Please check the examination details below before enter	ering your candidate information
Candidate surname	Other names
Centre Number Candidate Number	
<b>Pearson Edexcel Internation</b>	al Advanced Level
Friday 9 June 2023	
Afternoon (Time: 1 hour 30 minutes) Paper reference	WMA14/01
Mathematics	
International Advanced Level Pure Mathematics P4	
You must have: Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables (Ye	llow), calculator

Candidates may use any calculator permitted by Pearson regulations. Calculators must not have the facility for symbolic algebra manipulation, differentiation and integration, or have retrievable mathematical formulae stored in them.

## Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- If pencil is used for diagrams/sketches/graphs it must be dark (HB or B).
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer all questions and ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
   there may be more space than you need.
- You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear. Answers without working
- may not gain full credit.

  Inexact answers should be given to three significant figures unless otherwise stated.
- Information
- A booklet 'Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables' is provided.
- There are 8 questions in this question paper. The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets
  - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

## Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.
- If you change your mind about an answer, cross it out and put your new answer and any working underneath.

  Turn over





1. (a) Find the first 4 terms of the binomial expansion, in ascending powers of x, of

$$\left(\frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{2}x\right)^{-\frac{3}{2}} \qquad |x| < \frac{1}{2}$$

giving each term in simplest form.

**(5)** 

Given that

$$\left(\frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{2}x\right)^n \left(\frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{2}x\right)^{-\frac{3}{2}} = \left(\frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{2}x\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

(b) write down the value of n.

**(1)** 

(c) Hence, or otherwise, find the first 3 terms of the binomial expansion, in ascending powers of x, of

$$\left(\frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{2}x\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \qquad |x| < \frac{1}{2}$$

giving each term in simplest form.

**(3)** 



Question 1 continued

Question 1 continued	
(Total for Question 1 is 9 marks)	
(Total for Question 1 is 7 marks)	



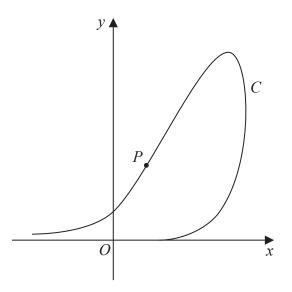


Figure 1

Figure 1 shows a sketch of part of the curve C with equation

$$2^x - 4xy + y^2 = 13 \qquad y \geqslant 0$$

The point P lies on C and has x coordinate 2

(a) Find the y coordinate of P.

**(2)** 

(b) Find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  in terms of x and y.

**(5)** 

The tangent to C at P crosses the x-axis at the point Q.

(c) Find the x coordinate of Q, giving your answer in the form  $\frac{a \ln 2 + b}{c \ln 2 + d}$  and d are integers to be found.

$$\frac{a \ln 2 + b}{c \ln 2 + d} \quad \text{where } a, b, c$$

(3)

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Question 2 continued



Question 2 continued	

Question 2 continued	
(T	otal for Question 2 is 10 marks)
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3. 
$$f(x) = \frac{8x-5}{(2x-1)(4x-3)} \qquad x > 1$$

(a) Express f(x) in partial fractions.

**(3)** 

(b) Hence find  $\int f(x) dx$ 

**(3)** 

(c) Use the answer to part (b) to find the value of k for which

$$\int_{k}^{3k} \mathbf{f}(x) \, \mathrm{d}x = \frac{1}{2} \ln 20$$

**(5)** 



Question 3 continued



Question 3 continued

Question 3 continued
(Total for Question 3 is 11 marks)



- **4.** Relative to a fixed origin *O*,
  - the point A has position vector  $4\mathbf{i} + 8\mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$
  - the point B has position vector  $5\mathbf{i} + 6\mathbf{j} + 3\mathbf{k}$
  - the point P has position vector  $2\mathbf{i} 2\mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$

The straight line l passes through A and B.

(a) Find a vector equation for l.

**(2)** 

The point C lies on l so that PC is perpendicular to l.

(b) Find the coordinates of C.

**(4)** 

The point P' is the reflection of P in the line l.

(c) Find the coordinates of P'

**(2)** 

(d) Hence find  $|\overrightarrow{PP'}|$ , giving your answer as a simplified surd.

(2)



Question 4 continued



Question 4 continued

Question 4 continued			
(Total for Question 4 is 10 marks)			



**5.** (i) Find

$$\int x^2 e^x dx$$

**(4)** 

(ii) Use the substitution  $u = \sqrt{1 - 3x}$  to show that

$$\int \frac{27x}{\sqrt{1-3x}} \, \mathrm{d}x = -2(1-3x)^{\frac{1}{2}} (Ax+B) + k$$

where A and B are integers to be found and k is an arbitrary constant.

**(6)** 


Question 5 continued			



Question 5 continued			

Question 5 continued			
(Total for Question 5 is 10 marks)			
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## 6. In this question you must show all stages of your working.

## Solutions relying entirely on calculator technology are not acceptable.

The temperature,  $\theta$  °C, of a car engine, t minutes after the engine is turned off, is modelled by the differential equation

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\theta}{\mathrm{d}t} = -k\left(\theta - 15\right)^2$$

where k is a constant.

Given that the temperature of the car engine

- is 85 °C at the instant the engine is turned off
- is 40 °C exactly 10 minutes after the engine is turned off
- (a) solve the differential equation to show that, according to the model

$$\theta = \frac{at + b}{ct + d}$$

where a, b, c and d are integers to be found.

**(7)** 

(b) Hence find, according to the model, the time taken for the temperature of the car engine to reach 20 °C. Give your answer to the nearest minute.

**(2)** 

Question 6 continued



Question 6 continued			

Question 6 continued			
	(Total for Question 6 is 9 marks)		



7.	. Use proof by contradiction to prove that $\sqrt{7}$ is irrational.		
	(You may assume that if $k$ is an integer and $k^2$ is a multiple of 7 then $k$ is a multiple of 7)  (4)		

Question 7 continued			
	Total for Question 7 is 4 marks)		
	Total 101 Question / 15 7 marks)		



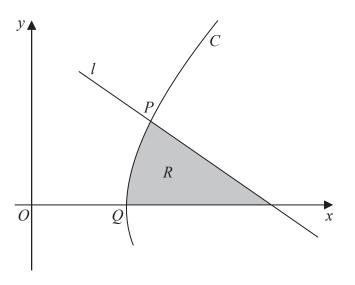


Figure 2

Figure 2 shows a sketch of part of the curve C with parametric equations

$$x = t + \frac{1}{t}$$
  $y = t - \frac{1}{t}$   $t > 0.7$ 

The curve C intersects the x-axis at the point Q.

(a) Find the x coordinate of Q.

**(1)** 

The line l is the normal to C at the point P as shown in Figure 2.

Given that t = 2 at P

(b) write down the coordinates of P

**(1)** 

(c) Using calculus, show that an equation of l is

$$3x + 5y = 15 (3)$$

The region, R, shown shaded in Figure 2 is bounded by the curve C, the line l and the x-axis.

(d) Using algebraic integration, find the exact volume of the solid of revolution formed when the region R is rotated through  $2\pi$  radians about the x-axis.

**(7)** 

Question 8 continued			



Question 8 continued		

Question 8 continued		



Question 8 continued		
	(Total for Question 8 is 12 marks)	
T	OTAL FOR PAPER IS 75 MARKS	