

The pgfkeysearch Package

A Search Extension for pgfkeys

Version 1.2

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Abstract

The command `\pgfkeysvalueof`, unlike other `\pgfkeys` commands, doesn't have a `.unknown` handler, or offers the option to search for a key. That's exactly the aim of this, by having a way to find a key in a given path (or collection of paths).

1 Searching for a key

<code>\pgfkeysvalueof</code>	<code>\pgfkeysvalueof {<path-list>} {<key>} {<macro>}</code>
<code>\pgfkeysearch</code>	<code>\pgfkeysearch {<path-list>} {<key>} {<macro>}</code>
<code>\pgfkeysvalueofTF</code>	<code>\pgfkeysvalueofTF {<path-list>} {<key>} {<macro>} {<if-found>} {<if-not>}</code>
<code>\pgfkeysearchTF</code>	<code>\pgfkeysearchTF {<path-list>} {<key>} {<macro>} {<if-found>} {<if-not>}</code>

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`<path-list>` is a comma separated list (clist) of paths (can be a single one). `<key>` is the desired key and `<macro>` is the macro/command that will receive (store) the key value (if one was found). For instance, given a path `/A/B/C/D` it will look first at `/A/B/C/D/<key>`, then `/A/B/C/<key>`, and so on, until `/A/<key>`, stopping at the first hit, returning the value found in the `<macro>`. The branch version will also execute either `<if-found>` or `<if-not>`.

Note: `\pgfkeysearch` and `\pgfkeysvalueof` are aliases to each other. Same with `\pgfkeysvalueofTF` and `\pgfkeysearchTF`.

Note: These commands aren't expandable, that's the reason to have them storing the key value in a macro and not just placing the found value in the input stream.

LaTeX Code:

LaTeX Result:

```
\pgfkeys{/tikz/A/.cd,
keyA/.initial={keyA at /tikz/A},
keyB/.initial={keyB at /tikz/A},
B/.cd,
keyA/.initial={keyA at /tikz/A/B},
keyC/.initial={keyC at /tikz/A/B},
C/.cd,
keyX/.initial={keyX at /tikz/A/B/C} }
\pgfkeysvalueof{/tikz/A/B/C}{keyA}{\VALkeyA}
\pgfkeysearchvalueof{/tikz/A/B/C}{keyB}{\VALkeyB}
\pgfkeysvalueof{/tikz/A/B/C}{keyC}{\VALkeyC}
\pgfkeysearchvalueof{/tikz/A/B/C}{keyX}{\VALkeyX}
I got for keyA: \textbf{\VALkeyA} \par
I got for keyB: \textbf{\VALkeyB} \par
I got for keyC: \textbf{\VALkeyC} \par
I got for keyX: \textbf{\VALkeyX} \par
```

```
I got for keyA: keyA at /tikz/A/B
I got for keyB: keyB at /tikz/A
I got for keyC: keyC at /tikz/A/B
I got for keyX: keyX at /tikz/A/B/C
```

*<https://github.com/alceu-frigeri/pgfkeysearch>

2 Expl3 Base Commands

<code>\pgfkeysearch_multipart_keysearch:nnnTF</code>	<code>\pgfkeysearch_multipart_keysearch:nnnTF</code>	<code>{\langle path-list \rangle}{\langle key \rangle}{\langle macro \rangle}</code>
<code>\pgfkeysearch_keysearch:nnnTF</code>	<code>{\langle if-found \rangle}{\langle if-not \rangle}</code>	
	<code>\pgfkeysearch_keysearch:nnnTF</code>	<code>{\langle single-path \rangle}{\langle key \rangle}{\langle macro \rangle}{\langle if-found \rangle}</code>
	<code>{\langle if-not \rangle}</code>	

These are the *Expl3* version of it, for package writers. In fact, `\pgfkeysearchvalueof`, `\pgfkeysearch`, `\pgfkeysearchvalueofTF` and `\pgfkeysearchTF` are just wrappers to `\pgfkeysearch_multipart_keysearch:nnnTF`. The `\pgfkeysearch_keysearch:nnnTF` is the single path version and it's slightly faster than the more generic multi-path version (for a single path search, of course), given that `\pgfkeysearch_multipart_keysearch:nnnTF` calls `\pgfkeysearch_keysearch:nnnTF` for each path in `\langle path-list \rangle`.