

cases	doc_1		doc_2		decision	id
					DUPLICATES	369
			authors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Dongho Chae</li></ul>		
			title	Nonexistence of self-similar singularities in the ideal magnetohydrodynamics		
			publication_date	2007-03-12 02:05:51+00:00		
			source	SupportedSources.ARXIV		
			journal	None		
			volume			
			doi			
			urls	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>http://arxiv.org/pdf/math/0703317v3</li><li>http://arxiv.org/abs/math/0703317v3</li><li>http://arxiv.org/pdf/math/0703317v3</li></ul>		
			id	id2277394725180752857		
			abstract	In this paper we exclude the scenario of apparition of finite time singularity in the form of self-similar singularities in the ideal magnetohydrodynamic equations, assuming suitable integrability conditions on the vorticity and the magnetic field. We also consider more sophisticated possibility of asymptotically self-similar singularities, which means that the local classical solution converges to the self-similar profile as we approaches to the possible time of singularity. The scenario of asymptotically self-similar singularity is also excluded under suitable conditions on the profile. In the 2D magnetohydrodynamics the magnetic field evolution equations reduce to a divergence free transport equation for a scalar stream function. This helps us to improve the above nonexistence theorems on the self-similar singularities, in the sense that we only need weaker integrability conditions on the profile to prove the results.		
			versions			
	authors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Dongho Chae</li></ul>	title	Nonexistence of self-similar singularities in the ideal magnetohydrodynamics		
	publication_date	2007-04-09 00:00:00	publication_date	2007-03-12 02:05:51+00:00		
	source	SupportedSources.INTERNET_ARCHIVE	source	SupportedSources.ARXIV		
	journal		journal	None		
	volume		volume			
	doi		doi			
	urls	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>https://archive.org/download/arxiv-math0703317/math0703317.pdf</li></ul>	urls	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>http://arxiv.org/pdf/math/0703317v3</li><li>http://arxiv.org/abs/math/0703317v3</li><li>http://arxiv.org/pdf/math/0703317v3</li></ul>		
	id	id-5898474138420081907	id	id2277394725180752857		
	abstract	In this paper we exclude the scenario of apparition of finite time singularity in the form of self-similar singularities in the ideal magnetohydrodynamic equations, assuming suitable integrability conditions on the vorticity and the magnetic field. We also consider more sophisticated possibility of asymptotically self-similar singularities, which means that the local classical solution converges to the self-similar profile as we approaches to the possible time of singularity. The scenario of asymptotically self-similar singularity is also excluded under suitable conditions on the profile. In the 2D magnetohydrodynamics the magnetic field evolution equations reduce to a divergence free transport equation for a scalar stream function. This helps us to improve the above nonexistence theorems on the self-similar singularities, in the sense that we only need weaker integrability conditions on the profile to prove the results.	abstract	In this paper we exclude the scenario of apparition of finite time singularity in the form of self-similar singularities in the ideal magnetohydrodynamic equations, assuming suitable integrability conditions on the vorticity and the magnetic field. We also consider more sophisticated possibility of asymptotically self-similar singularities, which means that the local classical solution converges to the self-similar profile as we approaches to the possible time of singularity. The scenario of asymptotically self-similar singularity is also excluded under suitable conditions on the profile. In the 2D magnetohydrodynamics the magnetic field evolution equations reduce to a divergence free transport equation for a scalar stream function. This helps us to improve the above nonexistence theorems on the self-similar singularities, in the sense that we only need weaker integrability conditions on the profile to prove the results.		
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