
INTERNATIONAL A-LEVEL MATHEMATICS

MA04

(9660/MA04) Unit S2 Statistics

Mark scheme

January 2021

Version: 1.0 Final

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Key to mark scheme abbreviations

| | |
|----------------|--|
| M | Mark is for method |
| m | Mark is dependent on one or more M marks and is for method |
| A | Mark is dependent on M or m marks and is for accuracy |
| B | Mark is independent of M or m marks and is for method and accuracy |
| E | Mark is for explanation |
| ✓ or ft | Follow through from previous incorrect result |
| CAO | Correct answer only |
| CSO | Correct solution only |
| AWFW | Anything which falls within |
| AWRT | Anything which rounds to |
| ACF | Any correct form |
| AG | Answer given |
| SC | Special case |
| oe | Or equivalent |
| A2, 1 | 2 or 1 (or 0) accuracy marks |
| –x EE | Deduct x marks for each error |
| NMS | No method shown |
| PI | Possibly implied |
| SCA | Substantially correct approach |
| sf | Significant figure(s) |
| dp | Decimal place(s) |

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|---------|--|-------|----------|
| 1(a)(i) | $E[3X_1 + 2X_2 - X_3] = 3E[X_1] + 2E[X_2] - 3E[X_3]$ $= 3f + 2h - g$ | B1 | |
| | | 1 | |

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|----------|---|-------|----------|
| 1(a)(ii) | $\text{Var}[4X_1 - 3X_2] = 4^2 \text{Var}[X_1] + 3^2 \text{Var}[X_2]$ $= 25g$ | B1 | |
| | | 1 | |

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|------|---|----------------------|--|
| 1(b) | $3h = f$ and $f + g + h = 7.1$ $2g + 2 = 9 \Rightarrow g = 3.5$ $3h = f$, $f + h = 3.6$ $f = 2.7$ and $h = 0.9$ | B1 B1 M1 A1 | PI oe PI by correct answer. For a clear attempt to find f and h oe |
| | | 4 | |

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|--|------------------|---|--|
| | Question 1 Total | 6 | |
|--|------------------|---|--|

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|------|---|---|--|
| 2(a) | $X \sim B(25, 0.9)$ $H_0: p = 0.9$ $H_1: p > 0.9$ $[1 - P(X \leq 23) =] \quad 1 - 0.729 = 0.271$ $P(X \geq 24) = 0.271$ $0.271 > 0.1$ Do not reject H_0 No evidence to suggest that Steve has a higher 'at least satisfactory' rating | B1 B1 M1 A1 m1 A1ft E1 | PI [or $Y \sim B(25, 0.1)$] $H_0: p = 0.1$ $H_1: p < 0.1$ 0.271 $P(Y \leq 1) = 0.271$ Comparison of probability with 0.1 Allow CR for Y as $\{0\}$ for M1 A1 as is a CR for X is $\{25\}$ Allow 'accept H_0 ' Correct statement must be in context and must follow from fully correct solution. |
| | | 7 | |

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|---------|--------|-------|----------|
| 2(b)(i) | 0.0718 | B1 | |
| | | 1 | |

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|----------|---|-------|---------------------|
| 2(b)(ii) | Accepting that the proportion of Steve's deliveries that are 'at least satisfactory' is greater than 90% when it is 90% | B1 | Must be in context. |
| | | 1 | |

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|--|------------------|---|--|
| | Question 2 Total | 9 | |
|--|------------------|---|--|

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|------|---|------------------|--|
| 3(a) | $F(8) = 1$ so $64k - \frac{1}{3} = 1$ oe or $F(4) = 0$ so $16k - \frac{1}{3} = 0$ oe $k = \frac{1}{48}$ | M1 A1 | Correct substitution of upper or lower limit oe $k = 0.0208\dot{3}$ |
| | | 2 | |

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|------|--------|---|----------|
| 3(b) | | <p>B1</p> <p>Use of a straight line with positive gradient between $t = 4$ and $t = 8$</p> <p>B1</p> <p>Correct end points for the correct straight line between $t = 4$ and $t = 8$</p> <p>$\left[\left(4, \frac{1}{6} \right) \text{ and } \left(8, \frac{1}{3} \right) \right]$</p> <p>B1</p> <p>Correct graph between for $0 \leq t \leq 4$ and $8 \leq t \leq 10$</p> | |
| | | 3 | |

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|--|-------------------------|----------|--|
| | Question 3 Total | 5 | |
|--|-------------------------|----------|--|

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|---|--|--|---|
| 4 | $H_0: \mu = 70$ [days] $H_1: \mu > 70$ $\bar{x} = 70.6$ $s^2 = \frac{1}{99} \times \left(499000 - \frac{7060^2}{100} \right)$ $= 5.6\dot{9}$ $\bar{X} \sim N\left(70, \frac{5.6\dot{9}}{100}\right)$ $z = \frac{70.6 - 70}{\sqrt{\frac{5.6\dot{9}}{100}}}$ $= 2.5[13791745]$ $z_{\text{crit}} = 2.3[26347931]$ Reject H_0 as $2.5[137...] > 2.3[263...]$ or $z > z_{\text{crit}}$ Evidence to suggest that weed treatment has an increase in the 'mean number of days' claimed [at the 1% level] | B1 B1 M1 A1 M1 M1 A1 B1 A1ft E1 | Seen or used Attempt at variance formula Allow one slip Implied by correct answer (oe 188/33) ARWT 5.70 accept $s = 2.38[6832566]$ $\bar{X} \sim N\left(\mu, \frac{s^2}{100}\right)$ Calculates z with their s^2 , their \bar{x} and their μ or for se = 0.238.... or $P(\bar{X} \geq 70.6) = 0.006$ or sight of 70.56 for \bar{x} or 0.00597 AWRT 2.3 or for CR is $\bar{x} > 70.56$ Allow 'accept H_1 ' Follow through their z and z_{crit} provided signs are consistent or comparison of $70.6 > 70.56$ or comparison of their '0.00597' to 0.01 Must be consistent with their conclusion on whether to accept H_1 or not based on their z and z_{crit} if not explicitly stated |
| | | 10 | |

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|--|-------------------------|-----------|--|
| | Question 4 Total | 10 | |
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| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|-------------|--|--|--|
| 5(a) | $P(X=7) = \frac{e^{-4} \times 4^7}{7!}$ <p>or $P(X=5) = \frac{e^{-4} \times 4^5}{5!}$</p> $P(X=7) = kP(X=5)$ $\frac{e^{-4} \times 4^7}{7!} = k \frac{e^{-4} \times 4^5}{5!}$ $k = \frac{4^2 \times 5!}{7!}$ $k = \frac{8}{21} \text{ or } k = 0.\dot{3}8095\dot{2}$ | <p>B1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> | <p>or correct use of $P(X=n)$ and $P(X=n+2)$</p> <p>PI by sight of $k = \frac{16}{42}$</p> <p>eg $P(X=7) = \frac{\lambda^2}{7.6} P(X=5)$</p> <p>If B0 M0 scored then SC2 for use of statistical tables which lead to a value for k as 0.381 or better</p> |
| | | 3 | |

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 5(b)(i) | $P(X < 3) = P(X \leq 2)$ $= 0.6767$ | <p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> | <p>oe</p> <p>CAO</p> |
| | | 2 | |

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|-----------------|--|--|---|
| 5(b)(ii) | $\lambda = 14$ $[P(8 < X < 17) =] \quad P(X \leq 16) - P(X \leq 8)$ $= 0.6938 \text{ or } 0.6939$ | <p>B1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> | <p>Seen or used</p> <p>PI by correct final answer Condone one slip oe 0.7559 – 0.0621</p> <p>CAO</p> |
| | | 3 | |

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|---------|---|---|---|
| 5(c)(i) | $\sum fx = 446$ or $\sum fx^2 = 3554$ $\bar{x} = 6.97$ (3 sf) $s^2 = 7.08$ (3 sf) | M1 A1 A1 | Summary statistics found PI by at least one correct answer AWRT 6.97 AWRT 7.08 Note: $s^2 = 6.97$ is A0 [using n rather than $n - 1$ as denominator] |
| | | 3 | |

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|----------|--|--------------------------------|--|
| 5(c)(ii) | $\bar{x} \approx s^2$ [so this supports Dave's claim] comparison of their values \bar{x} or s^2 to $(5 + 2) = 7$ [so this supports Dave's claim] | B1ft B1ft | Comment directly comparing their mean and variance B0 for conflicting statements |
| | | 2 | |

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|--|-------------------------|-----------|--|
| | Question 5 Total | 13 | |
|--|-------------------------|-----------|--|

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|------|--|-------|----------|
| 6(a) | $\left[\text{Variance} = \frac{1}{0.2^2} = \right] 25 \text{ [mins]}$ | B1 | |
| | | 1 | |

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|------|---|--------------|---|
| 6(b) | $P(T < 15) = 1 - e^{-0.2 \times 15}$ [= 0.9502129316] = 0.950 | M1 A1 | Attempts to find correct probability using cdf of exponential or integration of pdf |
| | | 2 | |

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|------|---|------------------------|--|
| 6(c) | $P(T > 30 T > 20) = P(T > 10)$ $P(T > 10) = e^{-10 \times 0.2}$ [= 0.1353352832] = 0.135 | M1 M1 A1 | A clear attempt at the no memory rule or $\left(\frac{e^{-30 \times 0.2}}{e^{-20 \times 0.2}} \right)$ or use of $P(T > 10)$ or $P(T < 10)$ Calculates their probability |
| | | 3 | |

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|------|---|--------------|----------|
| 6(d) | $e^{-0.2t} = 0.6$ $-0.2t = \ln(0.6)$ $t = -5 \ln(0.6)$ $t = 2.55 \text{ [mins]}$ | M1 A1 | |
| | | 2 | |

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|--|------------------|---|--|
| | Question 6 Total | 8 | |
|--|------------------|---|--|

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|---|--|--|--|
| 7 | $\left[\int \frac{1}{x} f(x) dx = \right] \quad \frac{1}{60} \int_1^3 \frac{1}{x} \times (10x + x^3) dx$ $= \frac{1}{60} \left[10x + \frac{x^3}{3} \right]_1^3$ $= \frac{1}{60} \left(39 - \left(10 + \frac{1}{3} \right) \right)$ $= \frac{43}{90}$ | <p>M1</p> <p>m1</p> <p>A1</p> | <p>PI</p> <p>correct integration with correct limits</p> <p>oe</p> |
| | | 3 | |
| | Question 7 Total | 3 | |

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|---|--|---|---|
| 8 | $H_0: \mu = 200$ $H_1: \mu \neq 200$ $[dof] \quad \nu = 9$ $t_{crit} = \pm 2.262$ $t = [\pm] \frac{200.3 - 200}{\left(\frac{0.55}{\sqrt{10}} \right)}$ $= 1.72 [487872...]$ Do not reject H_0 as $[-t_{crit} <] t < t_{crit}$ No evidence to suggest that the mean mass of the spheres produced by the machine has changed (at the 5% level) | B1 M1 A1 M1 A1 A1ft E1 | Both hypotheses PI by correct t_{crit} Seen or used Seen or used must be +ve Follow through their t and t_{crit} Implied by correct conclusion in context Allow ‘accept H_0 ’ Must be consistent with their conclusion on whether to accept H_0 or not or their t and t_{crit} if not explicitly stated Must be in context and must not be definite. |
| | | 7 | |
| | Question 8 Total | 7 | |

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|---------|--|----------|---|
| 9(a)(i) | The midpoint of 170 and 200 is 185 and the normal distribution is symmetric | E1 E1 | Allow calculation from 2 standardised equations |
| | | 2 | |

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|----------|---|--------------|--|
| 9(a)(ii) | $P(Z < 2) - (1 - P(Z < 2))$ $= 0.9545$ | M1 A1 | PI by a correct sketch. Allow standardising with their ' μ ' or $2P(Z < 2) - 1$ CAO |
| | | 2 | |

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|---------|---|------------------------|---|
| 9(b)(i) | $[\Phi^{-1}(0.45) = z =] - 0.1257$ $P\left(Z < \frac{190 - 200}{\sigma}\right) = 0.45$ $\frac{190 - 200}{\sigma} = -0.1257$ $\sigma = 79.6$ | B1 M1 A1 | Seen or used. Condone +0.1256613431 Attempt to standardise with a z-value |
| | | 3 | |

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|----------|--------|-------|----------|
| 9(b)(ii) | 1 | B1 | |
| | | 1 | |

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|--|------------------|---|--|
| | Question 9 Total | 8 | |
|--|------------------|---|--|

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|-------|-------------------------|-------|----------|
| 10(a) | [from symmetry] $x = 5$ | B1 | |
| | | 1 | |

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|-------|--|----------------|---|
| 10(b) | $a = \frac{0.1 - 0.05}{4 - 0}$ or $b = \frac{0.05 - 0.1}{10 - 6}$ $a = 0.0125$ $b = -0.0125$ | M1 A1 B1 | PI. Attempt to find gradient of a or b Allow one slip For a or b correct, oe ft for ‘–their a ’ or ‘–their b ’ |
| | | 3 | |

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|-------|--|---|---|
| 10(c) | $\int_4^6 \left(q - n(x-5)^2 \right) dx = \left[qx - \frac{n(x-5)^3}{3} \right]_4^6$ <p>[Area beneath pdf between 0 and 4 = 0.3]</p> $\left[qx - \frac{n(x-5)^3}{3} \right]_4^6 = 1 - 2 \times 0.3$ $2q - \frac{2n}{3} = 0.4$ $[f(4) =] q - n = 0.1$ $q = 0.25$ $n = 0.15$ | <p>M1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>A1</p> | <p>or $\left[qx - \frac{n(x-5)^3}{3} \right]_4^5 = 0.2$</p> <p>sub in $x = 4$ or $x = 6$ into $f(x)$</p> |
| | | 5 | |

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|-------|---|---------------------|---|
| 10(d) | $\int_0^4 (ax + 0.05) dx$ $+ \int_4^{4.5} \left(q - n(x-5)^2 \right) dx = 0.3 + \left[qx - \frac{n(x-5)^3}{3} \right]_4^{4.5}$ $= \frac{61}{160}$ | <p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> | <p>Attempt to add two correct probabilities can be a trapezium for area or sight of 0.3 and $\frac{13}{160}$</p> <p>oe 0.38125</p> |
| | | 2 | |
| | Question 10 Total | 11 | |