

cases	doc_1		doc_2		decision	id
	authors	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Stephen RobertsPavlos ProtopapasHayden JoyMarios MattheakisShaan Desai	authors	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Shaan DesaiM. MattheakisH. JoyP. ProtopapasStephen J. Roberts	DUPLICATES	237
	title	One-Shot Transfer Learning of Physics-Informed Neural Networks	title	One-Shot Transfer Learning of Physics-Informed Neural Networks		
	publication_date	2021-10-21 00:00:00	publication_date	2021-10-21 00:00:00		
	source	SupportedSources.PAPERS_WITH_CODE	source	SupportedSources.SEMANTIC_SCHOLAR		
	journal		journal	ArXiv		
	volume		volume	abs/2110.11286		
	doi		doi			
	urls	<ul style="list-style-type: none">https://arxiv.org/pdf/2110.11286v2.pdfhttps://github.com/shaandesai1/TransferDE	urls	<ul style="list-style-type: none">https://www.semanticscholar.org/paper/9ce3a95b1fdde6c8383ce4a9cf19e0d208b8c62a		
	id	id-5276614407598783948	id	id8521421438612543521		
	abstract	Solving differential equations efficiently and accurately sits at the heart of progress in many areas of scientific research, from classical dynamical systems to quantum mechanics. There is a surge of interest in using Physics-Informed Neural Networks (PINNs) to tackle such problems as they provide numerous benefits over traditional numerical approaches. Despite their potential benefits for solving differential equations, transfer learning has been under explored. In this study, we present a general framework for transfer learning PINNs that results in one-shot inference for linear systems of both ordinary and partial differential equations. This means that highly accurate solutions to many unknown differential equations can be obtained instantaneously without retraining an entire network. We demonstrate the efficacy of the proposed deep learning approach by solving several real-world problems, such as first- and second-order linear ordinary equations, the Poisson equation, and the time-dependent Schrodinger complex-value partial differential equation.	abstract	Solving differential equations efficiently and accurately sits at the heart of progress in many areas of scientific research, from classical dynamical systems to quantum mechanics. There is a surge of interest in using Physics-Informed Neural Networks (PINNs) to tackle such problems as they provide numerous benefits over traditional numerical approaches. Despite their potential benefits for solving differential equations, transfer learning has been under explored. In this study, we present a general framework for transfer learning PINNs that results in one-shot inference for linear systems of both ordinary and partial differential equations. This means that highly accurate solutions to many unknown differential equations can be obtained instantaneously without retraining an entire network. We demonstrate the efficacy of the proposed deep learning approach by solving several real-world problems, such as first- and second-order linear ordinary equations, the Poisson equation, and the time-dependent Schrödinger complex-value partial differential equation.		
	versions		versions			