Please check the examination details bel	ow before ente	ring your candidate in	formation
Candidate surname	Candidate surname		
Centre Number Candidate N	umber		
Pearson Edexcel Inter	nation	al Advanc	ed Level
Time 1 hour 30 minutes	Paper reference	WMA ¹	12/01
Mathematics			
International Advanced So Pure Mathematics P2	ubsidiar	y/Advanced	Level

Candidates may use any calculator permitted by Pearson regulations.

Calculators must not have the facility for symbolic algebra manipulation, differentiation and integration, or have retrievable mathematical formulae stored in them.

Instructions

- Use black ink or ball-point pen.
- If pencil is used for diagrams/sketches/graphs it must be dark (HB or B).
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer all questions and ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
 there may be more space than you need.
- You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear. Answers without working may not gain full credit.
- Inexact answers should be given to three significant figures unless otherwise stated.

Information

- A booklet 'Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables' is provided.
- There are 10 questions in this question paper. The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
 - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ▶







1. The first three terms, in ascending powers of x, of the binomial expansion of $(1 + kx)^{16}$ are

1,
$$-4x$$
 and px^2

where k and p are constants.

- (a) Find, in simplest form,
 - (i) the value of k
 - (ii) the value of p

(3)

$$g(x) = \left(2 + \frac{16}{x}\right) \left(1 + kx\right)^{16}$$

Using the value of k found in part (a),

(b) find the term in x^2 in the expansion of g(x).

(3)

Question 1 continued	blank
(Total 6 marks)	Q1



2. A sequence is defined by

$$u_1 = 6$$
$$u_{n+1} = ku_n + 3$$

where k is a positive constant.

(a) Find, in terms of k, an expression for u_3

(2)

Given that $\sum_{n=1}^{3} u_n = 117$

(b) find the value of k.

(3)

Question 2 continued	blank
(Total 5 marks)	Q2



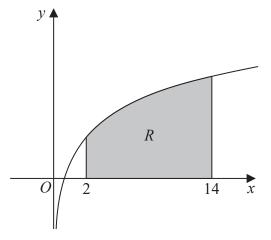


Figure 1

Figure 1 shows a sketch of part of the curve with equation $y = \log_{10} x$

The region R, shown shaded in Figure 1, is bounded by the curve, the line with equation x = 2, the x-axis and the line with equation x = 14

Using the trapezium rule with four strips of equal width,

(a) show that the area of R is approximately 10.10

(3)

(b) Explain how the trapezium rule could be used to obtain a more accurate estimate for the area of R.

(1)

(c) Using the answer to part (a) and making your method clear, estimate the value of

(i)
$$\int_{2}^{14} \log_{10} \sqrt{x} \, \mathrm{d}x$$

(ii)
$$\int_{2}^{14} \log_{10} 100 x^3 \, \mathrm{d}x$$

(4)

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Question 3 continued

Question 3 continued	blank
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	Q3
(Total 8 marks)	



4.	$f(x) = (x^2 - 2)(2x - 3) - 2$	21
т.	1(x) (x - 2)(2x - 3) = 2	_

(a) State the value of the remainder when f(x) is divided by (2x - 3)

(1)

(b) Use the factor theorem to show that (x-3) is a factor of f(x)

(2)

- (c) Hence,
 - (i) factorise f(x)
 - (ii) show that the equation f(x) = 0 has only one real root.

(5)

Question 4 continued	Leave blank



Question 4 continued		

	Leave blank
Question 4 continued	
	Q4
(Total 8 marks)	



- 5. A company that owned a silver mine
 - extracted 480 tonnes of silver from the mine in year 1
 - extracted 465 tonnes of silver from the mine in year 2
 - extracted 450 tonnes of silver from the mine in year 3

and so on, forming an arithmetic sequence.

(a) Find the mass of silver extracted in year 14

(2)

After a total of 7770 tonnes of silver was extracted, the company stopped mining.

Given that this occurred at the end of year N,

(b) show that

$$N^2 - 65N + 1036 = 0$$

(3)

(c) Hence, state the value of N.

(1)

Question 5 continued	blank
	Q5
(Total 6 marks)	



6. (i) The circle C_1 has equation

$$x^2 + y^2 + 10x - 12y = k$$
 where k is a constant

(a) Find the coordinates of the centre of C_1

(2)

(b) State the possible range in values for k.

(2)

(ii) The point P(p,0), the point Q(-2,10) and the point R(8,-14) lie on a different circle, C_2

Given that

- p is a positive constant
- QR is a diameter of C_2

find the exact value of p.

(4)

Question 6 continued	Leave blank



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Question 6 continued	blank
	Q6
(Total 8 marks)	



- 7. (i) A geometric sequence has first term 4 and common ratio 6 Given that the n^{th} term is greater than 10^{100} , find the minimum possible value of n.
 - (3)
 - (ii) A different geometric sequence has first term a and common ratio r.

Given that

- the second term of the sequence is -6
- the sum to infinity of the series is 25
- (a) show that

$$25r^2 - 25r - 6 = 0$$

(3)

(b) Write down the solutions of

$$25r^2 - 25r - 6 = 0$$

(1)

Hence,

(c) state the value of r, giving a reason for your answer,

(1)

(d) find the sum of the first 4 terms of the series.

(2)

estion 7 continued	



Question 7 continued		

Question 7 continued	blank
Question / continueu	
	07
	Q7
(Total 10 marks)	



8. In this question you must show all stages of your working.

Solutions relying entirely on calculator technology are not acceptable.

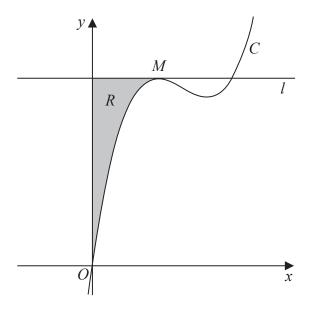


Figure 2

Figure 2 shows a sketch of part of the curve C with equation

$$y = \frac{4}{3}x^3 - 11x^2 + kx$$
 where k is a constant

The point M is the maximum turning point of C and is shown in Figure 2.

Given that the x coordinate of M is 2

(a) show that k = 28

(3)

(b) Determine the range of values of x for which y is increasing.

(2)

The line l passes through M and is parallel to the x-axis.

The region R, shown shaded in Figure 2, is bounded by the curve C, the line l and the y-axis.

(c) Find, by algebraic integration, the exact area of R.

(5)



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Question 8 continued	



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Question 8 continued	
	Q8
(Total 10 marks)	



9. (a) Prove that for all positive values of x and y,

$$\frac{x+y}{2} \geqslant \sqrt{xy}$$

(3)

(b) Prove by counter-example that this inequality does not hold when x and y are both negative.

(1)

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Question 9 continued		
		Q9
(To	otal 4 marks)	



10. In this question you must show all stages of your working.

Solutions relying entirely on calculator technology are not acceptable.

(i) Solve, for
$$-\frac{\pi}{2} < x < \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\tan^2\left(2x + \frac{\pi}{4}\right) = 3\tag{5}$$

(ii) Solve, for $0 < \theta < 360^{\circ}$

$$(2\sin\theta - \cos\theta)^2 = 1$$

giving your answers, as appropriate, to one decimal place.

(5)



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	Ulalik
Question 10 continued	



		Q10