

# ASSIGNMENT 5

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$$(A) q_{\pi}(s, a) = \mathbb{E} [G_t \mid S_t = s, A_t = a]$$

We need equations that are analogous to 4.5 and 4.4:

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$$q_{\pi}(s, a) = \mathbb{E}_{\pi} [G_t \mid S_t = s, A_t = a]$$

$$q_{\pi}(s, a) = \mathbb{E}_{\pi} [R_{t+1} + \gamma V_{\pi}(S_{t+1}) \mid S_t = s, A_t = a]$$

$$q_{\pi}(s, a) = \mathbb{E}_{\pi} [R_{t+1} + \gamma \sum_{a'} \pi(a' | s') q_{\pi}(s', a') \mid S_t = s, A_t = a]$$

$$q_{\pi}(s, a) = \sum_{s', r} p(s', r \mid s, a) [r + \gamma \sum_{a'} q_{\pi}(s', a') \pi(a' | s')]$$

For an equation that is analogous to 4.5:

$$q_{k+1}(s, a) = \sum_{s', r} p(s', r \mid s, a) [r + \gamma \sum_{a'} q_k(s', a') \pi(a' | s')]$$

$$(B) T_q^{\pi}(q) = R_q^{\pi} + \gamma P_q^{\pi} q \text{ where } \|P_q^{\pi}\|_{\infty} \leq \gamma$$

When solving for  $T_q^{\pi}(q_1)$  and  $T_q^{\pi}(q_2)$  we are multiplying each by the transition matrix  $P_q^{\pi}$

If  $\|P_q^{\pi}\|_{\infty} \leq \gamma$ , this represents that the max discount factor to any state-action pair is  $\gamma$ . So this can be said as the impact of future values on state-action value functions  $T_q^{\pi}(q_1)$  and  $T_q^{\pi}(q_2)$  is bounded by  $\gamma$

The contraction of  $T_q^{\pi}$  is attained by limiting the maximum row sum norm of  $P_q^{\pi}$  to  $\gamma$ , reducing the impact of future values on state action value functions. This guarantees that  $T_q^{\pi}$  converges to a single fixed point

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We can switch the policy to use  $Q$  where the following is modeled:

$$\pi_0 \rightarrow Q^{\pi_0} \rightarrow \pi_1$$

where policy evaluation step uses a sequence of  $Q$  functions  $S$  until the algorithm converges

We can create the following algorithm:

Init state action value function randomly for all  $s, a \in \mathcal{Q}(s, a)$

Randomize the policy and set convergence threshold

while not converged:

for each state  $s$  do:

for each action  $a$  do:

$$\text{calculate } Q'(s, a) = \sum_{s', r} P(s', r | s, a) [r + \gamma \max_{a'} Q(s', a')]$$

set change\_amount to max of  $|Q'(s, a) - Q(s, a)|$

set  $Q(s, a)$  to  $Q'(s, a)$

if change\_amount < convergence\_threshold

exit() the loop

Policy improvement:

For each state  $s$ , do:

select action  $a$  that maximizes  $Q(s, a): a^* = \arg \max_a Q(s, a)$

Update the policy for state  $s$  with  $Q: \pi(s) = a^*$

Policy iteration guarantees convergence to optimal policy  $\pi$  and the optimal action-value function  $Q^*$  as long as the MDP is satisfied