Tugas Besar 2 IF3170 - Intelegensi Buatan

Kelompok Butuh Passingan

Nama Anggota:

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```
In [1]: import numpy as np
   import pandas as pd
   import seaborn as sns
   import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
   %matplotlib inline
```

```
In [2]: df = pd.read_csv('tubes2_HeartDisease_train.csv', na_values='?')
    dg = pd.read_csv('tubes2_HeartDisease_test.csv', na_values='?')
    df.shape
```

Out[2]: (779, 14)

In [3]: df.head()

Out[3]:

	Column1	Column2	Column3	Column4	Column5	Column6	Column7	Column8	Colu
0	54	1	4	125.0	216.0	0.0	0.0	140.0	0.0
1	55	1	4	158.0	217.0	0.0	0.0	110.0	1.0
2	54	0	3	135.0	304.0	1.0	0.0	170.0	0.0
3	48	0	3	120.0	195.0	0.0	0.0	125.0	0.0
4	50	1	4	120.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	156.0	1.0

In [5]: df.head()

Out[5]:

	Age	Sex	Chest- Pain_Type	Resting_Blood_Pressure	Serum_Cholestrol	Fasting_Blood_Sug
0	54	1	4	125.0	216.0	0.0
1	55	1	4	158.0	217.0	0.0
2	54	0	3	135.0	304.0	1.0
3	48	0	3	120.0	195.0	0.0
4	50	1	4	120.0	0.0	0.0

Data Preprocessing

Add some description to data

```
In [6]: df['Sex'] = df['Sex'].replace(1, 'Male')
        df['Sex'] = df['Sex'].replace(0, 'Female')
        df['Chest-Pain_Type'] = df['Chest-Pain_Type'].replace(1, 'Typical_Angina')
        df['Chest-Pain Type'] = df['Chest-Pain Type'].replace(2, 'Atypical Angina')
        df['Chest-Pain_Type'] = df['Chest-Pain_Type'].replace(3, 'Non-Anginal_Pain')
        df['Chest-Pain_Type'] = df['Chest-Pain_Type'].replace(4, 'Asymptotic')
        df['Fasting Blood Sugar 120'] = df['Fasting Blood Sugar 120'].replace(1, True)
        df['Fasting Blood Sugar 120'] = df['Fasting Blood Sugar 120'].replace(0, False
        df['resting_ECG'] = df['resting_ECG'].replace(0, 'normal')
        df['resting ECG'] = df['resting ECG'].replace(1, 'having ST-T wave abnormalit
        df['resting ECG'] = df['resting ECG'].replace(2, 'left ventricular hyperthroph
        df['Exercise Induced Angina'] = df['Exercise Induced Angina'].replace(1, 'YES'
        )
        df['Exercise Induced Angina'] = df['Exercise Induced Angina'].replace(0, 'NO')
        df['Peak_Exercise'] = df['Peak_Exercise'].replace(1, 'upsloping')
        df['Peak_Exercise'] = df['Peak_Exercise'].replace(2, 'flat')
        df['Peak Exercise'] = df['Peak Exercise'].replace(3, 'downsloping')
        df['Thal'] = df['Thal'].replace(3, 'normal')
        df['Thal'] = df['Thal'].replace(6, 'fixed_defect')
        df['Thal'] = df['Thal'].replace(7, 'reversable defect')
        df.head()
```

Out[6]:

	Age	Sex	Chest- Pain_Type	Resting_Blood_Pressure	Serum_Cholestrol	Fasting_Blood
0	54	Male	Asymptotic	125.0	216.0	False
1	55	Male	Asymptotic	158.0	217.0	False
2	54	Female	Non- Anginal_Pain	135.0	304.0	True
3	48	Female	Non- Anginal_Pain	120.0	195.0	False
4	50	Male	Asymptotic	120.0	0.0	False

```
In [7]: | dg['Sex'] = df['Sex'].replace(1, 'Male')
        dg['Sex'] = df['Sex'].replace(0, 'Female')
        dg['Chest-Pain_Type'] = df['Chest-Pain_Type'].replace(1, 'Typical_Angina')
        dg['Chest-Pain_Type'] = df['Chest-Pain_Type'].replace(2, 'Atypical_Angina')
        dg['Chest-Pain_Type'] = df['Chest-Pain_Type'].replace(3, 'Non-Anginal_Pain')
        dg['Chest-Pain_Type'] = df['Chest-Pain_Type'].replace(4, 'Asymptotic')
        dg['Fasting Blood Sugar 120'] = df['Fasting Blood Sugar 120'].replace(1, True)
        dg['Fasting Blood Sugar 120'] = df['Fasting Blood Sugar 120'].replace(0, False
        dg['resting_ECG'] = df['resting_ECG'].replace(0, 'normal')
        dg['resting ECG'] = df['resting ECG'].replace(1, 'having ST-T wave abnormalit
        dg['resting_ECG'] = df['resting_ECG'].replace(2, 'left_ventricular_hyperthroph
        dg['Exercise Induced Angina'] = df['Exercise Induced Angina'].replace(1, 'YES'
        dg['Exercise_Induced_Angina'] = df['Exercise_Induced_Angina'].replace(0, 'NO')
        dg['Peak_Exercise'] = df['Peak_Exercise'].replace(1, 'upsloping')
        dg['Peak_Exercise'] = df['Peak_Exercise'].replace(2, 'flat')
        dg['Peak Exercise'] = df['Peak Exercise'].replace(3, 'downsloping')
        dg['Thal'] = df['Thal'].replace(3, 'normal')
        dg['Thal'] = df['Thal'].replace(6, 'fixed_defect')
        dg['Thal'] = df['Thal'].replace(7, 'reversable defect')
        dg.head()
```

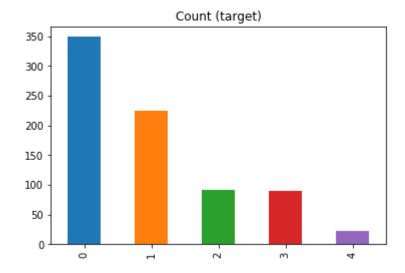
Out[7]:

	Age	Sex	Chest- Pain_Type	Resting_Blood_Pressure	Serum_Cholestrol	Fasting_Blood
0	60	Male	Asymptotic	160.0	267.0	False
1	61	Male	Asymptotic	148.0	203.0	False
2	54	Female	Non- Anginal_Pain	130.0	242.0	True
3	48	Female	Non- Anginal_Pain	120.0	260.0	False
4	57	Male	Asymptotic	130.0	308.0	False

Data Analysis with graphic

```
In [8]: target_count = df.Diagnosis_HD.value_counts()
    print('Class 0:', target_count[0])
    print('Class 1:', target_count[1])
    print('Class 2:', target_count[2])
    print('Class 3:', target_count[3])
    print('Class 4:', target_count[4])
    print('Proportion:', round(target_count[0] / target_count[1], 2), ': 1')
    target_count.plot(kind='bar', title='Count (target)');
```

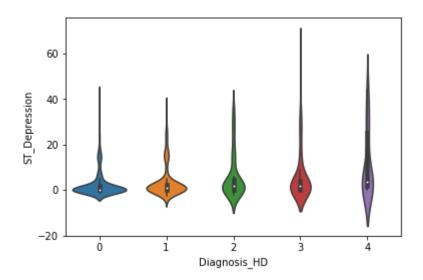
Class 0: 349
Class 1: 225
Class 2: 92
Class 3: 90
Class 4: 23
Proportion: 1.55 : 1



In [9]: # "Age", Resting_Blood_Pressure , Serum_Cholestrol , "Max-Heart_Rate_Achieved"
 , ST_Depression
 sns.violinplot(x=df['Diagnosis_HD'], y=df['ST_Depression'])

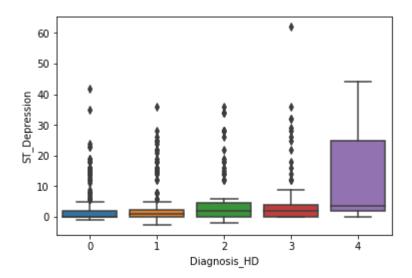
c:\users\aldo azali\appdata\local\programs\python\python36-32\lib\site-packag
es\scipy\stats\stats.py:1713: FutureWarning: Using a non-tuple sequence for m
ultidimensional indexing is deprecated; use `arr[tuple(seq)]` instead of `arr
[seq]`. In the future this will be interpreted as an array index, `arr[np.arr
ay(seq)]`, which will result either in an error or a different result.
return np.add.reduce(sorted[indexer] * weights, axis=axis) / sumval

Out[9]: <matplotlib.axes. subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x1142a4b0>

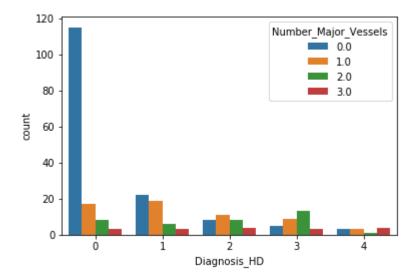


In [10]: # "Age", Resting_Blood_Pressure , Serum_Cholestrol , "Max-Heart_Rate_Achieved"
 , ST_Depression
 sns.boxplot(x=df['Diagnosis_HD'], y=df['ST_Depression'])

Out[10]: <matplotlib.axes. subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x135a64f0>



Out[11]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x1360a6f0>



Check Null Values

If there is null values, then change it to:

- 1. Median
- 2. dummy value (ex: 'Empty' OR '?')
- 3. mode

```
In [12]:
         df.isnull().sum()
Out[12]: Age
                                        0
                                        0
          Sex
          Chest-Pain_Type
                                        0
          Resting_Blood_Pressure
                                       47
          Serum_Cholestrol
                                       24
          Fasting Blood Sugar 120
                                       78
          resting ECG
                                        2
         Max-Heart_Rate_Achieved
                                       44
          Exercise Induced Angina
                                       44
          ST Depression
                                       49
          Peak_Exercise
                                      262
          Number Major Vessels
                                      514
          Thal
                                      408
         Diagnosis_HD
                                        0
          dtype: int64
```

```
In [13]: # RBP, SC, MHRA, STD, = median
         # FBS, ecg, EIA, pe, NMV, thal = mode
         # fbs, ECG , eia, PE,nmv, THAL = 'Empty'
         rbp med = df['Resting Blood Pressure'].median()
         sc med = df['Serum Cholestrol'].median()
         mhra med = df['Max-Heart Rate Achieved'].median()
         std med = df['ST Depression'].median()
In [14]: # Fill with median
         df['Resting_Blood_Pressure'] = df['Resting_Blood_Pressure'].fillna(rbp_med)
         df['Serum Cholestrol'] = df['Serum Cholestrol'].fillna(sc med)
         df['Max-Heart_Rate_Achieved'] = df['Max-Heart_Rate_Achieved'].fillna(mhra_med)
         df['ST Depression'] = df['ST Depression'].fillna(std med)
         # Others Fill with '?'
         df = df.fillna('?')
         rbp medg = dg['Resting Blood Pressure'].median()
In [15]:
         sc medg = dg['Serum Cholestrol'].median()
         mhra_medg = dg['Max-Heart_Rate_Achieved'].median()
         std medg = dg['ST Depression'].median()
In [16]: # Fill with median
         dg['Resting_Blood_Pressure'] = dg['Resting_Blood_Pressure'].fillna(rbp_medg)
         dg['Serum Cholestrol'] = dg['Serum Cholestrol'].fillna(sc medg)
         dg['Max-Heart_Rate_Achieved'] = dg['Max-Heart_Rate_Achieved'].fillna(mhra_medg
         dg['ST Depression'] = dg['ST Depression'].fillna(std medg)
         # Others Fill with '?'
         dg = dg.fillna('?')
In [17]: dg.isnull().sum()
Out[17]: Age
                                     0
                                     0
         Sex
         Chest-Pain Type
                                     0
         Resting Blood Pressure
                                     0
         Serum Cholestrol
                                     0
         Fasting_Blood_Sugar_120
                                     0
         resting_ECG
                                     0
         Max-Heart Rate Achieved
                                     0
         Exercise Induced Angina
                                     0
         ST Depression
                                     0
         Peak Exercise
                                     0
         Number Major Vessels
                                     0
         Thal
                                     0
         dtype: int64
```

In [18]: df.head()

Out[18]:

	Age	Sex	Chest- Pain_Type	Resting_Blood_Pressure	Serum_Cholestrol	Fasting_Blood
0	54	Male	Asymptotic	125.0	216.0	False
1	55	Male	Asymptotic	158.0	217.0	False
2	54	Female	Non- Anginal_Pain	135.0	304.0	True
3	48	Female	Non- Anginal_Pain	120.0	195.0	False
4	50	Male	Asymptotic	120.0	0.0	False
4			_			

Data Train

```
In [19]: from scipy.stats import ttest_ind
In [20]: y_train = df['Diagnosis_HD'] # yang ingin diprediksi
X_train = df.drop(['Diagnosis_HD'], axis = 1)
```

Create Data Split Train and Data Split Test(80:20)

```
In [21]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train_split, X_test_split, y_train_split, y_test_split = train_test_split(X_
train, y_train, test_size = 0.2)
X_train_split.head()
```

Out[21]:

	Age	Sex	Chest- Pain_Type	Resting_Blood_Pressure	Serum_Cholestrol	Fasting_Blo
12	61	Male	Typical_Angina	142.0	200.0	True
444	38	Male	Atypical_Angina	140.0	297.0	False
17	57	Male	Asymptotic	150.0	276.0	False
224	57	Male	Atypical_Angina	180.0	285.0	True
201	46	Male	Asymptotic	120.0	231.0	False

```
In [22]: # Class count
    count_class_0, count_class_1,count_class_2, count_class_3, count_class_4 = df.
    Diagnosis_HD.value_counts()

# Divide by class
    df_class_0 = df[df['Diagnosis_HD'] == 0]
    df_class_1 = df[df['Diagnosis_HD'] == 1]
    df_class_2 = df[df['Diagnosis_HD'] == 2]
    df_class_3 = df[df['Diagnosis_HD'] == 3]
    df_class_4 = df[df['Diagnosis_HD'] == 4]
```

```
In [23]: df_class_1_over = df_class_1.sample(count_class_0, replace=True)
    df_class_2_over = df_class_2.sample(count_class_0, replace=True)
    df_class_3_over = df_class_3.sample(count_class_0, replace=True)
    df_class_4_over = df_class_4.sample(count_class_0, replace=True)
    df_over = pd.concat([df_class_0, df_class_1_over, df_class_2_over, df_class_3_
        over, df_class_4_over], axis=0)

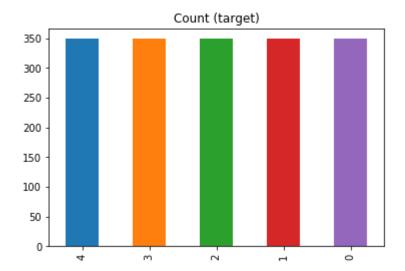
print('Random over-sampling:')
    print(df_over.Diagnosis_HD.value_counts())

df_over.Diagnosis_HD.value_counts().plot(kind='bar', title='Count (target)');
```

Random over-sampling:

- 4 349
- 3 349
- 2 349
- 1 349
- 0 349

Name: Diagnosis_HD, dtype: int64



```
In [24]: X_train_split = df_over.drop(['Diagnosis_HD'], axis = 1)
y_train_split = df_over['Diagnosis_HD']
```

```
In [25]: X_train_split = df_over.drop(['Diagnosis_HD'], axis = 1)
y_train_split = df_over['Diagnosis_HD']
```

Data Processing

Feature Engineering

Out[26]:

	Age	Sex	Chest- Pain_Type	Resting_Blood_Pressure	Serum_Cholestrol	Fasting_Blo
2	54	Female	Non- Anginal_Pain	135.0	304.0	True
3	48	Female	Non- Anginal_Pain	120.0	195.0	False
5	64	Female	Asymptotic	130.0	303.0	False
7	58	Male	Atypical_Angina	130.0	251.0	False
8	42	Male	Atypical_Angina	150.0	268.0	False

c:\users\aldo azali\appdata\local\programs\python\python36-32\lib\site-packag
es\ipykernel_launcher.py:9: SettingWithCopyWarning:

A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.

Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead

See the caveats in the documentation: http://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/indexing.html#indexing-view-versus-copy

if __name__ == '__main__':

Out[27]:

	Age	Sex	Chest- Pain_Type	Resting_Blood_Pressure	Serum_Cholestrol	Fasting_Blo
500	63	Male	Typical_Angina	145.0	233.0	True
52	55	Male	Atypical_Angina	130.0	262.0	False
443	43	Male	Asymptotic	122.0	0.0	False
227	47	Male	Non- Anginal_Pain	110.0	0.0	?
441	55	Male	Atypical_Angina	120.0	256.0	True

Out[28]:

	Age	Sex	Chest- Pain_Type	Resting_Blood_Pressure	Serum_Cholestrol	Fasting_Blood
0	54	Male	Asymptotic	125.0	216.0	False
1	55	Male	Asymptotic	158.0	217.0	False
2	54	Female	Non- Anginal_Pain	135.0	304.0	True
3	48	Female	Non- Anginal_Pain	120.0	195.0	False
4	50	Male	Asymptotic	120.0	0.0	False
4		_	_			

Make Dummies

```
In [29]: X_train_split = pd.get_dummies(X_train_split)
X_test_split = pd.get_dummies(X_test_split)
```

In [30]: X_train_split.head()

Out[30]:

	Age	Resting_Blood_Pressure	Serum_Cholestrol	Max- Heart_Rate_Achieved	ST_Depression
2	54	135.0	304.0	170.0	0.0
3	48	120.0	195.0	125.0	0.0
5	64	130.0	303.0	122.0	2.0
7	58	130.0	251.0	110.0	0.0
8	42	150.0	268.0	136.0	0.0

5 rows × 40 columns

Modeling with ML

```
In [33]: from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
```

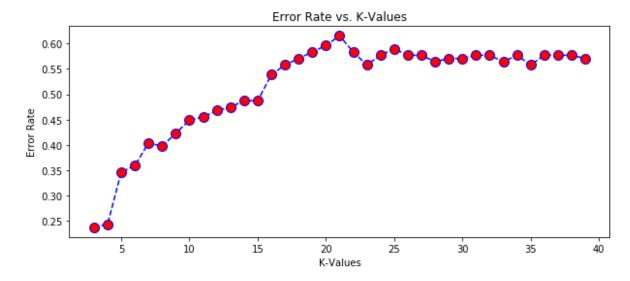
KNN (K Nearest Neighbors)

```
In [34]: from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier

In [81]: error_rate = []
    error_min = 1
    min = 0
    for i in range(3,40):
        knn_split = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=i)
        knn_split.fit(X_train_split, y_train_split)
        predict_knn_i_split = knn_split.predict(X_test_split)
        error_rate.append(np.mean(predict_knn_i_split != y_test_split))
        if(np.mean(predict_knn_i_split != y_test_split) < error_min):
        error_min = np.mean(predict_knn_i_split != y_test_split)
        min = i</pre>
```

```
In [83]: # Configure and plot error rate over k values
   plt.figure(figsize=(10,4))
   plt.plot(range(3,40), error_rate, color='blue', linestyle='dashed', marker='o'
   , markerfacecolor='red', markersize=10)
   plt.title('Error Rate vs. K-Values')
   plt.xlabel('K-Values')
   plt.ylabel('Error Rate')
```

Out[83]: Text(0, 0.5, 'Error Rate')



```
In [84]: knn = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=min)
knn.fit(X_train_split, y_train_split)
```

```
In [85]: predict_knn = knn.predict(X_test_split)
    print('Nilai akurasi knn : ', accuracy_score(y_test_split, predict_knn))
```

Nilai akurasi knn : 0.7628205128205128

```
In [86]: predict_knn[0:20]
```

Out[86]: array([0, 0, 1, 3, 0, 1, 0, 1, 2, 1, 2, 3, 0, 3, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0, 4], dtype=int64)

```
In [87]: y_test_split.head(20)
Out[87]: 500
                 0
          52
                 0
          443
                 1
          227
                 1
          441
                 0
          148
                 1
          649
                 0
          31
                 0
          370
                 2
          456
                 1
          752
                 2
         46
                 1
          732
                 0
          537
                 3
          736
                 3
          702
                 0
          547
                 0
          168
                 0
          135
                 0
         165
                 4
         Name: Diagnosis_HD, dtype: int64
In [88]: knn.score(X_train_split ,y_train_split)
Out[88]: 0.9106017191977077
In [89]: knn.score(X_test_split, y_test_split)
Out[89]: 0.7628205128205128
In [90]:
         # Import classification report and confusion matrix to evaluate predictions
          from sklearn.metrics import classification report, confusion matrix
In [91]:
         print(classification_report(y_test_split, predict_knn))
                                      recall f1-score
                        precision
                                                          support
                     0
                             0.86
                                        0.81
                                                   0.83
                                                               67
                     1
                             0.81
                                        0.53
                                                   0.64
                                                               49
                     2
                             0.56
                                                   0.72
                                                               18
                                        1.00
                     3
                                        0.95
                                                               19
                             0.72
                                                   0.82
                     4
                             0.75
                                                   0.86
                                                                3
                                        1.00
             micro avg
                             0.76
                                        0.76
                                                   0.76
                                                              156
             macro avg
                             0.74
                                        0.86
                                                   0.77
                                                              156
         weighted avg
                             0.79
                                        0.76
                                                   0.76
                                                              156
```

```
In [92]: # Print out confusion matrix
         cmat = confusion matrix(y test split, predict knn)
         print(cmat)
         print('TP - True Positive {}'.format(cmat[0,0]))
         print('FP - False Positive {}'.format(cmat[0,1]))
         print('FN - False Negative {}'.format(cmat[1,0]))
         print('TN - True Negative {}'.format(cmat[1,1]))
         print('Accuracy Rate: {}'.format(np.divide(np.sum([cmat[0,0],cmat[1,1]]),np.su
         m(cmat))))
         print('Misclassification Rate: {}'.format(np.divide(np.sum([cmat[0,1],cmat[1,0
         ]]),np.sum(cmat))))
         [[54 6 4 3 0]
          [926 9 4 1]
          [0 0 18 0 0]
          [0 0 1 18 0]
          [00003]]
         TP - True Positive 54
         FP - False Positive 6
         FN - False Negative 9
         TN - True Negative 26
         Accuracy Rate: 0.5128205128205128
```

Misclassification Rate: 0.09615384615384616

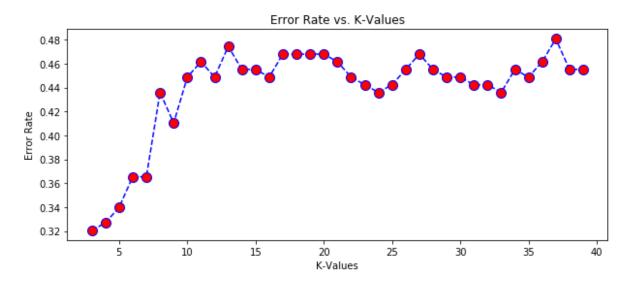
Predict Data Full Test

```
In [93]: X_train = pd.get_dummies(X_train)

In [97]: error_rate = []
    error_min = 1
    min = 0
    for i in range(3,40):
        knn = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=i)
        knn.fit(X_train, y_train)
        predict_knn_i = knn.predict(X_test_split)
        error_rate.append(np.mean(predict_knn_i != y_test_split))
        if(np.mean(predict_knn_i_split != y_test_split) < error_min):
        error_min = np.mean(predict_knn_i_split != y_test_split)
        min = i</pre>
```

```
In [98]: # Configure and plot error rate over k values
   plt.figure(figsize=(10,4))
   plt.plot(range(3,40), error_rate, color='blue', linestyle='dashed', marker='o'
   , markerfacecolor='red', markersize=10)
   plt.title('Error Rate vs. K-Values')
   plt.xlabel('K-Values')
   plt.ylabel('Error Rate')
```

Out[98]: Text(0, 0.5, 'Error Rate')



```
In [99]: knn = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=min)
knn.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

Create Model Joblib

```
In [100]: from sklearn.externals import joblib
    joblib.dump(knn,'KNN_Model.joblib')
Out[100]: ['KNN_Model.joblib']
```

Referensi

https://medium.com/@kbrook10/day-11-machine-learning-using-knn-k-nearest-neighbors-with-scikit-learn-350c3a1402e6 (https://medium.com/@kbrook10/day-11-machine-learning-using-knn-k-nearest-neighbors-with-scikit-learn-350c3a1402e6)