

Please write clearly in block capitals.

Centre number

Candidate number

Surname

Forename(s)

Candidate signature

I declare this is my own work.

INTERNATIONAL AS

MATHEMATICS

(9660/MA01) Unit P1 Pure Mathematics

Thursday 4 January 2024

07:00 GMT

Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes

Materials

- For this paper you must have the OxfordAQA Booklet of Formulae and Statistical Tables (enclosed).
- You may use a graphical calculator.

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Pencil should only be used for drawing.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer **all** questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- If you need extra space for your answer(s), use the lined pages at the end of this book. Write the question number against your answer(s).
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 80.

Advice

- Unless stated otherwise, you may quote formulae, without proof, from the booklet.
- Show all necessary working; otherwise marks may be lost.

For Examiner's Use	
Question	Mark
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	
TOTAL	



Answer **all** questions in the spaces provided.

**1** The function  $f$  is defined by

$$f(x) = 2x^2 - 14x + 8$$

**1 (a)** It is given that  $f(x)$  can be expressed in the form  $2(x+a)^2 + b$  where  $a$  and  $b$  are constants.

**1 (a) (i)** Find the value of  $a$

Circle your answer.

**[1 mark]**

$-7$

$-\frac{7}{2}$

$\frac{7}{2}$

$7$

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**1 (a) (ii)** Find the value of  $b$

Circle your answer.

**[1 mark]**

$-41$

$-\frac{33}{2}$

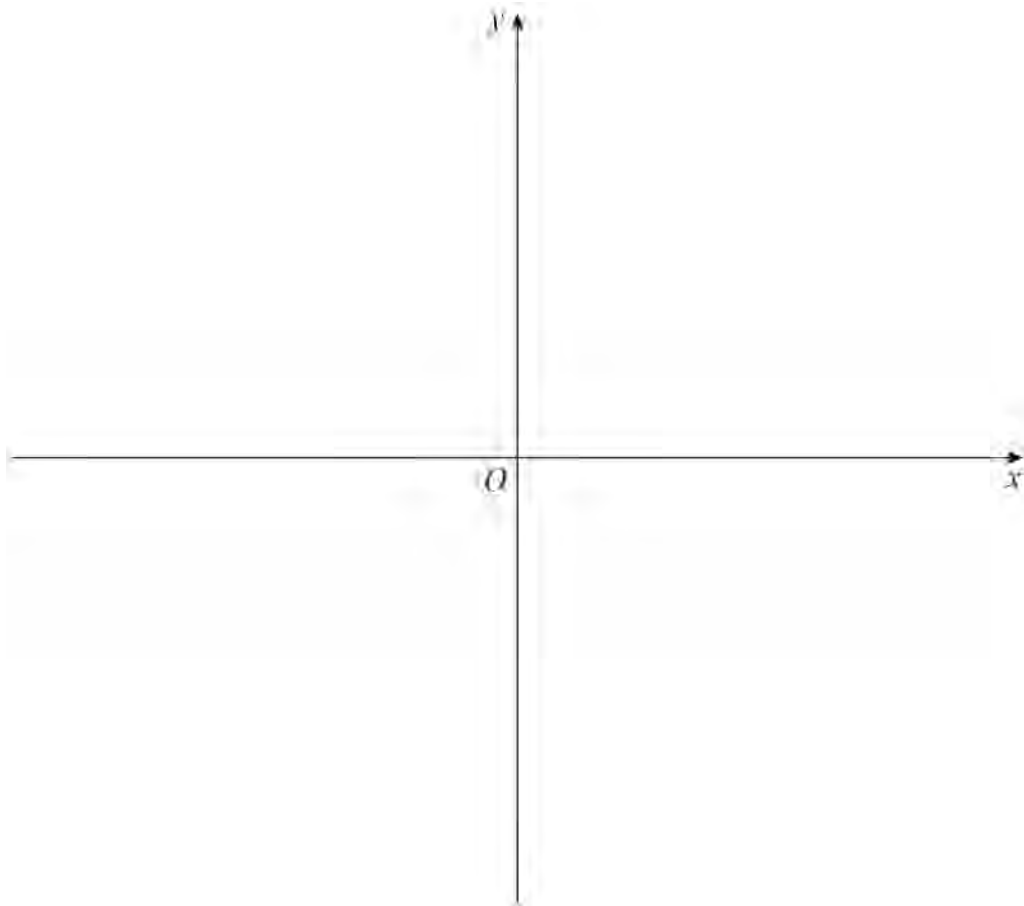
$-\frac{33}{4}$

$-\frac{17}{4}$



- 1 (b) Sketch the curve with equation  $y = f(x)$  on the axes below, showing the coordinates of the  $y$ -intercept and the coordinates of the vertex.

[3 marks]



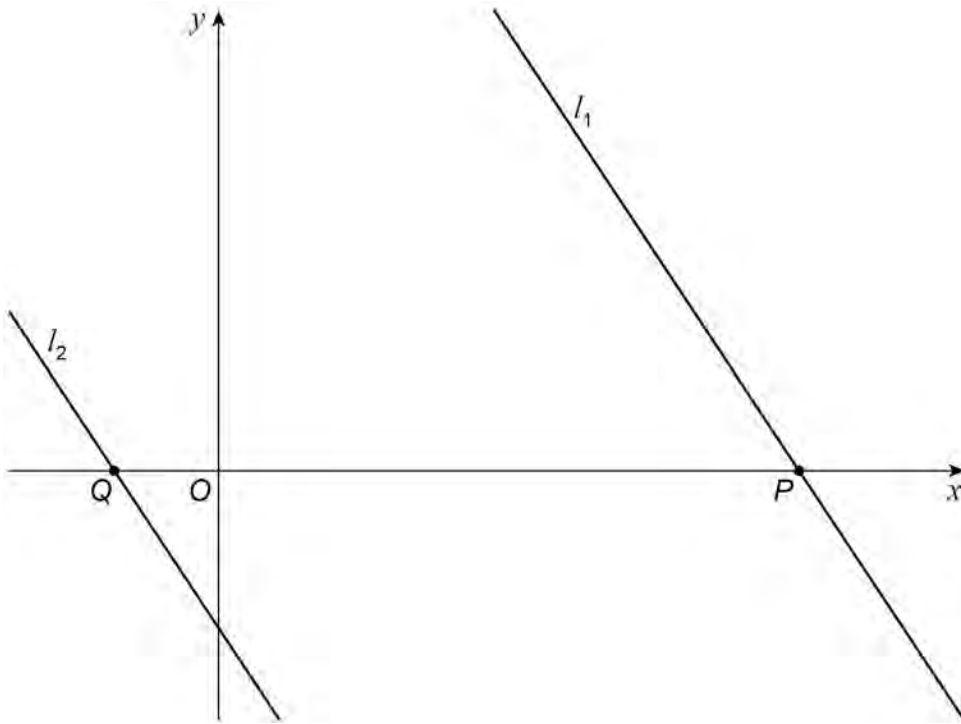
5

Turn over for the next question

Turn over ►



- 2 The diagram shows the lines  $l_1$  and  $l_2$  and the points  $P$  and  $Q$



The line  $l_1$  has equation  $3x + 2y - 66 = 0$  and intersects the  $x$ -axis at  $P$

The line  $l_2$  intersects the  $x$ -axis at  $Q$

- 2 (a) Find the coordinates of  $P$

[1 mark]

Answer \_\_\_\_\_

- 2 (b) The line  $l_2$  is parallel to the line  $l_1$  and intersects the  $y$ -axis at the point  $(0, -6)$

Find the coordinates of  $Q$

[2 marks]

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Answer \_\_\_\_\_



**[4 marks]**

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**[2 marks]**

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Answer

**3 (a)** The equation of a curve is

$$y = kx^{\frac{1}{2}} - 12x^{-\frac{3}{2}}$$

where  $x > 0$  and  $k$  is a constant.

The curve passes through the point  $\left(2p, \frac{8}{p}\sqrt{2p}\right)$  where  $p$  is a positive constant.

Show that  $k = \frac{mp+n}{p^2}$  where  $m$  and  $n$  are integers.

**[3 marks]**

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**3 (b)**

for  $t \neq 0.8$

Show that

$$w = (at + b)(\sqrt{ct} + d)$$

where  $a, b, c$  and  $d$  are integers.

**[4 marks]**

[illegible]

7

**Turn over ►**



Answer \_\_\_\_\_





**4 (b)** In the case when  $k = 12$  find the exact value of  $u_4$

**[2 marks]**

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Answer \_\_\_\_\_

7

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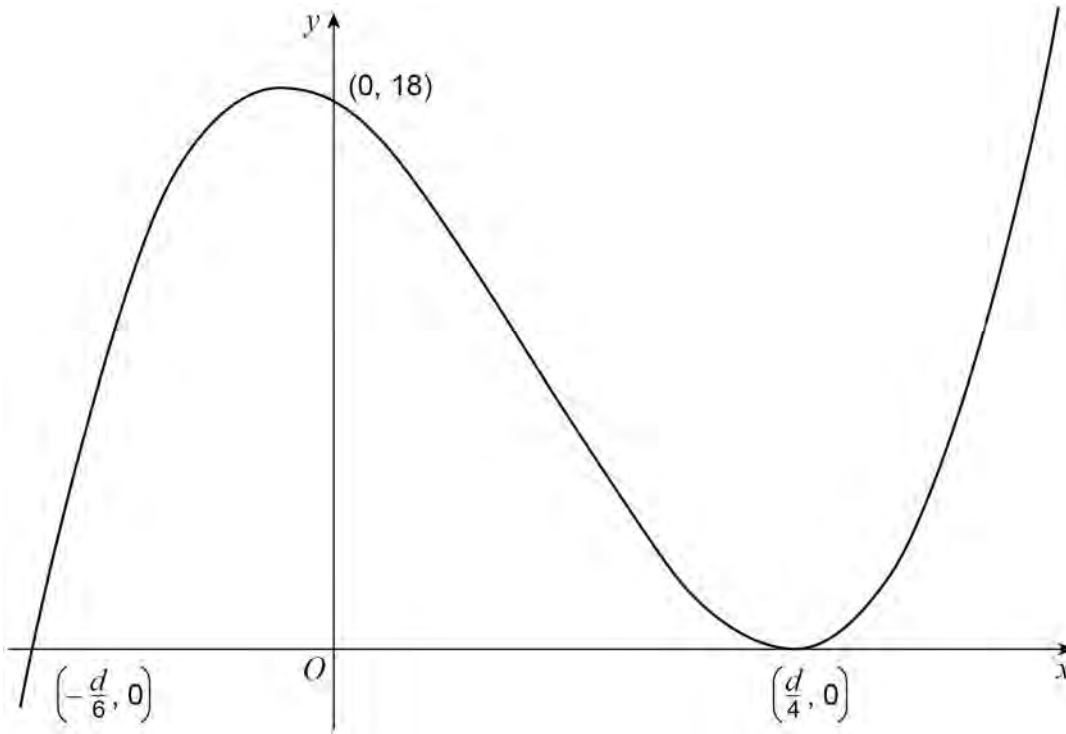
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5 The graph with equation  $y = f(x)$  where

$$f(x) = x^3 + bx^2 + cx + 18$$

and  $b$  and  $c$  are constants is shown in the diagram below.



The graph:

intersects the  $x$ -axis at the point  $\left(-\frac{d}{6}, 0\right)$  where  $d$  is a positive constant

touches the  $x$ -axis at the point  $\left(\frac{d}{4}, 0\right)$

intersects the  $y$ -axis at the point  $(0, 18)$

5 (a) Show that  $d = 12$

[2 marks]

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**5 (b)** By writing  $f(x)$  as a product of linear factors prove that

$$f(x) = x^3 - 4x^2 - 3x + 18$$

**[3 marks]**

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**Question 5 continues on the next page**

**Turn over ►**



- [3 marks]**

[illegible]

$$g(x) =$$



**5 (d)** Use the Factor Theorem to determine whether  $(x - 5)$  is a factor of  $g(x)$

**[2 marks]**

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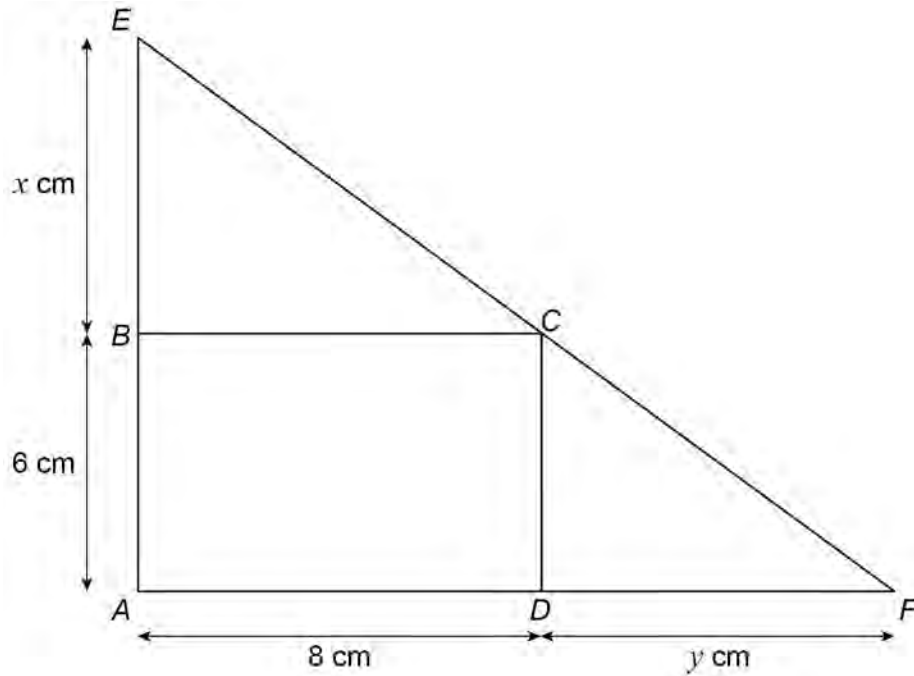
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- 6** The diagram shows a rectangle  $ABCD$  and a triangle  $AEF$  where  $AB = 6\text{ cm}$ ,  $AD = 8\text{ cm}$ ,  $BE = x\text{ cm}$  and  $DF = y\text{ cm}$

The point  $B$  lies on  $AE$ , the point  $C$  lies on  $EF$  and the point  $D$  lies on  $AF$



- 6 (a)** Show that the area  $T\text{ cm}^2$  of the triangle  $AEF$  is given by

$$T = 48 + 4x + \frac{144}{x}$$

**[3 marks]**

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**[4 marks]**

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$T =$  \_\_\_\_\_

**[2 marks]**

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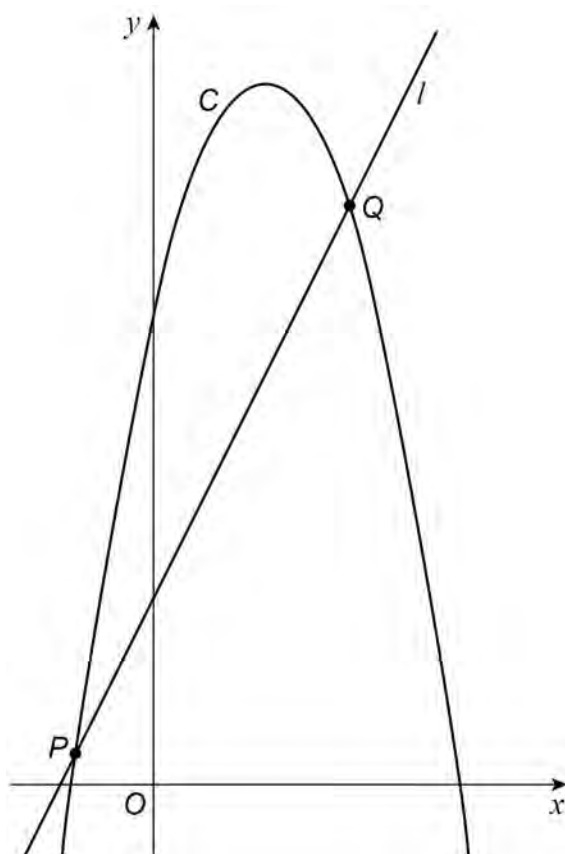
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- 7 The curve  $C$  and the line  $l$  are shown in the diagram below.



The line  $l$  intersects  $C$  at the points  $P$  and  $Q$

The equation of  $C$  is  $y = 35 + 4x - \frac{1}{4}x^2$

- 7 (a) The tangent to  $C$  at the point where  $x = 4$  is parallel to  $l$

The line  $l$  passes through the point  $(5, 24)$

Show that the  $x$ -coordinates of  $P$  and  $Q$  satisfy the equation

$$x^2 - 8x - 84 = 0$$

**[5 marks]**

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**[2 marks]**

Answer \_\_\_\_\_

**Turn over ►**



7 (c) (i) Find  $\int \left( 35 + 4x - \frac{1}{4}x^2 \right) dx$

[2 marks]

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Answer \_\_\_\_\_

7 (c) (ii) Find the area of the finite region bounded by  $C$  and  $l$

Show clearly each step of your working.

[5 marks]

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Answer \_\_\_\_\_

14

**Turn over for the next question**

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**[1 mark]**

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Answer

$$4(1-\sqrt{x})^3 + (1+\sqrt{x})^3$$
$$5 + a\sqrt{x} + 15x + bx\sqrt{x}$$

**[4 marks]**

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$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 4(1 - \sqrt{x})^3 + (1 + \sqrt{x})^3$$

Find the equation of  $C$

Give your answer in the form  $y = f(x)$

**[5 marks]**

[illegible]

Answer

10

**Turn over ►**



**9 (a)** The first three terms of a geometric series are

 $a, b$  and  $c$ 

where  $a$ ,  $b$  and  $c$  are real numbers.

It is given that  $b = 27c^2$

Find  $b$  in terms of  $a$

**[4 marks]**

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Answer \_\_\_\_\_



Show that

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{5-4 \times(-3)^{n-1}}{k^n}=\frac{(k+p)}{(k+q)(k+r)}$$

where  $p$ ,  $q$  and  $r$  are integers.

**[5 marks]**

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**END OF QUESTIONS**



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