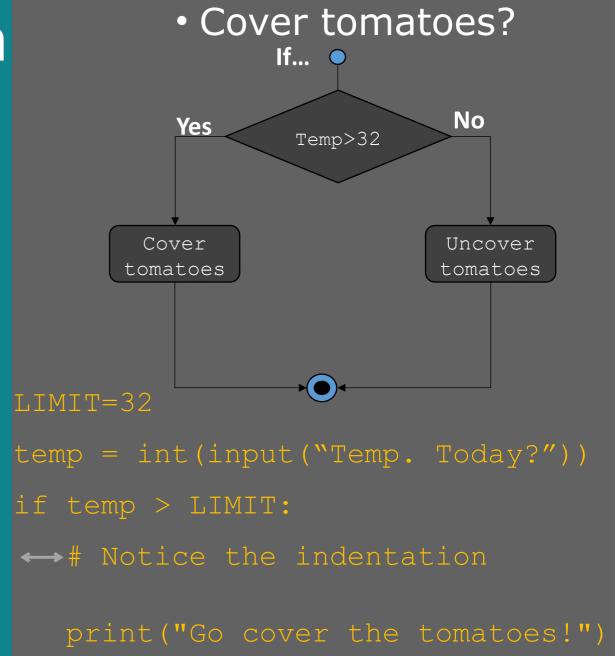


# D: conditional execution

### Conditional execution

- So far, all commands/instructions written in our program (a file with suffix .py) have been executed, from top to bottom.
- Next, execution will be driven by the actual input data, so to implement *decision diagrams*.
- Decision means evaluating a True/False question.
- Some parts of the code might never be executed



#### Conditionals if...else...

- Python supports the logical conditions from mathematics:
  - Equals: a == b
  - Not Equals: a != b
  - Less than: a < b</li>
  - Less than or equal to: a <= b</li>
  - Greater than: a > b
  - Greater than or equal to: a >= b

### Conditionals

```
a = 10
b = 9
if b < a:
    print("b is less than a")
else:
    print("a is greater than b or equal")</pre>
```

### 3-way conditionals

```
• Syntax
  if <condition>:
        <statement>
        elif <condition>:
        <statement>
        else:
        <statement>
```

```
a = 10
b = 9
if b < a:
   print("b is less than a")
elif b == a:
   print("b is equal to a")
else:
  print("b is greater than a")
a = 10
b = 9
if b < a:
   print("b is less than a")
elif b > a:
   print ("b is greater than a")
else:
   print("a and b are equal")
```

# Quiz 6

- Fill the gaps with the appropriate commands
  - Print "Hi", if a is greater or equal than b

# Quiz 6 Solution

- Fill the gaps with the appropriate commands
  - Print "Hi", if a is greater or equal than b

```
a = 22
b = 82
if a>=b:
    print("Hi")
```

# Quiz 7

Get started with Python in VS Code (w. extensions)

- The programme will prompt the user to input a number
- The program should output:
  - "Positive", if the number is greater than 0
  - "Negative", if the number is less than 0
  - "Zero", otherwise (it's 0)

# Quiz 7 solution

```
user input = int(input("Enter a number: "))
if user input>0:
     print("Positive")
elif user input<0:</pre>
     print("Negative")
else:
     print("Zero")
```

# General Summary

- Compiler vs. Interpreter: Python is a line-by-line interpreter
- variables store data: name/type/value
- use input to get data from the user
- use print to output data to the user
- Data types: Integers, Floats, Strings (Text) and Boolean
- use int() to transform text into numerical data, char() and float() work similarly
- use if/elif/else to create conditional, data-driven execution