



# Hacía una mejor instrumentación (con Python y Lantz)

Hernán E. Grecco  
[hgrecco@df.uba.ar](mailto:hgrecco@df.uba.ar)

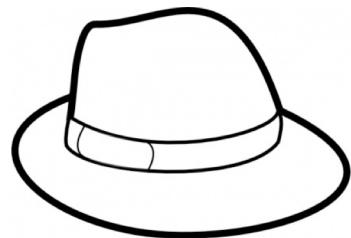
Mayo de 2018



UBA

# Maximiliano Lantz

*Aula 12 del Pabellón II, Ciudad Universitaria*



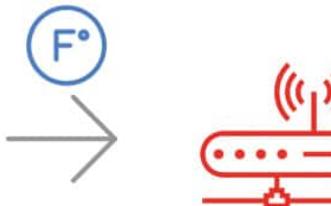
# Observación e Intervención

## Sensores y Actuadores

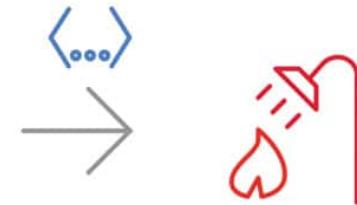
Sensor



Control Center



Actuator



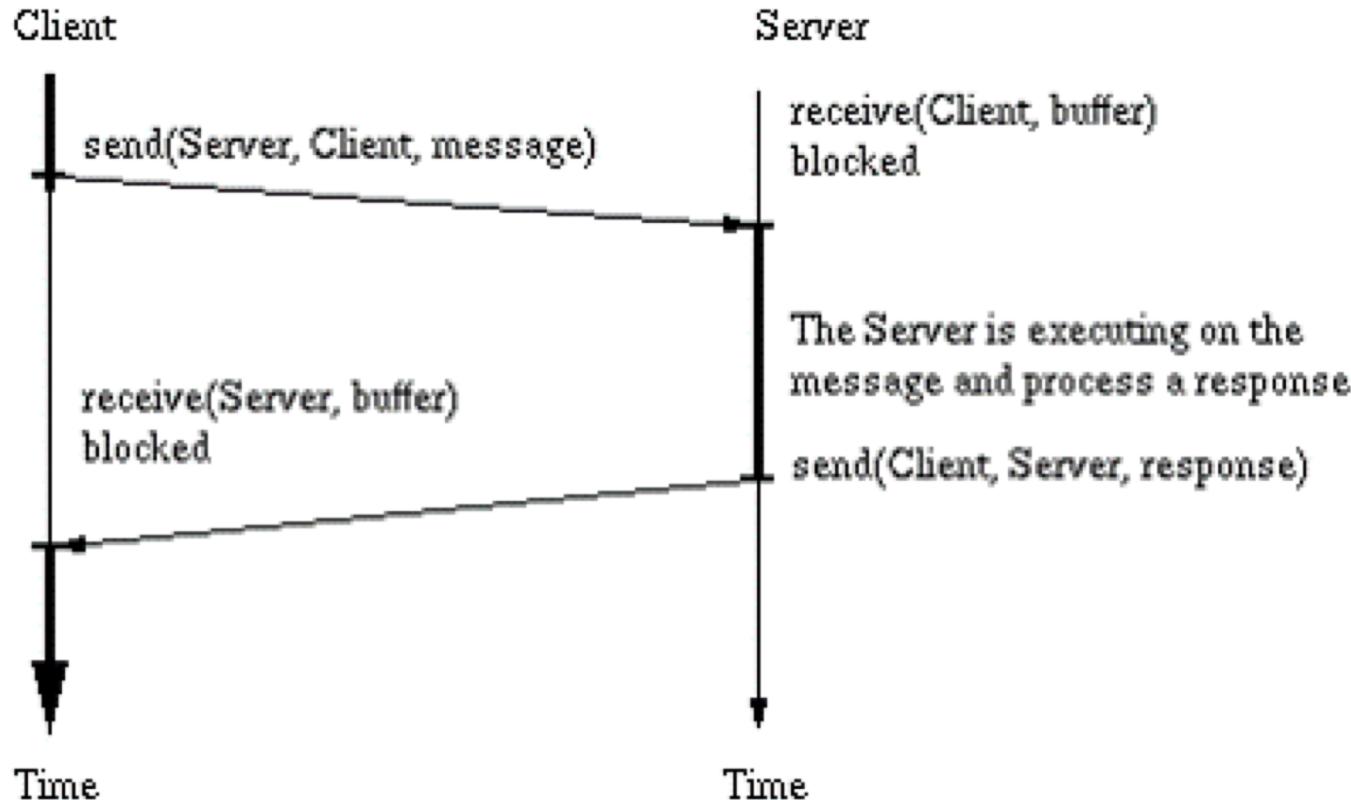
Temperature sensor detects heat.

Sends this detect signal to the control center.

Control center sends command to sprinkler.

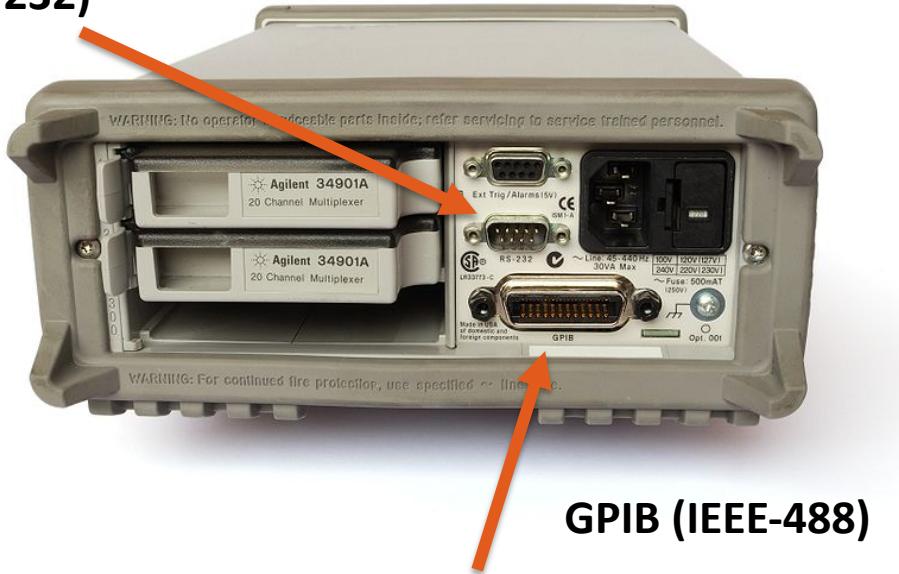
Sprinkler turns on and puts out flame.

# Hablando con Instrumentos



# Hablando con Instrumentos

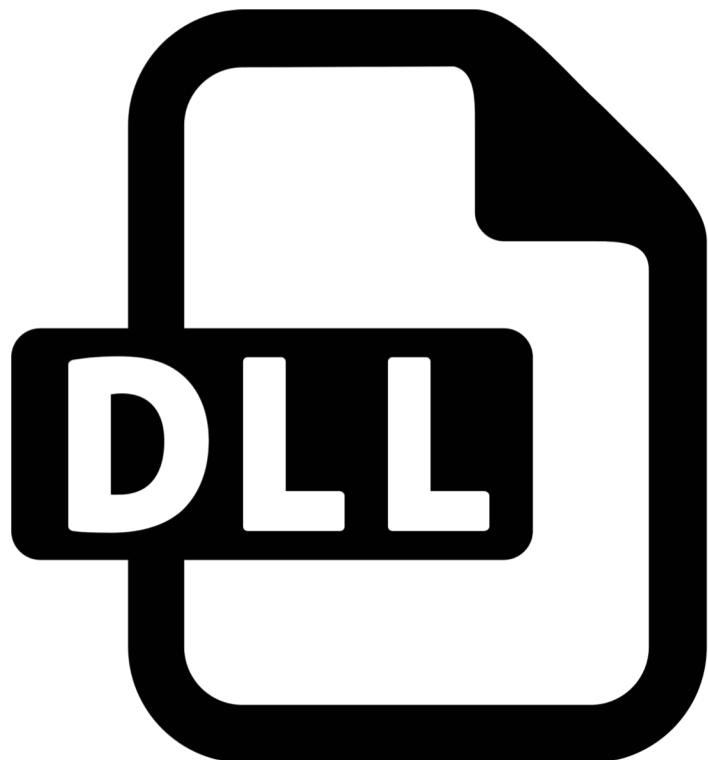
## Serie (RS-232)



# Hablando con Instrumentos

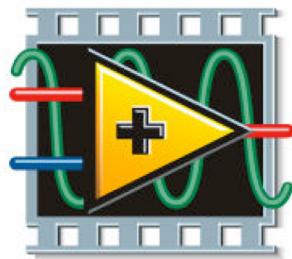
Interface	GPIB	LAN	USB	RS232
				
Bandwidth	1.8Mbit/s (488.1) 	12.5 Mbit/s 125 Mbits/s (GB LAN) 	60 Mbit/s (Hi-Speed) 120 Mbit/s (USB 3.0) 	28.8 kB/s 
Latency (informative) *Note1	300 µs 	250 µs 	1000 µs (USB) 125 µs (Hi-Speed) 	~100 ms 

# Hablando con **Instrumentos**

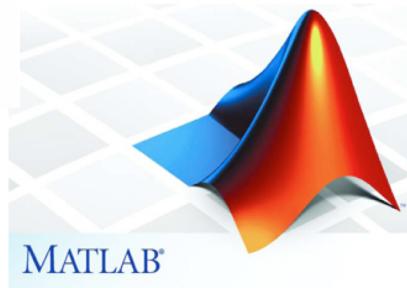


# Opciones para **instrumentación** y **control**

Domain Specific Languages (DSL)



NATIONAL INSTRUMENTS  
**LabVIEW**



MATLAB®

General Purpose Languages (GPL)  
+ add ons



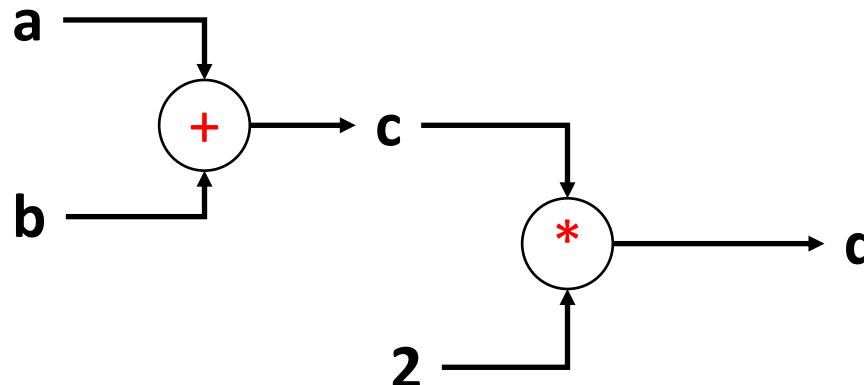
Measurement Studio

# Los DSL tienen un propósito específico (y a veces nos joden)



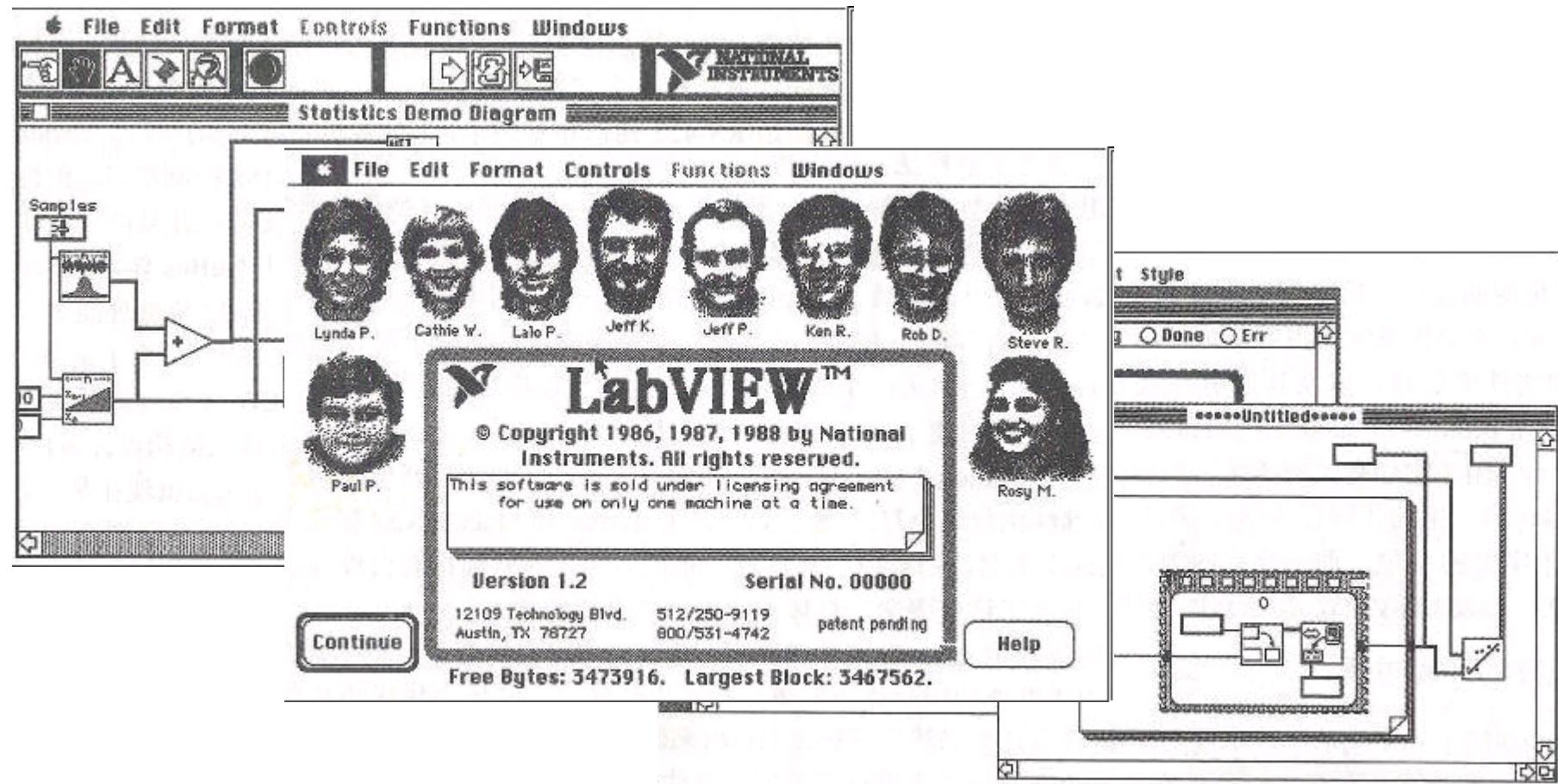
LABoratory Virtual Instrumentation Engineering  
Workbench

G programming language

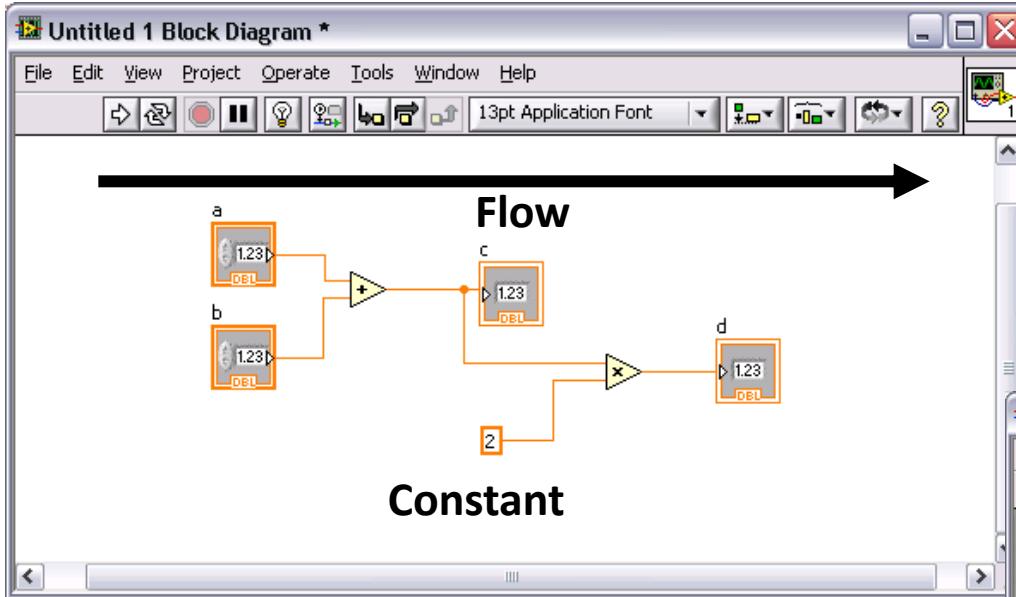


Imperative  
Programming  
 $c = a + b$   
 $d = 2 * c$

# Los DSL tienen un propósito específico (y a veces nos joden)

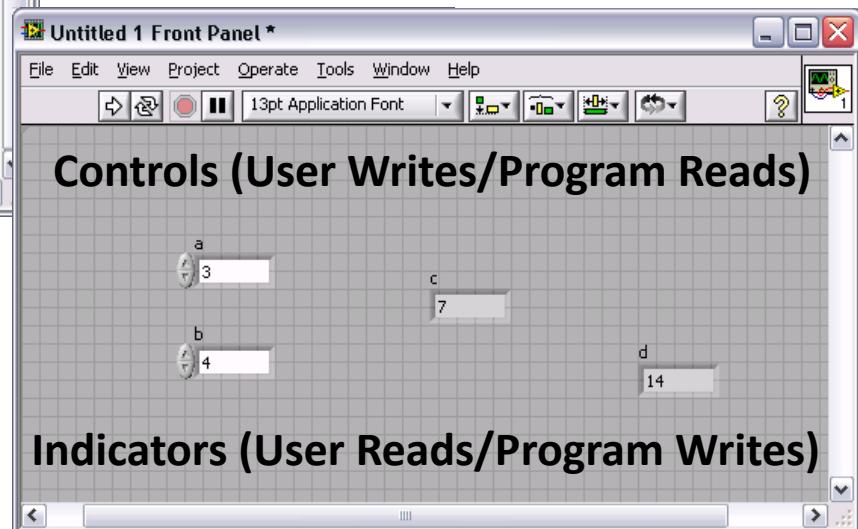
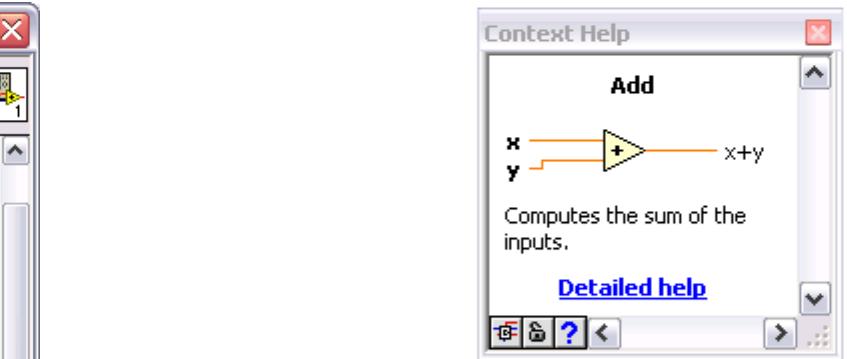


# Los DSL tienen un propósito específico (y a veces nos joden)

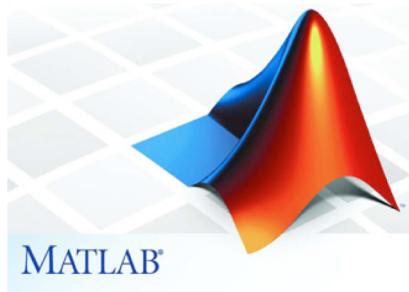


vi = Virtual Instrument

Cuando duele: String manipulation, access to databases,  
User interfaces, Object oriented programming,  
source control, documentation, testing ...



# Los DSL tienen un propósito específico (y a veces nos joden)



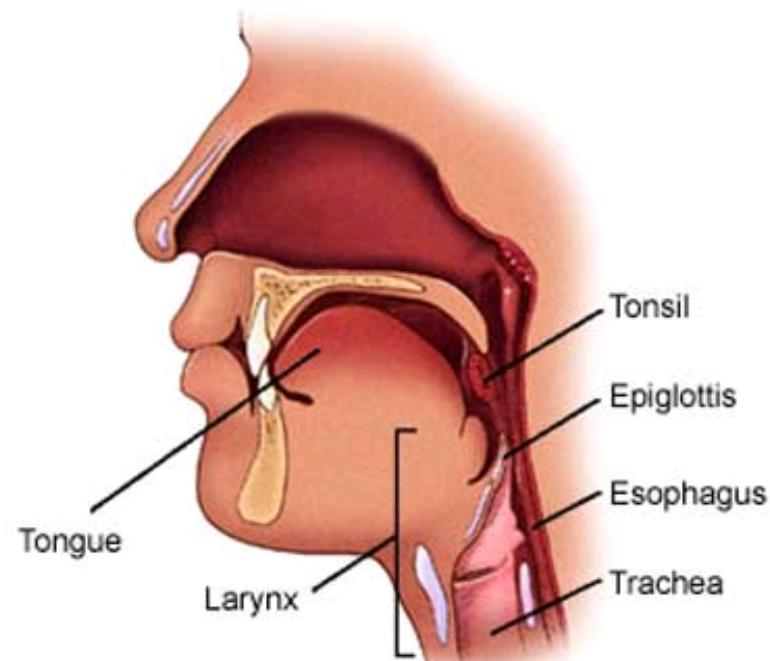
## MATRIX LABORATORY

```
>> A = pascal(3);  
>> u = [3; 1; 4];  
>> x = A\u  
  
x =  
    10  
   -12  
     5
```

```
>> g = gpib('ni',0,1);  
>> fopen(g)  
>> set(g,'EOSMode','read&write')  
>> set(g,'EOSCharCode','LF')  
>> fprintf(g,'Volt 3')  
>> fclose(g)  
>> delete(g)  
>> clear g
```

**Cuando duele:** String manipulation, access to databases,  
User interfaces, No namespaces => Weird names functions,  
Object oriented programming, documentation, testing ...

# Los DSL se atragantan con la vida real



© Mayo Foundation for Medical Education and Research. All rights reserved.

# Los GPL + libs son pagos o complejos



ANSI C + libraries to control instruments and common controls (plots, etc)

*Memory management, bookkeeping*



Measurement Studio

.NET libraries (VB, C#, etc) to control instruments and common controls (plots, etc)

# Yo quiero hacer **instrumentación** con un **Lenguaje**

- Propósito general.
- Prototipado rápido



- Extensible con C/C++/Fortran/Rust
- Gratis and Libre
- Tipos dinámicos pero estrictos. Con librerías científicas.

# Se puede hacer **instrumentación** con un **Python**

```
import serial

inst = serial.Serial('COM1')
inst.write('AMPLITUDE?\n')
amplitude = float(inst.recv())
print(amplitude)
inst.write('AMPLITUDE 5.00\n')
inst.write('SCAN 10.00 100.00\n')
```

# Se puede hacer instrumentación con un Python

```
import serial

class SignalGenerator(object):

    def __init__(self, port):
        self.serial = serial.Serial(port)

    @property
    def amplitude(self):
        self.serial.write('AMPLITUDE?\n')
        return float(self.serial.recv())

    @amplitude.setter
    def amplitude(self, value):
        self.serial.write('AMPLITUDE {}\n'.format(value))

    def frequency_scan(self, first, last):
        self.serial.write('SCAN {} {}\n'.format(first, last))

inst = SignalGenerator('COM1')
amplitude = inst.amplitude
print(amplitude)
inst.amplitude = 5
inst.frequency_scan(10, 100)
```

# Se puede hacer **instrumentación** con un **Python**

```
@amplitude.setter
def amplitude(self, value):
    if value == self._last_amplitude:
        if DEBUG:
            log('No need to change the amplitude')
            return

    if DEBUG:
        log('Changing the amplitude to {}'.format(value))

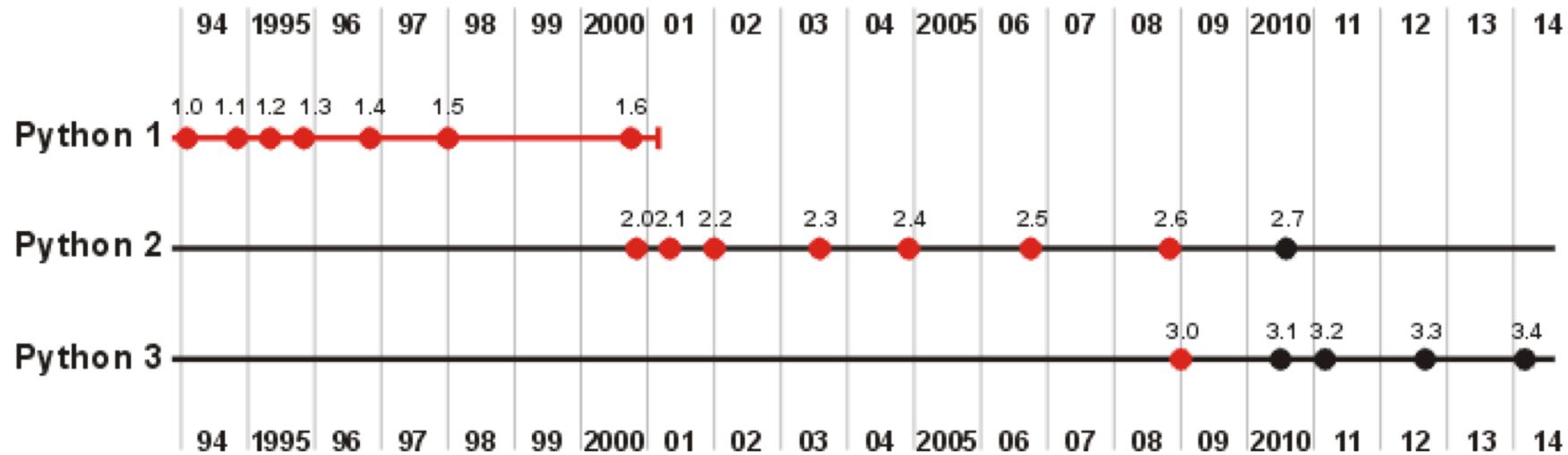
    self.serial.write('AMPLITUDE {}\n'.format(value))

    if DEBUG:
        log('Changed the amplitude to {}'.format(value))
```



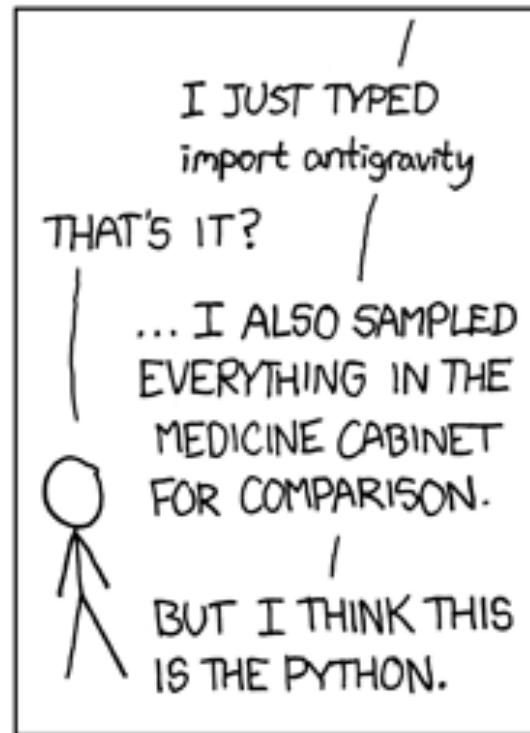
- Lantz es un paquete, Python es el lenguaje.
- Proveer soluciones a problemas comunes.
- Dejar los casos particulares/patológicos para aquellos que los tengan.
- Ayudar a “Hacer las Cosas Bien”
- Simplificar la identificación de error
- Favorecer que el código se comparta

# Python: Historia



Implementaciones: CPython, Jython, IronPython, PyPy, ...

# Python: Batteries Included



# Ecosistema de **Python**: Repositorio de Paquetes (PyPi)



**Instaladores:** pip (Pip Installs Packages)

**No usar:** easy\_install

# Ecosistema de **Python**: Distribuciones



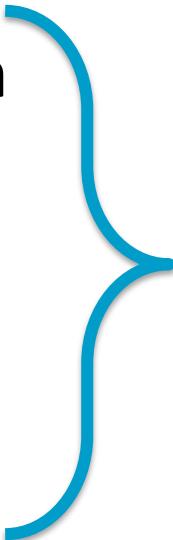
**ANACONDA®**



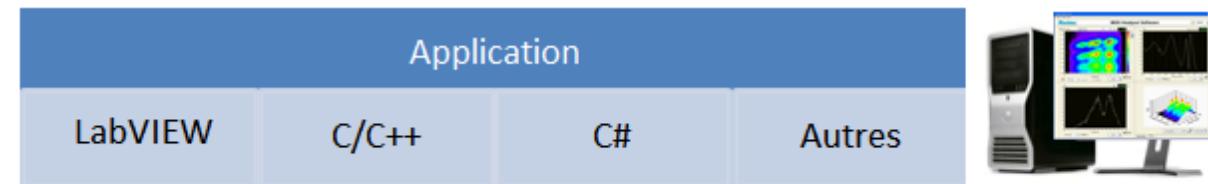
**Instaladores:** **conda**

# Ecosistema de **Python** para instrumentación

- **DLL: built-in**
- **Ethernet: built-in**
- **Serial: PySerial**
- **USB: PyUSB**
- **GPIB: linux-gpib**



Mensajes que van y vienen



Instruments Virtuels Interchangeables (IVI)

IVI-C

IVI-COM

IVI.NET

VISA (Virtual Instrumentation Software Architecture)

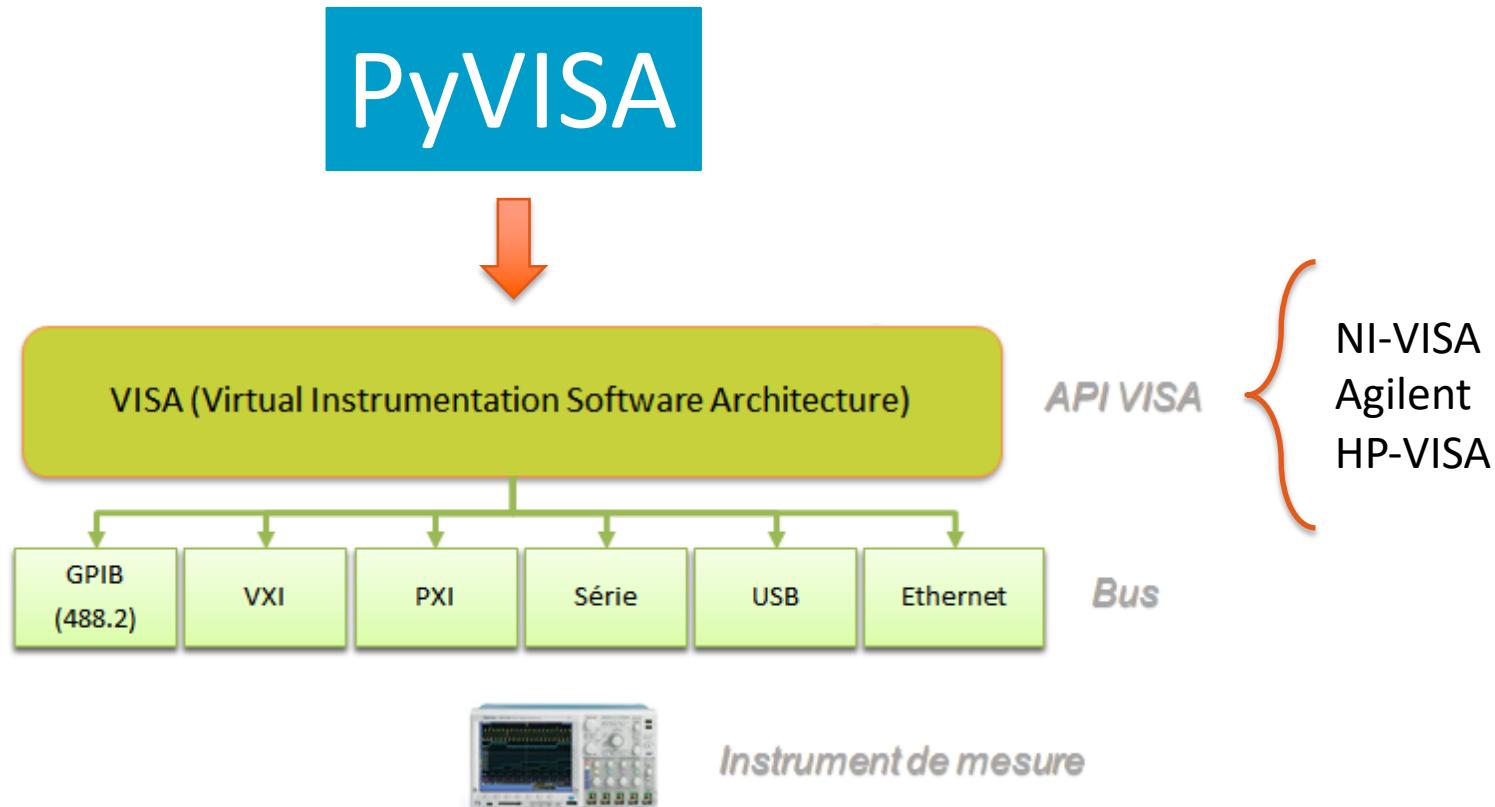
API VISA

NI-VISA  
Agilent  
HP-VISA

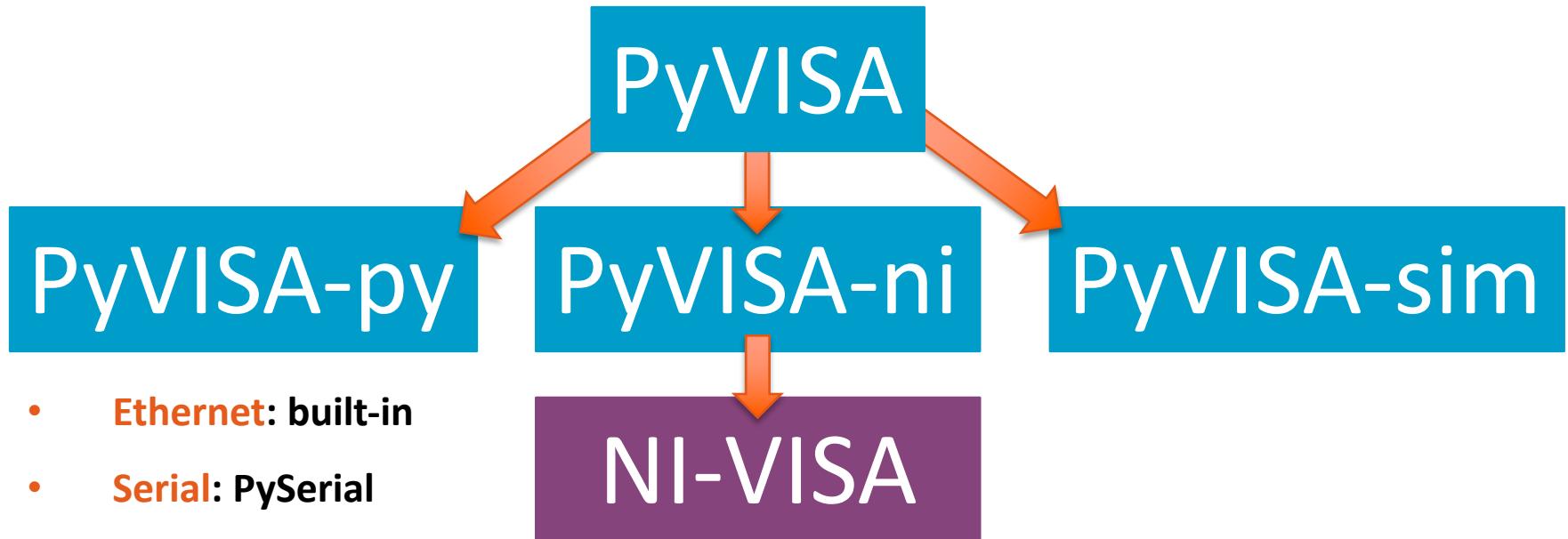


Instrument de mesure

# Ecosistema de Python para instrumentación

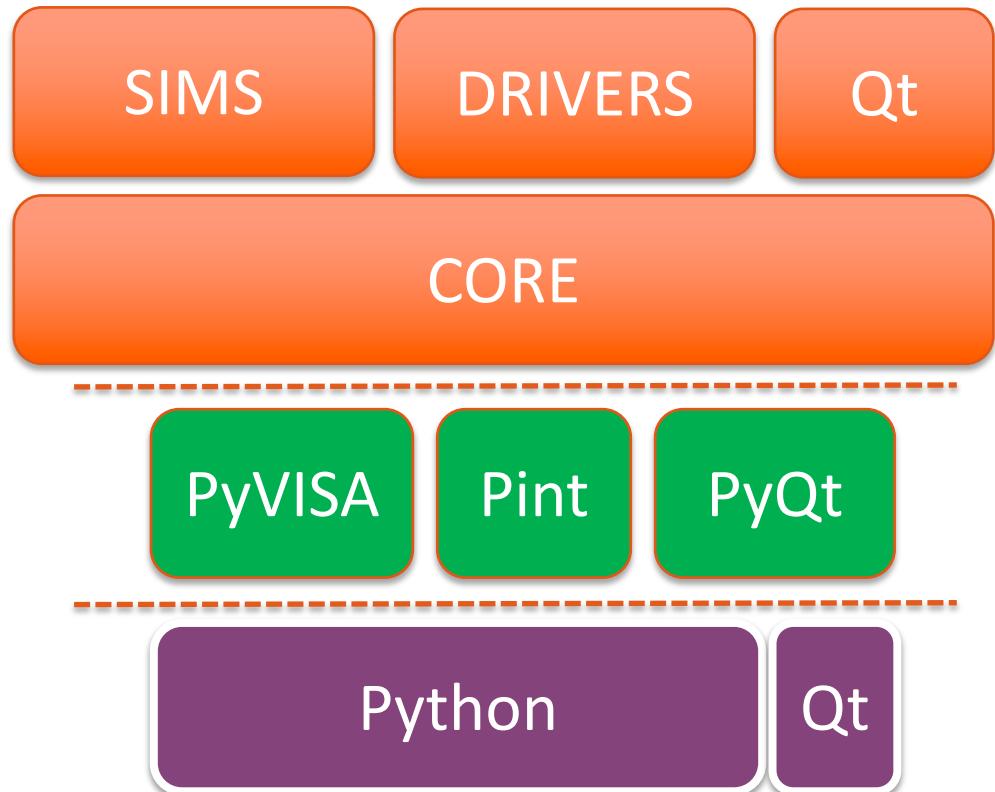
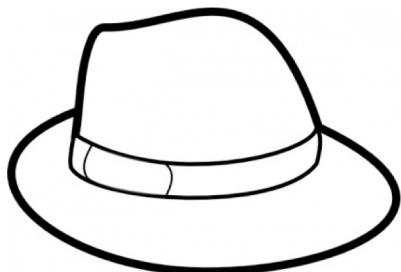


# Ecosistema de **Python** para instrumentación



- **Ethernet:** built-in
- **Serial:** PySerial
- **USB:** PyUSB
- **GPIB:** linux-gpib

# Ecosistema de **Python** para instrumentación



# Ecosistema de **Python** para instrumentación

<https://github.com/lantzproject>