

Write your name here

Surname

Other names

**Pearson Edexcel**  
**International**  
**Advanced Level**

Centre Number

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Candidate Number

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# Mechanics M2

## Advanced/Advanced Subsidiary

Tuesday 9 June 2015 – Morning  
**Time: 1 hour 30 minutes**

Paper Reference

**WME02/01**

**You must have:**

Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables (Blue)

Total Marks

**Candidates may use any calculator allowed by the regulations of the Joint Council for Qualifications. Calculators must not have the facility for symbolic algebra manipulation, differentiation and integration, or have retrievable mathematical formulae stored in them.**

### Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- If pencil is used for diagrams/sketches/graphs it must be dark (HB or B). Coloured pencils and highlighter pens must not be used.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions and ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided  
– *there may be more space than you need.*
- You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear. Answers without working may not gain full credit.
- Whenever a numerical value of  $g$  is required, take  $g = 9.8 \text{ m s}^{-2}$ , and give your answer to either two significant figures or three significant figures.
- When a calculator is used, the answer should be given to an appropriate degree of accuracy.

### Information

- The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets  
– *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*

### Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ►

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**PEARSON**



Q1





### Question 2 continued

This image shows a full page of blank, lined paper. It features approximately 28 horizontal gray lines spaced evenly across the page, typical of standard notebook paper. The lines are thin and light gray, set against a plain white background. There is no handwriting or other markings on the page.

### Question 2 continued

**(Total 10 marks)**

**Q2**







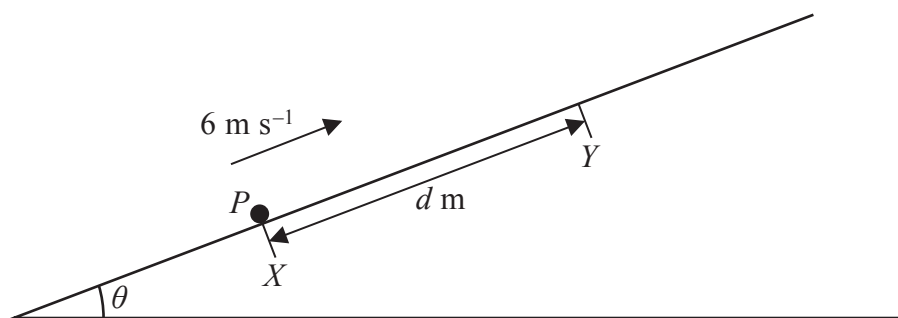
This image shows a single sheet of white paper with horizontal ruling lines. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the paper.

This image shows a full page of blank, lined paper. It features approximately 28 evenly spaced horizontal gray lines across its entire width, providing a template for handwriting practice or general note-taking. The background is a clean, solid white color.

**(Total 10 marks)**

**Q3**





### Figure 1

$XY = d$  metres. The plane is inclined at an angle  $\theta$  to the horizontal, where  $\tan \theta = \frac{5}{12}$ .

The coefficient of friction between  $P$  and the plane is  $\frac{1}{3}$ .

- (a) Use the work-energy principle to show that, to 2 significant figures,  $d = 2.7$  (7)

After coming to rest at  $Y$ , the particle  $P$  slides back down the plane.

- (b) Find the speed of  $P$  as it passes through  $X$ . (4)





**Question 4 continued**



**(Total 11 marks)**

## Q4



- After this collision between  $B$  and  $C$ , the kinetic energy of  $C$  is  $\frac{72}{245}mu^2$

- (b) Find the coefficient of restitution between  $B$  and  $C$ . (6)

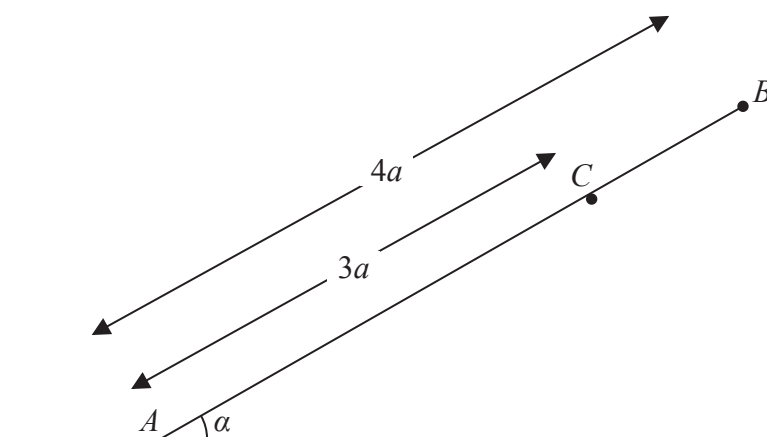




[illegible]

**Q5**

6.



**Figure 2**

A uniform rod  $AB$  has length  $4a$  and weight  $W$ . A particle of weight  $kW$ ,  $k < 1$ , is attached to the rod at  $B$ . The rod rests in equilibrium against a fixed smooth horizontal peg. The end  $A$  of the rod is on rough horizontal ground, as shown in Figure 2. The rod rests on the peg at  $C$ , where  $AC = 3a$ , and makes an angle  $\alpha$  with the ground, where  $\tan \alpha = \frac{1}{3}$ . The peg is perpendicular to the vertical plane containing  $AB$ .

(a) Give a reason why the force acting on the rod at  $C$  is perpendicular to the rod. (1)

(b) Show that the magnitude of the force acting on the rod at  $C$  is

$$\frac{\sqrt{10}}{5}W(1 + 2k)$$
(4)

The coefficient of friction between the rod and the ground is  $\frac{3}{4}$ .

(c) Show that for the rod to remain in equilibrium  $k \leq \frac{2}{11}$ . (7)

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### Question 6 continued

[illegible]

Question 6 continued

Lined area for writing the answer to Question 6.

(Total 12 marks)

Q6

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[illegible]

### Question 7 continued

This image shows a full page of blank, lined paper. It features approximately 20 evenly spaced horizontal grey lines across its entire width, typical of notebook or school paper. The background is white, and there are no margins, text, or other markings present.

**(Total 13 marks)**

**Q7**

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**TOTAL FOR PAPER: 75 MARKS**

**END**

