	doc_1		doc_2		decision	id
cases	Alexander Meinke     Li Divi		authors	Matthias Hein     Julian Bitterwolf     Alexander Meinke		
	authors	<ul><li> Julian Bitterwolf</li><li> Matthias Hein</li></ul>	title	Provably Robust Detection of Out-of-distribution Data (almost) for free		
			publication_date	te 2021-06-08 00:00:00		
	title	Provably Robust Detection of Out-of-	source	SupportedSources.PAPERS_WITH_CODE		
		distribution Data (almost) for free.	journal			
	publication_date   2021-06-08 00:00:00		volume			
	source	SupportedSources.OPENALEX	doi		DUPLICATES 11	
	journal	arXiv (Cornell University)	urls	<ul> <li>https://arxiv.org/pdf/2106.04260v2.pdf</li> <li>https://github.com/AlexMeinke/Provable-OOD-Detection</li> <li>https://openreview.net/pdf?id=qDx6DXD3Fzt</li> </ul>		S 117
	volume					
	doi	None				
	urls	https://openalex.org/W3172596993	id	id-9201529456528127826		
	id	id-264729082788196000	abstract	The application of machine learning in safety-critical systems requires a reliable assessment of uncertainty. However, deep neural networks are known to produce highly overconfident predictions on out-of-distribution (OOD) data. Even if trained to be non-confident on OOD data, one can still adversarially manipulate OOD data so that the classifier again assigns high confidence to the manipulated samples. We show that two previously published defenses can be broken by better adapted attacks, highlighting the importance of robustness guarantees around OOD data. Since the existing method for this task is hard to train and significantly limits accuracy, we construct a classifier that can simultaneously achieve provably adversarially robust OOD detection and high clean accuracy. Moreover, by slightly modifying the classifier's architecture our method provably avoids the asymptotic overconfidence problem of standard neural networks. We provide code for all our experiments.		
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