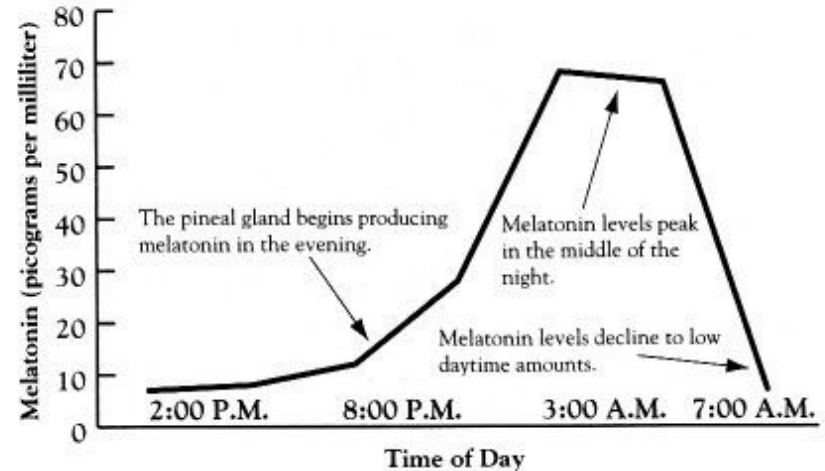
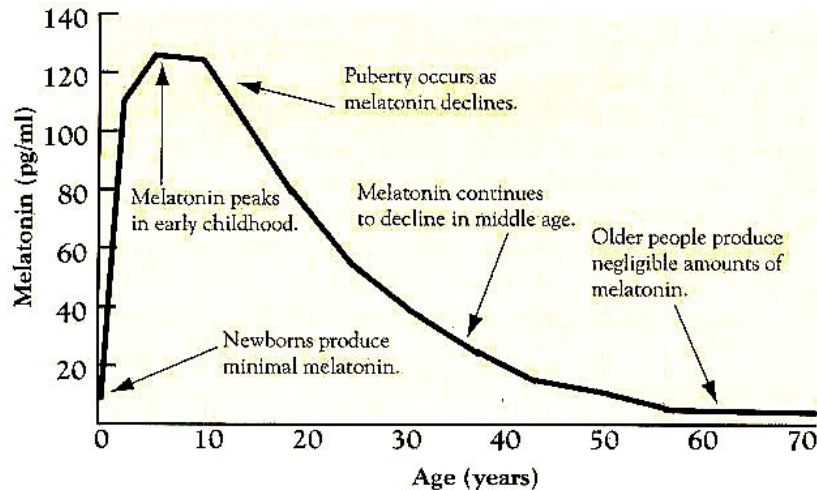

Exercise Intensity & Time on Melatonin Levels

— Xingjia Wang, Stella Huang —

Melatonin is...

- hormone that controls your biological clock
- secretion decreases by age
- affected by exposure to light & exercise



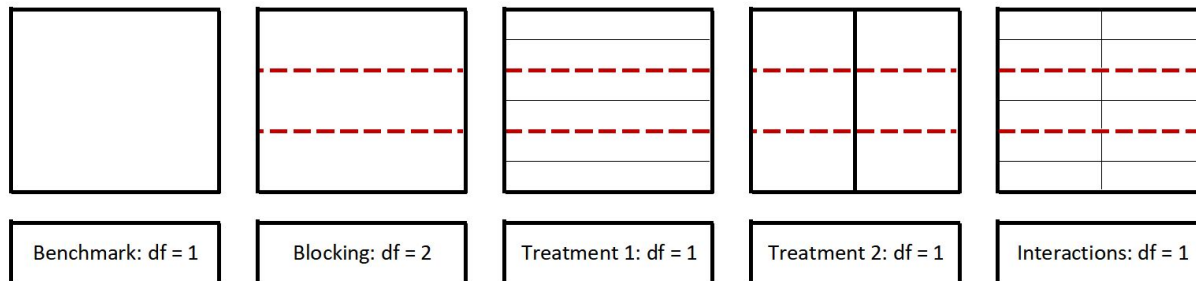
Experimental Design

- Purpose:
 - Investigate relation between exercise intensity & exercise time on melatonin secretion levels
- Design: 2^2 factorial design

Response Variable	Blood Melatonin		
Treatment 1: Time of Exercise	Daytime		Nighttime
Treatment 2: Intensity	Moderate		High
Blocking: Age	20-35	35-50	50-65

- Participants: 132 healthy males, 20 - 65 y/o split into 3 blocks
- Collect data at 10 PM
 - before exercise
 - day of exercise
 - day after

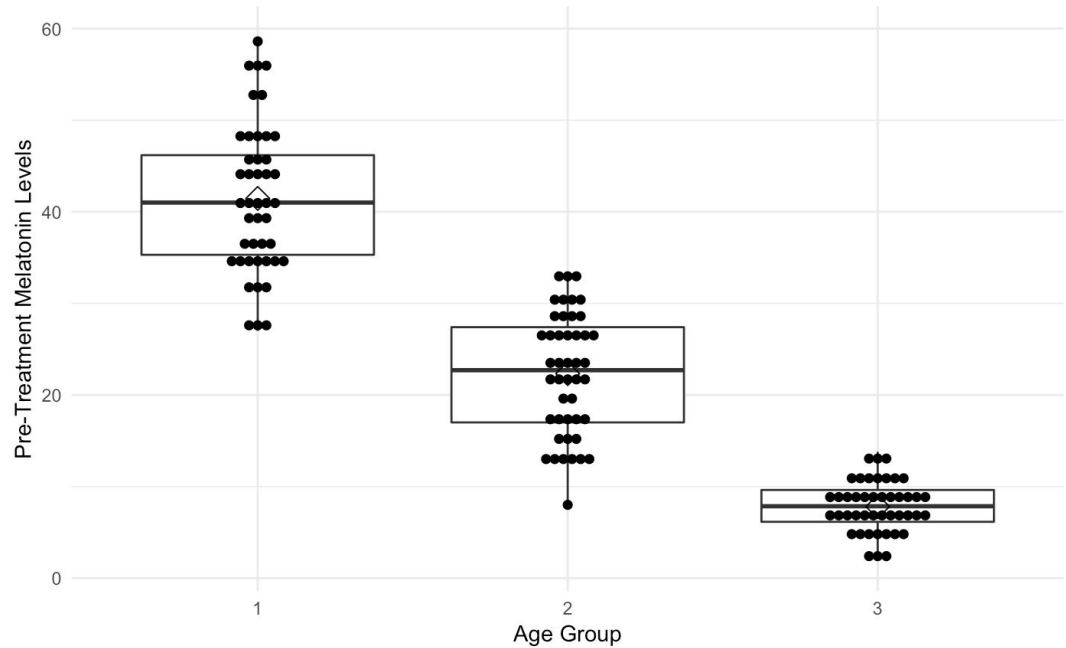
Factor Diagram



$$\text{Model: } y_{ijkl} = \mu_i + \alpha_j + \beta_k + \alpha\beta_{jk} + \delta_l + \varepsilon_{ijkl}$$

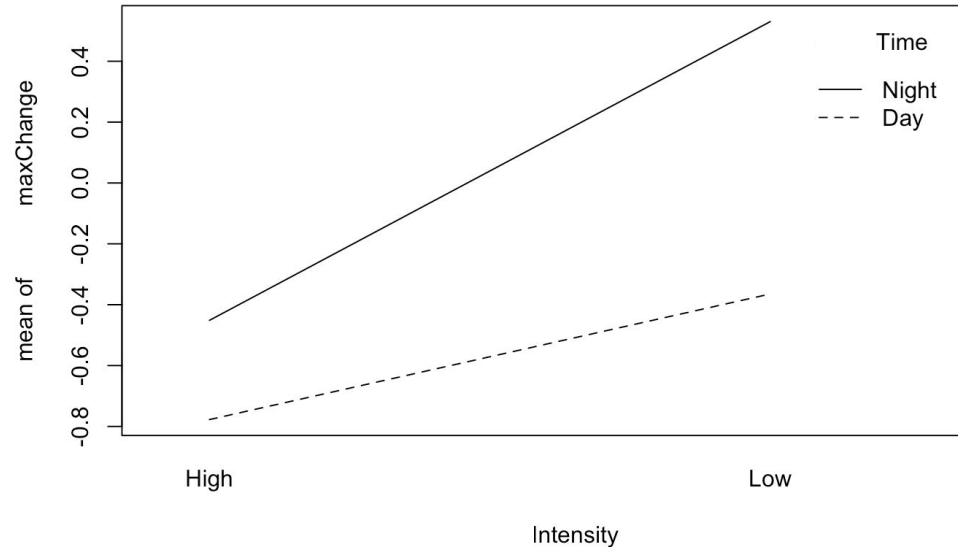
Analysis (1)

- Melatonin levels varies by age
 - significant factor in linear model analysis
 - Boxplot results



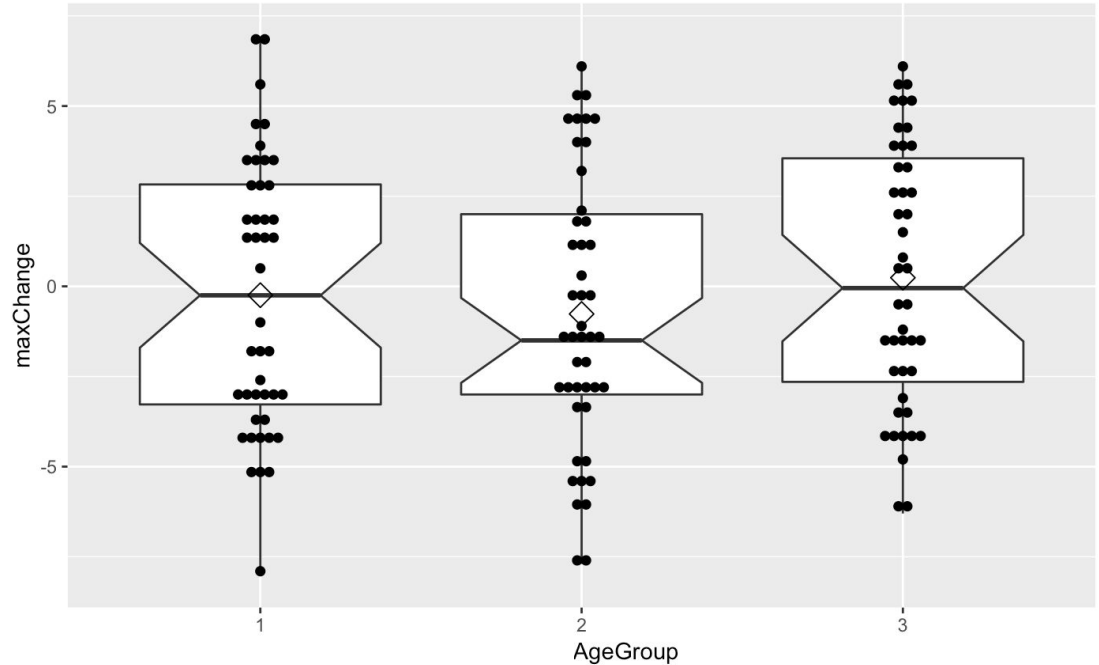
Analysis (2)

- Two Way ANOVA with blocking:
 - None are significant
 - Daytime exercise renders lower melatonin levels than previous day



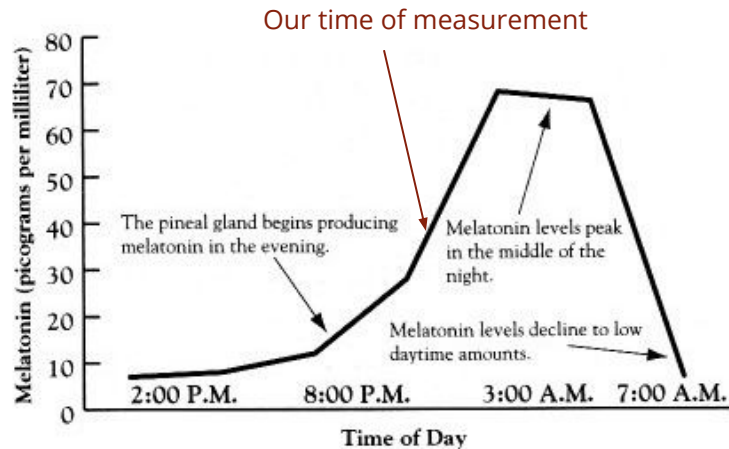
Analysis (3)

- Melatonin levels vs age
 - Changes varies between individuals
 - Average is 0
 - Lower levels for 36-50 year olds



Conclusion

- Possible error sources:
 - Time of measurement
 - Length of experiment
 - Relativity of intensity and length of exercise
 - Choice of exercise



▼ Exercise

Arm Curl Test
Arm Strength
Bungy Jump 25 m
Bungy Jump 50 m
Climb Tree
Hop 100 m Outdoors
Jog Downhill 200 m
Jog on the Spot
Jog Uphill 200 m
Jumping
Multistage Shuttle Run Test
Run Indoors 100 m
Run Indoors 5 km
Run Outdoors 1 km
Run Outdoors 100 m
Run Outdoors 5 km
Swim Freestyle 1500 m
Swim Freestyle 200 m
Swim Freestyle 50 m