cases	doc_1		doc_2			id
	authors	Jae Jun Lee Raphael Tang	authors	Jaejun Lee Raphael Tang Jimmy Lin		
		Jun Lin	title	What Would Elsa Do? Freezing Layers During Transformer Fine-Tuning		
	What Would Elsa Do? Freezing Layers		publication_date 2019-11-08 00:00:00			
	title	During Transformer Fine-Tuning	source	SupportedSources.INTERNET_ARCHIVE	_]	
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	volume		urls	• https://web.archive.org/web/20200825194333/https://arxiv.org/pdf/1911.03090v1.pdf		
	doi	None	id	id4492885853683223604		
	urls	https://openalex.org/W2989195139		Pretrained transformer-based language models have achieved state of the art across countless tasks in natural language processing. These models are highly expressive, comprising at least a hundred million parameters and a dozen layers. Recent evidence suggests that only a few of the final layers need to be fine-tuned for high quality on		
	id	id6139618154169143958	abstract	downstream tasks. Naturally, a subsequent research question is, "how many of the last layers do we need to fine-tune?" In this paper, we precisely answer this question. We	e	
	abstract			amine two recent pretrained language models, BERT and RoBERTa, across standard tasks in textual entailment, semantic similarity, sentiment analysis, and linguistic		
	versions			acceptability. We vary the number of final layers that are fine-tuned, then study the resulting change in task-specific effectiveness. We show that only a fourth of the final layers need to be fine-tuned to achieve 90% of the original quality. Surprisingly, we also find that fine-tuning all layers does not always help.		
			versions]	