

Please check the examination details below before entering your candidate information

Candidate surname

Other names

**Pearson Edexcel**  
**International**  
**Advanced Level**

Centre Number

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Candidate Number

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**Tuesday 13 November 2018**

Morning (Time: 1 hour 30 minutes)

Paper Reference **WME02/01**

**Mechanics M2**

**Advanced/Advanced Subsidiary**

**You must have:**

Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables (Blue)

Total Marks

**Candidates may use any calculator allowed by the regulations of the Joint Council for Qualifications. Calculators must not have the facility for symbolic algebra manipulation, differentiation and integration, or have retrievable mathematical formulae stored in them.**

### Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- If pencil is used for diagrams/sketches/graphs it must be dark (HB or B). Coloured pencils and highlighter pens must not be used.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions and ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided  
– *there may be more space than you need.*
- You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear. Answers without working may not gain full credit.
- Whenever a numerical value of  $g$  is required, take  $g = 9.8 \text{ m s}^{-2}$ , and give your answer to either two significant figures or three significant figures.
- When a calculator is used, the answer should be given to an appropriate degree of accuracy.

### Information

- The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets  
– *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*

### Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ►

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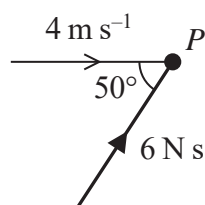
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Pearson

1.



**Figure 1**

A particle,  $P$ , of mass  $0.8 \text{ kg}$ , moving with speed  $4 \text{ m s}^{-1}$  along a straight line on a smooth horizontal plane, receives a horizontal impulse of magnitude  $6 \text{ N s}$ . The angle between the initial direction of motion of  $P$  and the direction of the impulse is  $50^\circ$ , as shown in Figure 1.

Find the speed of  $P$  immediately after receiving the impulse.

**(5)**

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Question 1 continued

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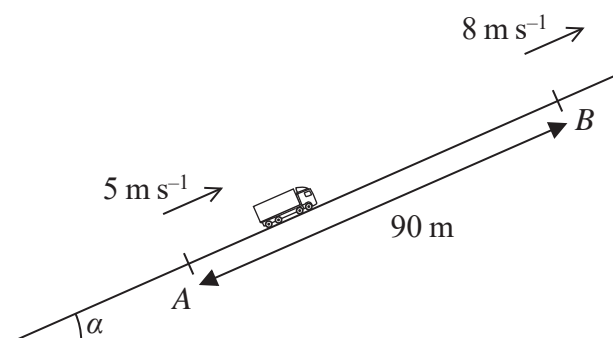
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Q1

(Total 5 marks)



2.



### Figure 2

A truck of mass 1200 kg is being driven up a straight road that is inclined at an angle  $\alpha$  to the horizontal, where  $\sin \alpha = \frac{1}{15}$ . The resistance to the motion of the truck from non-gravitational forces is modelled as a single constant force of magnitude 250 N. Two points,  $A$  and  $B$ , lie on the road, with  $AB = 90$  m. The speed of the truck at  $A$  is  $5 \text{ m s}^{-1}$  and the speed of the truck at  $B$  is  $8 \text{ m s}^{-1}$ , as shown in Figure 2.

The truck is modelled as a particle and the road is modelled as a straight line.

- (a) Find the work done by the engine of the truck as the truck moves from  $A$  to  $B$ . (5)

On another occasion, the truck is being driven down the same road. The resistance to the motion of the truck is modelled as a single constant force of magnitude 250 N. The engine of the truck is working at a constant rate of 8 kW.

- (b) Find the acceleration of the truck at the instant when its speed is  $6 \text{ m s}^{-1}$ . (4)



Question 2 continued

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Question 2 continued

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Q2



- $$\mathbf{r} = (16t - 3t^3)\mathbf{i} + (t^3 - t^2 + 2)\mathbf{j}$$

(a) the velocity of  $P$  at the instant when it is moving parallel to the vector  $\mathbf{j}$ ,

(5)

- (b) the magnitude of the acceleration of  $P$  when  $t = 4$  (4)



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Question 3 continued

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Question 3 continued

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Q3



- (7)

(3)

- (3)

Question 4 continued

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Question 4 continued

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Question 4 continued

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Q4

(Total 13 marks)



5.

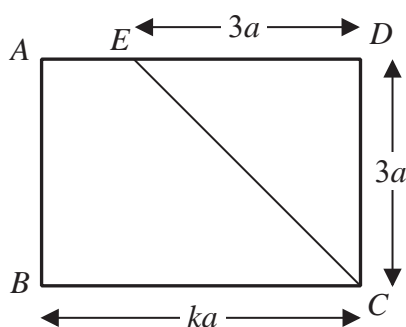


Figure 3

Figure 3 shows a uniform rectangular lamina  $ABCD$  with sides of length  $3a$  and  $ka$ , where  $k > 3$ . The point  $E$  on side  $AD$  is such that  $DE = 3a$ . Rectangle  $ABCD$  is folded along the line  $CE$  to produce the folded lamina  $L$  shown in Figure 4.

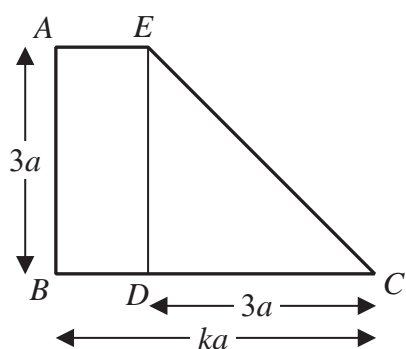


Figure 4

Find, in terms of  $a$  and  $k$ ,

(a) the distance of the centre of mass of  $L$  from  $AB$ , (5)

(b) the distance of the centre of mass of  $L$  from  $AE$ . (4)

The folded lamina  $L$  is freely suspended from  $A$  and hangs in equilibrium with  $AB$  at  $45^\circ$  to the downward vertical.

(c) Find, to 3 significant figures, the value of  $k$ . (4)

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Question 5 continued

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Question 5 continued

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Question 5 continued

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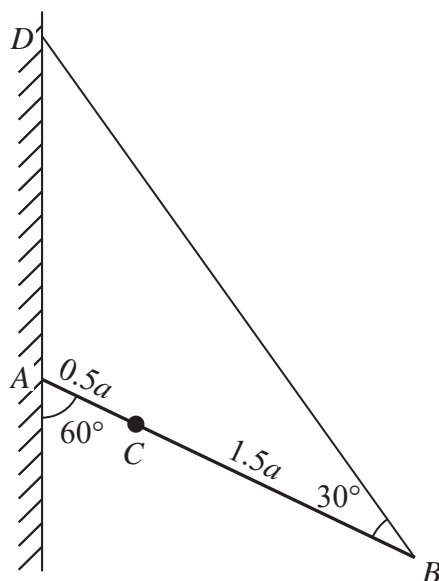
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Q5

(Total 13 marks)



6.



### Figure 5

A uniform rod,  $AB$ , of mass  $8m$  and length  $2a$ , has its end  $A$  resting against a rough vertical wall. One end of a light inextensible string is attached to the rod at  $B$  and the other end of the string is attached to the wall at the point  $D$ , which is vertically above  $A$ . The angle between the rod and the string is  $30^\circ$ . A particle of mass  $km$  is fixed to the rod at  $C$ , where  $AC = 0.5a$ . The rod is in equilibrium in a vertical plane perpendicular to the wall, and is at an angle of  $60^\circ$  to the wall, as shown in Figure 5. The tension in the string is  $T$ .

(a) Show that  $T = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}(16 + k)mg$  **(4)**

The coefficient of friction between the wall and the rod is  $\frac{2}{3}\sqrt{3}$ .

Given that the rod is in limiting equilibrium,

(b) find the value of  $k$ . (6)



Question 6 continued

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Question 6 continued

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Question 6 continued

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Q6

(Total 10 marks)







### Question 7 continued

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**TOTAL FOR PAPER: 75 MARKS**

**END**