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authors	Wei Zhao     Maxime Peyrard     Fei Liu     Yang Gao     Christian M. Meyer, Steffen Eger	authors	<ul> <li>Wei Zhao</li> <li>Maxime Peyrard</li> <li>Fei Liu</li> <li>Yang Gao</li> <li>Christian M. Meyer</li> <li>Steffen Eger</li> </ul>	
title	MoverScore: Text Generation Evaluating with Contextualized Embeddings and Earth Mover Distance	title	MoverScore: Text Generation Evaluating with Contextualized Embeddings and Earth Mover Distance	
		publication_date   2019-01-01 00:00:00		
source	SupportedSources.INTERNET_ARCHIVE	source	SupportedSources.INTERNET_ARCHIVE	
journal		journal	Association for Computational Linguistics	
volume		volume		
doi		doi	10.18653/v1/d19-1053	DUPLICATES 347
urls	• https://web.archive.org/web/20200930133613/https://arxiv.org/pdf/1909.02622v2.pdf	urls	<ul> <li>https://web.archive.org/web/20191203105116/https://www.aclweb.org/anthology/D19- 1053.pdf</li> </ul>	
id	id995208829855123467			
	A robust evaluation metric has a profound impact on the development of text generation systems. A	id	id-6049473829661719424	
abstract	desirable metric compares system output against references based on their semantics rather than surface forms. In this paper we investigate strategies to encode system and reference texts to devise a metric that shows a high correlation with human judgment of text quality. We validate our new metric, namely MoverScore, on a number of text generation tasks including summarization, machine translation, image captioning, and data-to-text generation, where the outputs are produced by a variety of neural and non-neural systems. Our findings suggest that metrics combining contextualized representations with a distance measure perform the best. Such metrics also demonstrate strong generalization capability across tasks. For ease-of-use we make our metrics available as web service.	abstract	A robust evaluation metric has a profound impact on the development of text generation systems. A desirable metric compares system output against references based on their semantics rather than surface forms. In this paper we investigate strategies to encode system and reference texts to devise a metric that shows a high correlation with human judgment of text quality. We validate our new metric, namely MoverScore, on a number of text generation tasks including summarization, machine translation, image captioning, and data-to-text generation, where the outputs are produced by a variety of neural and non-neural systems. Our findings suggest that metrics combining contextualized representations with a distance measure perform the best. Such metrics also demonstrate strong generalization capability across tasks. For ease-of-use we make our metrics available as web service. 1	
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