

cases	doc_1		doc_2		decision	id
					DUPLICATES	285
	authors	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Abi-Akl, H.Mariko, D.Labidurie, E.	authors	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Hanna Abi AklDominique MarikoEstelle Labidurie		
	title	Yseop at SemEval-2020 Task 5: Cascaded BERT Language Model for Counterfactual Statement Analysis	title	Yseop at SemEval-2020 Task 5: Cascaded BERT Language Model for Counterfactual Statement Analysis		
	publication_date	2020-01-01 00:00:00	publication_date	2020-11-13 00:00:00		
	source	SupportedSources.CROSSREF	source	SupportedSources.INTERNET_ARCHIVE		
	journal		journal			
	volume		volume			
	doi	10.18653/v1/2020.semeval-1.57	doi			
	urls	<ul style="list-style-type: none">http://dx.doi.org/10.18653/v1/2020.semeval-1.57	urls	<ul style="list-style-type: none">https://web.archive.org/web/20201117004707/https://arxiv.org/pdf/2005.08519v2.pdf		
	id	id-4392286048136500471	id	id-6384708301145043405		
	abstract		abstract	In this paper, we explore strategies to detect and evaluate counterfactual sentences. We describe our system for SemEval-2020 Task 5: Modeling Causal Reasoning in Language: Detecting Counterfactuals. We use a BERT base model for the classification task and build a hybrid BERT Multi-Layer Perceptron system to handle the sequence identification task. Our experiments show that while introducing syntactic and semantic features does little in improving the system in the classification task, using these types of features as cascaded linear inputs to fine-tune the sequence-delimiting ability of the model ensures it outperforms other similar-purpose complex systems like BiLSTM-CRF in the second task. Our system achieves an F1 score of 85.00% in Task 1 and 83.90% in Task 2.		
	versions		versions			