Golub data

Gene expression data (3051 genes and 38 tumor mRNA samples) from the leukemia microarray study of Golub et al. (1999).

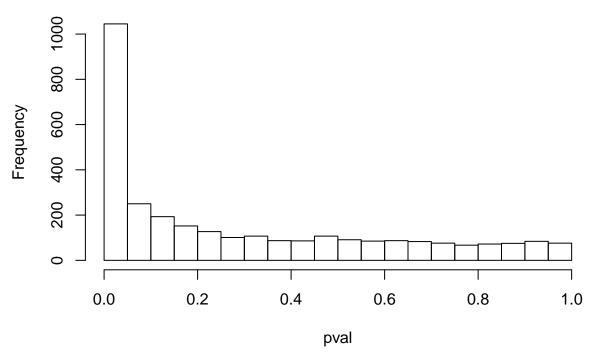
Load Golub data from the R package multtest:

```
rm(list=ls())
require(multtest)
data(golub)
Y <- t(golub)
colnames(Y) <- golub.gnames[,3]
X <- golub.cl
m <- ncol(Y)
n <- nrow(Y)</pre>
```

Perform m = 3051 two-sample Student t tests and compute the p-values:

```
pval = sapply(1:m, function(i) t.test(Y[X==0,i],Y[X==1,i], var.equal = T)$p.value)
hist(pval,20)
```

Histogram of pval



Number of rejections by using uncorrected tests, Bonferroni, Holm and Hochberg at level $\alpha = 0.05$:

```
alpha = 0.05
sum(pval <= alpha)</pre>
```

```
[1] 1045
sum(p.adjust(pval, "bonf") <= alpha)
```

[1] 98

```
sum(p.adjust(pval, "holm") <= alpha)</pre>
[1] 98
sum(p.adjust(pval, "hochberg") <= alpha)</pre>
[1] 98
Number of rejections by Benjamini-Hochberg and Benjamini-Yekutieli at level \alpha = 0.05:
sum(p.adjust(pval, "BH") <= alpha)</pre>
[1] 681
sum(p.adjust(pval, "BY") <= alpha)</pre>
[1] 269
Number of rejections by adaptive BKY procedure:
alphastar = alpha/(1-alpha)
hatpi0 = (m - sum(p.adjust(pval, "BH") <= alphastar))/m</pre>
sum(p.adjust(pval, "BH") <= alphastar/hatpi0)</pre>
[1] 753
Number of rejections by adaptive Storey procedure:
lambda = 1/2
\texttt{hatpi0} = (\texttt{sum}(\texttt{pval} > \texttt{lambda}) + \texttt{1}) / ((\texttt{1-lambda}) * \texttt{m})
sum(p.adjust(pval, "BH") <= alpha/hatpi0)</pre>
```

[1] 860