## PS06-01

## February 12, 2018

Regular Languages can be recognized by Turing Machines that only go right or stay put.

Given a TM  $M=\langle Q, \Sigma, \Gamma, \vdash, \neg, \delta, s, t, r \rangle$ , let N be an NFA that recognizes the same language as M. Let  $N=\langle Q_N, \Sigma_N, \delta_N, s_N, F_N \rangle$ .

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Let Q_N = Q.

Let \delta_N(q_i, a) = q_j if \delta(q_i, a) = \langle q_j, b, R \rangle and \delta_N(q_i, \varepsilon) = q_j if \delta(q_i, a) = \langle q_j, b, S \rangle

Let s_N = s

Let t \in F_N and r \notin F_N
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Since there is no way for the machine to look back on what it wrote, it loses its memory capability, which means that it cannot recognize context free languages;in other words, the head is only a read head. Essentially, moving right is equivalent to consuming a character and staying put is equivalent to an epsilon transition. Therefore, any situation where the TM would stay put is Trivial.