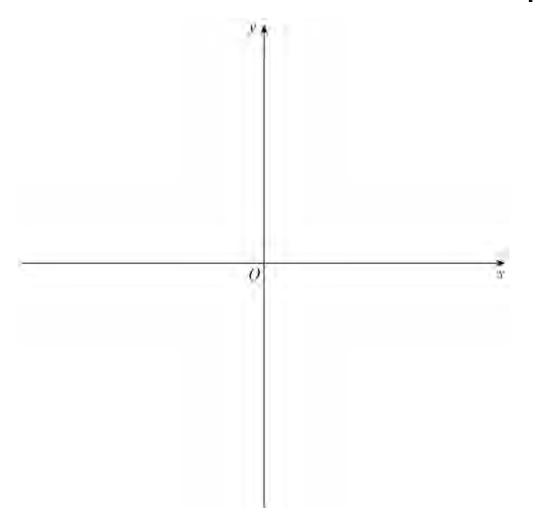
3		It is given that
		$f(x) = x^3 + 9x^2 + 15x + k$
		where k is a constant.
		When $f(x)$ is divided by $(x-6)$ the remainder is 605
3	(a)	Use the Remainder Theorem to show that $k=-25$ [2 marks]
3	(b)	$f(x)$ can be written in the form $f(x) = (x-1)(x^2+bx+c)$, where b and c are constants and $b>0$
3	(b) (i)	Write down the value of $\ c$ [1 mark]
		c=
3	(b) (ii)	The discriminant of $x^2 + bx + c$ is zero.
		Use this to find the value of $\ b$ [2 marks]
		b =



3 (c) Sketch the graph of y = f(x) on the axes below.

Include on your sketch the coordinates of any points where the curve cuts or touches the axes.

[3 marks]



Q

Turn over for the next question



4		A car manufacturer produced electric cars as part of a project.	
		Production of cars started in Month 1 in which a cars were produced.	
		The number of cars produced each month forms an arithmetic sequence with first term a and common difference d	
		The number of cars produced in Month 19 is equal to half the number of cars prod in Month 3	uced
		There were 252 cars produced in Month 14	
4	(a)	Find the value of $\ a$ and the value of $\ d$	marks]
		$a = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} d = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$	

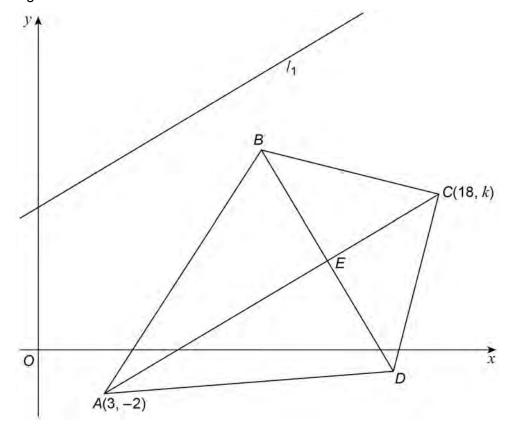


4 (b)	Production of cars stopped at the end of Month 34		Do not outside bo.
	Find the total number of cars produced over the 34-month period.	[2 marks]	
	Answer		6

Turn over for the next question



The line l_1 and the kite with vertices at the points A, B, C and D are shown in the diagram below.



The coordinates of A are (3, -2)

The coordinates of C are (18, k) where k is a constant.

The line segments $\ AC$ and $\ BD$ intersect at the point $\ E$

The line l_1 has equation 5y - 3x = 32

The line segment AC is parallel to l_1

5	(a)	Show that	<i>k</i> = 7
	٠,		

[3 marks]

5	(b)	The point E has coordinates (13, 4) and the line BC has length $2\sqrt{17}$	
		[AC is the perpendicular bisector of BD for the kite ABCD]	
5	(b) (i)	Show that the lines BE and CE are equal in length.	[2 marks]
			[3 marks]
			_
5	(b) (ii)	Find the coordinates of B and the coordinates of D	[3 marks]
		B D	
		Question 5 continues on the next page	
		Question 5 continues on the next page	



Find the coordinates of the point at which l_1 and l_2 intersect.	
. 1 2	[5 marks]
Answer	



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6 The curve C is such that any point (x, y) on C satisfies the equation

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}^2 y}{\mathrm{d}x^2} = 4x - 5$$

6 (a) The point P lies on C

P is a stationary point and at *P*, $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = 11$

6 (a) (i) State with a reason whether P is a minimum point or a maximum point.

[1 mark]

6	(a) (ii)	It is given that	$\frac{\mathrm{d}y}{\mathrm{d}x} = 2x^2 - 5x + a$
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Show that d = -12

[2 marks]

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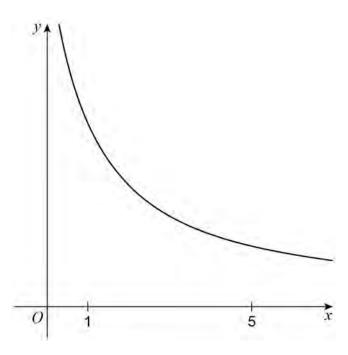
6 (b)	The point $Q(a, 14)$, where $a > 0$, lies on C	
	The normal to C at Q has gradient $-\frac{1}{30}$	
	Find the equation of C	[7 marks]
		[/ marks]
	_	
		-
	Answer	

Turn over ▶

10



7 The diagram shows part of the curve with equation $y = \frac{k}{x+1}$ where k > 0



When the trapezium rule with five ordinates (four strips) is used the value obtained for $\int_{1}^{5} \frac{k}{x+1} dx$ is 14.07

7 (a) Find the value of k

[4 marks]

		15	
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		k =	
7	(b) (i)	State with a reason whether the value of 14.07 is an over-estimate or an under-estimate c^5	
		of the actual value of $\int_{1}^{5} \frac{k}{x+1} dx$	
		[2 marks]	
7	(b) (ii)	Explain how, while still using the trapezium rule, a better approximation to the actual	
		value of $\int_{1}^{5} \frac{k}{x+1} dx$ could be found.	
		$J_1 x + 1$ [1 mark]	
			7



8	(a)	The function f is defined by
		$f(x) = x^3 - 6x^2 + 57x - 9$
8	(a) (i)	Find $f'(x)$ [1 mark]
		f'(x) =
8	(a) (ii)	By writing your expression for $f'(x)$ in the form $a(x+b)^2+c$, where a , b and c are integers, prove that f is an increasing function for all real values of x [5 marks]



8	(b)	The point	<i>P</i> (16, 13)	lies on the curve with equation
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$$y = \frac{1}{4}x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 16x^{-\frac{1}{2}} - 7$$
 where $x > 0$

the x -axis.	ordinates of the point	where the tangent t	o the curve at P	inters
				[5

Answer_

11



The first four terms in ascending powers of x in the expansion of $(1+ax)^n$	are
$1 - \frac{14}{5}x + \frac{84}{25}x^2 - bx^3$	
where a and b are non-zero constants and n is a positive integer.	
Show that $n = 7$ and find the value of a and the value of b	[7 marks]



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	6	<i>q</i> =	b =	7
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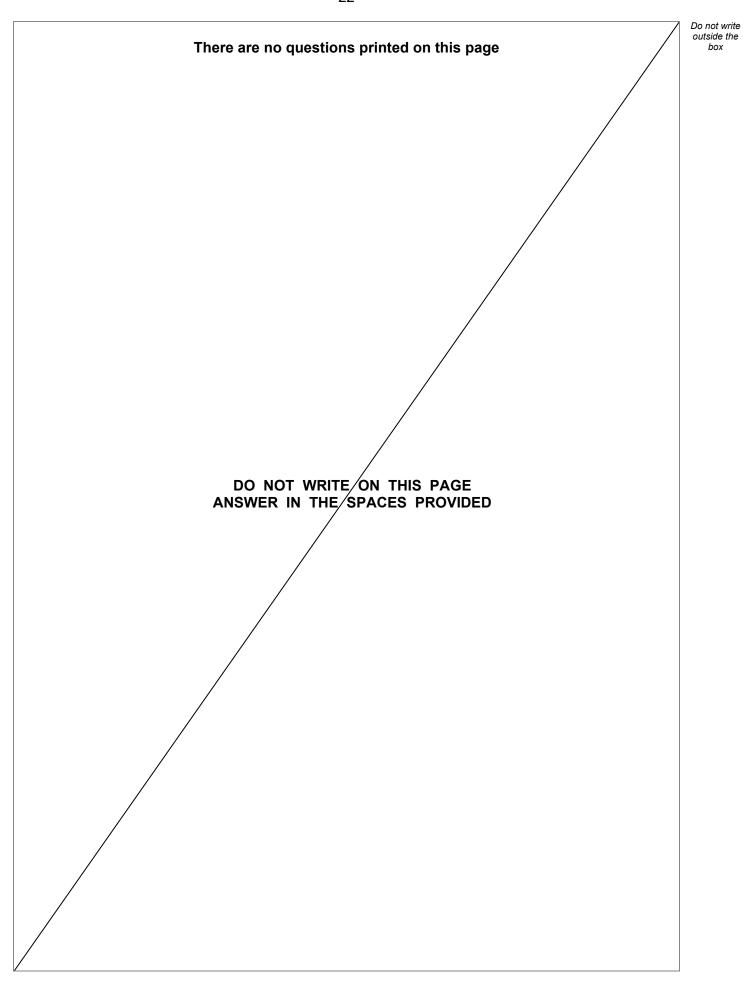
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10	In a geometric series the first term is 12 and the second term is $8-x$
	The sum to infinity of this geometric series has a finite value.
10 (a)	Find the possible values of x [3 marks]
	Answer
10 (b)	In the case when x must also be positive, find the possible values of the sum to infinity of the geometric series.
	[4 marks]



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Answer	7
END OF QUESTIONS	







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