## 2: Schemes

## Exercise 1.22

Glueing Sheaves. Suppose X is a topological space with an open covering  $\{U_i\}_{i\in\Lambda}$  where we denote the intersections by:  $U_{ij}:=U_i\cap U_j$  and  $U_{ijk}:=U_i\cap U_j\cap U_k$ . Suppose we are given, for each  $i\in\Lambda$  a sheaf  $\mathfrak{F}_i$  on  $U_i$  together with the family of sheaf isomorphisms:

$$\{\varphi_{ij}:\mathfrak{F}_i|_{U_{ij}}\longrightarrow\mathfrak{F}_j|_{U_{ij}}\}_{i,j\in\Lambda}$$

Prove that we can glue the family of sheaves  $\{F_i\}$  into a sheaf on X by proving that there exists a sheaf  $\mathfrak{F}$  on X such that  $\mathfrak{F}|_{U_i} = \mathfrak{F}_i$ . For this to be possible we require that the family of sheaf isomorphisms  $\{\varphi_{ij}\}$  satisfy the following functorial properties:

- 1.  $\varphi_{ii} = \operatorname{Id}_{\mathfrak{F}_i|_{U_i}}$  for all  $i \in \Lambda$ .
- 2. For all  $i, j, k \in \Lambda$  the representations of  $\varphi_{ij}, \varphi_{jk}$  and  $\varphi_{ik}$  over the open set  $U_{ijk}$  satisfy  $\varphi_{ik} = \varphi_{jk} \circ \varphi_{ij}$  or equivalently we have the commutative diagram:

*Proof.* First we write explicitly what condition 2 means. The representation of  $\varphi_{ij}$  the open set  $U = U_{ijk} \subseteq U_{ij}$  is the morphism

$$\mathfrak{F}_i|_{U_{ij}}(U) \stackrel{(\varphi_{ij})_U}{\longrightarrow} \mathfrak{F}_j|_{U_{ij}}(U).$$

At first glance it might not be to clear how we can compose these morphisms, but there is a natural equality that can help us deduce the commutative diagram for condition 2:

$$\mathfrak{F}_i|_{U_{ii}}(U) = \mathfrak{F}_i|_{U_{ik}}(U).$$

This equality is indeed true because if  $s \in \mathfrak{F}_i|_{U_{ij}}(U)$  is a section and since  $U_{ij} \cap U_{ik} = U_{ijk} = U_{ijk}$