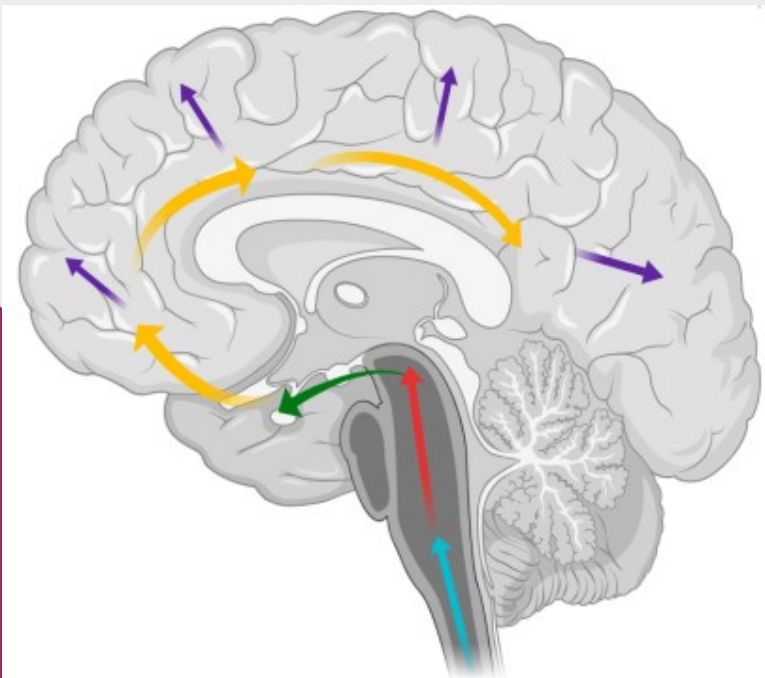


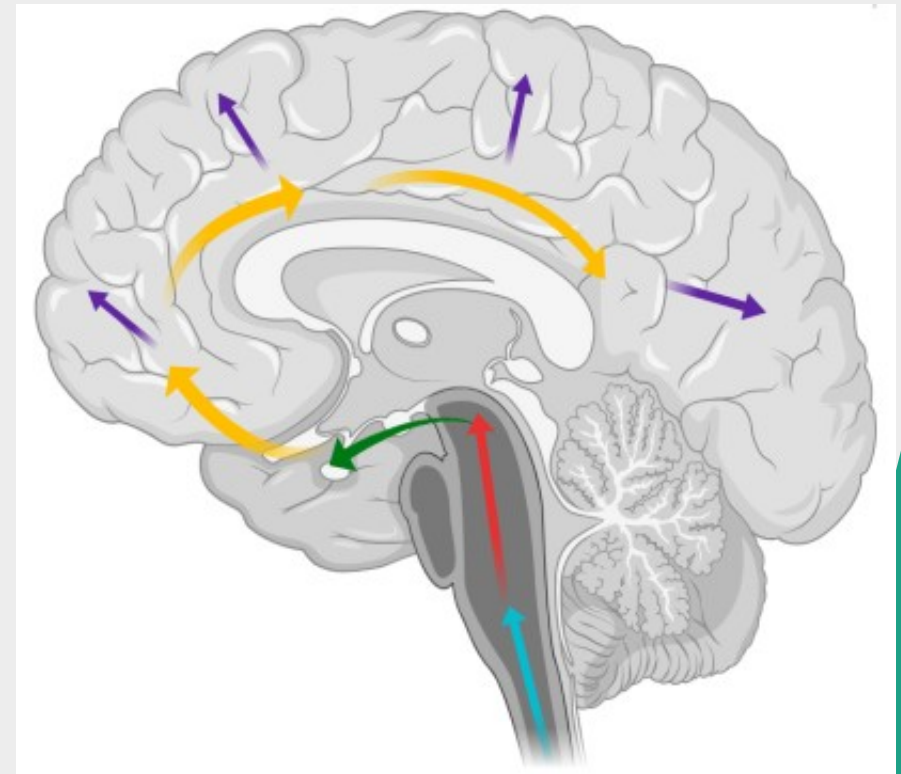
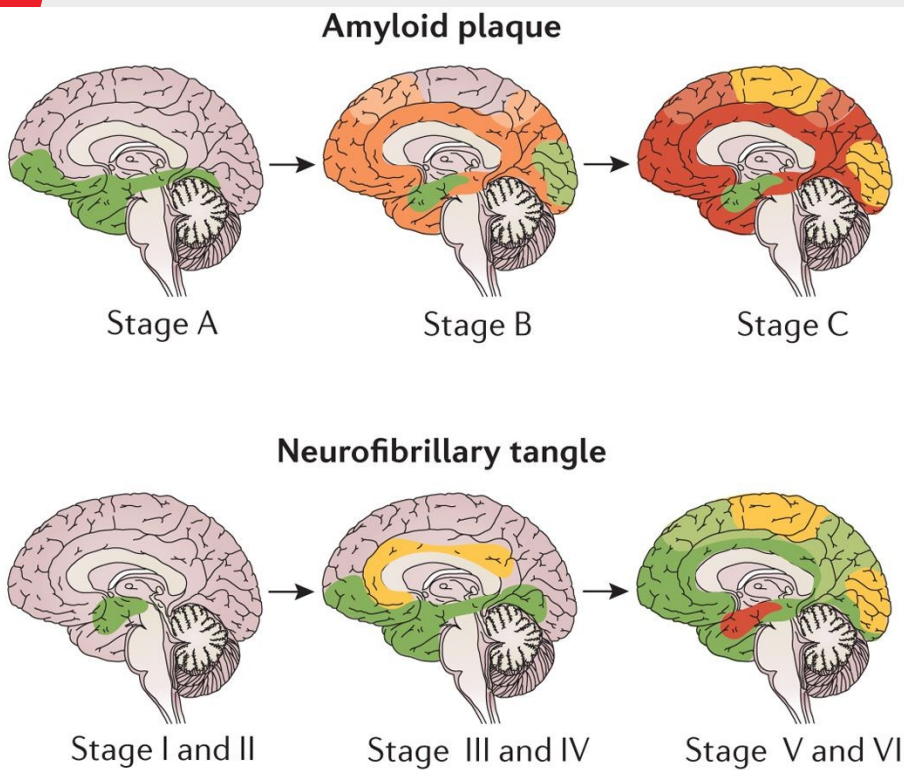
Spreading Models of Misfolded Proteins on Connectomes at the time of Pasta Cacio e Pepe

Alessandro Crimi Eleanna Kara



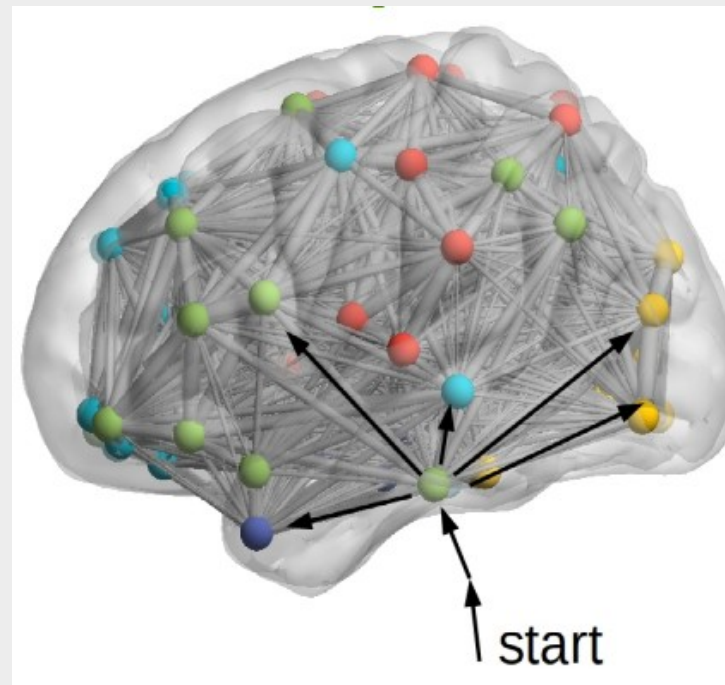
Alzheimer and Parkinson dynamics

- Parkinson and Alzheimer disease are neurodegenerative diseases characterized by spreading of misfolded proteins across the brain.
- We would like to study how this spreading occur.



Braak Hypothesis

Studied in Autopsies but still controversial

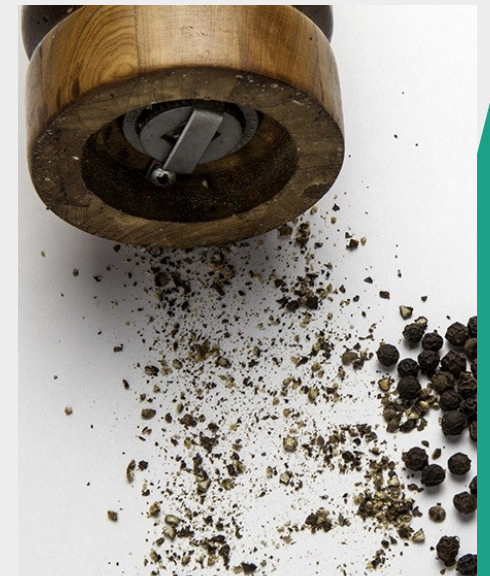


What we can do?

- We have the structural connectomes from the ADNI and PPMI dataset
- We can validate spreading models (Python/Matlab)

$$X(t) = \exp^{-\beta L t} X(t-1) + X(t-1)$$

- And compare them to PET tracers or brain atrophy.
- There are also genetic data on the ADNI and PPMI dataset so, we can cross-validate spreading with known genes or GWAS.
- Or?



Crimi and Kara, «Spreading model for patients with Parkinson disease based on Connectivity differences»
IEEE ISBI 2019

https://github.com/alecrimi/misfoldedproteins_connectome



[@dr.alecrimi](#)



[@Dr_Alex_Crimi](#)

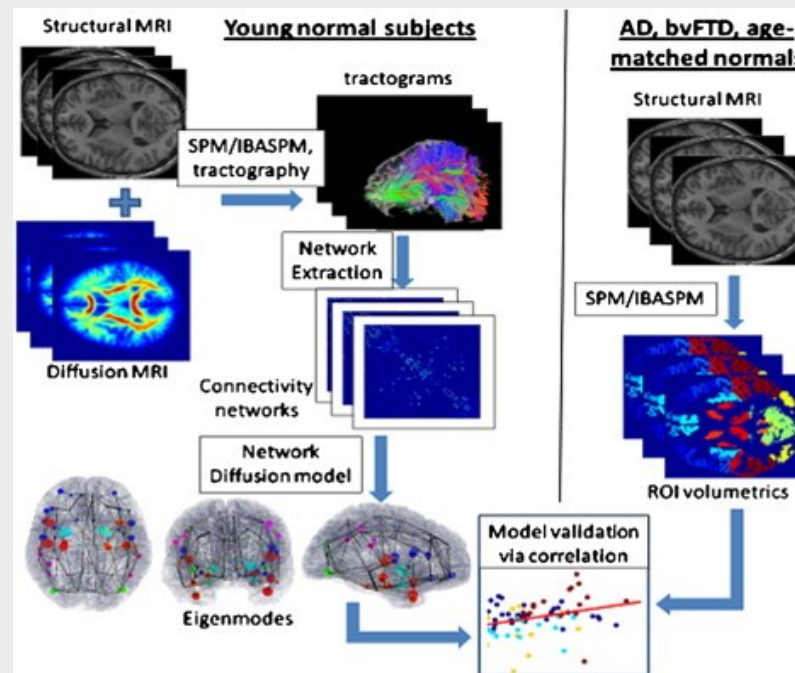
alessandro.crimi@usz.ch



BrainHackZurich
October 3rd/4th 2019
www.brainhackzurich.ch

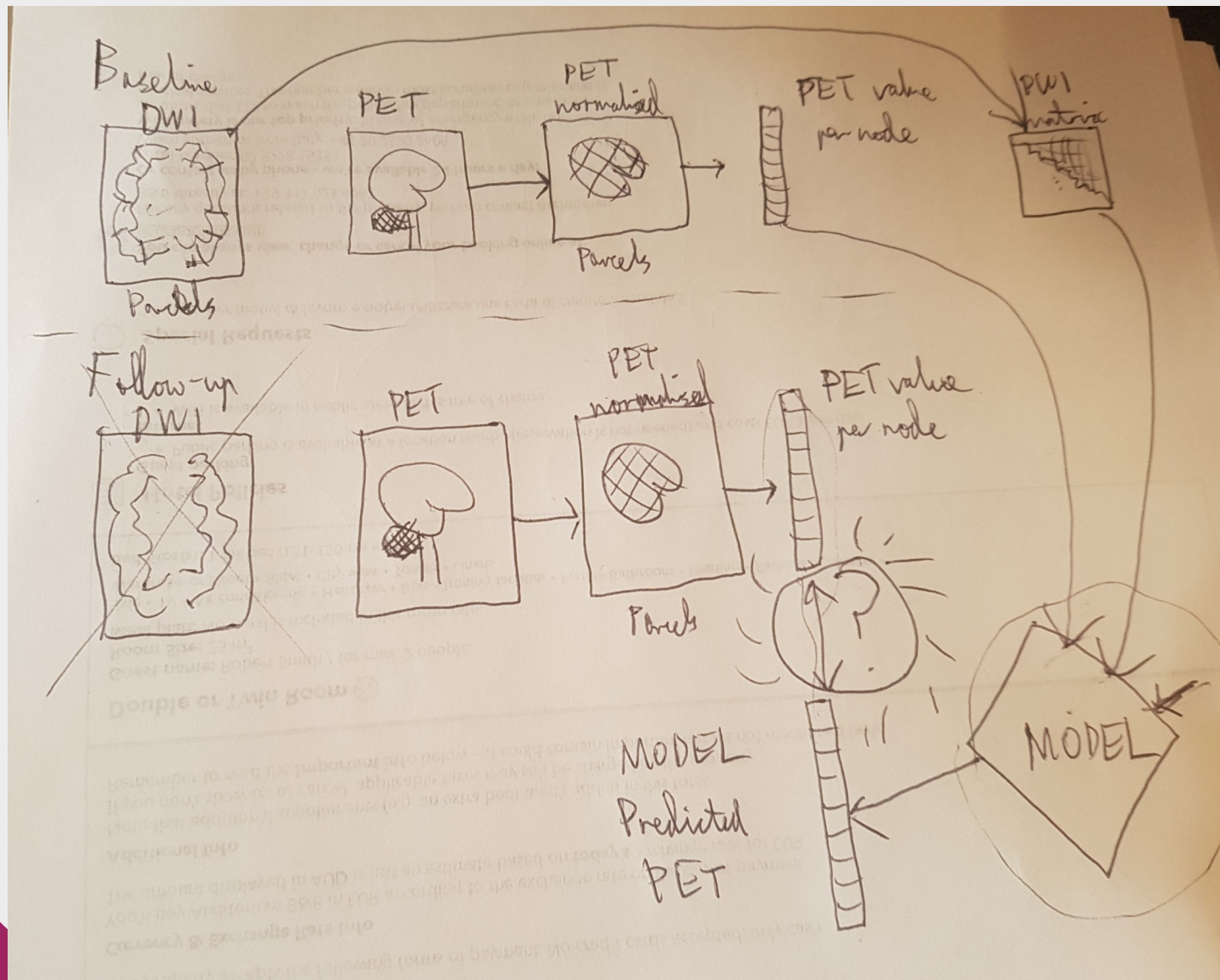
What we have learnt

- Many things still unknown from neuropathology
- Validation of pathological spreading can still improved



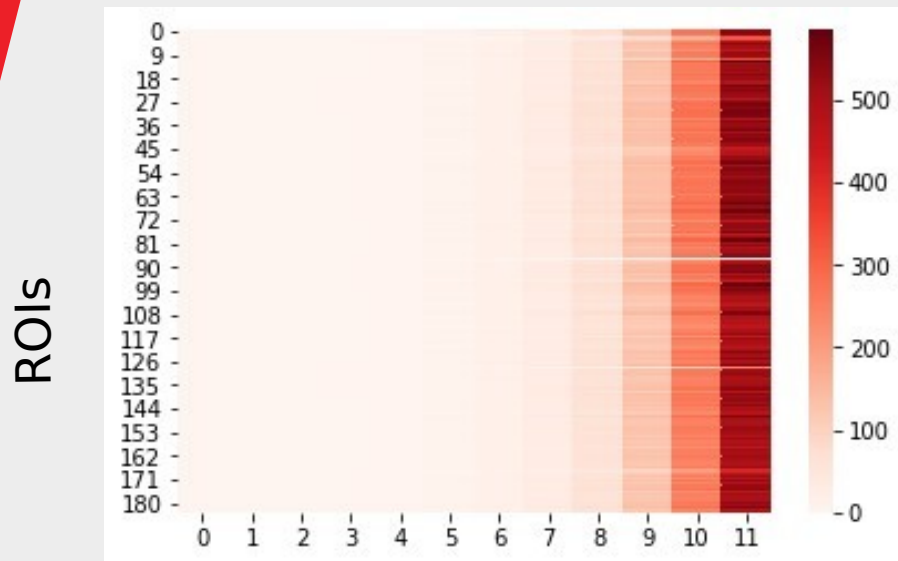
What we came up

- Analog workflow from Robert

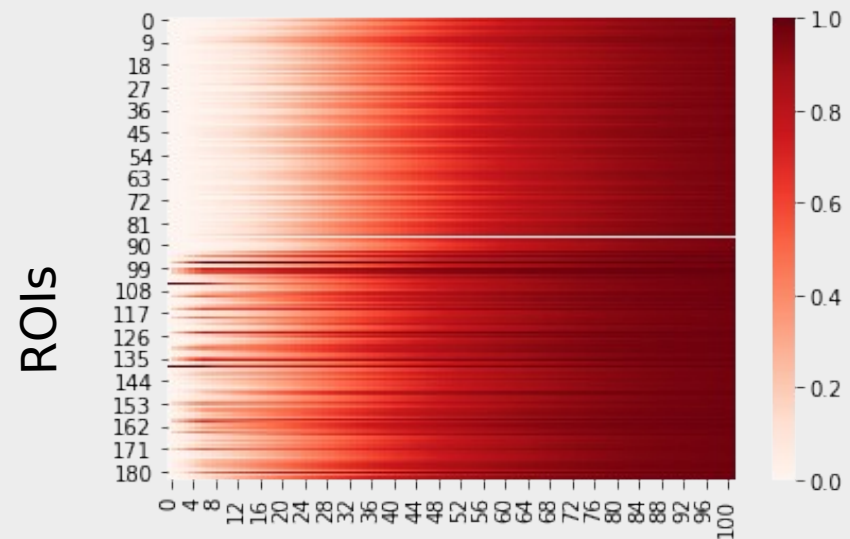


HeatKernel based spreading

- Tested only on ADNI dataset (subset)



Iterations



Iterations

Next steps

- Fix the other code(s)
- Compare all methods
- Do the same on the Parkinson and ALS dataset
- https://github.com/alecrimi/misfoldedproteins_connectome