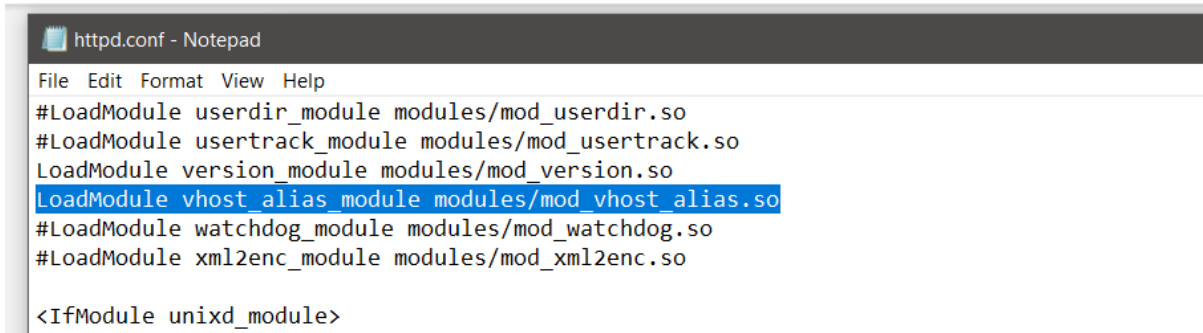


Parte 2

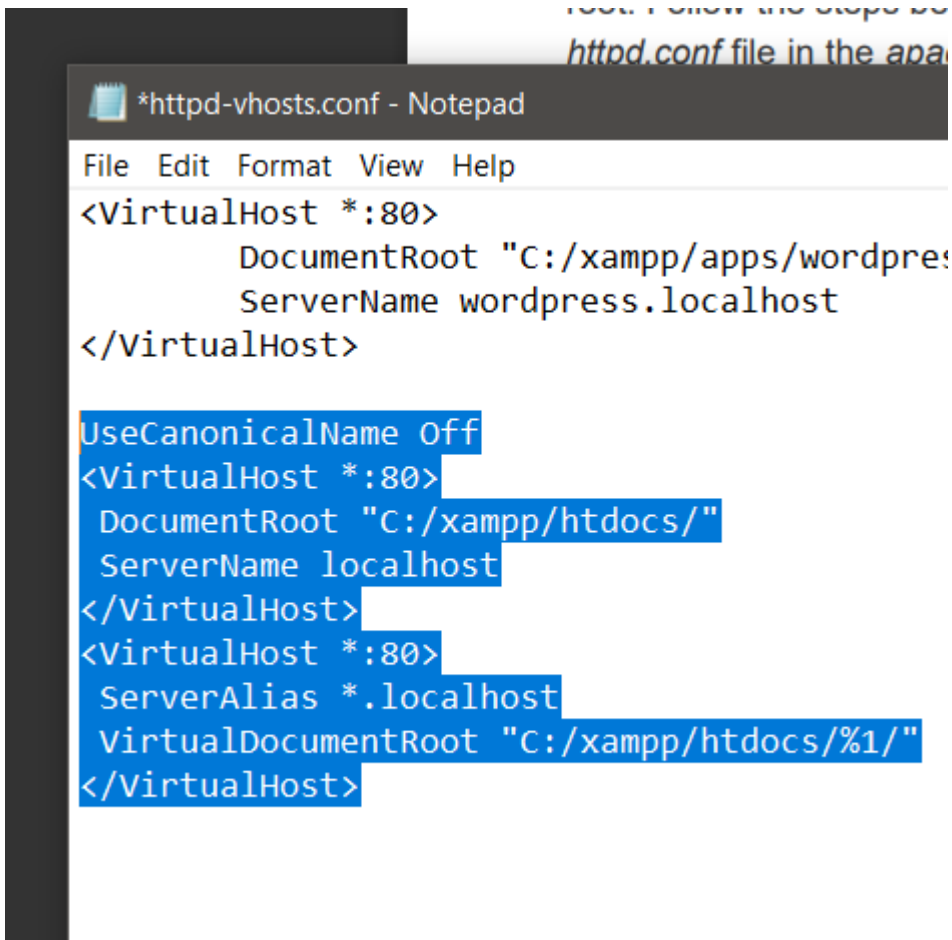
El primer paso es quitarle la etiqueta de comentario al mod_vhost_alias.so en httpd.conf



```
httpd.conf - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help
#LoadModule userdir_module modules/mod_userdir.so
#LoadModule usertrack_module modules/mod_usertrack.so
LoadModule version_module modules/mod_version.so
LoadModule vhost_alias_module modules/mod_vhost_alias.so
#LoadModule watchdog_module modules/mod_watchdog.so
#LoadModule xml2enc_module modules/mod_xml2enc.so

<IfModule unixd_module>
```

Ahora añadimos la configuración de los bloques de hosts virtuales



```
*httpd-vhosts.conf - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help
<VirtualHost *:80>
    DocumentRoot "C:/xampp/apps/wordpress"
    ServerName wordpress.localhost
</VirtualHost>

UseCanonicalName Off
<VirtualHost *:80>
    DocumentRoot "C:/xampp/htdocs/"
    ServerName localhost
</VirtualHost>
<VirtualHost *:80>
    ServerAlias *.localhost
    VirtualDocumentRoot "C:/xampp/htdocs/%1/"
</VirtualHost>
```

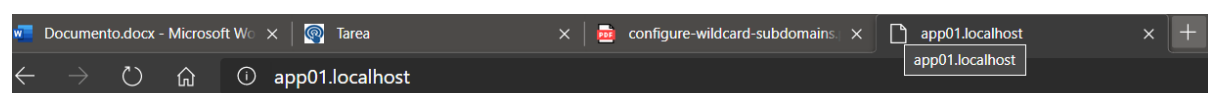
Después los mapeamos a la IP local.

```
hosts - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help
# Copyright (c) 1993-2009 Microsoft Corp.
#
# This is a sample HOSTS file used by Microsoft TCP/IP for Windows.
#
# This file contains the mappings of IP addresses to host names. Each
# entry should be kept on an individual line. The IP address should
# be placed in the first column followed by the corresponding host name.
# The IP address and the host name should be separated by at least one
# space.
#
# Additionally, comments (such as these) may be inserted on individual
# lines or following the machine name denoted by a '#' symbol.
#
# For example:
#
#       102.54.94.97       rhino.acme.com          # source server
#       38.25.63.10       x.acme.com              # x client host

# localhost name resolution is handled within DNS itself.
#       127.0.0.1         localhost
#       ::1               localhost

127.0.0.1       localhost
127.0.0.1       wordpress.localhost|
127.0.0.1 app01.localhost app02.localhost
```

Y ya podemos acceder a la url de app01 y app02.



Welcome to app01.localhost!

