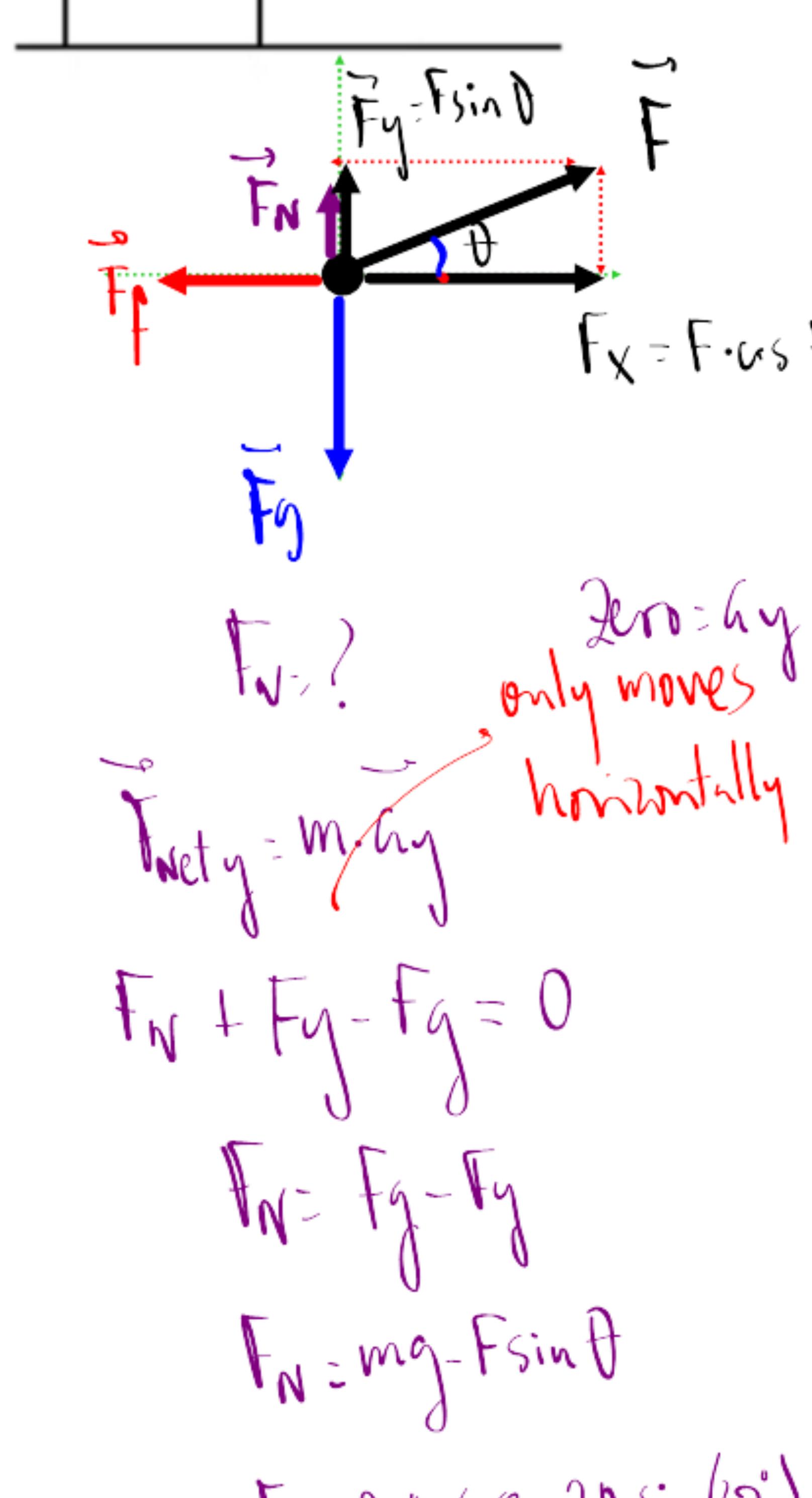


A box of mass  $m = 2.4 \text{ kg}$  is pulled across a rough surface by an applied force of  $20 \text{ N}$  at an angle of  $37^\circ$  above the horizontal as shown below. The coefficient of kinetic friction between the surface and the box is  $0.4$ .



- a) What is the normal force acting on the box?  
b) What is the acceleration of the box?

$$\vec{a} = \frac{\vec{F}_{\text{net}}}{m}$$

$$F_g = m \cdot g = W$$

$$F_f = \mu \cdot F_N$$

$$a = a_x = ?$$

$$F_{\text{net},x} = m \cdot a_x$$

$$F_x - F_f = m \cdot a$$

$$F_x - \mu \cdot F_N = m \cdot a$$

$$\sqrt{20 \cdot \cos(37^\circ) - 0.4 \cdot 11.5} = 2.4 \cdot a$$

$$a = 4.74 \frac{m}{s^2}$$

$$F_N + F_y - F_g = 0$$

$$F_N = F_g - F_y$$

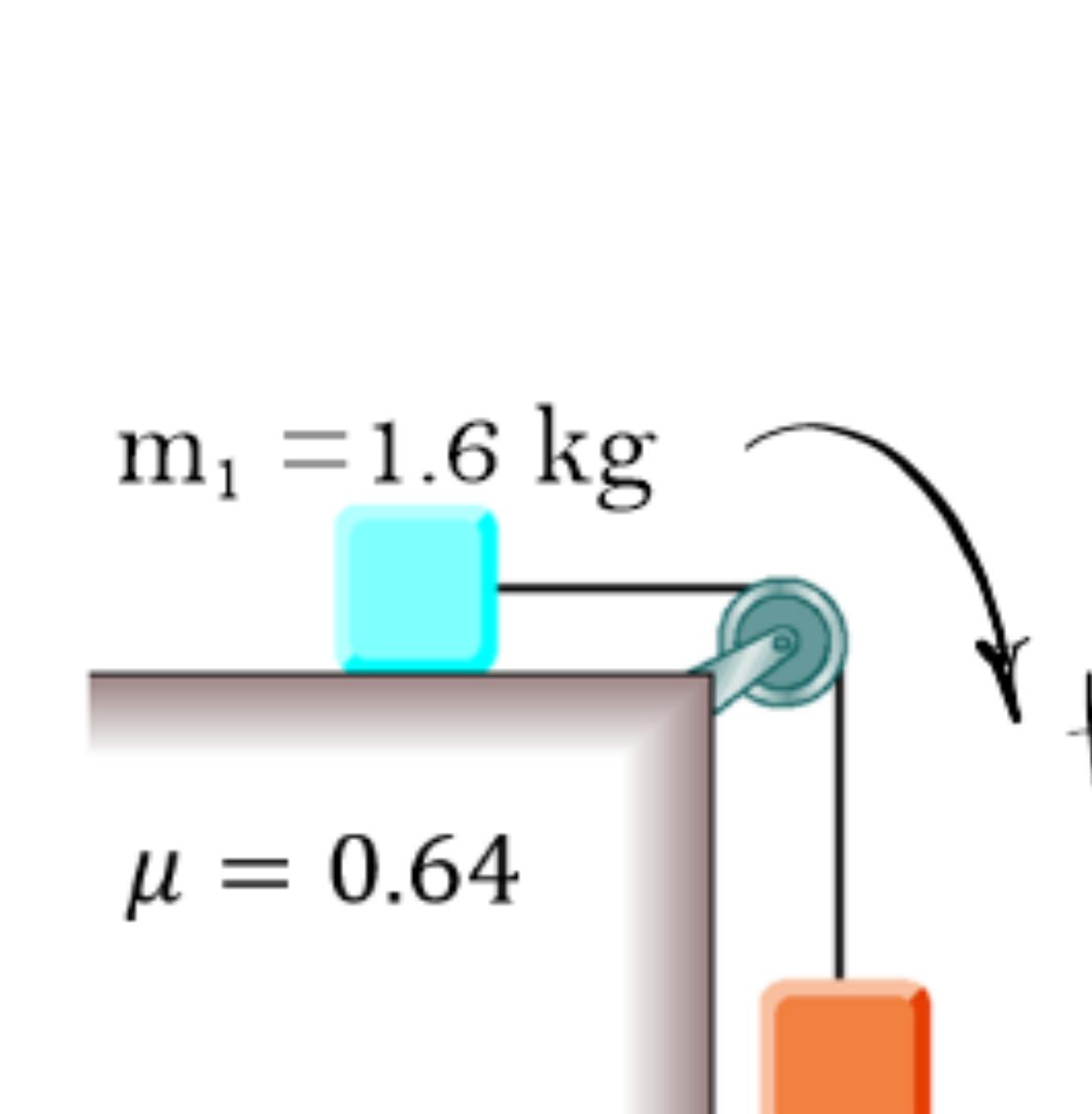
$$F_N = m \cdot g - F \sin \theta$$

$$F_N = 2.4 \cdot 9.8 - 20 \cdot \sin(37^\circ)$$

$$F_N = 11.5 \text{ N}$$

A  $4 \text{ kg}$  block rests on a horizontal table, attached to a  $2 \text{ kg}$  block by a light string as shown in the figure.

The acceleration of gravity is  $9.81 \text{ m/s}^2$ .

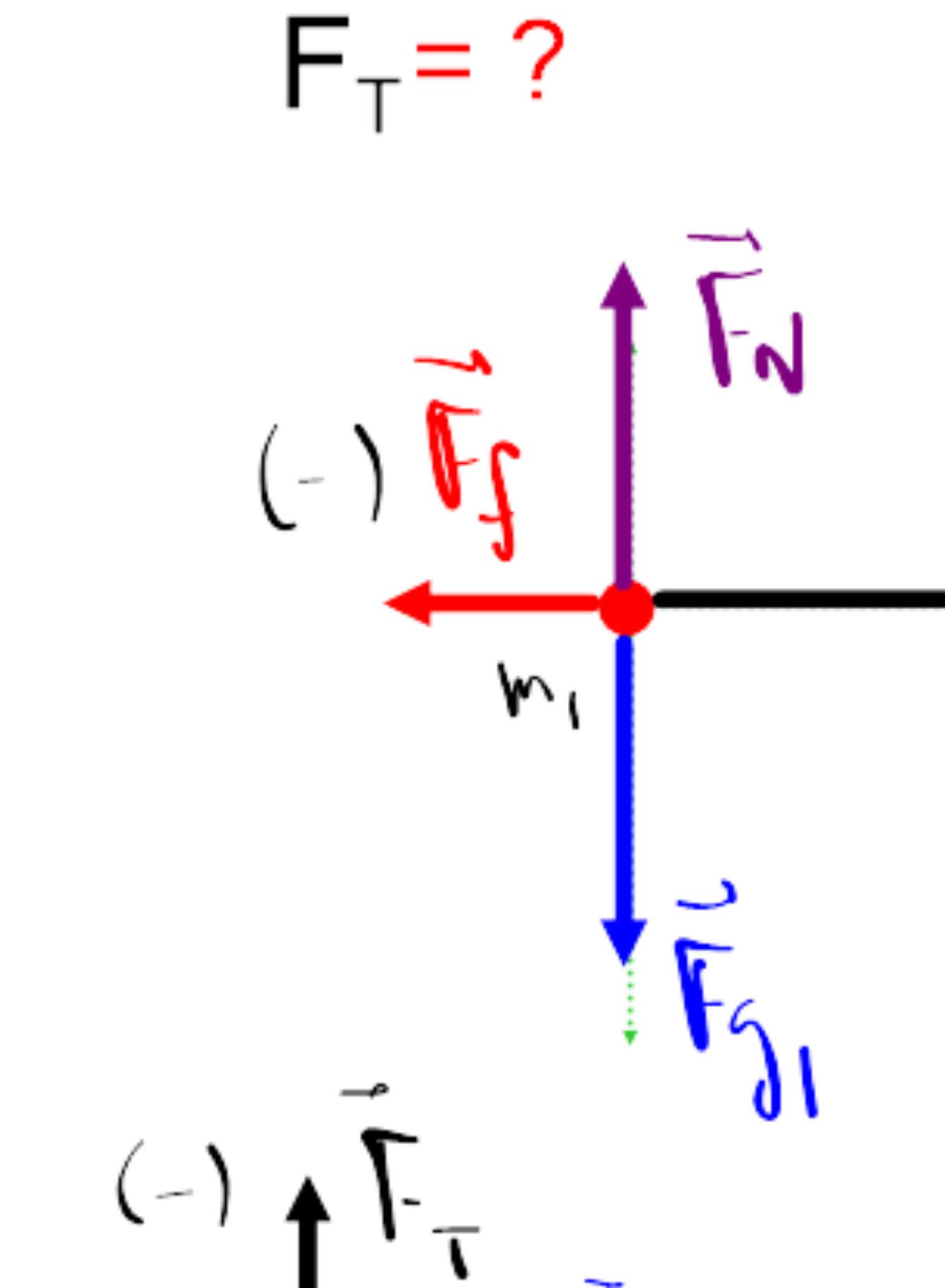


$$\vec{a} = \frac{\vec{F}_{\text{net}}}{m}$$

$$F_g = m \cdot g = W$$

$$F_f = \mu \cdot F_N$$

What is the minimum coefficient of static friction such that the objects remain at rest?



$$\mu = ?$$

$$F_{\text{net},x} = m_1 \cdot a_x$$

$$F_T - F_f = m_1 \cdot a$$

$$F_T - \mu \cdot F_N = m_1 \cdot a$$

$$F_T - F_{g,1} = m_1 \cdot a$$

$$F_T - \mu m_1 \cdot g = m_1 \cdot a$$

$$F_T = m_1 \cdot g + \mu m_1 \cdot g$$

$$F_T = m_1 \cdot g + \mu m_1 \cdot g = m_1 \cdot g (1 + \mu)$$

$$F_T = m_2 \cdot g + \mu m_1 \cdot g = m_2 \cdot g (1 + \mu)$$

$$m_2 \cdot g + \mu m_1 \cdot g = m_1 \cdot a + m_2 \cdot a$$

$$m_2 \cdot g + \mu m_1 \cdot g = a (m_1 + m_2)$$

$$\frac{(2.3 \cdot 9.8 - 0.64 \cdot 1.6 \cdot 9.8)}{(2.3 + 1.6)} = \frac{m_2 \cdot g + \mu m_1 \cdot g}{(m_1 + m_2)} = a$$

$$a = 3.2 \frac{m}{s^2}$$

$$F_T = m_1 \cdot a + \mu m_1 \cdot g$$

$$F_T = 1.6 \cdot 3.2 + 0.64 \cdot 1.6 \cdot 9.8$$

$$F_T = 15.2 \text{ N}$$