

Mark Scheme (Results)

January 2015

Pearson Edexcel International A Level in Decision Mathematics 1 (WDM01/01)

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General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

PEARSON EDEXCEL IAL MATHEMATICS

General Instructions for Marking

- 1. The total number of marks for the paper is 75
- 2. The Edexcel Mathematics mark schemes use the following types of marks:
- **M** marks: Method marks are awarded for 'knowing a method and attempting to apply it', unless otherwise indicated.
- A marks: Accuracy marks can only be awarded if the relevant method
 (M) marks have been earned.
- **B** marks are unconditional accuracy marks (independent of M marks)
- Marks should not be subdivided.

3. Abbreviations

These are some of the traditional marking abbreviations that will appear in the mark schemes.

- bod benefit of doubt
- ft follow through
- the symbol $\sqrt{}$ will be used for correct ft
- cao correct answer only
- cso correct solution only. There must be no errors in this part of the question to obtain this mark
- isw ignore subsequent working
- awrt answers which round to
- SC: special case
- oe or equivalent (and appropriate)
- d... or dep dependent
- indep independent
- dp decimal places
- sf significant figures
- * The answer is printed on the paper or ag- answer given
- or d... The second mark is dependent on gaining the first mark
- 4. All A marks are 'correct answer only' (cao.), unless shown, for example, as A1 ft to indicate that previous wrong working is to be followed through. After a misread however, the subsequent A marks affected are treated as A ft, but manifestly absurd answers should never be awarded A marks.

- 5. For misreading which does not alter the character of a question or materially simplify it, deduct two from any A or B marks gained, in that part of the question affected.
- 6. If a candidate makes more than one attempt at any question:
 - If all but one attempt is crossed out, mark the attempt which is NOT crossed out.
 - If either all attempts are crossed out or none are crossed out, mark all the attempts and score the highest single attempt.
- 7. Ignore wrong working or incorrect statements following a correct answer.

Question Number	Scheme	Marks	S
1. (a)	AC, AB, BH; AF AG; DG, DE or BE	M1 A1 A1	(3)
(b)	H • B • C • A • G	B1	
	Weight of tree = 73 (mins)	B1	(2)
(c)	No – there are two different MST (with a weight of 73) either with DE or BE	B1	(1)
		6 marks	

a1M1: First three arcs correctly chosen in order {AC, AB, BH,...} **or** first four nodes correctly chosen in order{A, C, B, H,...}. **If any rejections seen at any point then M1 (max) only**. Order of nodes may be seen at the top of the matrix {1, 3, 2, -, -, -, -, 4} so please check the top of the matrix carefully. a1A1: First five arcs correctly chosen in order {AC, AB, BH, AF, AG,...} **or** all eight nodes correctly chosen in order{A, C, B, H, F, G, D, E}. Order of nodes may be seen at the top of the matrix so for the first two marks accept {1, 3, 2, 7, 8, 5, 6, 4} (**do not** condone any missing numbers e.g. the number 8 must be above E).

a2A1: CSO – all **arcs** correct stated and chosen in the correct order. Candidates must be considering arcs for this final mark (do not accept a list of nodes or numbers across the top of the matrix unless the correct list of arcs (in the correct order) is also seen). Allow DE **or** BE for the final arc but not DE **and** BE.

Misread: Starting at a node other than A scores **M1 only** – must have the first three arcs (or four nodes) correct (and in the correct order).

b1B1: CAO (condone lack of weights on arcs) – condone, say, a dashed line between B and E if arc DE is in the tree (or vice-versa).

b2B1: CAO (73) (condone lack of units).

c1B1: CAO – mention of two different MST with either arc BE or DE.

Question		Scheme	Mark	s		
Number	a a D aan anly da s	each 2 and E can only do task 6 thansform E will have no				
	•	task 2 and F can only do task 6 therefore E will have no				
2 (-)		only do tasks 2 and 6	D1	(1)		
2. (a)	•	k 4 as task 4 can only be done by D therefore task 5 has to	B1	(1)		
		sk 5 can only be done by A and D which leaves task 3 with				
	no worker as only A	A can do task 3				
(b)	C - 1 = A - 3		B1			
	C - 1 = A - 5 = D	- 4	B1	(2)		
(c)	A = 3, B = 2, C = 1	B1				
	A = 5, B = 2, C = 1,	B1	(2)			
(1)	Alternating path	F - 6 = E - 2 = B - 5 = D - 4	N/1			
(d)	or	F - 6 = E - 2 = B - 5 = A - 3	M1			
	Change status	A 1				
	or	F = 6 - E = 2 - B = 5 - A = 3	A1			
	Complete matching	A1	(3)			
8 marks						
		Notes for Question 2				

a1B1: CAO – must be a completely correct statement.

b1B1: CAO (C - 1 = A - 3).

b2B1: CAO (C - 1 = A - 5 = D - 4).

c1B1: CAO (A = 3, B = 2, C = 1, D = 5, E = 6).

c2B1: CAO (A = 5, B = 2, C = 1, D = 4, E = 6).

d1M1: An alternating path from F to either 3 or 4 (or vice-versa).

d1A1: CAO – a correct path including change status **either** stated (only accept 'change (of) status' or 'c.s.') **or** shown. Chosen path clear.

d2A1: CAO must follow from the correct stated path. Accept on a clear diagram (with six arcs only).

Question Number	Scheme	Marks
3. (a)	Bin 1: 1.1 0.7 0.9 <u>0.2</u> Bin 2: 1.9 0.4 0.5 Bin 3: <u>2.1</u> Bin 4: <u>2.3</u> Bin 5: 1.7	M1 <u>A1</u> A1 (3)
(b) (i)	1.1 1.9 0.9 2.1 0.7 2.3 0.4 0.5 1.7 0.2	M1 A1
(ii)	Comparisons: 9 Swaps: 7	B1 B1 (4)
(c)	e.g. using middle right 1.9	M1 A1 A1ft A1 (4)
(d)	Bin 1: 2.3 <u>0.7</u> Bin 2: 2.1 <u>0.9</u> Bin 3: 1.9 1.1 Bin 4: 1.7 0.5 0.4 0.2	M1 A1 A1 (3) 14 marks

a1M1: First four numbers placed correctly and at least six numbers put in bins. Condone cumulative totals here only.

a1A1: First seven numbers placed correctly.

a2A1: CSO – all correct.

bi1M1: Bubble sort, end number in place correctly.

SC for M1 only: 0.7 1.1 0.9 1.9 0.2 2.1 0.4 0.5 1.7 2.3 (ascending from left-hand end).

0.2 1.1 0.7 1.9 0.9 2.1 0.4 2.3 0.5 1.7 (ascending from right-hand end).

2.3 1.1 0.7 1.9 0.9 2.1 0.2 1.7 0.4 0.5 (descending from right-hand end).

bi1A1: CAO – isw after one complete pass.

bii1B1: Comparisons correct (9).

bii2B1: Swaps correct (7).

c1M1: Quick sort – pivots, p, selected and first pass gives >p, p, <p. If only choosing 1 pivot per iteration M1 only. Using bubble sort in this part is M0.

c1A1: First pass correct and next pivots chosen correctly/consistently for second pass.

c2A1ft: Second and third passes correct (follow through from their first pass and choice of pivots) – next pivot(s) chosen correctly/consistently for fourth pass.

c3A1: CSO – including choice of pivot for the fifth pass and then either a 'stop' statement or final re-listing or using each item as a pivot.

d1M1: **Must be using 'sorted' list** in decreasing order (independent of (c)). First five numbers placed correctly and at least six numbers put in bins. **First-fit increasing is M0**.

d1A1: First seven numbers placed correctly.

d2A1: CSO - all correct.

_	stion							Sc	heme		Marks
	Number								avetua numban		
or or corre	SC for (d): If the 'sorted' list used in (d) has one 'error' from (c) (e.g. a missing number, an extra number or one number incorrectly placed) then M1 only can be awarded in (d) (for the first five numbers placed correctly). If there is more than one 'error' then M0. Allow full marks in (d) if a correct list is used in (d) even if the list is incorrect at the end of (c). Sorting list into ascending order in (c) • If the candidate sorts the list into ascending order and reverses the list in (c) then they can score full										
	ma	arks iı	n (c).								
	(c) ca)). If t ndida	he list te say	t is rev s that	versed the lis	at the	e start ds rev	of (d) ersing	but nog in (c)	sread (so remove the last two A mar of in (c) then still treat this as a misro but doesn't actually show the revers	ead. If the
Mid	dle le	ft									
1.9	1.1	2.1	0.9	2.3	0.7	0.5	1.7	0.4	0.2	Pivot 2.3	
<u>2.3</u>	1.9	1.1	2.1	0.9	0.7	0.5	1.7	0.4	0.2	Pivot 0.7	M1 A1
	1.9	1.1	2.1	0.9	1.7	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.2	Pivot 2.1 0.4	
$ \begin{array}{r} \underline{2.3} \\ \underline{2.3} \\ \underline{2.3} \\ \underline{2.3} \\ \underline{2.3} \end{array} $	2.1	1.9	1.1	0.9	1.7	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.2	Pivot 1.1 (0.5) (0.2)	A1ft
2.3	2.1	1.9	1.7	1.1	0.9	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.2	Pivot 1.9 (0.9)	
2.3	2.1	1.9	1.7	1.1	0.9	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.2	(sort complete)	A1
Asce	ending	g orde	er (mie	ddle ri	ight)						
1.9	1.1	2.1	0.9	2.3	0.7	0.5	1.7	0.4	0.2	Pivot 0.7	
0.5	0.4	0.2	0.7	1.9	1.1	2.1	0.9	2.3	1.7	Pivot 0.4 0.9	M1 A1
0.3	0.4	0.5	$\frac{0.7}{0.7}$	0.9	1.9	1.1	2.1	2.3	1.7	Pivot (0.2) (0.5) 2.1	711
0.2	$\frac{0.4}{0.4}$	0.5	$\frac{0.7}{0.7}$	0.9	1.9	1.1	1.7	2.1	2.3	Pivot (0.2) (0.3) 2.1	A1ft
0.2	$\frac{0.1}{0.4}$	0.5	$\frac{0.7}{0.7}$	0.9	1.1	1.9	1.7	<u>2.1</u>	2.3	Pivot 1.7	71111
0.2	$\frac{0.1}{0.4}$	0.5	$\frac{0.7}{0.7}$	0.9	1.1	1.7	1.9	$\frac{2.1}{2.1}$	2.3	sort complete	A1
Ascending order (middle left)											
1.9	1.1	2.1	0.9	2.3	0.7	0.5	1.7	0.4	0.2	Pivot 2.3	
1.9	1.1	2.1	0.9	$\frac{2.3}{0.7}$	0.7	1.7	0.4			Pivot 0.7	M1 A1
									2.3		IVII /\I
0.5	0.4	0.2	$\frac{0.7}{0.7}$	1.9	1.1	2.1	0.9	1.7	$\frac{2.3}{2.3}$	Pivot 0.4 2.1	A 1.C4

Pivot (0.2) (0.5) 1.1

Pivot (0.9) 1.9

sort complete

A1ft

A1

1.1

<u>1.1</u>

1.9

0.9

0.9

1.9

1.7

<u>2.1</u>

1.7 <u>2.1</u> <u>2.3</u>

<u>1.9</u> <u>2.1</u> <u>2.3</u>

1.7

<u>2.3</u>

0.7

 $0.2 \quad \overline{0.4} \quad 0.5 \quad \overline{0.7} \quad 0.9 \quad \overline{1.1}$

0.5

0.2 <u>0.4</u> 0.5 <u>0.7</u>

 $0.2 \quad 0.4$

Question Number	Scheme	Marks	
4. (a)	B 2 3 3	M1 A1 (ABDC) A1(GFH) A1ft (EJ)	
	Shortest route: ABCFEJ Length: 22 (metres)	A1 A1ft (e	6)
(b)	AE + FJ = 15 + 11 = 26 AF + EJ = 11 + 7 = 18* AJ + EF = 22 + 4 = 26 Arcs AB, BC, CF, EJ will be traversed twice	M1 A1ft A1ft A1ft	5)
(c)	Route: e.g. ABADGHDFHJEJFECFCBCA Length: $100 + 18 = 118$	B1	2)
(d)	Start at E, finish at J (or vice versa) or start at C, finish at J (or vice-versa) Length: $100 - 3 - 4 + 4 = 97$ (metres)	M1 A1 B1 (3 16 marks	3)

a1M1: A larger value replaced by a smaller value at least once in the working values at either C or E or F or H or J.

a1A1: All values in A, B, C and D correct and the working values in the correct order, including order of labelling. Condone lack of 0 in A's working value.

a2A1: All values in F, G and H correct and the working values in the correct order. Penalise order of labelling only once per question. Condone an additional working value at H of 19 after the 13.

a3A1ft: All values in E and J correct on the follow through and the working values in the correct order. Penalise order of labelling only once per question.

a4A1: CAO (ABCFEJ) for the route.

a5A1ft: Follow through on their final value at J – if their answer is not 22 follow through their final value at J (condone lack of units).

b1M1: Three pairings of the **correct** four odd nodes.

b1A1ft: One row correct including pairing **and** total (the ft on the first three A marks in (b) is for using their final values at E, F and J from (a) for the lengths of AE, AF and AJ only).

b2A1ft: Two rows correct including pairings and totals.

b3A1ft: All three rows correct including pairings and totals.

b4A1: The smallest repeat arcs AB, BC, CF and EJ clearly stated. Accept ABCF, EJ but not AF.

Question Number Scheme Marks c1B1: Any correct route (checks: 20 nodes, starting and finishing at A, pairings AB, BC, CF, EJ appear twice in the route and that A, C and F appear three times, B, D, E, H and J appear twice and G appears once). c2B1ft: Correct answer of 118 or 100 + their least out of a choice of at least two totals given in (b). d1M1: Any consideration/mention of all the odd nodes (C, E, F and J) or consideration/mention of all the odd pairings (CE, CF, CE, EJ, EJ, FJ) or consideration/mention of area EF and CF (and no others) having least weight or EF and CF (and no others) having a weight of 4 or listing one correct starting and finishing point (must be clear). d1A1: Both combinations of starting and finishing points correct (E and J + C and J) and no others. d1B1: CAO (97)
c1B1: Any correct route (checks: 20 nodes, starting and finishing at A, pairings AB, BC, CF, EJ appear twice in the route and that A, C and F appear three times, B, D, E, H and J appear twice and G appears once). c2B1ft: Correct answer of 118 or 100 + their least out of a choice of at least two totals given in (b). d1M1: Any consideration/mention of all the odd nodes (C, E, F and J) or consideration/mention of all the odd pairings (CE, CF, CJ, EF, EJ, FJ) or consideration/mention of arcs EF and CF (and no others) having least weight or EF and CF (and no others) having a weight of 4 or listing one correct starting and finishing point (must be clear). d1A1: Both combinations of starting and finishing points correct (E and J + C and J) and no others.

Question Number	Scheme	Marks	
5. (a)	$\begin{array}{c} C \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ $	M1 A1 A1 A1 A1	(5)
(b)	Dummies are needed to show either — dependency where subsequent activities do not all depend on the same preceding activities — that an activity can be uniquely represented in terms of its end events	B1 B1 7 marks	(2)

In (a) condone lack of, or incorrect, numbered events throughout – also 'dealt with correctly' means that the activity starts from the correct event but may not finish at the correct event. Activity on node is M0.

Do not penalise the same error twice with the first three A marks, for example, if activity C is not labelled (but the arc is present) then this will lose the first A mark and the final (CSO) A mark – they can still earn the second A mark on the bod.

a1M1: Eight activities (labelled on arc), one start and at least one dummy placed.

a1A1: Activities A, B, 1st dummy (+ arrow) and C, D and E dealt with correctly.

a2A1: 2nd dummy (+ arrow) and F, G and K dealt with correctly.

a3A1: Activities H, I, 3rd dummy (+ arrow) and J dealt with correctly.

a4A1: CSO – all arrows present and correctly placed with one finish.

Penalise lack of, or incorrect, arrows on the dummies only once with the first three A marks (on the first occurrence).

b1B1: Dependency + some explanation of what this means, bod – allow a correct example using any nodes/letters.

b2B1: Uniqueness – please note that, for example, 'so that activities can be defined uniquely' is not sufficient to earn this mark. There must be some mention of describing activities either in terms of the event **at each end** or in terms of an activities **events**. However, give bod on statements that imply that an activity begins and ends at the same event.

Question Number	Scheme	Marks	
6. (a)	$x + y \ge 30$	B1	(1)
(b)	$x \ge 0, y \ge 0$	B1	(1)
(c)	20 - R - 10 - R - 10 - 20 30 40 x	B1 B1 B1	(4)
(d)	Objective line drawn	M1 A1	(2)
	(34,3) so 34 red hats and 3 green hats $34r + 3g = 107.5$	A1 B1ft	(3)
(e)	g = 3r	B1	
	Leading to $r = 2.50$ and $g = 7.50$	DB1	
	So a red hat costs £2.50 and a green hat costs £7.50		(3)
		12 marks	` ′

a1B1: CAO $(x + y \ge 30)$.

b1B1: CAO (accept $x, y \ge 0$ or x and y are non-negative) – do not accept strict inequalities.

In (c) lines must pass through one small square of the points stated:

x + y = 30 passes through (0, 30), (15, 15), (30, 0) 2y + x = 40 passes through (0, 20), (20, 10), (40, 0)

2y - x = -30 passes through (30, 0), (50, 10), (60, 15)

c1B1: x + y = 30 drawn correctly.

c2B1: 2y + x = 40 drawn correctly.

c3B1: 2y - x = -30 drawn correctly.

c4B1: Region, R, correctly labelled – not just implied by shading - must have scored all three previous marks in this part. Condone lack of shading for $x \ge 0$.

Question Scheme Marks Number d1M1: Drawing the correct objective line or its reciprocal $\left(m = -3 \text{ or } -\frac{1}{3}\right)$. Line must be correct to within one small square if extended from axis to axis. d1A1: Correct objective line $\left(m = -\frac{1}{3}\right)$ – condone lack of labelling of the objective line. d2A1: Correct point identified – accept as a coordinate (34, 3). e1B1ft: A 'correct' equation involving **their** optimal point from (d) (accept any values even if non-integer) and 107.50. e2B1: CAO on the relationship between the costs of green hats and red hats (g = 3r) – this mark may be implied e.g. 34r + 3(3r) = 107.5 would score the first two marks in this part. e3DB1: CAO – this mark is dependent on having the correct optimal point (34, 3) in (d).

Question Number	Scheme	Marks	S
7. (a)	$ \begin{aligned} x &= 12 \\ y &= 3 \end{aligned} $	B1 B1	(2)
(b)	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	M1 A1 A1	(3)
(c)	Lower bound = $\frac{99}{37}$ = 2.675 so 3 workers	B1	(1)
(d)	0 2 4 6 8 10 12 14 16 18 20 22 24 26 28 30 32 34 36 38 40 B F H M A	M1 A1 A1	(4)
(e)	Lower bound is 5 workers – e.g. activities H, I, J, K and L together with 27 < time < 28	M1 A1 12 marks	(2)

a1B1: Correct value (12) for \boldsymbol{x} .

a2B1: Correct value (3) for y.

b1M1: All (but one) boxes complete and any three values correct.

b1A1: Any five values correct.

b2A1: CAO (all seven values correct).

c1B1: CSO – no incorrect working – if 3 workers with no working then give on the bod.

d1M1: At least nine activities including at least five floats. Scheduling diagram scores M0.

d1A1: The correct critical activities (B, F, H and M) dealt with correctly.

d2A1: All correct non-critical activities present with floats with five non-critical activities correct.

d3A1: All nine non-critical activities correct.

Question Number Scheme	Marks
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e1M1: A statement with the correct number of workers (5) and the correct activities (H, I, J, K and L) with some mention of time.

e1A1: A completely correct statement with details of both time **and** activities. Candidates only need to give a time within the correct interval. Please note the strict inequalities for the time interval. Allow for example, 'on day 28' as equivalent to 27 < time < 28.