

Angular JS Directives 101

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What is a directive?

- Directives are markers on a DOM element
- They tell AngularJS to attach a specified behavior to that DOM element
- Or even transform the DOM element and its children
- Here is an example of a directive called myDir:

```
<my-dir><!-- directive: my-dir exp --->
<span class="my-dir: exp;"></span>
```

• Angular JS itself is massively made of directives: ng-model, ng-if, etc.

What are directives used for?

- Everything!
- Code reuse, creation of custom components, etc.
- Official guide: https://docs.angularjs.org/guide/directive
- Here is a first example:
 - http://codepen.io/achautard/pen/XJawZg

Template Directives

• It's possible to use a HTML file template - and of course to access variables from the current scope:

```
angular.module('docsTemplateUrlDirective', [])
.controller('Controller', ['$scope', function($scope) {
    $scope.customer = {
        name: 'Naomi',
        address: '1600 Amphitheatre'
    };
}])
.directive('myCustomer', function() {
    return {
        templateUrl: 'my-customer.html'
    };
});
```

```
<div ng-controller="Controller">
    <div my-customer></div>
</div>
Name: {{customer.name}} Address: {{customer.address}}
```

Name: Naomi Address: 1600 Amphitheatre

templateUrl can also be a function:

```
.directive('myCustomer', function() {
   return {
     templateUrl: function(elem, attr){
        return 'customer-'+attr.type+'.html';
     }
   };
});
```

Isolate Scope

 It's possible to have an isolate scope for the directive so that the directive's context is separate from your current scope

- Here is how it works:
 - http://codepen.io/achautard/pen/Joyqav?editors=101

Directives that manipulate the DOM

- The main goal of directives is to create custom, reusable independent components
- To do so, directives may have to manipulate the DOM, listen for events, etc.
- This is achieved with the *link* option
- Here is an example:
 - http://codepen.io/achautard/pen/QwMRzN

Directives that wrap DOM content

- Sometimes directives are meant to wrap arbitrary content
- To do so, there is the *transclude* option, which tells Angular to use the outside scope
- Here is an example:
 - http://codepen.io/achautard/pen/emEaoG

Directives That Communicate

• Directives can use other directives and communicate with them through their controllers:

```
angular.module('docsTabsExample', [])
.directive('myPane', function() {
  return {
    require: ['^myTabs', '^ngModel'],
    restrict: 'E',
    transclude: true,
    scope: {
        title: '@'
    },
    link: function(scope, element, attrs, controllers) {
        var tabsCtrl = controllers[0],
            modelCtrl = controllers[1];

        tabsCtrl.addPane(scope);
    },
    templateUrl: 'my-pane.html'
    };
});
```



Thank you!

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