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	authors	<ul style="list-style-type: none">A. BrizardC. Chandre	authors	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Alain J. BrizardCristel Chandre	DUPLICATES	990
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	abstract	The Hamiltonian formulations for the perturbed Vlasov-Maxwell equations and the perturbed ideal magnetohydrodynamics (MHD) equations are expressed in terms of the perturbation derivative $\partial \mathcal{F} / \partial \epsilon \equiv [\mathcal{F}, \mathcal{S}]$ of an arbitrary functional $\mathcal{F}[\psi]$ of the Vlasov-Maxwell fields $\psi = (f, \mathbf{E}, \mathbf{B})$ or the ideal MHD fields $\psi = (\rho, \mathbf{u}, \mathbf{B})$, which are assumed to depend continuously on the (dimensionless) perturbation parameter ϵ . Here, $[\cdot, \cdot]$ denotes the functional Poisson bracket for each set of plasma equations and the perturbation {it action} functional \mathcal{S} is said to generate dynamically accessible perturbations of the plasma fields. The new Hamiltonian perturbation formulation introduces the framework for the application of functional Lie-transform perturbation methods in plasma physics and highlights the crucial roles played by polarization and magnetization in Vlasov-Maxwell and ideal MHD perturbation theories.	abstract	The Hamiltonian formulations for the perturbed Vlasov-Maxwell equations and the perturbed ideal magnetohydrodynamics (MHD) equations are expressed in terms of the perturbation derivative $\hat{a}, F/\hat{a}, \hat{\mu} [F, S]$ of an arbitrary functional $F[\hat{I}]$ of the Vlasov-Maxwell fields $\hat{I} = (f, E, B)$ or the ideal MHD fields $\hat{I} = (\bar{I}, u, s, B)$, which are assumed to depend continuously on the (dimensionless) perturbation parameter $\hat{\mu}$. Here, $[\cdot, \cdot]$ denotes the functional Poisson bracket for each set of plasma equations and the perturbation action functional S is said to generate dynamically accessible perturbations of the plasma fields. The new Hamiltonian perturbation formulation introduces a framework for functional perturbation methods in plasma physics and highlights the crucial roles played by polarization and magnetization in Vlasov-Maxwell and ideal MHD perturbation theories. One application considered in this paper is a formulation of plasma stability that guarantees dynamical accessibility and leads to a natural generalization to higher-order perturbation theory.		
	versions		versions			