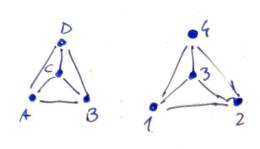
## P(T)VZZLE 15

THERE ARE N PEOPLE AND EACH OF THER CAN SPEAK WITH 3 AND UNKY 3 OTHERS. WHAT WILL BE THE MAX NUMBERS OF CHATS TO GO FROM ONE PERSON TO THE FAR AWAY ONE IN ORDER TO COMMUNICATE A TESSAGE! SOLUTION NOTE THAT THE STATEMENT OF THE PROBLEM IS SUCH THAT IT DOES !! THE N PEOPLE CAN BE THOUGHT TO BE ARRANGED INTO A GRAPH OF DEGREE 3, BUT IT WAS NOT SPECIFIED THAT SUCH A GRAPH SHOULD BE CONNECTED. INDEED IF NOT CONNECTED IT COULD BE IMPOSSIBLE TO COMMUNICATE BETWEEN DISCON-

NGCTED COMPONENTS.

FOR EXAMPLE' THE "FOXCOWINGHOSS.";

SITUATION IS OF SUCH TYPE



[A, B, C, D] ARE DISCONNECTED FROM {1,2,3,4}

SO WE ARE ASSUMING TO HAVE A

CONNECTED GRAPH.

UNFORTUNATELY THIS IS NOT ENOUGH

TO MAKE UNIQUE THE SOLUTION,

BECAUSE IT IS POSSIBLE TO CREATE

DIFFERENT GRAPHS WITH SAME N

AND DEGREE & BUT WITH DIFFERENT

DIAMETER!

EXACTLY WHAT WE ARE LOOKING FOR I.E. THE LOWGEST POSSIBLE DISTANCE BETWEEN ANY PAIR OF VERTICES.
FOR EXAMPLE LET'S CONSIDER

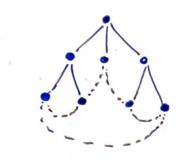
THE DIATIETER OF A GRAPH IS

THE FOLLOWING TWO GRAPHS WITH N=8 AND d=3

AND AND B) YOU CAN CHECK EASILY THAT FOR THE GRAPH A) THE DIAMETER IS 3 WHILE FOR THE GRAPH B) ITIS 2. IN ORDER TO FOCUS BETTER THE PROBLEM WE CAN OBSERVE THAT THE GRAPH WE ARE CONSIDERING ARE 3-REGULAR GRAPHS, ALSO CALLED CUBIC GRAPHS, AND ONE WAY TO BUILD THEN IS TO CREATE A TREE OF

DEGREE 3 AND CONNECT PROPERLY THE LEAVES. FOR EXAMPLE THE GRAPH WITH N=8 CAN BE

## PRAWN AS



ONLY THE GRAPHS THAT FOR THIS
TREE REPRESENTATION HAVE THE
HAXIMUM NUMBER OF NODES AT
EVERY DEPTH, WE END UP WITH
THE SO CALLED MOORE GRAPHS
FOR WHICH, AS YOU CAN EASILY
COUNT, THE WUMBER OF NODES

AND IN OUR CASE d=3, AND K IS EXACTLY THE ASKED DIAMETER!

N= 1+ d \(\frac{1}{2}\)