
N-DIMENSIONAL ARCHETYPAL ANALYSIS FOR MULTIVARIATE DATA

A PREPRINT

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ABSTRACT

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Keywords archetypal analysis • multivariate analysis • tensor decomposition • convex optimization • non-negative tensor factorization

1 Introduction

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2 Methods

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2.1 Background

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2.2 N-dimensional Archetypal Analysis

Let $\mathcal{X} \in \mathbb{R}^{M \times I_1 \times \dots \times I_N}$ be a data tensor where $\mathbf{x}_{i_1, \dots, i_N} \in \mathbb{R}^M$ be its (i_1, \dots, i_N) -th entry.

In this scenario, the archetypal tensor $\mathcal{Z} \in \mathbb{R}^{M \times K_1 \times \dots \times K_N}$ will be defined as convex combinations of the tensor \mathcal{X} , i.e. $\mathcal{Z} = \mathcal{X} \times_1 \mathcal{B}^{(1)} \times_2 \dots \times_N \mathcal{B}^{(N)}$ where $\mathcal{B}^{(n)} \in \mathbb{R}^{K_n \times I_n}$ for all $n = 1, \dots, N$ are stochastic matrices. Simultaneously, the tensor \mathcal{X} will be approximated by convex combinations of the archetypal tensor \mathcal{Z} , i.e. $\mathcal{X} \simeq \mathcal{Z} \times_1 \mathcal{A}^{(1)} \times_2 \dots \times_N \mathcal{A}^{(N)}$ where $\mathcal{A}^{(n)} \in \mathbb{R}^{I_n \times K_n}$ for all $n = 1, \dots, N$ are also stochastic matrices.

What has been described above can be expressed as an optimization problem:

$$\arg \min_{\mathcal{B}^{(1)}, \dots, \mathcal{B}^{(N)}, \mathcal{A}^{(1)}, \dots, \mathcal{A}^{(N)}} \ell \left(\mathcal{X} | (\mathcal{X} \times_1 \mathcal{B}^{(1)} \times_2 \dots \times_N \mathcal{B}^{(N)}) \times_1 \mathcal{A}^{(1)} \times_2 \dots \times_N \mathcal{A}^{(N)} \right) \quad (1)$$

such that:

- $\ell(\mathcal{X}|\tilde{\mathcal{X}})$ should be a loss function.
- $\sum_{k=1}^{K_n} \mathcal{A}_{ki}^{(n)} = 1$ with $\mathcal{A}_{ki}^{(n)} \in [0, 1]$ for each $i = 1, \dots, I_n$ and $n = 1, \dots, N$.
- $\sum_{i=1}^{I_n} \mathcal{B}_{ik}^{(n)} = 1$ with $\mathcal{B}_{ik}^{(n)} \in [0, 1]$ for each $k = 1, \dots, K_n$ and $n = 1, \dots, N$.

2.3 Related work

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3 Results and discussion

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3.1 Example 1: synthetic data

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3.2 Example 2: real data 1

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3.3 Example 3: real data 2

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4 Conclusion and future work

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References