cases	doc_1		doc_2		decision	id
	authors	 Seung Ki Moon Sangwoo Mo Kimin Lee 	authors	 Seung Jun Moon Sangwoo Mo Kimin Lee Jaeho Lee Jinwoo Shin 		
	authors	Jae-Ho Lee	title	MASKER: Masked Keyword Regularization for Reliable Text Classification		
		Jinwoo Shin	publication_date	2020-12-17 04:54:16+00:00		
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	volume			• http://arxiv.org/pdf/2012.09392v1		
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		 https://doi.org/10.48550/arxiv.2012.09392 http://arxiv.org/pdf/2012.09392 		Pre-trained language models have achieved state-of-the-art accuracies on various text classification tasks, e.g., sentiment analysis, natural language inference, and semantic textual similarity. However, the reliability of the fine-tuned text classifiers is an often underlooked performance criterion. For instance, one may desire a model that can detect out-of-distribution (OOD) samples (drawn far from training distribution) or be robust against domain shifts. We claim that one central obstacle		
	id	id id8864293624899342553 abstract abstract		to the reliability is the over-reliance of the model on a limited number of keywords, instead of looking at the whole context. In particular, we find that (a) OOD samples often contain in-distribution keywords, while (b) cross-domain samples may not always contain keywords; over-relying on the keywords can be problematic for both cases. In light of this observation, we propose a simple yet effective fine-tuning method, coined masked keyword regularization (MASKER), that facilitates		
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	versions			context-based prediction. MASKER regularizes the model to reconstruct the keywords from the rest of the words and make low-confidence predictions without		
				enough context. When applied to various pre-trained language models (e.g., BERT, RoBERTa, and ALBERT), we demonstrate that MASKER improves OOD detection and cross-domain generalization without degrading classification accuracy. Code is available at https://github.com/alinlab/MASKER.		
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