

cases	doc_1		doc_2		decision	id
	authors	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Sergio ConsoleGabriela P. OvandoMauro Subils	authors	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Sergio ConsoleGabriela P. OvandoMauro Subils	DUPLICATES	108
	title	Solvable models for Kodaira surfaces	title	Solvable models for Kodaira surfaces		
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	id	id-8117558415233913353	id	id4334302439169327853		
	abstract	We consider three families of lattices on the oscillator group SG , which is an almost nilpotent not completely solvable Lie group, giving rise to coverings $G \rightarrow M_{\{k, 0\}} \rightarrow M_{\{k, \pi\}} \rightarrow M_{\{k, \pi/2\}}$ for $Sk \in \mathbb{Z}$. We show that the corresponding families of four dimensional solvmanifolds are not pairwise diffeomorphic and we compute their cohomology and minimal models. In particular, each manifold $M_{\{k, 0\}}$ is diffeomorphic to a Kodaira--Thurston manifold, i.e. a compact quotient $S^1 \times \mathrm{Heis}_3(\mathbb{R})/\Gamma_k$ where Γ_k is a lattice of the real three-dimensional Heisenberg group $\mathrm{Heis}_3(\mathbb{R})$. We summarize some geometric aspects of those compact spaces. In particular, we note that any $M_{\{k, 0\}}$ provides an example of a solvmanifold whose cohomology does not depend on the Lie algebra only and which admits many symplectic structures that are invariant by the group $\mathbb{R} \times \mathrm{Heis}_3(\mathbb{R})$ but not under the oscillator group SG .	abstract	We consider three families of lattices on the oscillator group G , which is an almost nilpotent not completely solvable Lie group, giving rise to coverings $G \rightarrow M_{\{k, 0\}} \rightarrow M_{\{k, \pi\}} \rightarrow M_{\{k, \pi/2\}}$ for $k \in \mathbb{Z}$. We show that the corresponding families of four dimensional solvmanifolds are not pairwise diffeomorphic and we compute their cohomology and minimal models. In particular, each manifold $M_{\{k, 0\}}$ is diffeomorphic to a Kodaira--Thurston manifold, i.e. a compact quotient $S^1 \times \mathrm{Heis}_3(\mathbb{R})/\hat{\Gamma}_k$ where $\hat{\Gamma}_k$ is a lattice of the real three-dimensional Heisenberg group $\mathrm{Heis}_3(\mathbb{R})$. We summarize some geometric aspects of those compact spaces. In particular, we note that any $M_{\{k, 0\}}$ provides an example of a solvmanifold whose cohomology does not depend on the Lie algebra only and which admits many symplectic structures that are invariant by the group $\hat{\mathrm{Heis}}_3(\mathbb{R})$ but not under the oscillator group G .		
	versions		versions			