

# Attendance PUSH Communication Protocol

## PUSH SDK

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Doc Version: 4.6

English

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## ZKTeco Headquarters

**Address** ZKTeco Industrial Park, No. 32, Industrial Road,  
Tangxia Town, Dongguan, China.

**Phone** +86 769 - 82109991

**Fax** +86 755 - 89602394

For business related queries, please write to us at: [sales@zkteco.com](mailto:sales@zkteco.com).

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## About the Company

ZKTeco is one of the world's largest manufacturer of RFID and Biometric (Fingerprint, Facial, Finger-vein) readers. Product offerings include Access Control readers and panels, Near & Far-range Facial Recognition Cameras, Elevator/floor access controllers, Turnstiles, License Plate Recognition (LPR) gate controllers and Consumer products including battery-operated fingerprint and face-reader Door Locks. Our security solutions are multi-lingual and localized in over 18 different languages. At the ZKTeco state-of-the-art 700,000 square foot ISO9001-certified manufacturing facility, we control manufacturing, product design, component assembly, and logistics/shipping, all under one roof.

The founders of ZKTeco have been determined for independent research and development of biometric verification procedures and the productization of biometric verification SDK, which was initially widely applied in PC security and identity authentication fields. With the continuous enhancement of the development and plenty of market applications, the team has gradually constructed an identity authentication ecosystem and smart security ecosystem, which are based on biometric verification techniques. With years of experience in the industrialization of biometric verifications, ZKTeco was officially established in 2007 and now has been one of the globally leading enterprises in the biometric verification industry owning various patents and being selected as the National High-tech Enterprise for 6 consecutive years. Its products are protected by intellectual property rights.

## About the Manual

This manual introduces the **Attendance PUSH Communication Protocol**.

All figures displayed are for illustration purposes only. Figures in this manual may not be exactly consistent with the actual products.

## Document Conventions

Conventions used in this manual are listed below:

### GUI Conventions

For Software	
Convention	Description
Bold font	Used to identify software interface names e.g. <b>OK, Confirm, Cancel.</b>
>	Multi-level menus are separated by these brackets. For example, File > Create > Folder.
For Device	
Convention	Description
< >	Button or key names for devices. For example, press <OK>.
[ ]	Window names, menu items, data table, and field names are inside square brackets. For example, pop up the [New User] window.
/	Multi-level menus are separated by forwarding slashes. For example, [File/Create/Folder].

### Symbols

Convention	Description
	This represents a note that needs to pay more attention to.
	The general information which helps in performing the operations faster.
	The information which is significant.
	Care taken to avoid danger or mistakes.
	The statement or event that warns of something or that serves as a cautionary example.

## Edit history

Date	Version	Description	Modifier	Note
2023/01/07	V4.6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Add the visible light palm bit in the MultiBioDataSupport and MultiBioPhotoSupport examples in 3.1 Specification of Hybrid Identification Protocol.</li> <li>2. Add description of type=10 visible light palm in 11.12 Uploading Unified Templates and 12.1.3 QUERY Subcommand -Unified Template.</li> <li>3. Add biometric type10 visible light palm in Appendix 10.</li> </ul>	eirc.cao	
2022/02/18	V4.5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Add StartDatetime and EndDatetime field descriptions, and delete Phone, Gender, Nation, IDNum fields in 12.1.1.1 User Information.</li> <li>2. Add the error code -30 in Appendix 1.</li> </ul>	eirc.cao	
2021/06/17	V4.3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Add special instructions for hybrid identification protocol in 3.1 Specification of Hybrid Identification Protocol</li> <li>2. Add the parameter description of SupportPing/DeviceType in 5. Initialization Information Exchange</li> <li>3. Modify the value range of IsSupportQRcode parameter in 8. Pushing Configuration Information</li> <li>4. Modify the title of 11.6/11.7/11.8/12.1.1.2/12.1.1.18</li> <li>5. Add the field description of Gender/Nation/IDNum/Phone in 12.1.1.1</li> <li>6. Add the field description of Name/Gender/Nation in 12.1.1.18</li> <li>7. Add protocols of 12.1.1.19/12.1.2.11/12.1.2.12</li> </ul>	eirc.cao	
2020/11/20	V4.0	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Add temperature measurement protocol</li> <li>2. Add QR code encryption protocol</li> </ul>	eirc.cao	
2020/07/29	V3.9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Add subcontracting upgrade protocol switch parameter: SubcontractingUpgradeFunOn in 8. Pushing Configuration Information</li> <li>2. Add subcontracting upgrade protocol in 12.8.2 Online Upgrade</li> <li>3. Update operation codes in Appendix 3</li> <li>4. Add 124, 125, 126 palmprint related opcodes in Appendix 3</li> </ul>	eirc.cao	

2020/04/14	V3.8	1. Add operation code 33: Doorbell call in Appendix 3 2. Modify the TZ format to remove the first parameter in 12.1.1.14 Access Group	eirc.cao	
2020/03/20	V3.7	1. Add hybrid identification protocol 2. Modify the initialization information exchange protocol 3. Modify the push configuration information protocol 4. Modify the protocol for issuing comparison photos 5. Add query unified template protocol 6. Add clear unified template protocol 7. Add the Heartbeat protocol	eirc.cao	
2019/08/02	V3.6	1. Add exception log protocol	darren.li	
2019/05/30	V3.5	1. Add the credentials protocol: ①Upload identity card attendance record protocol ②Upload identity card attendance record photo protocol ③Identity card blacklist issue protocol	eirc.cao	
2018/10/08	V3.4	1. Communication encryption added 2 protocols: ① Exchange public key protocol ② Exchange factor protocol 2. Support communication encryption version description: ①Attendance PUSH: 2.4.0 and above 3. Details of communication encryption are shown in appendix 8.	Yan Guangtian	
2018/8/9	V3.3	1. TransFlag added two: ①11 (Work code, WORKCODE) ②12 (Comparison photo, BioPhoto) 2. Online registration card ENROLL_MF 3. Online registration of face, palm print (unified templates) ENROLL_BIO 4. Upload unified templates to add visible light face Type=9 5. Online update 6. Background verification 7. Add the following parameters:	Yan Guangtian/ guodong.wang	

		<p>① BioPhotoFun is used to mark comparison photo</p> <p>② BioDataFun identifies visible light face templates</p> <p>③ VisilightFun to identify visible light devices</p> <p>8. Add comparison photo protocol</p>		
2017/11/10	V3.2	<p>1. Description of serial number</p> <p>2. Add the initial request reply content to support the BIODATA table</p>	darren.li	
2017/9/8	The first version	<p>1. Perfect the list of error codes, distinguish common error codes and special command errors</p> <p>2. Add unified Templates (currently applied to the palm template)</p> <p>3. Add Pushing Configuration Information (to be customized)</p> <p>4. Set up the new user authentication mode</p> <p>5. Add data packaging and uploading agreement (for customization)</p> <p>6. Extend the PUTFILE command and support synchronous data protocol</p> <p>7. Modify the format of upload operation record protocol</p>	XSEN	

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# 1 Overview

The Push protocol is a data protocol defined based on the Hyper Text Transmission Protocol (HTTP) established on a TCP/IP connection. The Push protocol applied to the data interchange between a server and a ZKTeco attendance device or a ZKTeco access control device defines the transmission formats of data (including user information, biological recognition templates, and attendance records) and the command format for control devices. ZKTeco supports the server like WDMS, ZKECO, ZKNET, and ZKBioSecurity3.0 and even the third-party servers like ESSL from India.

## 1.1 Features

- Active uploading of new data.
- Resuming transmission from breakpoint.
- The client initiates all functions such as uploading data or performing commands issued by the server.

## 1.2 Encoding

Most data transmitted via the protocol consists of ASCII characters, but individual fields involve coding, for example, the user's name. Therefore, the following are the rules defined for data of this type.

- GB2312 encoding for Chinese data.
- UTF-8 encoding other languages.
- Currently, the following data involves this encoding type.
- User names in a user information table
- Content of the short messages in a short message table

## 1.3 Introduction to HTTP Protocol

The Push protocol is a data protocol defined based on the HTTP protocol, and the following explains a brief introduction to the HTTP protocol. Skip this part if you are already familiar with this concept.

The HTTP is a request/response protocol. The format of one request sent by a client to a server is a request method, a URI, and a protocol version number, and then a MIME-like message containing modifiers, client information and a possible message body. The format of a response sent by the server to the client is a status line followed by a MIME-like message containing server information, entity meta-information and possible entity-body content. The status line the protocol version number of the message and a success code or error code.

The following is an example.

### Client Request

<b>GET http</b>	http://113.108.97.187:8081/iclock/accounts/login/?next=/iclock/data/iclock/HTTP/1.1
<b>User-Agent</b>	Fiddler
<b>Host</b>	113.108.97.187:8081

### Server Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Server: nginx/0.8.12
Date: Fri, 10 Jul 2015 03: 53: 16 GMT
Content-Type: text/html; charset=utf-8
Transfer-Encoding: chunked
Connection: close
Content-Language: en
Expires: Fri, 10 Jul 2015 03: 53: 16 GMT
Vary: Cookie, Accept-Language
Last-Modified: Fri, 10 Jul 2015 03: 53: 16 GMT
ETag: "c487be9e924810a8c2e293dd7f5b0ab4"
Pragma: no-cache
Cache-Control: no-store
Set-Cookie: csrfToken=60fb55cedf203c197765688ca2d7bf9e; Max-Age=31449600;
Path=/
Set-Cookie: sessionid=06d37fdc8f36490c701af2253af79f4a; Path=/
```

0

### Remarks

- HTTP communication usually occurs under a TCP/IP connection.
- The default port is TCP 80, and other ports also be used.
- However, the HTTP protocol also is implemented via other protocols.
- Only reliable transmission is likely to be expected from the HTTP (Note: HTTP usually is established on a transport layer protocol).
- Therefore, the user can use any protocols providing the same guarantee.

## 2 Definitions

In this document, the format of definition reference is  **`${ServerIP}`**

ServerIP	The IP address of the server
ServerPort	A port of the server
XXX	An unknown value
Value 1\Value 2\Value 3\.....\Value n	Value 1\Value 2\Value 3\.....\Value n
Required	Mandatory
Optional	Selectable
SerialNumber	Serial number. It can be formed by characters, numbers, or combination of characters + numbers.
NUL	Null (\0)
SP	A space
LF	A line break (\n)
HT	A tab character (\t)
DataRecord	A data record
CmdRecord	A command record
CmdID	The ID of a command
CmdDesc	Command description
Pin	ID
Time	Attendance time
Status	Attendance status
Verify	Verification mode
Workcode	A workcode
Reserved	A reserved field
OpType	Operation type
OpWho	Operator
OpTime	Operation time
BinaryData	A binary data flow
TableName	The name of a data table
SystemCmd	A system command
Key	A key
Value	A value
FilePath	A file path
URL	A resource location

## 3 Functions

The following functions supported by the Push protocol are described from the view of a client.

- Initializing Information Exchange
- Uploading Update Information
- Uploading Data
- Downloading Command
- Command Reply
- Remote Attendance

### 3.1 Specification of Hybrid Identification Protocol

With more types of biometrics, the instructions issued by different types of biometrics are also different, making software docking protocols exceedingly difficult.

In order to simplify the development process, the specifications for biological template/ photo issue/upload/ query/ delete are unified.

#### **Hybrid identification protocol docking process:**

1. The server issues the following two parameters to the device through the [Initialization Information Exchange] interface: MultiBioDataSupport, MultiBioPhotoSupport.
2. The device uploads the following 5 parameters to the server through the [Pushing Configuration Information] interface: MultiBioDataSupport, MultiBioPhotoSupport, MultiBioVersion, MaxMultiBioDataCount, MaxMultiBioPhotoCount. See [Pushing Configuration Information] interface description for details.
3. Both the device and the server will determine the finally supported hybrid identification template/ photo type based on the MultiBioDataSupport and MultiBioPhotoSupport parameters pushed by each other.

For example:

DEVICE Side	SERVER Side
MultiBioDataSupport=0:1:0:0:0:0:0:0:1:0	MultiBioDataSupport=0:0:0:0:0:0:0:0:1:0
MultiBioPhotoSupport =0:0:0:0:0:0:0:1:0	MultiBioPhotoSupport= 0:0:0:0:0:0:0:1:0

The device supports fingerprint templates, visible light face templates, and visible light face photos. The software supports face templates and visible light face photos. Because the software does not support fingerprint templates, finally after the device docking with the software, it only supports visible light face templates and visible light face photos.

### Hybrid identification protocol unified upload/ issue bio-templates format:

After successfully connecting to the hybrid identification protocol, a unified template format can be used for the types supported by the device and the server.

1. The server issues the templates to the device.

Unified use of [Issue Unified Templates] interface.

2. The server issues the photos to the device.

Unified use of [Issue Comparison Photos] interface.

3. The server queries the template data.

Unified use of [Query Unified Templates] interface.

4. The sever queries the quantity of templates.

Unified use of [Query the Quantity of Unified Templates] interface.

5. The device uploads the templates to the server.

Unified use of [Upload Unified Templates] interface.

6. The device uploads the comparison photos to the server.

Unified use of [Upload Comparison Photos] interface.

### Hybrid identification protocol unified upload templates/ photos quantity interface:

1. For devices that support hybrid identification protocol, the maximum number of templates/ photos supported by the current device will be pushed to the server at the registration interface: MaxMultiBioDataCount, MaxMultiBioPhotoCount.
2. The device can upload the quantity of photos/ templates saved by the current device in real time through the [Pushing Configuration Information] interface.

### Hybrid identification protocol specification real-time upload of unified templates and photos:

1. The bio-templates/ comparison photos registered by the device will be uploaded to the server in real time.

**Note:** Upload interface refer to [upload unified templates] and [upload comparison photos].

2. You can use PostBackTmpFlag to specify whether you want the device to return the unified templates when the software issues the comparison photos.

**Note:** For specific interface, please refer to [Issue Comparison Photos].

**Hybrid identification protocol provides optimization strategies:**

For devices that support both templates and photos issuing, the server can determine the device template version number based on the MultiBioVersion parameter uploaded by the device. If the server has saved the template of the current version number, the template can be issued first instead of comparison photos.

**Note:** To issue the comparison photos, the device needs to extract photos into templates, which is less efficient than directly issuing templates.

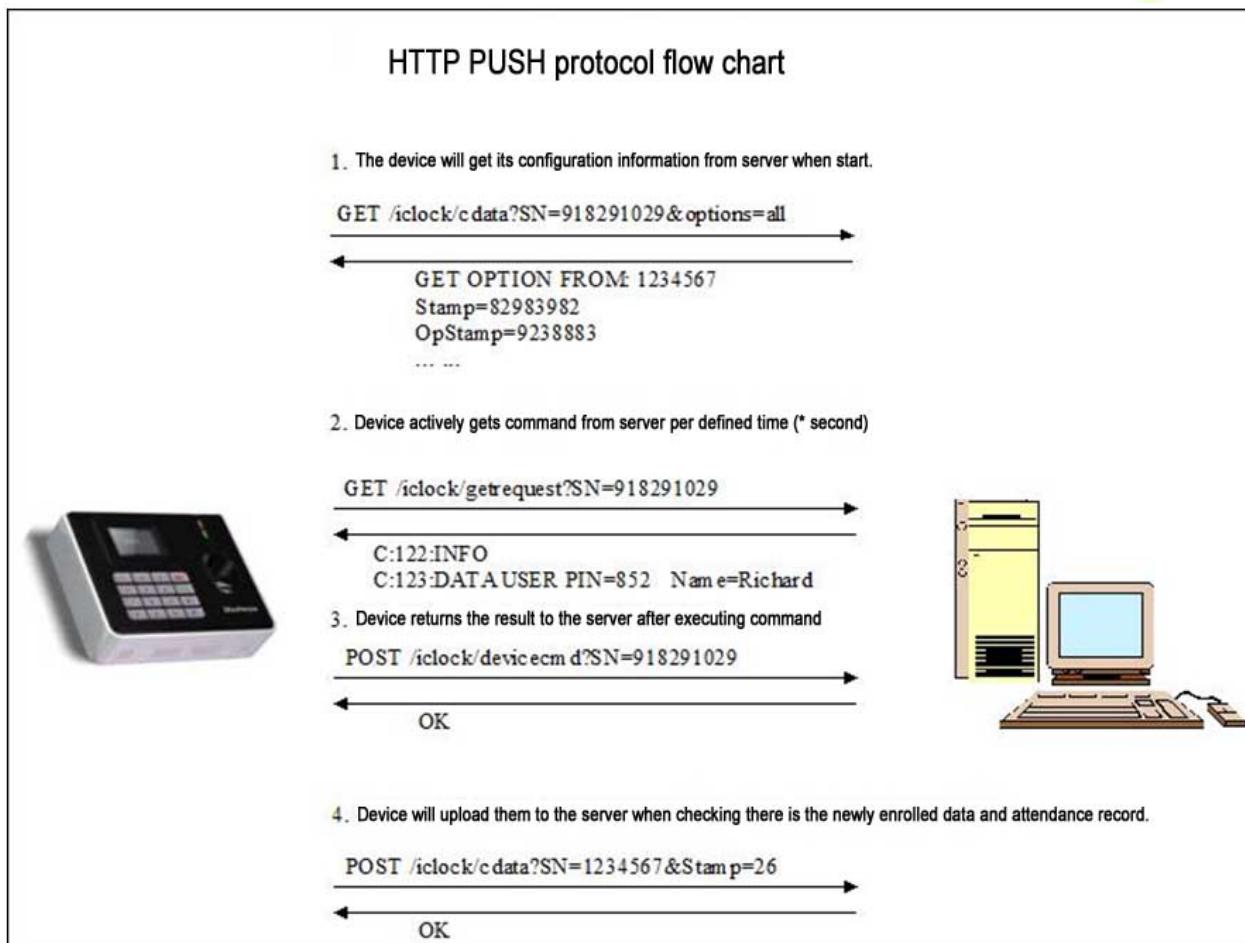
**Special instructions for hybrid identification protocol:**

If a template with the same algorithm version number is issued for the same type of biometric identification of the same person, the device will accept both the issued template and the issued photo. So please don't issue both the template and the photo at once. This will only add to the device's burden, which is unnecessary.

## 4 Process

Between a client and a server that both use the Push protocol, a request of "Initialization Information Exchange" must be firstly initiated by the client successfully and then other functions can be used, such as uploading data, obtaining server commands, uploading update information, and replying server commands.

These functions are not necessarily in order but dependent to the development of the client application, as shown in the figure below.



## 5 Initialization Information Exchange

The client initiates a request to and sends corresponding configuration information to the server, and the server replies to the client with corresponding configuration information after receiving the request. Only when the client obtains the corresponding configuration information, the exchange is successful.

The configuration information is exchanged in a specified format as shown below:

### Client Request

<b>GET http</b>	GET/iclock/cdata?SN=\${SerialNumber}&options=all&pushver=\${XX} X&DeviceType=\${XXX}&language=\${XXX}&pushcommkey=\${XXX} HTTP/1.1
<b>Host</b>	\${ServerIP} : \${ServerPort}

### Annotation

<b>HTTP Request Method</b>	GET method
<b>URI</b>	/iclock/cdata
<b>HTTP Protocol Version</b>	1.1

### Client Configuration Information

Parameter	Required/ Optional	Description						
SN	\${Required}	Client's serial number						
options	\${Required}	Obtaining server configuration parameters, and only the value "all" is available currently						
pushver	\${Optional}	latest Push protocol version of the device supported by a newly developed client software and is of the 2.2.14 version or higher. See "Appendix 6"						
DeviceType	-	Sub-protocol version. This protocol supports the docking of standard attendance protocol, personal identification protocol, and information screen protocol. Based on this parameter, the software can also determine which protocol the device uses., and the value is as follows:  <table border="1"> <tr> <td>att</td><td>Standard attendance protocol</td></tr> <tr> <td>pid</td><td>Personal identification protocol</td></tr> <tr> <td>ins</td><td>Information screen protocol</td></tr> </table>	att	Standard attendance protocol	pid	Personal identification protocol	ins	Information screen protocol
att	Standard attendance protocol							
pid	Personal identification protocol							
ins	Information screen protocol							

language	\${Optional}	languages supported by the client, better supported by a newly developed client so that the server knows the language the current equipment uses. See "Appendix 2"
pushcommkey	\${Optional}	cipher text information for binding the client and the server, allowing the software to determine whether the equipment is authorized or not. The value differs for different equipment. This parameter needs to be supported by the client only when it is supported by the server.
Host header field	\${Required}	-
Other header fields	\${Optional}	-

## Server Response

HTTP/1.1 200 OK

Date: \${XXX}

Content-Length: \${XXX}

.....

GET OPTION FROM:

\${SerialNumber}\${LF}\${XXX}Stamp=\${XXX}\${LF}ErrorDelay=\${XXX}\${LF}Delay=\${XXX}\${LF}TransTimes=\${XXX}\${LF}TransInterval=\${XXX}\${LF}TransFlag=\${XXX}\${LF}TimeZone=\${XXX}\${LF}Realtime=\${XXX}\${LF}Encrypt=\${XXX}\${LF}ServerVer=\${XXX}\${LF}PushProtVer=\${XXX}\${LF}PushOptionsFlag=\${XXX}\${LF}PushOptions=\${XXX}

## Annotation

HTTP Status Line	Defined according to the standard HTTP protocol
HTTP Response Header Field	-
Date header field	<b> \${Required}</b> This header field is used for server time synchronization in GMT time format, for example, Date: Fri, 03 Jul 2015 06:53:01 GMT
Content-Length header field	Based on the HTTP 1.1 protocol, this header field is usually used to specify the data length of a response entity. If the entity size is uncertain, header fields Transfer-Encoding: chunked, Content-Length and Transfer-Encoding are supported, all of which are standard definitions of the HTTP protocol.

## Server Configuration Information

The description in the first line must be **GET OPTION FROM: \${SerialNumber}**, with the \${LF} separating the configuration information.

\${SerialNumber}	It is the serial number of the request initiated by the client. The configuration information is in key=value pairs, with a \${LF} separating two configurations.
------------------	--

<p><b>Timestamp mark design:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>When the client uploads data, the corresponding timestamp mark is uploaded.</li> <li>The server is responsible for recording this mark.</li> <li>When the equipment reboots, the client initiates a request for initialization of information exchange, and the server sends a series of marks to the client, realizing the function of resuming transmission from breakpoint.</li> </ul> <p><b>Timestamp mark flaw:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>As time modification is permitted and the uncertainty of time change is possible, the client may not correctly determine which data has been uploaded to the server and which has not, and this leads to server data loss.</li> </ul> <p><b>Application of timestamp on server:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Currently, the server has only one application of the timestamp mark.</li> <li>When the server needs to reupload all corresponding data, it sets the corresponding timestamp mark to 0.</li> <li>See this function at "Get Command – Control Command – Check Data Update".</li> </ul> <p><b>Timestamp discard at client side:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>In the Push design for new framework firmware, no timestamp is used to mark a cut-off point of data uploading.</li> <li>However, for compatibility with old servers, timestamp marks are also sent.</li> <li>Actually, it realizes only the function of data reuploading when the mark is set to 0, so the server does not need to differentiate whether the client has discarded a timestamp or not.</li> </ul>	<p>Timestamps for all kinds of data types, currently supporting the following;</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="text-align: center;">\${XXX} Stamp</th><th style="text-align: center;">Data type</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">ATTLOG</td><td style="text-align: center;">Attendance record</td></tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">OPERLOG</td><td style="text-align: center;">Operation log</td></tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">ATTPHOTO</td><td style="text-align: center;">Attendance photo</td></tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">BIODATA</td><td style="text-align: center;">Unified Templates</td></tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">IDCARD</td><td style="text-align: center;">Identity card information</td></tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">ERRORLOG</td><td style="text-align: center;">Error log</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	\${XXX} Stamp	Data type	ATTLOG	Attendance record	OPERLOG	Operation log	ATTPHOTO	Attendance photo	BIODATA	Unified Templates	IDCARD	Identity card information	ERRORLOG	Error log
\${XXX} Stamp	Data type														
ATTLOG	Attendance record														
OPERLOG	Operation log														
ATTPHOTO	Attendance photo														
BIODATA	Unified Templates														
IDCARD	Identity card information														
ERRORLOG	Error log														
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 30%; text-align: center;">ErrorDelay</td><td>Interval time for the client to reconnect to the server after networking connection failure, and the recommended value is 30~300s</td></tr> <tr> <td style="width: 30%; text-align: center;">Delay</td><td>Interval for the client to connect to the server when the networking is normal (s), that is, the function of requesting "Get Command" by client. The recommended value is 2~60s. When a rapid response is required, a</td></tr> </table>	ErrorDelay	Interval time for the client to reconnect to the server after networking connection failure, and the recommended value is 30~300s	Delay	Interval for the client to connect to the server when the networking is normal (s), that is, the function of requesting "Get Command" by client. The recommended value is 2~60s. When a rapid response is required, a											
ErrorDelay	Interval time for the client to reconnect to the server after networking connection failure, and the recommended value is 30~300s														
Delay	Interval for the client to connect to the server when the networking is normal (s), that is, the function of requesting "Get Command" by client. The recommended value is 2~60s. When a rapid response is required, a														

	smaller value can be set, but this will increase the pressure on the server.
TransTimes	Time at which the client checks for and transmits new data regularly (in a 24-hour format: hour: minute) and multiple times are separated by semicolons. Up to 10 times are supported. For example, TransTimes=00: 00;14: 00
TransInterval	Interval for the client to check and transmit new data (in minute), and no check is performed when it is set to 0. For example, TransInterval=1
TransFlag	Identifying the data to be uploaded by the client automatically to the server, and two formats are supported

**Format I:**

TransFlag=1111000000, each digit representing a data type. 0 for forbidding automatic uploading of this data type, 1 for allowing automatic uploading of this data type.

**Data type on each digit**

1	Attendance record
2	Operation log
3	Attendance photo
4	Enrolling a new fingerprint
5	Enrolling a new user
6	Fingerprint image
7	Changing user information
8	Changing a fingerprint
9	New enrolled face
10	User picture
11	Work code
12	Comparison photo

**Format II:**

TransFlag=TransData AttLog\${HT}OpLog\${HT}AttPhoto;

**Data types marked by strings,**

AttLog	Attendance log
OpLog	Operation log
AttPhoto	Attendance photo
EnrollUser	Enrolling a new user
ChgUser	Changing user information
EnrollFP	Enrolling a new fingerprint
ChgFP	Changing a fingerprint
FPImag	Fingerprint image
FACE	New enrolled face
UserPic	User picture

WORKCODE	Work code
BioPhoto	Comparison photo

**During new client development:**

- Please support both formats simultaneously.
- When the server sends data in format I with all values set to 0 (TransFlag=0000000000), only uploading attendance photos is supported.

**During new server development:**

- Only format II needs to be supported.

TimeZone	Specify the time zone where the server is located, primarily for server time synchronization. See the Date header field in [Get Command](#downloadcmd). This value is an integer and designed to support a whole time zone, half time zone and 1/4 time zone.
----------	---

For  $-12 < \text{TimeZone} < 12$ , it is a whole time zone in the unit of hour. For example,  $\text{TimeZone}=4$  means the East 4 zone.

For  $\text{TimeZone} > 60$  or  $\text{TimeZone} < -60$ , it can mean a half time zone or 1/4 time zone in the unit of minute. For example,  $\text{TimeZone}=330$  means a half of the East 5 time zone.

Realtime	Whether the client transmits new records in real time. <b>1</b> means that data is transmitted to the server as soon as it is generated, while <b>0</b> means data is transmitted at the time defined by the TransTimes and TransInterval
Encrypt	Whether to transmit data after encryption, to support the occasion of communication encryption, this parameter should be set to 1.

**EncryptFlag:** The identity of data encryption.

**Example:** EncryptFlag = 10000000

Bit	Date type
1	attendance record

Currently, only version 2.3.0 of this protocol is supported, and only the encryption of attendance records is supported. Rc4 is used for encryption.

ServerVer	Protocol version and time (format to be determined), which are supported by the server, and it must be set to 2.2.14 or above for a newly developed server
PushProtVer	The server is developed according to which protocol version, please refer to (appendix 6).
PushOptionsFlag	Whether the software supports the device push configuration parameter request, where 0 is not supported, 1 is supported, and it is not supported by default when it is not set

PushOptions	The software requires the device to push the parameter list, format: PushOptions=key1,key2,key3.....,keyN, such as PushOptions=FingerFunOn,FaceFunOn						
ATTPHOTOBase64	Attendance photo base64 identity. 1: base64 encoding, other occasions is not base64encoding.						
MultiBioDataSupport	Supports multi-modal biometric template parameters. The type is defined bit by bit. Different types are separated by colons, 0 means not supported, 1 means supported. The supported version number, such as: 0: 1: 1: 0: 0: 0: 0: 0: 0: 0, indicating support for fingerprint template and near-infrared face template.						
MultiBioPhotoSupport	Supports multi-modal biometric photo parameters. The type is defined bit by bit. Different types are separated by colons, 0 means not supported, 1 means supported. The supported version number, such as: 0: 1: 1: 0: 0: 0: 0: 0: 0: 0, indicating support for fingerprint photo and near-infrared face photo.						
IRTempUnitTrans	Specifies the unit of temperature upload (specifies the temperature unit of the ConvTemperature field of ATT_LOG). <table border="1" data-bbox="589 788 1276 889"> <tr> <td>0</td><td>The temperature is uploaded in Celsius</td></tr> <tr> <td>1</td><td>The temperature is uploaded in Fahrenheit</td></tr> </table>	0	The temperature is uploaded in Celsius	1	The temperature is uploaded in Fahrenheit		
0	The temperature is uploaded in Celsius						
1	The temperature is uploaded in Fahrenheit						
QRCodeDecryptType	QR code decryption method currently supports three methods, value 1, 2, 3. <table border="1" data-bbox="589 1019 1351 1244"> <tr> <td>1</td><td>Use scheme one, use today's date as the key and use AES256 algorithm to encrypt (the key is fixed)</td></tr> <tr> <td>2</td><td>Use scheme two, the system randomly generates a key and uses AES256 algorithm for encryption (the key is not fixed)</td></tr> <tr> <td>3</td><td>Use scheme three, the system randomly generates a key and uses RSA1024 algorithm for encryption (public and private keys are not fixed)</td></tr> </table>	1	Use scheme one, use today's date as the key and use AES256 algorithm to encrypt (the key is fixed)	2	Use scheme two, the system randomly generates a key and uses AES256 algorithm for encryption (the key is not fixed)	3	Use scheme three, the system randomly generates a key and uses RSA1024 algorithm for encryption (public and private keys are not fixed)
1	Use scheme one, use today's date as the key and use AES256 algorithm to encrypt (the key is fixed)						
2	Use scheme two, the system randomly generates a key and uses AES256 algorithm for encryption (the key is not fixed)						
3	Use scheme three, the system randomly generates a key and uses RSA1024 algorithm for encryption (public and private keys are not fixed)						
QRCodeDecryptKey	QR code key						
SupportPing	Specifies that the server supports the ping protocol. When the device cannot send getrequest during the command processing, it will maintain the heartbeat with the server through <a href="#">Heartbeat</a> .						

## Example

### Client Request

<b>GET http</b>	GET/iclock/cdata?SN=0316144680030&options=all&pushver=2.2.14&language=83&pushcommkey=4a9594af164f2b9779b59e8554b5df26 HTTP/1.1
<b>Host</b>	58.250.50.81: 8011
<b>User-Agent</b>	iClock Proxy/1.0.9
<b>Connection</b>	close
<b>Accept</b>	* / *

## Server Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Server: nginx/1.6.0
Date: Fri, 03 Jul 2015 06: 53: 01 GMT
Content-Type: text/plain
Content-Length: 190
Connection: close
Pragma: no-cache
Cache-Control: no-store

GET OPTION FROM: 0316144680030
ATTLOGStamp=None
OPERLOGStamp=9999
ATTPHOTOSTamp=None
ErrorDelay=30
Delay=10
TransTimes=00: 00;14: 05
TransInterval=1
TransFlag=TransData AttLog OpLog AttPhoto EnrollUser ChgUser EnrollFP
ChgFP UserPic
TimeZone=8
Realtime=1
Encrypt=None
```



## 6 Exchange of Public Keys (where encryption of communications is supported)

The functional device pushes the public key of the device and receives the public key of the server returned by the server.

### Client Request

<b>POST http</b>	POST /iclock/exchange?SN=\${SerialNumber}&type=publickey
<b>Host</b>	\${ServerIP}:\${ServerPort}
<b>Content-Length</b>	\${XXX}
<b>PublicKey</b>	\${XXX}

### Annotation

<b>HTTP request method</b>	POST method
<b>URI</b>	/iclock/ exchange
<b>HTTP protocol version</b>	1.1
<b>Host header field</b>	\${Required}
<b>Other header fields</b>	\${Optional}
<b>PublicKey</b>	The device PublicKey returned by calling the encryption library

### Server Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK Server: ${XXX}
Set-Cookie: ${XXX}; Path=/; HttpOnly
Content-Type: application/push; charset=UTF-8
Content-Length: ${XXX}
Date: ${XXX}

PublicKey=${XXX}
```

### Annotation

<b>PublicKey</b>	The server PublicKey returned by the server
------------------	---

## **7 Exchange Factor (where communication encryption is supported)**

This function pushes the device factor and receives the server factor returned by the server.

### **Client Request**

<b>POST http</b>	POST /iclock/exchange?SN=\${SerialNumber}&type=factors
<b>Host</b>	\${ServerIP}:\${ServerPort}
<b>Content-Length</b>	\${XXX}
<b>Factors</b>	\${XXX}

### **Annotation**

<b>HTTP request method</b>	POST method
<b>URI</b>	/iclock/ exchange
<b>HTTP protocol version</b>	1.1
<b>Host header field</b>	\${Required}
<b>Other header fields</b>	\${Optional}
<b>Factors</b>	The device factor returned by calling the encryption library

### **Server Response**

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK Server: ${XXX}
Set-Cookie: ${XXX}; Path=/; HttpOnly
Content-Type: application/push; charset=UTF-8
Content-Length: ${XXX}
Date: ${XXX}
Factors=${XXX}
```

### **Annotation**

<b>Factors</b>	The server factor returned by the server
----------------	--

## 8 Pushing Configuration Information

The functional device proactively pushes relevant configuration information, which can be designated by the device or the server (see "PushOptions" in "Exchanging Initialization Information" for more information). Any change to configuration information is proactively pushed to the server.

### Client Request

<b>POST http</b>	POST /iclock/cdata?SN=\${SerialNumber}&table=options HTTP/1.1
<b>Host</b>	\${ServerIP}:\${ServerPort}
<b>Content-Length</b>	\${XXX}
	\${key}=\${Value}, \${key}=\${Value}, \${key}=\${Value}....., \${key}=\${Value}
\${key}=\${Value}, \${key}=\${Value}, \${key}=\${Value}....., \${key}=\${Value}	
UserPicURLFunOn	Supports issuing user photos by URL

Hybrid identification protocol adds the following \$ {key}

MultiBioDataSupport	Supports multi-modal bio-template parameters. The type is defined bit by bit. Different types are separated by colons, 0 means not supported, 1 means supported. The supported version number, such as: 0: 1: 1: 0: 0: 0: 0: 0: 0, indicating support for fingerprint template and near-infrared face template.
MultiBioPhotoSupport	Supports multi-modal biometric photo parameters. The type is defined bit by bit. Different types are separated by colons, 0 means not supported, 1 means supported. The supported version number, such as: 0: 1: 1: 0: 0: 0: 0: 0: 0, indicating support for fingerprint photo and near-infrared face photo.
MultiBioVersion	The multi-modal biometric data version. Different types are separated by colons, 0 means not supported, 1 means supported. The supported version number, such as: 0: 10: 0: 7: 0: 0: 0: 0: 0, indicating support for fingerprint algorithm10.0 and near-infrared face algorithm7.0.
MultiBioCount	Supports multi-modal biometric data version parameters. The type is defined bit by bit. Different types are separated by colons, 0 means not supported, 1 means supported. The supported version number, such as: 0: 100: 200: 0: 0: 0: 0: 0: 0, indicating support for 100 fingerprints and 200 near-infrared faces.

MaxMultiBioDataCount	Supports maximum number of multi-modal bio-templates. The type is defined bit by bit. Different types are separated by colons, 0 means not supported, 1 means supported. The supported maximum number of templates, such as: 0: 10000: 2000: 0: 0: 0: 0: 0: 0, indicating support for the maximum number of fingerprint templates is 10000 and the maximum number of near-infrared face templates is 2000.				
MaxMultiBioPhotoCount	Supports maximum number of multi-modal biometric photos. The type is defined bit by bit. Different types are separated by colons, 0 means not supported, 1 means supported. The supported maximum number of photos, such as: 0: 10000: 2000: 0: 0: 0: 0: 0: 0, indicating support for the maximum number of fingerprint photos is 10000 and the maximum number of near-infrared face photos is 2000.				
SubcontractingUpgradeFunOn	Subcontract upgrade protocol function switch parameter				
UserPicURLFunOn	Whether to use url mode for user photo delivery				
IRTempDetectionFunOn	The infrared temperature detection function is turned on				
MaskDetectionFunOn	Mask detection function is on				
IsSupportQRcode	Whether the device supports the QR code function, the value is as follows; <table border="1" data-bbox="684 1073 1351 1170"> <tr> <td>0</td><td>QR code is not supported</td></tr> <tr> <td>1</td><td>QR code is supported</td></tr> </table>	0	QR code is not supported	1	QR code is supported
0	QR code is not supported				
1	QR code is supported				
QRCodeEnable	Whether to enable the QR code function (0: off, 1: on)				
QRCodeDecryptFunList	QR Code Decryption Function Parameter. This parameter is used to determine which decryption methods the device specifically supports, and the function support parameters are obtained according to the bits (the parameter cannot be modified in software). If it is not transmitted, it is not supported by default				

The position value refers to the string position of the **QRCodeDecryptFunList** parameter value, starting from 0 and from left to right, as follows:

Position value	Meaning	Remarks
0	Device supports scheme 1 decryption	0 not supported; 1 supported
1	Device supports scheme 2 decryption	0 not supported; 1 supported
2	Device supports scheme 3 decryption	0 not supported; 1 supported

## Remarks

- **Scheme 1:** Use the date of the day as the key and use the AES256 algorithm for encryption (the key is fixed)

- **Scheme 2:** the system randomly generates a key and encrypts it with the AES256 algorithm (the key is not fixed)
- **Scheme 3:** The system randomly generates a key and encrypts it with the RSA1024 algorithm (public and private keys are not fixed)

### For example:

- **QRCodeDecryptFunList=101**, which means that the device supports scheme one and three decryption methods.

### Annotation

<b>HTTP request method</b>	POST method
<b>URI</b>	/iclock/cdata
<b>HTTP protocol version</b>	1.1

### Client Configuration Information

<b>table=options</b>	
<b>Host Header Field</b>	\${Required}
<b>Other Header Field</b>	\${Optional}

### Server Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Length: ${XXX}
.....
OK
```

### Example

#### Client Request

<b>POST http</b>	POST /iclock/cdata?SN=0316144680030&table=options HTTP/1.1
<b>Host</b>	58.250.50.81:8011
<b>Content-Length</b>	26
<b>User-Agent</b>	iClock Proxy/1.09
<b>Connection</b>	close

<b>Accept</b>	* / *
FingerFunOn=1, FaceFunOn=1	

## Server Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Server: nginx/1.6.0
Date: Tue, 30 Jun 2015 01:24:26 GMT
Content-Type: text/plain
Content-Length: 2
Connection: close
Pragma: no-cache
Cache-Control: no-store
```

OK



## 9 Uploading Update Information

This function multiplexes the Download Command (#downloadcmd) request and adds parameters in its URL to mainly upload the client's firmware version number, number of enrolled users, number of enrolled fingerprints, number of attendance records, IP address of equipment, fingerprint algorithm version, face algorithm version, number of faces required for face enrollment, number of enrolled faces, and marked information about functions supported by the equipment.

### Client Request

<b>Get http</b>	Get/iclock/getrequest?SN=\${SerialNumber}&INFO=\${Value1}, \${Value2}, \${Value3}, \${Value4}, \${Value5}, \${Value6}, \${Value7}, \${Value8}, \${Value9}, \${Value10}
<b>Host</b>	\${ServerIP}:\${ServerPort}

### Annotation

<b>HTTP request method</b>	Get method
<b>URI</b>	/iclock/getrequest
<b>HTTP protocol version</b>	1.1

### Client Configuration Information

<b>SN</b>	\${Required} Client's serial number					
<b> \${Value1}</b>	Firmware version number					
<b> \${Value2}</b>	Number of enrolled users					
<b> \${Value3}</b>	Number of enrolled fingerprints					
<b> \${Value4}</b>	Number of attendance records					
<b> \${Value5}</b>	IP address of Equipment					
<b> \${Value6}</b>	Version of fingerprint algorithm					
<b> \${Value7}</b>	Version of face algorithm					
<b> \${Value8}</b>	Number of faces required for face enrollment					
<b> \${Value9}</b>	Number of enrolled faces					
<b> \${Value10}</b>	Identifier of functions supported by the equipment in the format of 101 with every digit representing a function. <table border="1" data-bbox="584 1888 1224 1971"> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>Not supporting this function</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Supporting this function</td> </tr> </table>		0	Not supporting this function	1	Supporting this function
0	Not supporting this function					
1	Supporting this function					
Description of function on each digit:						

<b>1</b>	Fingerprint function
<b>2</b>	Face function
<b>3</b>	User photo function
<b>4</b>	Comparison photo function (comparison photo function is supported, the parameter BioPhotoFun needs to be set to 1)
<b>5</b>	Visible light face template function (face template function is supported, the parameter BioDataFun needs to be set to 1)

**Remarks:** (Push the first 3 digits by default and push 5 digits when VisilightFun is set to 1).

<b>Host header field</b>	\${Required}
<b>Other header fields</b>	\${Optional}

## Remarks

For server responses, see Download Command.

## Example

### Client Request

<b>Get http</b>	GET /iclock/getrequest?SN=0316144680030&INFO=Ver%202.0.12-20150625,0,0,0,192.168.16.27,10,7,15,0,111 HTTP/1.1
<b>Host</b>	58.250.50.81: 8011
<b>User-Agent</b>	iClock Proxy/1.09
<b>Connection</b>	close
<b>Accept</b>	* /*

### Server Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Server: nginx/1.6.0
Date: Tue, 30 Jun 2015 01: 24: 26 GMT
Content-Type: text/plain
Content-Length: 2
Connection: close
Pragma: no-cache
Cache-Control: no-store
```

OK

## 10 Heartbeat

Used to maintain a heartbeat with the server. When processing big data upload, use ping to keep the heartbeat. When big data is processed, use get request to keep the heartbeat.

### Client Request

<b>Get http</b>	GET /iclock/ping?SN=\${SerialNumber} HTTP/1.1
<b>Cookie</b>	token=\${XXX}
<b>Host</b>	\${ServerIP}:\${ServerPort}
<b>Content-Length</b>	\${XXX}

### Server Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Server: Apache-Coyote/1.1
Content-Length: ${XXX}
Date: ${XXX}
OK
```

### Annotation

```
HTTP request method: POST method
URI: /iclock/ping
HTTP protocol version: 1.1
```

### Example

### Client Request

<b>Get http</b>	GET /iclock/ping?SN=3383154200002 HTTP/1.1
<b>Cookie</b>	token=cb386eb5f8219329db63356fb262ddff
<b>Host</b>	192.168.213.17:8088
<b>User-Agent</b>	iClock Proxy/1.09
<b>Connection</b>	starting
<b>Accept</b>	application/push
<b>Accept-Charset</b>	UTF-8
<b>Accept-Language</b>	zh-CN
<b>Content-Type</b>	application/push; charset=UTF-8
<b>Content-Language</b>	zh-CN

## Server Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Server: Apache-Coyote/1.1
Content-Length: 2
Date: Tue, 10 Jan 2017 07:42:41 GMT
OK
```



## 11 Uploading Data

The data to be uploaded automatically can be set on the server. (For details, see the "TransFlag" parameter in "Initialization Information Exchange".)

### 11.1 Uploading Mode

- Realtime uploading.
- Interval uploading.
- Timed uploading.

Real-time \ interval \ timed three upload modes. Please note if real-time is supported, then interval and timed mode does not work.

<b>Realtime uploading</b>	This is supported by the equipment by default and can be controlled by the server. (For details, see the "Realtime" parameter in "Initializing Information Exchange").
<b>Interval uploading</b>	The server can control specific interval time. (For details, see the "TransInterval" parameter in "Initializing Information Exchange".)
<b>Timed uploading</b>	The server can control specific upload timing. (For details, see the "TransTimes" parameter in "Initializing Information Exchange").

### 11.2 Uploading Attendance Record

#### Client Request

<b>Post http</b>	POST/iclock/cdata?SN=\${SerialNumber}&table=ATTLOG&Stamp=\${XXX} HTTP/1.1
<b>Host</b>	\${ServerIP}: \${ServerPort}
<b>Content-Length</b>	\${XXX} \${DataRecord}

#### Annotation

<b>HTTP request method</b>	POST method
<b>Used URI</b>	/iclock/cdata
<b>HTTP protocol version</b>	1.1

## Client Configuration Information

Parameter	Required/ Optional	Description								
SN	\${Required}	Serial number of the client								
table=ATTLOG	\${Required}	Indicating that the uploaded data is attendance records								
Stamp	\${Optional}	Latest timestamp at which the attendance record is uploaded to the server. (For details, see the "Stamp" or "ATTLOGStamp" parameter in "Initializing Information Exchange".)								
Host header field	\${Required}									
Content-Length header field	\${Required}									
Other header fields	\${Optional}									
Request entity	\${DataRecord}	<p>Attendance record data in the following format:</p> <p> \${Pin} \${HT} \${Time} \${HT} \${Status} \${HT} \${Verify} \${HT} \${Workcode} \${HT} \${Reserve} d1 \${HT} \${Reserved2} \${HT} MaskFlag \${HT} Temperature \${HT} ConvTemperature</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td> \${Time}</td><td>Verification time In the format of XXXX-XX-XX XX:XX:XX. For example, 2015-07-29 11:11:11</td></tr> <tr> <td>MaskFlag</td><td>Value 0 or 1; 1 means wearing a mask&lt;br/&gt;</td></tr> <tr> <td>Temperature</td><td>The value is the temperature data with a decimal point, for example: 36.2&lt;br/&gt;</td></tr> <tr> <td>ConvTemperature</td><td>The value is the temperature data with a decimal point. If the server does not send the IRTempUnitTrans parameter, then the unit of the temperature upload is subject to the IRTempUnit parameter</td></tr> </table>	\${Time}	Verification time In the format of XXXX-XX-XX XX:XX:XX. For example, 2015-07-29 11:11:11	MaskFlag	Value 0 or 1; 1 means wearing a mask 	Temperature	The value is the temperature data with a decimal point, for example: 36.2 	ConvTemperature	The value is the temperature data with a decimal point. If the server does not send the IRTempUnitTrans parameter, then the unit of the temperature upload is subject to the IRTempUnit parameter
\${Time}	Verification time In the format of XXXX-XX-XX XX:XX:XX. For example, 2015-07-29 11:11:11									
MaskFlag	Value 0 or 1; 1 means wearing a mask 									
Temperature	The value is the temperature data with a decimal point, for example: 36.2 									
ConvTemperature	The value is the temperature data with a decimal point. If the server does not send the IRTempUnitTrans parameter, then the unit of the temperature upload is subject to the IRTempUnit parameter									
Use \${LF} to connect between multiple records										

## Server Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Length: ${XXX}
.....
OK: ${XXX}
```

## Annotation

<b>HTTP status line</b>	Defined with standard HTTP protocol
<b>HTTP response header field</b>	
<b>Content-Length header field</b>	According to the HTTP 1.1, this header field is generally used to specify the data length of the response entity. If the response entity size is uncertain; <b>Header fields of Transfer-Encoding:</b> chunked, Content-Length and Transfer-Encoding are supported, all of which are standard definitions of HTTP and are not described in detail here.
<b>Response entity</b>	When the server normally receives data and successfully processes data, <b>OK:</b> \${XXX} is replied. \${XXX} represents the number of records successfully processed. When an error occurs, the error description is replied.

## Example

### Client Request

<b>Post http</b>	POST/iclock/cdata?SN=0316144680030&table=ATTLOG&Stamp =9999 HTTP/1.1
<b>Host</b>	58.250.50.81: 8011
<b>User-Agent</b>	iClock Proxy/1.09
<b>Connection</b>	close
<b>Accept</b>	*/*
<b>Content-Length</b>	315
	1452 2015-07-30 15: 16: 28 0 1 0 0 0 1452 2015-07-30 15: 16: 29 0 1 0 0 0 0 1452 2015-07-30 15: 16: 30 0 1 0 0 0 0 1452 2015-07-30 15: 16: 31 0 1 0 0 0 0 1452 2015-07-30 15: 16: 33 0 1 0 0 0 0 1452 2015-07-30 15: 16: 34 0 1 0 0 0 0 1452 2015-07-30 15: 16: 35 0 1 0 0 0 0 8965 2015-07-30 15: 16: 36 0 1 0 0 0 0 8965 2015-07-30 15: 16: 37 0 1 0 0 0 0

### Server Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Server: nginx/1.6.0
Date: Thu, 30 Jul 2015 07: 25: 38 GMT
```

```
Content-Type: text/plain
Content-Length: 4
Connection: close
Pragma: no-cache
Cache-Control: no-store
```

OK: 9

## 11.3 Uploading Attendance Photo

The configuration PushProtVer parameter sent by the server for initialization information exchange is greater than or equal to version 2.2.14.

### Client Request

<b>Post http</b>	POST/iclock/cdata?SN=\${SerialNumber}&table=ATTPHOTO&Stamp=\${XXX} HTTP/1.1
<b>Host</b>	\${ServerIP}: \${ServerPort}
<b>Content-Length</b>	\${XXX}
	\${DataRecord}

### Annotation

<b>HTTP request method</b>	POST method
<b>URI</b>	/iclock/fdata or /iclock/cdata
<b>HTTP protocol version</b>	1.1

### Client Configuration Information

Parameter	Required/ Optional	Description
SN	\${Required}	Serial number of the client
table=ATTPHOTO	\${Required}	
Stamp	\${Optional}	Latest timestamp at which the attendance photo is uploaded to the server. (For details, see the "ATTPHOTOSTamp" parameter in "Initializing Information Exchange".)
Host header field	\${Required}	

Content-Length header field	\${Required}									
Other header fields	\${Optional}									
Request entity	\${DataRecord}	<p>Attendance photo data, in the following format;</p> <pre>PIN=\${XXX}\${LF}SN=\${SerialNumber}\${LF} size=\${XXX}\${LF}CMD=uploadphoto\${NUL}\${BinaryData}</pre> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>PIN=\${XXX}</td><td>Filename of the attendance phot with only the jpg format support currently</td></tr> <tr> <td>SN=\${XXX}</td><td>Serial number of the client</td></tr> <tr> <td>size=\${XXX}</td><td>Original size of the attendance photo</td></tr> <tr> <td> \${BinaryData}</td><td>Binary dataflow of the original photo</td></tr> </table> <p>Transmission of multiple records is not supported in attendance photos.</p>	PIN=\${XXX}	Filename of the attendance phot with only the jpg format support currently	SN=\${XXX}	Serial number of the client	size=\${XXX}	Original size of the attendance photo	\${BinaryData}	Binary dataflow of the original photo
PIN=\${XXX}	Filename of the attendance phot with only the jpg format support currently									
SN=\${XXX}	Serial number of the client									
size=\${XXX}	Original size of the attendance photo									
\${BinaryData}	Binary dataflow of the original photo									

## Server Response

HTTP/1.1 200 OK

Content-Length: \${XXX}

OK

## Annotation

<b>HTTP status line</b>	Defined with standard HTTP protocol
<b>HTTP response header field</b>	
<b>Content-Length header field</b>	<p>According to the HTTP 1.1, this header field is usually used to specify the data length of the response entity.</p> <p>If the response entity size is uncertain; <b>Header fields of Transfer-Encoding:</b> chunked, Content-Length and Transfer-Encoding are supported, all of which are standard definitions of HTTP and are not described in detail here.</p>
<b>Response entity</b>	When the server normally receives data and successfully processes data, OK is replied. When an error occurs, the error description is replied.

## Example

### Client Request

<b>Post http</b>	POST/iclock/cdata?SN=0316144680030&table=ATTPHOTO&Stamp=9999 HTTP/1.1
<b>Host</b>	58.250.50.81: 8011
<b>User-Agent</b>	iClock Proxy/1.09
<b>Connection</b>	close
<b>Accept</b>	*/*
<b>Content-Length</b>	1684
PIN=20150731103012-123.jpg SN=0316144680030 size=9512 CMD=uploadphoto\${NUL}\${BinaryData}	

### Server Response

HTTP/1.1 200 OK  
 Server: nginx/1.6.0  
 Date: Thu, 30 Jul 2015 07: 25: 38 GMT  
 Content-Type: text/plain  
 Content-Length: 2  
 Connection: close  
 Pragma: no-cache  
 Cache-Control: no-store

OK

## 11.4 Uploading Operation Record

The configuration PushProtVer parameter sent by the server for initialization information exchange is greater than or equivalent to version 2.2.14.

### Client Request

<b>Post http</b>	POST/iclock/cdata?SN=\${SerialNumber}&table=OPERLOG&Stamp=\${XXX} HTTP/1.1
<b>Host</b>	\${ServerIP}: \${ServerPort}
<b>Content-Length</b>	\${XXX}
	\${DataRecord}

## Annotation

<b>HTTP request method</b>	POST method
<b>URI</b>	/iclock/cdata
<b>HTTP protocol version</b>	1.1

## Client Configuration Information

Parameter	Required/ Optional	Description				
SN	\${Required}	Serial number of the client				
table=OPERLOG	\${Required}					
Stamp	\${Optional}	Latest timestamp at which the attendance record is uploaded to the server. (For details, see the "OPERLOGStamp" parameter in "Initializing Information Exchange".)				
Host header field	\${Required}					
Content-Length header field	\${Required}					
Other header fields	\${Optional}					
Request entity	\${DataRecord}	<p>Operation record data, in the following format;</p> <p>OPLOG\${SP}\${OpType}\${HT}\${OpWho}\${HT}\${OpTime}\${HT}\${Value1}\${HT}\${Value2}\${HT}\${Value3}\${HT}\${Reserved}</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td> \${OpType}</td> <td>Operation code. See Appendix 3</td> </tr> <tr> <td> \${Value1},  \${Value2},  \${Value3},  \${Reserved}</td> <td>Operand 1, 2, 3 and 4. See Appendix 4</td> </tr> </table>	\${OpType}	Operation code. See Appendix 3	\${Value1}, \${Value2}, \${Value3}, \${Reserved}	Operand 1, 2, 3 and 4. See Appendix 4
\${OpType}	Operation code. See Appendix 3					
\${Value1}, \${Value2}, \${Value3}, \${Reserved}	Operand 1, 2, 3 and 4. See Appendix 4					
\${LF} is used to connect multiple records						

## Server Response

HTTP/1.1 200 OK

Content-Length: \${XXX}

OK: \${XXX}

## Annotation

<b>HTTP status line</b>	Defined with standard HTTP protocol
<b>HTTP response header field</b>	
<b>Content-Length header field</b>	According to the HTTP 1.1, this header field is generally used to specify the data length of the response entity. If the response entity size is uncertain; <b>Header fields of Transfer-Encoding:</b> chunked, Content-Length and Transfer-Encoding are supported, all of which are standard definitions of HTTP and are not described in detail here.
<b>Response entity</b>	When the server normally receives data and successfully processes data, OK: \${XXX} is replied. \${XXX} represents the number of records successfully processed. When an error occurs, the error description is replied

## Example

### Client Request

<b>Post http</b>	POST/iclock/cdata?SN=0316144680030&table=OPERLOG&Stamp=9999 HTTP/1.1
<b>Host</b>	58.250.50.81: 8011
<b>User-Agent</b>	iClock Proxy/1.09
<b>Connection</b>	close
<b>Accept</b>	*/*
<b>Content-Length</b>	166
	OPLG 4 14 2015-07-30 10: 22: 34 0 0 0 0

### Server Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Server: nginx/1.6.0
Date: Thu, 30 Jul 2015 07: 25: 38 GMT
Content-Type: text/plain
Content-Length: 3
Connection: close
Pragma: no-cache
Cache-Control: no-store
```

OK: 1

## 11.5 Uploading User Information

The configuration PushProtVer parameter sent by the server for initialization information exchange is greater than or equals to version 2.2.14.

### Client Request

<b>Post http</b>	POST/iclock/cdata?SN=\${SerialNumber}&table=OPERLOG&Stamp=\${XXX} HTTP/1.1
<b>Host</b>	\${ServerIP}: \${ServerPort}
<b>Content-Length</b>	\${XXX}
	\${DataRecord}

### Annotation

<b>HTTP request method</b>	POST method
<b>URI</b>	/iclock/cdata
<b>HTTP protocol version</b>	1.1

### Client Configuration Information

Parameter	Required/ Optional	Description		
SN	\${Required}	Serial number of the client		
table=OPERLOG	\${Required}			
Stamp	\${Optional}	Latest timestamp at which user information is uploaded to the server. (For details, see the "OPERLOGStamp" parameter in "Initializing Information Exchange".)		
Host header field	\${Required}			
Content-Length header field	\${Required}			
Other header fields	\${Optional}			
Request entity	\${DataRecord}	Fingerprint template data, in the following format;  USER\${SP}PIN=\${XXX}\${HT}Name=\${XXX}\${HT}Pri=\${XXX}\${HT}Passwd=\${XXX}\${HT}Card=\${XXX}\${HT}Grp=\${XXX}\${HT}TZ=\${XXX}\${HT}Verify=\${XXX}\${HT}ViceCard=\${XXX}  <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Name=\${XXX}</td> <td>User name. When the equipment is in</td> </tr> </table>	Name=\${XXX}	User name. When the equipment is in
Name=\${XXX}	User name. When the equipment is in			

			Chinese, the GB2312 code is used. When the equipment is in another language, the UTF-8 code is used.
	Card=\${ XXX }		<p>User card number (main card), supporting only two formats.</p> <p>a. hexadecimal data, in the format of [%02x%02x%02x%02x], representing the first, second, third and fourth digit from left to right. For example, if the card number is 123456789, this is Card=[15CD5B07].</p> <p>b. string data. If the card number is 123456789, this is: Card=123456789</p>
	TZ=\${ XXX }		<p>Information on number of the time period used by the user, in the format of XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX.</p> <p>Digits <b>1-4</b> describe whether the group time period is used, Digits <b>5-8</b> description use personal time period <b>1</b>, Digits <b>9-12</b> description use personal time period <b>2</b>, Digits <b>13-16</b> description use personal time period <b>3</b>.</p> <p><b>For example:</b></p> <p><b>0000000000000000</b> represents use of the group time period.</p> <p><b>0001000200000000</b> represents using personal time period, with personal time period 1 using the time information of time period numbered 2.</p> <p><b>0001000200010000</b> represents using personal time period, with personal time period 1 using the time information of time period numbered 2 and personal time period 2 using the time information of time period numbered 1.</p>
	Verify=\${ XX }		User verification mode, does not contain the field, is null, or is set to -1(use group verification mode, if there is no access group,

			group verification mode is 0), otherwise see (appendix 7).
		ViceCard=\${XXX} :	User card number (secondary card), string data. If the card number is 123456789, ViceCard=123456789.
\${LF} is used to connect multiple records			

## Server Response

HTTP/1.1 200 OK

Content-Length: \${XXX}

OK: \${XXX}

## Annotation

<b>HTTP status line</b>	Defined with standard HTTP protocol
<b>HTTP response header field</b>	
<b>Content-Length header field</b>	According to the HTTP 1.1, this header field is generally used to specify the data length of the response entity. If the response entity size is uncertain; <b>Head fields of Transfer-Encoding</b> : chunked, Content-Length and Transfer-Encoding are supported, all of which are standard definitions of HTTP and are not described in detail here.
<b>Response entity</b>	When the server normally receives data and successfully processes data, <b>OK: \${XXX}</b> is replied. \${XXX} represents the number of records successfully processed. In case of an error, an error description is replied

## Example

### Client Request

<b>Post http</b>	POST/iclock/cdata?SN=0316144680030&table=OPERLOG&Stamp=9999 HTTP/1.1
<b>Host</b>	58.250.50.81: 8011
<b>User-Agent</b>	iClock Proxy/1.09
<b>Connection</b>	close
<b>Accept</b>	*/*

<b>Content-Length</b>	166
USER PIN=36234 Name=36234 Pri=0 Passwd= Card=133440 Grp=1 TZ=0001000000000000 USER PIN=36235 Name=36235 Pri=0 Passwd= Card=133441 Grp=1 TZ=0001000000000000	

## Server Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Server: nginx/1.6.0
Date: Thu, 30 Jul 2015 07:25:38 GMT
Content-Type: text/plain
Content-Length: 4
Connection: close
Pragma: no-cache
Cache-Control: no-store
```

OK: 2

## 11.6 Uploading Identity Card Information (only supported by personal identification protocol)

The configuration PushProtVer parameter sent by the server for initialization information exchange is greater than or equals to version 2.3.0.

### Client Request

<b>Post http</b>	POST/iclock/cdata?SN=\${SerialNumber}&table=IDCARD&Stamp=\${XXX} HTTP/1.1
<b>Host</b>	\${ServerIP}: \${ServerPort}
<b>Content-Length</b>	\${XXX}
	\${DataRecord}

### Annotation

<b>HTTP request method</b>	POST method
<b>URI</b>	/iclock/cdata
<b>HTTP protocol version</b>	1.1

## Client Configuration Information

Parameter	Required/ Optional	Description																														
SN	\${Required}	Serial number of the client																														
table=IDCARD	\${Required}																															
Stamp	\${Optional}	Latest timestamp at which the identity card information is uploaded to the server. (not used).																														
Host header field	\${Required}																															
Content-Length header field	\${Required}																															
Other header fields	\${Optional}																															
Request entity	\${DataRecord}	<p>User information data, in the following format;</p> <pre>IDCARD\${SP}PIN=\${XXX}\${HT}SNNum=\${XXX} \${HT}IDNum=\${XXX}\${HT}DNNum=\${XXX}\${HT} Name=\${XXX}\${HT}Gender=\${XXX}\${HT}Nation=\${XXX}\${HT}Birthday=\${XXX}\${HT}Val idInfo=\${XXX}\${HT}Address=\${XXX}\${HT}A dditionalInfo=\${XXX}\${HT}Issuer=\${XXX} \${HT}Photo=\${XXX}\${HT}FPTemplate1=\${XX X}\${HT}FPTemplate2=\${XXX}\${HT}Reserve= \${XXX}\${HT}Notice=\${XXX}</pre> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>PIN=\${XXX}</td><td>User ID. If the user's information is not bound to the identity card, then the value of PIN is 0.</td></tr> <tr> <td>SNNum=\${XXX}</td><td>Physical card number of identity card.</td></tr> <tr> <td>IDNum=\${XXX}</td><td>Citizen id number</td></tr> <tr> <td>DNNum=\${XXX}</td><td>Identity card serial number (card body management number)</td></tr> <tr> <td>Name=\${XXX}</td><td>Id Name, using utf-8 encoding</td></tr> <tr> <td>Gender=\${XXX}</td><td>Gender code.           <table border="1"> <tr> <td>1</td><td>" male "</td></tr> <tr> <td>2</td><td>" female"</td></tr> </table> </td></tr> <tr> <td>Nation=\${XXX}</td><td>Ethnic code.           <table border="1"> <tr> <td>0</td><td>"Decoding error"</td></tr> <tr> <td>1</td><td>" Han"</td></tr> <tr> <td>2</td><td>" Mongol"</td></tr> <tr> <td>3</td><td>" Hui"</td></tr> <tr> <td>4</td><td>" Tibetan"</td></tr> <tr> <td>5</td><td>" Uighur"</td></tr> </table> </td></tr> </table>	PIN=\${XXX}	User ID. If the user's information is not bound to the identity card, then the value of PIN is 0.	SNNum=\${XXX}	Physical card number of identity card.	IDNum=\${XXX}	Citizen id number	DNNum=\${XXX}	Identity card serial number (card body management number)	Name=\${XXX}	Id Name, using utf-8 encoding	Gender=\${XXX}	Gender code. <table border="1"> <tr> <td>1</td><td>" male "</td></tr> <tr> <td>2</td><td>" female"</td></tr> </table>	1	" male "	2	" female"	Nation=\${XXX}	Ethnic code. <table border="1"> <tr> <td>0</td><td>"Decoding error"</td></tr> <tr> <td>1</td><td>" Han"</td></tr> <tr> <td>2</td><td>" Mongol"</td></tr> <tr> <td>3</td><td>" Hui"</td></tr> <tr> <td>4</td><td>" Tibetan"</td></tr> <tr> <td>5</td><td>" Uighur"</td></tr> </table>	0	"Decoding error"	1	" Han"	2	" Mongol"	3	" Hui"	4	" Tibetan"	5	" Uighur"
PIN=\${XXX}	User ID. If the user's information is not bound to the identity card, then the value of PIN is 0.																															
SNNum=\${XXX}	Physical card number of identity card.																															
IDNum=\${XXX}	Citizen id number																															
DNNum=\${XXX}	Identity card serial number (card body management number)																															
Name=\${XXX}	Id Name, using utf-8 encoding																															
Gender=\${XXX}	Gender code. <table border="1"> <tr> <td>1</td><td>" male "</td></tr> <tr> <td>2</td><td>" female"</td></tr> </table>	1	" male "	2	" female"																											
1	" male "																															
2	" female"																															
Nation=\${XXX}	Ethnic code. <table border="1"> <tr> <td>0</td><td>"Decoding error"</td></tr> <tr> <td>1</td><td>" Han"</td></tr> <tr> <td>2</td><td>" Mongol"</td></tr> <tr> <td>3</td><td>" Hui"</td></tr> <tr> <td>4</td><td>" Tibetan"</td></tr> <tr> <td>5</td><td>" Uighur"</td></tr> </table>	0	"Decoding error"	1	" Han"	2	" Mongol"	3	" Hui"	4	" Tibetan"	5	" Uighur"																			
0	"Decoding error"																															
1	" Han"																															
2	" Mongol"																															
3	" Hui"																															
4	" Tibetan"																															
5	" Uighur"																															

					6	"Miao"		
					7	"Yi"		
					8	"Zhuang"		
					9	"Buyi"		
					10	"Korean"		
					11	"Manchu"		
					12	"Dong"		
					13	"Yao"		
					14	"Bai"		
					15	"Tujia"		
					16	"Hani"		
					17	"Kazakh"		
					18	"Dai"		
					19	"Li"		
					20	"Lisu"		
					21	"Wa"		
					22	"She"		
					23	"Gaoshan"		
					24	"Lahu"		
					25	"Shui"		
					26	"Dongxiang"		
					27	"Naxi"		
					28	"Jingpo"		
					29	"Kirghiz"		
					30	"Du"		
					31	"Daur"		
					32	"Mulam"		
					33	"Qiang"		
					34	"Blang"		
					35	"Salar"		
					36	"Maonan"		
					37	"Gelao"		
					38	"Xibe"		
					39	"Achang"		
					40	"Pumi"		
					41	"Tajik"		
					42	"Nu"		
					43	"Uzbek"		
					44	"Russian"		

					45	"Evenki"	
					46	"De'ang"	
					47	"Bonan"	
					48	"Yugur"	
					49	"Gin"	
					50	"Tatar"	
					51	"Drung"	
					52	"Oroqin"	
					53	"Hezhen"	
					54	"Menba"	
					55	"Lhoba"	
					56	"Jino"	
					57	"Coding error"	
					97	"Other"	
					98	" Foreign origin"	
	Birthday=\${XX}	Date of birth (format: yyyyMMdd)					
	ValidInfo=\${XXX}	Period of validity, start date and end date (format: yyyyMMddyyyyMMdd)					
	Address=\${XX}	Address, encoded in UTF-8					
	AdditionalInfo=\${XXX}	Machine read appends address, encoded in UTF-8					
	Issuer = \${XXX}	Issuing authority, use UTF-8 encoding.					
	Photo=\${XXX}	Photo data stored by identity card, which is encrypted and converted into base64 data content for transmission.					
	FPTemplate1=\${XXX}	Fingerprint 1_fingerprint characteristic data, and converted into base64 data content for transmission.					
	FPTemplate2=\${XXX}	Fingerprint 2_fingerprint characteristic data, and converted into base64 data content for transmission.					
	Reserve=\${XX}	Reserve field					
	Notice=\${XXX}	Note information, encoded in UTF-8.					
\${LF} is used to connect multiple records.							

## Server Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Length: ${XXX}

OK: ${XXX}
```

## Annotation

<b>HTTP status line</b>	Defined with standard HTTP protocol
<b>HTTP response header field</b>	
<b>Content-Length header field</b>	<p>Based on HTTP 1.1, this header field is usually used to specify the data length of the response entity.</p> <p>If the response entity size is uncertain; <b>Head fields of Transfer-Encoding:</b> chunked, Content-Length and Transfer-Encoding are supported, all of which are standard definitions of HTTP and are not described in detail here</p>
<b>Response entity</b>	<p>When the server normally receives data and successfully processes data, <b>OK: \${XXX}</b> is replied.</p> <p><b> \${XXX} </b> represents the number of records successfully processed.</p> <p>In case of an error, an error description is replied</p>

## Example

### Client Request

<b>Post http</b>	POST/iclock/cdata?SN=0316144680030&table=IDCARD&Stamp=9999 HTTP/1.1
<b>Host</b>	58.250.50.81:8011
<b>User-Agent</b>	iClock Proxy/1.09
<b>Connection</b>	close
<b>Accept</b>	*/*
<b>Content-Length</b>	658
IDCARD PIN=2 SNNNum=xxxxxxxxx460088xxxxxx IDNum=xxxxxx19911218xxxx DNNum= Name=Zhang San Gender=1 Nation=1 Birthday=19911218 ValidInfo=2017091520270915 Address = Province xx City xx County xxxx Village xxx Group xx AdditionalInfo= Issuer= County xxxx public security bureau Photo=V0xmAH4AMgAA/4UYUV+sjnpymK1Boqvz3UCBevbb HnYikGyH1XA7Emt2agF0HFhDc4Bxzeg/jH0Yp8Ng11861Y812K1AOUIRgy1Z5TEuSG1GV4Mw1AB3qY0tKqWNPzyEd8Pn0EhRsgAAjeWPxiUzLaPU1w FPTemplate1=QwGIEgELUQAAAAAAAAAC9AAAAAA AA	

AAAAAAAAAAAAA4 FPTemplate2=QwGIEgEQUAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAD8 Reserve= Notice=
--

### Server Response

```

HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Server: nginx/1.6.0
Date: Thu, 30 Jul 2015 07: 25: 38 GMT
Content-Type: text/plain
Content-Length: 4
Connection: close
Pragma: no-cache
Cache-Control: no-store

OK: 1

```

## 11.7 Uploading Identity Card Attendance Record (only supported by personal identification protocol)

The configuration PushProtVer parameter sent by the server for initialization information exchange is greater than or equal to version 2.4.0.

### Client Request

<b>Post http</b>	POST/iclock/cdata?SN=\${SerialNumber}&table=ATTLOG&Stamp=\${XXX} HTTP/1.1
<b>Host</b>	\${ServerIP}:\${ServerPort}
<b>Content-Length</b>	\${XXX}
	\${DataRecord}

### Annotation

<b>HTTP request method</b>	POST method
<b>URI</b>	/iclock/cdata
<b>HTTP protocol version</b>	1.1

## Client Configuration Information

Parameter	Required/ Optional	Description								
SN	\${Required}	Serial number of the client								
table= ATTLOG	\${Required}	The uploaded data is the attendance record of identity card.								
Stamp	\${Optional}	Latest timestamp at which the identity card attendance record is uploaded to the server. (For details, see the "Stamp" or "ATTLOGStamp" parameter in "Initializing Information Exchange".)								
Host header field	\${Required}									
Content-Length header field	\${Required}									
Other header fields	\${Optional}									
Request entity	\${DataRecord}	<p>Upload identity card attendance record, in the following format;</p> <p> \${Pin}\${HT}\${Time}\${HT}\${Status}\${HT}\${Verify}\${HT}\${Workcode}\${HT}\${Reserve d1}\${HT}\${Reserved2}\${HT}\${IDNum}\${HT}\${Type}</p> <table border="1" style="margin-top: 10px;"> <tr> <td>IDNum</td> <td>Id number</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>Record Type</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>Attendance</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Verification</td> </tr> </table> <p>Type</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The Type value is 0; And the content of the attendance record is defined in accordance with the attendance agreement.</li> <li>The Type value is 1; <b>STATUS:</b> 0 - success, 1 - failure, 2 - blacklist</li> <li>VERIFY :1- face, 2- face + fingerprint, 3- fingerprint + face</li> </ul> <p>Other content is defined in accordance with standard protocols</p>	IDNum	Id number		Record Type	0	Attendance	1	Verification
IDNum	Id number									
	Record Type									
0	Attendance									
1	Verification									

## Example

### Client Request

<b>Post http</b>	POST/iclock/cdata?SN=0316144680030&table=ATTLOG&Stamp=9999 HTTP/1.1								
<b>Host</b>	58.250.50.81:8011								
<b>User-Agent</b>	iClock Proxy/1.09								
<b>Connection</b>	close								
<b>Accept</b>	*/*								
<b>Content-Length</b>	315								
1452	2015-07-30 15:16:28	0	1	0	0	0	210218199105072345	0	
1452	2015-07-30 15:16:29	0	1	0	0	0	210218199103062104	0	
1452	2015-07-30 15:16:30	0	1	0	0	0	210218199411212642	0	
1452	2015-07-30 15:16:31	0	1	0	0	0	210218199207123075	0	
1452	2015-07-30 15:16:33	0	1	0	0	0	210218199512012332	0	
1452	2015-07-30 15:16:34	0	1	0	0	0	210218199011304365	0	
1452	2015-07-30 15:16:35	0	1	0	0	0	210218199806068325	0	
8965	2015-07-30 15:16:36	0	1	0	0	0	210218199310094316	0	
8965	2015-07-30 15:16:37	0	1	0	0	0	210218199708167443	0	

### Server Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Server: nginx/1.6.0
Date: Thu, 30 Jul 2015 07: 25: 38 GMT
Content-Type: text/plain
Content-Length: 4
Connection: close
Pragma: no-cache
Cache-Control: no-store
```

OK: 9

## 11.8 Uploading Identity Card Attendance Photo (only supported by personal identification protocol)

The configuration PushProtVer parameter sent by the server for initialization information exchange is greater than or equal to version 2.4.0.

## Client Request

<b>Post http</b>	POST/iclock/cdata?SN=\${SerialNumber}&table=ATTPHOTO&Stamp=\${XXX} HTTP/1.1
<b>Host</b>	\${ServerIP}:\${ServerPort}
<b>Content-Length</b>	\${XXX} \${DataRecord}

## Annotation

<b>HTTP request method</b>	POST method
<b>URI</b>	/iclock/fdata or /iclock/cdata
<b>HTTP protocol version</b>	1.1

## Client Configuration Information

Parameter	Required/ Optional	Description							
SN	\${Required}	Serial number of the client							
table= ATTPHOTO	\${Required}								
Stamp	\${Optional}	Latest timestamp at which the identity card attendance photo is uploaded to the server. (For details, see the "ATTPHOTOSTAMP" parameter in "Initializing Information Exchange".)							
Host header field	\${Required}								
Content-Length header field	\${Required}								
Other header fields	\${Optional}								
Request entity	\${DataRecord}	Upload identity card attendance photo, in the following format  PIN=\${XXX} \${LF} SN=\${SerialNumber} \${LF} size=\${XXX} \${LF} CMD=uploadphoto\${NUL} \${BinaryData}	time - photo type – User ID - id number.jpg  Photo type:  <table border="1"> <tr> <td>PIN</td> <td>0      attendance successful photo</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>1      attendance failed photo</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>2      blacklist photo</td> </tr> </table>	PIN	0      attendance successful photo		1      attendance failed photo		2      blacklist photo
PIN	0      attendance successful photo								
	1      attendance failed photo								
	2      blacklist photo								

				3 verification successful photo	
				4 verification failed photo	
			SN=\${XXX}	Client series number	
			Size =\${XXX}	Original size of attendance photo	
			\${BinaryData}	Original image BinaryData stream	

## Example

### Client Request

<b>Post http</b>	POST/iclock/cdata?SN=0316144680030&table=ATTPHOTO&Stamp=9999 HTTP/1.1
<b>Host</b>	58.250.50.81:8011
<b>User-Agent</b>	iClock Proxy/1.09
<b>Connection</b>	close
<b>Accept</b>	*/*
<b>Content-Length</b>	1684
PIN=20160615093758-0-1457-210218199011304365.jpg SN=0316144680030 size=9512 CMD=uploadphoto\${NUL}\${BinaryData}	

### Server Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Server: nginx/1.6.0
Date: Thu, 30 Jul 2015 07: 25: 38 GMT
Content-Type: text/plain
Content-Length: 4
Connection: close
Pragma: no-cache
Cache-Control: no-store
OK: 9
```

## 11.9 Uploading Fingerprint Template

The configuration PushProtVer parameter sent by the server for initialization information exchange is greater than or equal to version 2.2.14.

## Client Request

<b>Post http</b>	POST/iclock/cdata?SN=\${SerialNumber}&table=OPERLOG&Stamp=\${XXX} HTTP/1.1
<b>Host</b>	\${ServerIP}: \${ServerPort}
<b>Content-Length</b>	\${XXX}
	\${DataRecord}

## Annotation

<b>HTTP request method</b>	POST method
<b>URI</b>	/iclock/cdata
<b>HTTP protocol version</b>	1.1

## Client Configuration Information

Parameter	Required/ Optional	Description				
SN	\${Required}	Serial number of the client				
table=OPERLOG	\${Required}					
Stamp	\${Optional}	Latest timestamp at which the fingerprint template is uploaded to the server. (For details, see the "OPERLOGStamp" parameter in "Initializing Information Exchange".)				
Host header field	\${Required}					
Content-Length header field	\${Required}					
Other header fields	\${Optional}					
Request entity	\${DataRecord}	<p>Fingerprint template data, in the following format;</p> <p>FP\${SP}PIN=\${XXX}\${HT}FID=\${XXX}\${HT}Size=\${XXX}\${HT}Valid=\${XXX}\${HT}TMP=\${XXX}</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: 20px;"> <tr> <td>Size=\${XXX}</td> <td>Length after base64 coding of the fingerprint template</td> </tr> <tr> <td>TMP=\${XXX}</td> <td>When the fingerprint template is transmitted, base64 coding needs to be conducted for the original binary fingerprint template</td> </tr> </table>	Size=\${XXX}	Length after base64 coding of the fingerprint template	TMP=\${XXX}	When the fingerprint template is transmitted, base64 coding needs to be conducted for the original binary fingerprint template
Size=\${XXX}	Length after base64 coding of the fingerprint template					
TMP=\${XXX}	When the fingerprint template is transmitted, base64 coding needs to be conducted for the original binary fingerprint template					
		<p style="text-align: center;">\${LF} is used to connect multiple records.</p>				

## Server Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Length: ${XXX}
.....
OK: ${XXX}
```

## Annotation

<b>HTTP status line</b>	Defined with standard HTTP protocol
<b>HTTP response header field</b>	
<b>Content-Length header field</b>	Based on HTTP 1.1, this header field is usually used to specify the data length of the response entity. If the response entity size is uncertain; <b>Head fields of Transfer-Encoding:</b> chunked, Content-Length and Transfer-Encoding are supported, all of which are standard definitions of HTTP and are not described in detail here.
<b>Response entity</b>	When the server normally receives data and successfully processes data, <b>OK: \${XXX}</b> is replied. <b>\${XXX}</b> represents the number of records successfully processed. In case of an error, an error description is replied

## Example

### Client Request

<b>Post http</b>	POST/iclock/cdata?SN=0316144680030&table=OPERLOG&Stamp=9999 HTTP/1.1
<b>Host</b>	58.250.50.81: 8011
<b>User-Agent</b>	iClock Proxy/1.09
<b>Connection</b>	close
<b>Accept</b>	*/*
<b>Content-Length</b>	4950
FP PIN=2 FID=0 Size=1124 Valid=1 TMP=SghTUzIxAAADS00ECAUHCC7QAAA nSnkBAAA Ag/YUfEsyAIEPhgH6ALFHRQBBAPkP8wBAS2UPEwBTACYPe0tYAHkIjACuAHdIeQ BtAGwEUAB1S20DhAB+AK8EXUuPAOoPJABwANVENQDCANsPZQDbSx8PbwDeACwPz0vjAJ8Pd wArAPFELAD5AMwPvQASSvMKMgAwaAQkPSUE2DkcXQ0uCQ1B4AJT7GZuC3GyNySrvjoKT7X77 SkYkB9L6MqhMCV5G1PUR+TOFFPiGTqMABQHp+XgBhclzg397xf0iD5CkQAXvErv3q4PQZ94 0xfmXzBb5bcher2e7PQkLAXyf8gJ78nP7iwFIQmrXcwKn31LfiwoBIDQBAjrbrAdLOBFwwv	

8ExVYStv7ABQBOE7+JCet/GIBs/4SqDwPoJ4yHwMDEBcHDicB/DQCrlkbAwgnFcnwGAHn2g  
4iICQCsNoPCnm4RS75CjJ0rgwFqws4HADFDZmwEAwJcRjrABwA1jWTCtMX+whMAw4+JwYnC  
+//Aw3pCwsK0wRIAxFKJB8PAsfzCw3WLwaENaz9besHBi4eqBwOPW4PBwsEoygBxKnvcwL  
Awqx4WFIB02WGw186boCLw4b/ZMFx3ADXJ4FSi3X/wqt2whjD/wkAc261eMKKigQBG2491w  
UD0nP9QxEAdbzwwYt5wchCwME6wcMuBQCeeAN11gCQMWjC/v+dwl90UbQCAIF7cMLNAJo2C  
MHA/+xtzQCCy2ja/pPABMXTh2ZXEQEfknkCn/80LwWvdSQMB18tDiwsBF8s9RZFcfUvqza3C  
/3gAwMOMw11xZ8IaxeXM7cFyxMDCpLvAdCDD/n4HAKMcHsMH/gsAcNreO/z/tfxC/wsAdBv  
k/bf9/T5KFAAM4KFpxMFhjP/CB8DDi8FzCgBs4p+EwhHBGwDr4qQEUCa2wsPBwMF4B8DCEM  
L+wAQAEi/wH1wB6/Gma8AFxi2IwIPAg1gYxej46Ut8n8PBwqrBbgYJEhsO4vk8/cMkBRCIF  
1NpxhCGe0jBERDTMGxri4/CrGb/FBAaMqiLccDAwMTFAMLAi8PB/8HAA9WL0gj/DxDPPqta  
/8GJtcRCDBDEj55Bi/7JyZMEEdFRQ7T4  
FP PIN=2 FID=1 Size=2120 Valid=1 TMP=T3dTUzIxAAAGNDsECAUHCc7QAAA  
eNwkBAAAht1DsJQjAKIPYgDiAHO7NgA1AHAPZgBSNKQPdwBWAOPAVjRYABMPsACiADM76w  
B8ALko2QB4NFgPVQCCAP002TSTALoOYABeAEo7TgCdAFMPwQGmNNgNwgCiAH0PnDSpAEQPC  
gFuAEI5eQctAEcP1wCpNMoNEgGwAPkNvTSyADoP+ABxAEY/KgC1ANUPVQC/NMMP7gC8AAwN  
HTTAAM009AAEAEc5JgDCANQ07QDKNN4OzgDOAH4OHjTQANUODqAdAMc6ZgDgAESPNGdmNMM  
OKQDIAKMOEjT1AOUOzgAhAM86QQDmAGUPRQDOnFIpaQDwAAIP6DT3AD8OBgEzALk6uAD3AM  
QOCAAHNTQOPwAHAAEPDTUGAUl0tQDMAUy7oQAMAU8PEAAJNbQO8gAZAXgPxDQfATsOCgHaA  
cQ63AApATYOZAAqNTomMAvAY0M/TQuAcANyQD1AcY60gA2AT80aAA/NcELOgA7ASYP1DQ8  
AWQLJQCEAfQ7hQBEAd80KwBCnb8ORABMASoPdDROAEUOnACUAc05Lv0jb0N/vw8xbVZp018  
G9+jPA0Zbg6sF2hafgw2db/Kq3hanMJLdJ1p/HQLu48rxWbIqij8Lee9U5wASmAL+8DIEDP  
jjI1MEKQj1H1OD0qPInf2aGYFzANzakIW6/UoNkQruW6gFTYfw/PMF5zDAjd203PosZbvLG  
IVugNb5YXuLNmx1+QARCTT6k7VQf7qL1Ipzi2c0ufv9+NhwGXoLNOR66PcwC7wAWjsUDD0U  
BfargLTBFRd1CKH4be/q65T3cYRJ+3fqd7LgB4KAmYEciic2SSd1EZmBvBIfM/iXpQJeAHu  
Jr7rAC04HdxwdkBTDH5Bglr9MH1HtmT/BYXRkmT/c7TgcsH23gAPAw2o9IWBgqaEzH27xW  
gGLRFyFNOMc7QwfqGD9f4I/i+/dh0pivH+2AahkgGpf9efR7vsJofaXaLA5M5Eu+oAjxB  
hkGHYN3sbSN2IMdCCwHZ7FUej1fyfXU8mW17ByJhEmaQBKYMGKtkXwN/XAXnzZXgG6IPQ3n  
/JE4hAmKgZ4bpGpP24wPjfRRa9HPz8AEIEwBAungoQU0ZwUawAaAcidMBEwDgKAH0Iict  
EQv4SAHzOEzP0/0NAW8L9xgCfPx3/CgDDC+l/U8tKDQBNDAk4RvgMw/3AFgCNyRcwH1VYVD  
yfb8XQChnBVf8SADFU/cbK/v7/08H8BcL4y0gDAOQkLToLBqMb/TwwQQnfuCAZS1X+CwAm4  
vdKyf/Akwuax+2AdiEBUS4A/yeD/VdyZWADADMztMAeNFC1APwwMDvA+WdZW//AxQTFND9Z  
ZAgApVcw01XG9AYAelgg/ur/EzRUWRD+/v31wDEHTcE4GgADM+1V9Pz9wP0wKTpDxnhoEAA  
HaOL90/vK/v7+/jQHxAVuZ5X9wgUAsaw0TCYBCHLkr/4FISx1Oh8AAX7wBkcozy8wRTbC/j  
7CQBgCARCAVsHBABy0X40EAOUAg3YANEWdaZ3CCMVYjwP6RjYEAD5KXI4wAUSPV1YFxUqqJe  
PxPHQAEkRL++GP8+/4j/v+o/8fK/cFW/ykoxd+QDv5Xc8DCwJULBmuFSTj//cdqBQZ/n1NB  
BwBQZEz4y/8yBADDpvHA+CQB16tDU1E+wccHwfsUAJyhrhVVdyv3E///9/wX7+2MCAQevRsH  
DAQqbQf9SBgB4dUZD9AsAv7U3QQXAxUQEALq2QGjdAB+jx//7+0vz4Hch+/8H9/wX++T  
cBCL9AwQXF7cZ0/sLBCAD9AKD79Xb/IAACygUoxsvb/f/9+/04/fjk/v3AwP//Bf3E9MH9/  
v3+HcUP0Pfd/MD+//86/fvP/SERs//AOz74MAAS3E19BMU1510xBgD/40AH/Hk/AWfmUP5V  
hCIANN3nQMdBV8AAot5j/0AKAIa0UEv0/P0GA0v6g8RAMRE9CmLA18EqtdhCcwkQuAzyQPV  
J+/8FEJwP1f5wMxHWEzf9wgT/wjczQFRhQwQbV0xxYY/0DEMMihcEFJNwvNMEDEBY5RvUEEJ  
VBVvmTBRY5Tf1RChBCpwDG9MHAwMBKAA==  
FP PIN=3 FID=0 Size=1592 Valid=1 TMP=TetTUzIxAAAEqKsECAUHCc7QAAA  
cqWkBAAAhFUooagrAKAPQADpAGKnzgAuAKkPtQA1qIsPnQBGao0PTqhKAGIP1gCrADanNw  
ByAEIPngB6qDQofgCLAGENJKiNAD0PiABTAKimdACXAB00VgCmqKwOigCnAFgOtqi0AKsPi  
AByAJimyQC3AKsPjQDEEqKwPngDBAFIPrqjDAKIPaQAPABGnrwDQAIwPAQDQqJsP6wDUAF4P  
XKjgAJ8PwgAhAIom2QDrAIwPtgDrqJIPQwD8AFYpdqj/AJQP9gDBAYmnugAGAXwPrwAnqZM  
P6QAJAUyOWagTAYsP+AD2AWqmVAA0AX8PUQA8qYAP6ABDAbIPKdPn+18ZtgTm3GePXwtHgj  
d7mih7jAp1JYui+i6h11RzIwfYrpLTDpojnvwODhLjqxleOdv2Afg5iMsIJ1U6C2uTeQgwA  
BW4PHhcX2DhRNxqCgS0PmpAGTwKaDYAkEWqQB88vGuWAIdEo0IJ5kGuRof7PcJDhDuZKCU  
GLX4xXs/aVLRqOyV9v326RpuzqzQhBmApmXuSc/DZL1wezA/p1XgAb8Jr0nANWq9IIICgn  
K9TsCQaxMC9kDZQxXAjeIz/Xm8gv4DABRoH8C8fiq+fcX2VDY+5L5dfod79dIz/XX7LfvZv  
OHr94H6QrL9xbvuTys+2sgRAHHpSVRDQCPBCtrlmTEpgQGBxw4/55qYK0BcQgP/zHBAIwgE  
ScTAF0Jxvz7V/5HwP5rZ5QMBDYIHv5KwGKRBAQSCydzBQDDzifE7wUAtQ0nYNMAQLgBwp3+  
QV6hU130CgAlJ+D80/3EVf4wFwAqKil9+Vf/MTHtZcAEwY+gAWwsj5LDQAYE1SxndMINAGO  
tI/1j/8L/XQzFbDYhwJ9pwnsFxdI2j1MJAHQzHoNU+64BRkprwsS2DwTmS/38//wwkMPGxg  
wAnEorwjv/YGjAwYQOAEMKZ8ckksLBwsDAzWcxwSj/wVjCcdQAU8VWxMPCwcIHw/tqwMDC/  
UsMxTlqfif9/MD9/qoMBPRuT8LDxMBYwWiuzdwMFLAwwB13UHDw8DDDB8Uzcu6RwsIGAdmz  
Q8UgCQBleCfDiWEfqa6Fyf///T++VX+/f7/wP4F/8RowItvBgbQDTGIAwAe4ipwjvIzW2  
hfhUAFo8DQfpX//39/S7/7nwIqByPQ8LCiAV+xKABi489jMK2BAQdkDSDFQCIV6v7IMfHw8  
TCwgb/xtTAhQUAdZvnw/poCgAVoD2SuWQDqLe51HSFCsURv5jCacHB/sPGAKZrFsAGAEZE4

```
cF+rwFsyRPAhjsGBKbLKcLAiAnFa8q2wv/Cw1MGxcjSv8HCRg0AWyEXftZHSQQA3O3KWQ2o
jvADaEf/xgBDVRLABRAmAmxHArh3AA1+wATVvwKoQAUQKQgTAPzGrhFuCQZpwMgQ/7qHdsD
CQ/4FwRW4LhYJwf/COsJUaMNDQBAQOuYJdFfAZmb+YAjV/C7YM2QJEQMtk/77Vf//UgUQWF
H9UKcR9TdwLcCeUm2vEZA7fVJdyRDg7nvA/2jC/gY/Drg7XAPAbcI7/cb6QwALQwAADKcPC
Q==
```

## Server Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Server: nginx/1.6.0
Date: Thu, 30 Jul 2015 07:25:38 GMT
Content-Type: text/plain
Content-Length: 4
Connection: close
Pragma: no-cache
Cache-Control: no-store
```

OK: 3

## 11.10 Uploading Face Template

The configuration PushProtVer parameter sent by the server for initialization information exchange is larger than or equal to version 2.2.14.

### Client Request

<b>Post http</b>	POST/iclock/cdata?SN=\${SerialNumber}&table=OPERLOG&Stamp=\${XXX} HTTP/1.1
<b>Host</b>	\${ServerIP}: \${ServerPort}
<b>Content-Length</b>	\${XXX} \${DataRecord}

### Annotation

<b>HTTP request method</b>	POST method
<b>URI</b>	/iclock/cdata
<b>HTTP protocol version</b>	1.1

## Client Configuration Information

Parameter	Required/ Optional	Description				
SN	\${Required}	Serial number of the client				
table=OPERLOG	\${Required}					
Stamp	\${Optional}	Latest timestamp at which the face template is uploaded to the server. (For details, see the "OPERLOGStamp" parameter in "Initializing Information Exchange".)				
Host header field	\${Required}					
Content-Length header field	\${Required}					
Other header fields	\${Optional}					
Request entity	\${DataRecord}	<p>Face template data, in the following format;</p> <p>FACE\${SP}PIN=\${XXX}\${HT}FID=\${XXX}\${HT} SIZE=\${XXX}\${HT}VALID=\${XXX}\${HT}TMP=\${XXX}</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>SIZE=\${XXX}</td> <td>Length after base64 coding of the face template</td> </tr> <tr> <td>TMP=\${XXX}</td> <td>When the face template is transmitted, sixteen bytes (of random content) need to be added as the prefix of the original binary face template before base64 coding is conducted</td> </tr> </table>	SIZE=\${XXX}	Length after base64 coding of the face template	TMP=\${XXX}	When the face template is transmitted, sixteen bytes (of random content) need to be added as the prefix of the original binary face template before base64 coding is conducted
SIZE=\${XXX}	Length after base64 coding of the face template					
TMP=\${XXX}	When the face template is transmitted, sixteen bytes (of random content) need to be added as the prefix of the original binary face template before base64 coding is conducted					
\${LF} is used to connect multiple records.						

## Server Response

HTTP/1.1 200 OK

Content-Length: \${XXX}

OK: \${XXX}

## Annotation

<b>HTTP status line</b>	Defined with standard HTTP protocol
<b>HTTP response header field</b>	
<b>Content-Length header field</b>	Based to the HTTP 1.1, this header field is generally used to specify the data length of the response entity. If the response entity size is uncertain;

	<b>Head fields of Transfer-Encoding:</b> chunked, Content-Length and Transfer-Encoding are supported, all of which are standard definitions of HTTP and are not described in detail here
<b>Response entity</b>	When the server normally receives data and successfully processes data, <b>OK</b> is sent: \${XXX} is replied. \${XXX} represents the number of records successfully processed. When an error occurs, the error description is replied.

## Example

### Client Request

<b>Post http</b>	POST/iclock/cdata?SN=0316144680030&table=OPERLOG&Stamp=9999 HTTP/1.1
<b>Host</b>	58.250.50.81: 8011
<b>User-Agent</b>	iClock Proxy/1.09
<b>Connection</b>	close
<b>Accept</b>	*/*
<b>Content-Length</b>	1684
<pre> FACE PIN=306      FID=2      SIZE=1648      VALID=1 TMP=AAAAAAAAAAAAAAFAp LRm1YATFLFLToAUQBQ1Mg+fgXuia23BDrNtwSfgJ8g74H3YHmX1kFpgetB5eH5yXuBvMLoa 6wSx9HNgK7RP80v1i+LLY8nCn7PxMd7w15Bp8N1wm/A78PowejZx9jJyWnBZ88K5wVfDDCN TjifGIvox9iD8sf1g37B70Fk4WR15RrKq8uD2MngRexMxk5cbDiH+c3xj+CV8Zf1idaDfWb kb8Rnwt/AV8Du0SvAddBywHQ9MVysfFkNENFZD9FJ9jrnGeBD5Kcwp7CVySfJzOE+wZxjW FVY6fgrExHBd6B4ov4BXBX+GuIZ4pazBTINiG8kf4h/DHxGaFxYe+yh+O1s1CDsPcwueuB/S HnA+UnqwG3AvnA88DZg/vhmaaV4dsWzwerBn1jLcN8wu/EriTiR+YHVsc1wy2wdaC5uEmxK bwZ+AGeB5fft6WLVa8kq/gvqqv8LvwsBAACAgIHAQABAEAGUxyAQkcIP9SAAhGhchAQAA EAEAAQYFASBPAgYGB1YKAQEMBgAACg8HFQ0DDAoEAag8CCBQDAxtLDwM40CUFEBNVSQYDDRN JJg8CACJFBMMAQQiYA8MAwhZHAcEehMCACYEAAwACQsJBQAFBAYxAAknpwQGJ6EiBAUPIx wFBwQPOgQCBAARGz8WCAIAGUQWBggLhyMIBJQ1BAIiAgUEAgMPAwUACQAFUAABE/8EBwkQE gABCRCBwQFFEYNACcCFiJ3YwUACTpKLgwBDn8yDApjFAIBEwAAAwACBqEAAAECaUMBAwBC AAACAQIBAAEABAMBAQUEAQMCBR0x/z4CAhUhSk8GAACIDhUBNsLDQMBQAAAAYDAAAAAE EAQAHBwEGQWEIAAJe/zQBAAYY/30GAAABAICAgAABAMAAAEFFAgAAAoEAAEUAgABAQEABw EECMWGAIBDSIHASH/HQQIClQeBgYMCgsIAwEBDSB0IBEJAjlBQgkIB245BQYKCAAEEAEDA wEDDgckAQIBAhwABB+4DAQOoiAFCAgXFwMBByNDCgYBAbUQGSYDAwItYhMIATG9KQwLV0oC BBkEAQgBDggHAQADBwJDAs6AIGFxYXBgMiRxQNcgMXvCMOBQIXGrxABgkGJQ4YBQEQhxU JBugNCgggAwIBAgMKAAAAAgMCJwADAzUAAAEEAwAAAB4BAEAAAAAAA1j/JgQGAXf/fA MBAgkLAAEAgIAAAAEEAAwEAAAABAAQAAAAAAABAAAAARgQAQABAjP/KQMAAIIDAQEBB AIEBAoCAAoUAgMBRAYCACoBAQAAAASDAgAAAeJJAAMDhgABEiwNAQQnRA8DAwc51DICQAI ETAbAAEGM00eAQApYCIKA/81CwU5DAIGAAEeBQQABQACKAAGG2MEAxpFQMBCTkKAAUCFSY JAQABDByEGwIBAjUrIQUODO/8eCwSMRAQACQABQEABgAAAAMAAA8AAAMuAAAAAwgCBQMFCQ cCBBNECgMAAAQvZhABAAhZ/DIBACL/XQgDJiEHAgwFAQEAAcDAAAAAQEDAAACAAAAAwEAA gEFCQEBBAEHIAIAAQELFRQEAWICS/8rBQEDRVQUBAYODwQAAgAAAANAAAAAA </pre>	

## Server Response

```

HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Server: nginx/1.6.0
Date: Thu, 30 Jul 2015 07: 25: 38 GMT
Content-Type: text/plain
Content-Length: 4
Connection: close
Pragma: no-cache
Cache-Control: no-store

OK: 1

```

## 11.11 Uploading Finger Vein Template

The configuration PushProtVer parameter sent by the server for initialization information exchange is larger than or equal to version 2.2.14.

### Client Request

<b>Post http</b>	POST/iclock/cdata?SN=\${SerialNumber}&table=OPERLOG&Stamp=\${XXX} HTTP/1.1
<b>Host</b>	\${ServerIP}: \${ServerPort}
<b>Content-Length</b>	\${XXX}
\${DataRecord}	

### Annotation

<b>HTTP request method</b>	POST method
<b>URI</b>	/iclock/cdata
<b>HTTP protocol version</b>	1.1

### Client Configuration Information

Parameter	Required/ Optional	Description
SN	\${Required}	Serial number of the client
table=OPERLOG	\${Required}	
Stamp	\${Optional}	Latest timestamp at which the face template is uploaded to the server. (For details, see the "OPERLOGStamp" parameter in "Initializing Information Exchange".)

Host header field	\${Required}																					
Content-Length header field	\${Required}																					
Other header fields	\${Optional}																					
Request entity	\${DataRecord}	<p>Face template data, in the following format;</p> <p>FVEIN\${SP}Pin=\${XXX}\${HT}FID=\${XXX}\${HT}Index=\${XXX}\${HT}Size=\${XXX}\${HT}Valid=\${XXX}\${HT}Tmp=\${XXX}</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Pin=\${XXX}</td> <td>User ID</td> </tr> <tr> <td>FID=\${XXX}</td> <td>Finger number, (0~9)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Index=\${XX X}</td> <td>One finger has multiple finger vein templates, and Index is the number of finger vein template (0~2).</td> </tr> <tr> <td>SIZE=\${XXX }</td> <td>Length after base64 coding of the finger vein template binary data.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Valid=\${XX X}</td> <td>Valid identification of the finger vein template, the values are as follows;</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>invalid template</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>normal template</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> </td> </tr> <tr> <td>Tmp=\${XXX}</td> <td>Base64 encoding of the original binary finger vein template is needed when transferring the finger vein template</td> </tr> </table>	Pin=\${XXX}	User ID	FID=\${XXX}	Finger number, (0~9)	Index=\${XX X}	One finger has multiple finger vein templates, and Index is the number of finger vein template (0~2).	SIZE=\${XXX }	Length after base64 coding of the finger vein template binary data.	Valid=\${XX X}	Valid identification of the finger vein template, the values are as follows;		<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>invalid template</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>normal template</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Value	Description	0	invalid template	1	normal template	Tmp=\${XXX}	Base64 encoding of the original binary finger vein template is needed when transferring the finger vein template
Pin=\${XXX}	User ID																					
FID=\${XXX}	Finger number, (0~9)																					
Index=\${XX X}	One finger has multiple finger vein templates, and Index is the number of finger vein template (0~2).																					
SIZE=\${XXX }	Length after base64 coding of the finger vein template binary data.																					
Valid=\${XX X}	Valid identification of the finger vein template, the values are as follows;																					
	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>invalid template</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>normal template</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Value	Description	0	invalid template	1	normal template															
Value	Description																					
0	invalid template																					
1	normal template																					
Tmp=\${XXX}	Base64 encoding of the original binary finger vein template is needed when transferring the finger vein template																					
		<p> \${LF} is used to connect multiple records</p>																				

## Server Response

HTTP/1.1 200 OK

Content-Length: \${XXX}

OK: \${XXX}

## Annotation

<b>HTTP status line</b>	Defined with standard HTTP protocol
<b>HTTP response header field</b>	
<b>Content-Length header field</b>	Based to the HTTP 1.1, this header field is generally used to specify the data length of the response entity. If the response entity size is uncertain; <b>Head fields of Transfer-Encoding:</b> chunked, Content-Length and Transfer-Encoding are supported, all of which are standard definitions of HTTP and are not described in detail here.
<b>Response entity</b>	When the server normally receives data and successfully processes data, <b>OK</b> is sent: <b> \${XXX}</b> is replied. <b> \${XXX}</b> represents the number of records successfully processed. When an error occurs, the error description is replied.

## Example

### Client Request

<b>Post http</b>	POST/iclock/cdata?SN=0316144680030&table=OPERLOG&Stamp=9999 HTTP/1.1
<b>Host</b>	58.250.50.81:8011
<b>User-Agent</b>	iClock Proxy/1.09
<b>Connection</b>	close
<b>Accept</b>	*/*
<b>Content-Length</b>	1698
<pre>FVEIN Pin=306      FID=2      Index=0      Size=1648      Valid=1      Tmp=AAAAAA AAAAAAAAAAAAAFpLRmlYATFLFLToAUQBQ1Mg+fgXuia23BDrNtwSfgJ8g74H3YHmX1kFp getB5eH5yXuBvMLoa6wSx9HngK7RP80v1i+LLY8nCn7PXmD7w15Bp8N1wm/A78PowejZx9j JyWnBZ88K5wVfDDCNTjifGIvox9iD8sf1g37B70Fk4WR15RrKq8uD2MngRexMxk5cbDiH+c 3xj+CV8Zf1idaDfWbkB8Rnwt/AV8Du0SvAddBywHMQ9MVysfFkNENfZD9FJ9jrnGeBD5Kcw p7CVySfJzOE+wZxjWFVY6fgreXHBd6B4ov4BXBX+GuIZ4pazBTINIg8kf4h/DhxGaFxYe+y h+O1s1CDsPcweuB/SNhA+UnqwG3AvnA88DZg/vhmaaV4dsWzwerBn1jLcN8wu/EriTiR+YH Vsclwy2wdaC5uEmxKbwZ+AGeB5fFt6WLva8kq/gvqqv8LwvsBAACAgIHAQABAEGAUxyAQk cIP9SAAhGhchAQAAEAAQYFASBPAGYGB1YKAQEMBgAACg8HFQ0DDAoEAg8CCBQDAxtLDw M40CUFEBNVSQYDDRNJJg8CAAcJFBMMAQQiYA8MAwhZHAcEehMCACYEAwACQsJBQAFBAYxA AknpwQGJ6EiBAUPIxwFBwQPOgQCBARGz8WCAlAGUQWBggLhyMIBJQ1BAiAgUEAgMPAwUA CQAFUABE/8EBwkQEgABCReCBwQFFEYNACCFiJ3YwUACTpKLgwBDn8yDApjFAIBewAAwA CBgEAAAECaUMBawBCAAACAQIBAAEABAMBAQUEAQMCBR0x/z4CAhUhSk8GAACIDhUBNgsLDQ MBAQAAAAYDAAAAAEEAQAHBwEGQWEIAAJe/zQBAAYY/30GAAABAAICAgAABAMAAAEEFFAgAA AoEAAEUAgABAQEABwEECQMWGAIbDSIHASH/HQQIC1QeBgYMCgsIAwEBDSB0IBEJAjLbQgkI B245BQYKCAAEEAAEDAwEDDgCKAQIBAhwABB+4DAQOoiAFCAgXFwMBBByNDGgYBAbUQGSYDawI tYhMIATG9KQwLV0oCBBkEAQgBDggHAQADbWJDAXAS6AIGFxYXBgMiRxQNCgMXvCMOBQIXGr xABgkGJQ4YBQEQQhUJBugNCgggAwIBAgMKAAAAAgMCJwADAzUAAAEEAwAAAB4BAEAAAAAA AAAA1j/JgQGAx/fAMBAgkLAAEEAgIAAAEAAwEAAAABAAQAAAAAABAAAAARgQAQAB</pre>	

```
Aj P/KQMAAAIDAQEBAIEBAoCAAoUAgMBRAYCACoBAQAAAAsDAGAAAeGJAAMDHgABEiwNAQQ
nRA8DAwc5lDICAQAIETAbAAEGM00eAQApYCIKA/81CwU5DAIGAAEEBQQABQACKAAGG2MEAx
kpFQMBCTkKAAUCFSYJAQABDByEGwIBAjUrIQUODO/8eCwSMRAQACAQABQEABgAAAAMAAA8AA
AMuAAAAAwgCBQMFCQcCBBNECgMAAAQvZhABAAhZ/DIBACL/XQgDJiEHAgwFAQEAAAcdAAAA
AQEDAAACAAAAAwEAAgEFCQEBBAEHIAIAAQELFRQEawICS/8rBQEDRVQUBAYODwQAAAqAAAA
NAAAAAAA
```

## Server Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Server: nginx/1.6.0
Date: Thu, 30 Jul 2015 07: 25: 38 GMT
Content-Type: text/plain
Content-Length: 4
Connection: close
Pragma: no-cache
Cache-Control: no-store
```

OK: 1

## 11.12 Uploading Unified Templates

If the PushProtVer is greater than or equal to 2.2.14 in configurations distributed by the server, a unified format should be used for the uploading or downloading of new biological identification templates. The **Type** in data is used to identify the type of biological identification templates. The unified format applies to the palm template, among others.

### Client Request

<b>Post http</b>	POST/iclock/cdata?SN=\${SerialNumber}&table=BIODATA&Stamp=\${XXX} HTTP/1.1
<b>Host</b>	\${ServerIP}:\${ServerPort}
<b>Content-Length</b>	\${XXX}
	\${DataRecord}

### Annotation

<b>HTTP request method</b>	POST method
<b>URI</b>	/iclock/cdata
<b>HTTP protocol version</b>	1.1

## Client Configuration Information

Parameter	Required/ Optional	Description																								
SN	\${Required}	represents the series number of the client.																								
table=BIODATA	\${Required}																									
Stamp	\${Optional}	represents the latest time stamp for the delivery of a unified template to the server (unavailable).																								
Host Header Field	\${Required}																									
Content-Length Header Field	\${Required}																									
Other Header Field	\${Optional}																									
Request Entity	\${DataRecord}	<p>Data about the unified templates in the following data format:</p> <p>BIODATA\${SP}Pin=\${XXX}\${HT}No=\${XXX}\${HT}Index=\${XXX}\${HT}Valid=\${XXX}\${HT}Duress=\${XXX}\${HT}Type=\${XXX}\${HT}MajorVer=\${XXX}\${HT}MinorVer=\${XXX}\${HT}Format=\${XXX}\${HT}Tmp=\${XXX}</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Pin=\${XXX}</td><td>Employee No.</td></tr> <tr> <td>No=\${XXX}</td><td>Number of specific biological individual, 0 by default.</td></tr> <tr> <td>[Fingerprints] No</td><td>0 to 9, corresponding to the little finger/the fourth finger/the middle finger/the index finger/the thumb on the left hand, and the thumb/the index finger/the middle finger/the fourth finger/the little finger on the right hand.</td></tr> <tr> <td>[Finger Vein]</td><td>The same as [Fingerprints]</td></tr> <tr> <td>[Face]</td><td>0</td></tr> <tr> <td>[Irides]</td><td>0 for the left eye and 1 for the right eye.</td></tr> <tr> <td>[Palms]</td><td>0 for the left hand and 1 for the right hand.</td></tr> <tr> <td>[Visible Light Palm]</td><td>0 for the left hand and 1 for the right hand.</td></tr> <tr> <td>Index=\${XX}</td><td>Template No. of a specific biological individual, for example, multiple templates stored for a finger that counts from 0.</td></tr> <tr> <td>Valid=\${XX}</td><td>Identifier of validity, 0: Invalid and 1: Valid, with 1 as the default.</td></tr> <tr> <td>Duress=\${XX}</td><td>Identifier of duress, 0: Under no duress and 1: Under duress, with 0 as the default</td></tr> <tr> <td>Type=\${XXX}</td><td>Type of biological identification.</td></tr> </table>	Pin=\${XXX}	Employee No.	No=\${XXX}	Number of specific biological individual, 0 by default.	[Fingerprints] No	0 to 9, corresponding to the little finger/the fourth finger/the middle finger/the index finger/the thumb on the left hand, and the thumb/the index finger/the middle finger/the fourth finger/the little finger on the right hand.	[Finger Vein]	The same as [Fingerprints]	[Face]	0	[Irides]	0 for the left eye and 1 for the right eye.	[Palms]	0 for the left hand and 1 for the right hand.	[Visible Light Palm]	0 for the left hand and 1 for the right hand.	Index=\${XX}	Template No. of a specific biological individual, for example, multiple templates stored for a finger that counts from 0.	Valid=\${XX}	Identifier of validity, 0: Invalid and 1: Valid, with 1 as the default.	Duress=\${XX}	Identifier of duress, 0: Under no duress and 1: Under duress, with 0 as the default	Type=\${XXX}	Type of biological identification.
Pin=\${XXX}	Employee No.																									
No=\${XXX}	Number of specific biological individual, 0 by default.																									
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[Finger Vein]	The same as [Fingerprints]																									
[Face]	0																									
[Irides]	0 for the left eye and 1 for the right eye.																									
[Palms]	0 for the left hand and 1 for the right hand.																									
[Visible Light Palm]	0 for the left hand and 1 for the right hand.																									
Index=\${XX}	Template No. of a specific biological individual, for example, multiple templates stored for a finger that counts from 0.																									
Valid=\${XX}	Identifier of validity, 0: Invalid and 1: Valid, with 1 as the default.																									
Duress=\${XX}	Identifier of duress, 0: Under no duress and 1: Under duress, with 0 as the default																									
Type=\${XXX}	Type of biological identification.																									

			<b>Value</b>	<b>Description</b>											
			0	Universal											
			1	Fingerprint											
			2	Face											
			3	Voiceprint											
			4	Iris											
			5	Retina											
			6	Palmpoint											
			7	Finger vein											
			8	Palm											
			9	Visible light face											
			10	Visible light palm											
			MajorVer=\$ {XXX}	For example, for the fingerprint algorithm version 10.3, the major version is 10 and the minor version is 3.											
				<table border="1"> <tr> <td>[Fingerprints]</td> <td>9.0, 10.3 and 12.0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>[Finger Vein]</td> <td>3.0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>[Face]</td> <td>5.0, 7.0 and 8.0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>[Palms]</td> <td>1.0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>[Visible Light Face]</td> <td>58.0 and 38.0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>[Visible Light Palm]</td> <td>32.2</td> </tr> </table>	[Fingerprints]	9.0, 10.3 and 12.0	[Finger Vein]	3.0	[Face]	5.0, 7.0 and 8.0	[Palms]	1.0	[Visible Light Face]	58.0 and 38.0	[Visible Light Palm]
[Fingerprints]	9.0, 10.3 and 12.0														
[Finger Vein]	3.0														
[Face]	5.0, 7.0 and 8.0														
[Palms]	1.0														
[Visible Light Face]	58.0 and 38.0														
[Visible Light Palm]	32.2														
			MinorVer=\$ {XXX}	For example, for the fingerprint algorithm version 10.3, the major version is 10 and the minor version is 3.											
				<table border="1"> <tr> <td>[Fingerprints]</td> <td>9.0 and 10.3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>[Finger Vein]</td> <td>3.0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>[Face]</td> <td>5.0, 7.0 and 8.0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>[Palms]</td> <td>1.0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>[Visible Light Face]</td> <td>58.0 and 38.0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>[Visible Light Palm]</td> <td>32.2</td> </tr> </table>	[Fingerprints]	9.0 and 10.3	[Finger Vein]	3.0	[Face]	5.0, 7.0 and 8.0	[Palms]	1.0	[Visible Light Face]	58.0 and 38.0	[Visible Light Palm]
[Fingerprints]	9.0 and 10.3														
[Finger Vein]	3.0														
[Face]	5.0, 7.0 and 8.0														
[Palms]	1.0														
[Visible Light Face]	58.0 and 38.0														
[Visible Light Palm]	32.2														
			Format=\$ {XX}	Template format, for example, the ZK\ISO\ANSI format for fingerprints.											

			[Fingerprints]								
			<table border="1"><thead><tr><th>Value</th><th>Description</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>0</td><td>ZK</td></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>ISO</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>ANSI</td></tr></tbody></table>	Value	Description	0	ZK	1	ISO	2	ANSI
Value	Description										
0	ZK										
1	ISO										
2	ANSI										
			[Finger Vein]								
			<table border="1"><thead><tr><th>Value</th><th>Description</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>0</td><td>ZK</td></tr></tbody></table>	Value	Description	0	ZK				
Value	Description										
0	ZK										
			[Face]								
			<table border="1"><thead><tr><th>Value</th><th>Description</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>0</td><td>ZK</td></tr></tbody></table>	Value	Description	0	ZK				
Value	Description										
0	ZK										
			[Palms]								
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Value	Description										
0	ZK										
			[Visible Light Palm]								
			<table border="1"><thead><tr><th>Value</th><th>Description</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>0</td><td>ZK</td></tr></tbody></table>	Value	Description	0	ZK				
Value	Description										
0	ZK										
		Tmp=\${XXX}	Template data, with base64 encoding required for raw binary fingerprint templates.								
<p style="text-align: center;">\${LF} is used to connect multiple entries.</p>											

## Server Response

HTTP/1.1 200 OK

Content-Length: \${XXX}

.....

OK:\${XXX}

## Annotation

<b>HTTP Status Line</b>	The standard HTTP definition is used
<b>HTTP Response Header Field</b>	
<b>Content-Length Header field</b>	<p>According to HTTP 1.1, the data length of the specified response entity in the header field is usually used.</p> <p>If the length of the response entity is uncertain;</p> <p><b>Transfer-Encoding:</b> chunked, Content-Length and Transfer-Encoding are also supported, whose header fields are all in compliance with the standard HTTP definition and require no elaboration here</p>
<b>Response Entity</b>	<p>When data is received normally and processed successfully by the server, <b>OK: \${XXX}</b> is returned, with <b>\${XXX}</b> representing the number of successfully processed record entries.</p> <p>When an error occurs, error description is simply returned.</p>

## Example

### Client Request

<b>Post http</b>	POST/iclock/cdata?SN=0316144680030&table=BIO DATA&Stamp=9999 HTTP/1.1
<b>Host</b>	58.250.50.81:8011
<b>User-Agent</b>	iClock Proxy/1.09
<b>Connection</b>	close
<b>Accept</b>	*/*
<b>Content-Length</b>	1736
<pre>BIO DATA Pin=306 No=0 Index=2 Valid=1 Duress=0 Type=8 MajorVer=1 MinorVer=0 Format=0 Tmp=AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAFpLRm1YATFLFLToAUQBO1 Mg+fgXuia23BDrNtwSfgJ8g74H3YHmX1kFpgetB5eH5yXuBvMLoa6wSx9HNgK7RP80v1i+L LY8nCn7PXmD7w15Bp8N1wm/A78PowejZx9jJyWnBZ88K5wVfDDcNTjifGIvox9iD8sf1g37 B70Fk4WRl5RrKq8uD2MngRexMxk5cbDiH+c3xj+CV8Zf1idaDfWbkB8Rnwt/AV8Du0SvAdd BywHMQ9MVysffKnENfZD9FJ9jrnGeBD5Kcwp7CVySfJzOE+wZxjWFVY6fgreXHBd6B4ov4B XB+GuIZ4pazBTINiG8kf4h/DHxGaFxYe+yh+O1s1CDsPcweuB/SHnA+UnqwG3AvnA88DZg /vhmaaV4dsWzwerBn1jLcN8wu/EriTiR+YHVsc1wy2wdaC5uEmxKbwZ+AGeB5fFt6WLVa8k q/gvqqv8LvwsBAACAgIHAQABAAEGAUxyAQkcIP9SAAhGhchAQAAEAAQYFASBPAgYGB1Y KAQEMBgAACg8HFQ0DDAoEAg8CCBQDAxtLDwM40CUFEBNVSQYDRNJJg8CAAcJFBMMAQQiYA 8MAwhZHAcEehMCACYAAwACQsJBQAFBAYxAAknpwQGJ6EiBAUPIxwFBwQPOgQCBAARGz8WC AIAGUQBggLhyMIBJQ1BAIiAgUEAgMPAwUACQAFUAABE/8EBwkQEgABCRCBwQFFEYNCAcC FiJ3YwUACTpKLgwBDn8yDApjFAIBewAAAACBqgEAAAECAUMBawBCAAACAQIBAAEABAMBAQU EAQMCBR0x/z4CAhUhSk8GAACIDhUBNgsLDQMBQAQAAAYDAAAAAAEAQAHBwEGQWEIAAJe/z QBAAYY/30GAAABAAICAgAABAMAAAEEFFAgAAAoEAAEUAgABAQEABwEECMWGAIBDSIHASH/H QQIC1QeBgYMCgsIAwEBDSB0IBEJAjLbQgkIB245BQYKCAAEEAAEDAwEDDgCKAQIBAhwABB+4 DAQOoiAFCAgXFwMBByNDGyBABAQGSYDAwItYhMIATG9KQwLV0oCBBkEAQgBDggHAQADBwJ DAxAS6AIGFxYXBgMiRxQNCgMXvCMOBQIXGrxABgkGJQ4YBQEKhUJBugNCgggAwIBAgMKA AAAgMCJwADAzUAAAEEAAwAAAB4BAAEAAAAAAA1j/JgQGAx/f/fAMBAGkLAAEEAgIAAAAEEA</pre>	

```
AEEAwEAAAABAAQAAAAAAABAAAAARgQAQABAjP/KQMAAIIDAQEBAIEBAoCAAoUAgMBRAYC
ACoBAQAAAAsDAGAAgEJAAMDhgABEiwNAQQnRA8DAwc51DICAQAIETabAAEGM00eAQApYCI
KA/81CwU5DAIGAAEBQQABQACKAAGG2MEAxkpFQMBCTkKAAUCFSYJAQABDByEGwIBAjUrIQ
UDO/8eCwSMRAQACAQABQEABgAAAAMAAA8AAAMuAAAAAwgCBQMFCQcCBBNECgMAAAQvZhABA
AhZ/DIBACL/XQgDJiEHAgwFAQEAAcDAAAAAQEDAAACAAAAAwEAAgEFCQEBBAEHIAIAAQUEL
FRQEAWICS/8rBQEDRVQUBAYODwQAAgAAAANAAAAAAA
```

## Server Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Server: nginx/1.6.0
Date: Thu, 30 Jul 2015 07:25:38 GMT
Content-Type: text/plain
Content-Length: 4
Connection: close
Pragma: no-cache
Cache-Control: no-store
OK:1
```

## 11.13 Uploading User Photo

The configuration PushProtVer parameter sent by the server for initialization information exchange is greater than or equal to version 2.2.14.

### Client Request

<b>Post http</b>	POST/iclock/cdata?SN=\${SerialNumber}&table=OPERLOG&Stamp=\${XXX} HTTP/1.1
<b>Host</b>	\${ServerIP}: \${ServerPort}
<b>Content-Length</b>	\${XXX}
	\${DataRecord}

### Annotation

<b>HTTP request method</b>	POST method
<b>URI</b>	/iclock/cdata
<b>HTTP protocol version</b>	1.1

## Client Configuration Information

Parameter	Required/ Optional	Description						
SN	\${Required}	Serial number of the client						
table=OPERLOG	\${Required}							
Stamp	\${Optional}	Latest timestamp at which the user photo is uploaded to the server. (For details, see the "OPERLOGStamp" parameter in "Initializing Information Exchange".)						
Host header field	\${Required}							
Content-Length header field	\${Required}							
Other header fields	\${Optional}							
Request entity	\${DataRecord}	<p>Fingerprint template data, in the following format;</p> <p>USERPIC\${SP}PIN=\${XXX}\${HT}FileName=\${XXX}\${HT}Size=\${XXX}\${HT}Content=\${XXX}</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>FileName= \${XXX}</td><td>Filename of the user photo, with only the jpg format supported currently</td></tr> <tr> <td>Content=\${XXX}</td><td>When the user photo is transmitted, base64 coding needs to be conducted for the original binary user photo</td></tr> <tr> <td>Size=\${XXX}</td><td>Length of the user photo after base64 coding</td></tr> </table>	FileName= \${XXX}	Filename of the user photo, with only the jpg format supported currently	Content=\${XXX}	When the user photo is transmitted, base64 coding needs to be conducted for the original binary user photo	Size=\${XXX}	Length of the user photo after base64 coding
FileName= \${XXX}	Filename of the user photo, with only the jpg format supported currently							
Content=\${XXX}	When the user photo is transmitted, base64 coding needs to be conducted for the original binary user photo							
Size=\${XXX}	Length of the user photo after base64 coding							
\${LF} is used to connect multiple records.								

## Server Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Length: ${XXX}
.....
OK:${XXX}
```

## Annotation

<b>HTTP Status Line</b>	Defined with standard HTTP protocol
<b>HTTP Response Header Field</b>	
<b>Content-Length Header field</b>	Based on the HTTP 1.1, this header field is usually used to specify the data length of the response entity. If the response entity size is uncertain;

	<b>Head fields of Transfer-Encoding:</b> chunked, Content-Length and Transfer-Encoding are supported, all of which are standard definitions of HTTP and are not described in detail here.
<b>Response Entity</b>	When the server normally receives data and successfully processes data, <b>OK</b> is sent: \${XXX} is replied. \${XXX} represents the number of records successfully processed. When an error occurs, the error description is replied.

## Example

### Client Request

<b>Post http</b>	POST/iclock/cdata?SN=0316144680030&table=OPERLOG&Stamp=9999 HTTP/1.1
<b>Host</b>	58.250.50.81: 8011
<b>User-Agent</b>	iClock Proxy/1.09
<b>Connection</b>	close
<b>Accept</b>	*/*
<b>Content-Length</b>	1684
USERPIC PIN=123 FileName=123.jpg Size=10 Content=AAAAAAA	

### Server Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Server: nginx/1.6.0
Date: Thu, 30 Jul 2015 07: 25: 38 GMT
Content-Type: text/plain
Content-Length: 4
Connection: close
Pragma: no-cache
Cache-Control: no-store
```

OK: 1

## 11.14 Uploading Data Packets

The PushProtVer is greater than or equal to 2.2.14 in configurations distributed by the server.

### Client Request

<b>Post http</b>	POST/iclock/cdata?SN=\${SerialNumber}&table=OPERLOG&Content-Type=\${Value} HTTP/1.1
<b>Host</b>	\${ServerIP}:\${ServerPort}
<b>Content-Length</b>	\${XXX}  \${DataPack}

### Annotation

<b>HTTP request method</b>	POST method
<b>URI</b>	/iclock/cdata
<b>HTTP protocol version</b>	1.1

### Client Configuration Information

Parameter	Required/ Optional	Description				
SN	\${Required}	represents the series number of the client				
table=OPERLOG	\${Required}					
ContentType		Entity data format, which currently supports the following; <table border="1" style="margin-left: 20px;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>tgz</td> <td>tgz as the compressed format of data packets</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Value	Description	tgz	tgz as the compressed format of data packets
Value	Description					
tgz	tgz as the compressed format of data packets					
Host Header Field	\${Required}					
Content-Length Header Field	\${Required}					
Other Header Field	\${Optional}					
Request Entity	\${DataPack}	For the data format of data packets, refer to the format of other data types.  Multiple entries are connected with {LF} and then, packaged. For example,  Package the following data to transmit as entity data;				
		USER PIN=1 Name= Pri=0 Passwd=0 Card=89776433 Grp=1 TZ=0001000100000000 Verify=-1 ViceCard=123456789				

```

FP      PIN=1          FID=1          Size=1336          Valid=1
TMP=SqFTUzIxAAAD4uUECAUHCc7QAAAAb42kBAAAAgw8hXuIvAPwP0ADwAI7tjwBKAH4P1
gBU4vcPfABhAMcPKOJiAOsPPACmAGbtZAB1AHEPdgBq4hEPzwB0AFUPiuJ/AAwPOABA0
vtTACYAF0PkQCi4uwPmgCiANGP1+KzACgPdwAMAFLtADJADIPlgDP4kwPtADTAPQPdE
bADsPZQAhAELt6QD0AC4PQAD64rsP0wAFAfgPyeIiAb8PvgDhAUHssQAxAUgOXwBH48EO
NwBFAYkOaeJLaa0VgCOASrsYgBOAZcOCwvAbJqCS383/64TXp0icG8MpYY8kwHt+JJZh
674UIjJ54v3nXwJc6d9rpwIcpIOgoAaBAx2g4AvA7MH4wy1EA+fuY9ehY/9S5HAd2MROJ
PzBtVBExK278PNfvjk7RabcRgxIU8Q0g0w+iIXWgz3/UX02wMzCP8WzOyyHygKKQnm9N/
wuhGqcuv/doGbeohqKBOSgJ79+X8tmo+EPIeh/d8FGuuciyIpXtigDz2PyQ+tzuh+RpS
Z9LsYJdVfSfc1wx1c3JPtXyRTgPCNgECMx1NwwBp6nx1wAMAmckGw+sBhg6AdIsECQOCK
/dAVMARxd8vccHBhcLAcATCwrgHAFkwd8SXCwODMf1FQMBW1ADd1JL/w2fAeEbAUoobik
eAwJacCQNwSgAv/j0FxYpOn3kKAIBdApjA/RxtFADyXZ4HwMAdwX/AhH/CQwcDz1/pwf3
CJ84Ag90C/8E208HNAGKBdpbAQQsARWQDHHTAwP9EBcU6ZYnDwMIEAGGscYf2Aff71//B
QI1pn1v/CwCNfMb9RSJBwAwAhX1FkMIjkXYNAIyCzDVXHURBEQA8hsI4LSMuwP3BQhLFU
ZYl/v79/f/B7i9WIwkasZhiwU58BOJMnFzAhMHVAFd/5ST+wP/+08E1ogcAlqCXngEMA3
ygFjY1/8AFwAviUaVed8FcycgCfRB3//8A4/4r/wh8HANW0JEwFGAPzw9dU//7AO8H+oz/
/PsD+/8oAVSrd/v36I/06/8Mdwf8HAE/NloNp6AFzzV0dwKPACeKNzS0pc8A6BwO20UzB
cf8Dxx/X1v8HALXWLto+w+gBdn5Aa3Q6xArie943VMB7zQBmCEJpcRgQMMLDPaL//v3+
P84/0Yc/EcGENQI/0DA9RE5G70+NTvA/xz9/f3//06wfwd/gQQyic9oAMTWClA/wMQwO
06/eERPDc9/xfVaUZSwf4+wP3AOPv1GzRzwWwaEKNLpNPBPv7A/P4/+v0f/MD+wMDAOv/
95hFRVwmHA9XPW5/BAAUAAwe/xwA==

USER PIN=2      Name=      Pri=0      Passwd=0      Card=89776433      Grp=1
TZ=0001000100000000 Verify=-1      ViceCard=123456789
USER PIN=3      Name=      Pri=0      Passwd=0      Card=89776433      Grp=1
TZ=0001000100000000 Verify=-1      ViceCard=223456789
USER PIN=4      Name=      Pri=0      Passwd=0      Card=89776433      Grp=1
TZ=0001000100000000 Verify=-1      ViceCard=323456789
USER PIN=5      Name=      Pri=0      Passwd=0      Card=89776433      Grp=1
TZ=0001000100000000 Verify=-1      ViceCard=423456789

```

## Server Response

HTTP/1.1 200 OK

Content-Length: \${XXX}

....

OK:\${XXX}

## Annotation

<b>HTTP Status Line</b>	The standard HTTP definition is used
<b>HTTP Response Header Field</b>	
<b>Content-Length Header field</b>	<p>According to HTTP 1.1, the data length of the specified response entity in the header field is usually used.</p> <p>If the length of the response entity is uncertain;</p> <p><b>Transfer-Encoding:</b> chunked, Content-Length and Transfer-Encoding are also supported, whose header fields are all in compliance with the standard HTTP definition and require</p>

	no elaboration here
<b>Response Entity</b>	When data is received normally and processed successfully by the server, <b>OK:\${XXX}</b> is returned, with <b>\${XXX}</b> representing the number of successfully processed record entries. When an error occurs, error description is simply returned

## 11.15 Uploading Comparison Photo

The configuration PushProtVer parameter sent by the server for initialization information exchange is greater than or equal to version 2.2.14.

### Client Request

<b>Post http</b>	POST/iclock/cdata?SN=\${SerialNumber}&table=OPERLOG&Stamp=\${XXX} HTTP/1.1
<b>Host</b>	\${ServerIP}: \${ServerPort}
<b>Content-Length</b>	\${XXX}
	\${DataRecord}

### Annotation

<b>HTTP request method</b>	POST method
<b>URI</b>	/iclock/cdata
<b>HTTP protocol version</b>	1.1

### Client Configuration Information

Parameter	Required/ Optional	Description
SN	\${Required}	Serial number of the client
table=OPERLOG	\${Required}	
Stamp	\${Optional}	Latest timestamp at which the comparison photo is uploaded to the server. (For details, see the "OPERLOGStamp" parameter in "Initializing Information Exchange".)
Host header field	\${Required}	
Content-Length header field	\${Required}	
Other header fields	\${Optional}	
Request entity	\${DataRecord}	Comparison photo data, in the following format:

		BIOPHOTO\${SP}PIN=\${XXX}\${HT}FileName=\${XXX}\${HT}Type=\${XXX}\${HT}Size=\${XXX}\${HT}Content=\${XXX}																						
	FileName=\${XXX}	Filename of the biometric image, with only the jpg format supported currently																						
	Type=\${XXX}	Biometric identification type.																						
		<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th><th>Description</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>0</td><td>common</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>fingerprint</td></tr> <tr><td>2</td><td>face</td></tr> <tr><td>3</td><td>vocal print</td></tr> <tr><td>4</td><td>iris</td></tr> <tr><td>5</td><td>retina</td></tr> <tr><td>6</td><td>palm print</td></tr> <tr><td>7</td><td>finger vein</td></tr> <tr><td>8</td><td>palm</td></tr> <tr><td>9</td><td>visible light face</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Value	Description	0	common	1	fingerprint	2	face	3	vocal print	4	iris	5	retina	6	palm print	7	finger vein	8	palm	9	visible light face
Value	Description																							
0	common																							
1	fingerprint																							
2	face																							
3	vocal print																							
4	iris																							
5	retina																							
6	palm print																							
7	finger vein																							
8	palm																							
9	visible light face																							
	Size=\${XXX}	Length of the biometric photo after base64 coding.																						
	Content=\${XXX}	When the biometric photo is transmitted, base64 coding needs to be conducted for the original binary biometric photo.																						

## Server Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Length: ${XXX}
.....
OK
```

## Annotation

<b>HTTP Status Line</b>	Defined with standard HTTP protocol
<b>HTTP Response Header Field</b>	
<b>Content-Length Header field</b>	<p>Based on the HTTP 1.1, this header field is usually used to specify the data length of the response entity.</p> <p>If the response entity size is uncertain; <b>Head fields of Transfer-Encoding:</b> chunked, Content-Length and Transfer-Encoding are</p>

	supported, all of which are standard definitions of HTTP and are not described in detail here.
<b>Response Entity</b>	When the server normally receives data and successfully processes data, OK is sent. When an error occurs, the error description is replied.

## Example

### Client Request

<b>Post http</b>	POST/iclock/cdata?SN=0316144680030&table=OPERLOG&Stamp=9999 HTTP/1.1
<b>Host</b>	58.250.50.81:8011
<b>User-Agent</b>	iClock Proxy/1.09
<b>Connection</b>	close
<b>Accept</b>	*/*
<b>Content-Length</b>	1684
BIOPHOTO PIN=123	FileName=123.jpg
	Type=2 Size=95040 Content=AAAA

### Server Response

```

HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Server: nginx/1.6.0
Date: Thu, 30 Jul 2015 07:25:38 GMT
Content-Type: text/plain
Content-Length: 4
Connection: close
Pragma: no-cache
Cache-Control: no-store

```

OK

## 11.16 Uploading Error Log

The configuration PushProtVer parameter sent by the server for initialization information exchange is greater than or equal to version 2.4.1.

## Client Request

<b>Post http</b>	POST/iclock/cdata?SN=\${SerialNumber}&table=ERRORLOG&Stamp=\${XXX} HTTP/1.1
<b>Host</b>	\${ServerIP}: \${ServerPort}
<b>Content-Length</b>	\${XXX}
	\${DataRecord}

## Annotation

<b>HTTP request method</b>	POST method
<b>URI</b>	/iclock/cdata
<b>HTTP protocol version</b>	1.1

## Client Configuration Information

Parameter	Required/ Optional	Description										
SN	\${Required}	Serial number of the client.										
table=ERRORLOG	\${Required}											
Stamp	\${Optional}	Latest timestamp at which the error log is uploaded to the server. (For details, see the "ERRORLOGStamp" parameter in "Initializing Information Exchange".)										
Host header field	\${Required}											
Content-Length header field	\${Required}											
Other header fields	\${Optional}											
Request entity	\${DataRecord}	<p>Error log data, in the following format:</p> <pre>ERRORLOG ErrCode=\${XXX} \${HT} ErrMsg=\${XXX} \${HT} DataOrigin=\${XXX} \${HT} CmdId=\${XXX} \${HT} Additional=\${XXX}</pre> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>ErrCode=\${XXX}</td> <td>Error code. See appendix 9 for coding instructions</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ErrMsg=\${XXX}</td> <td>Error message</td> </tr> <tr> <td>DataOrigin=\${XXX}</td> <td>Data source, dev means device source data, cmd means software sent data</td> </tr> <tr> <td>CmdId=\${XXX}</td> <td>Command number issued by the software</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Additional</td> <td>Additional information (base64)</td> </tr> </table>	ErrCode=\${XXX}	Error code. See appendix 9 for coding instructions	ErrMsg=\${XXX}	Error message	DataOrigin=\${XXX}	Data source, dev means device source data, cmd means software sent data	CmdId=\${XXX}	Command number issued by the software	Additional	Additional information (base64)
ErrCode=\${XXX}	Error code. See appendix 9 for coding instructions											
ErrMsg=\${XXX}	Error message											
DataOrigin=\${XXX}	Data source, dev means device source data, cmd means software sent data											
CmdId=\${XXX}	Command number issued by the software											
Additional	Additional information (base64)											

=\${XXX}	data), the native data format is json
----------	--

## Server Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Length: ${XXX}
.....
OK
```

## Annotation

<b>HTTP Status Line</b>	Defined with standard HTTP protocol
<b>HTTP Response Header Field</b>	
<b>Content-Length Header field</b>	Based on the HTTP 1.1, this header field is usually used to specify the data length of the response entity. If the response entity size is uncertain; <b>Head fields of Transfer-Encoding:</b> chunked, Content-Length and Transfer-Encoding are supported, all of which are standard definitions of HTTP and are not described in detail here
<b>Response Entity</b>	When the server normally receives data and successfully processes data, <b>OK</b> is sent. When an error occurs, the error description is replied

## Example

### Client Request

<b>Post http</b>	POST/iclock/cdata?SN=0316144680030&table=ERRORLOG&Stamp=9999 HTTP/1.1		
<b>Host</b>	58.250.50.81:8011		
<b>User-Agent</b>	iClock Proxy/1.09		
<b>Connection</b>	close		
<b>Accept</b>	*/*		
<b>Content-Length</b>	71		
ERRORLOG ErrCode=D01E0001 =123	ErrMsg= Additional=	DataOrigin=cmd CmdId	

## Server Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Server: nginx/1.6.0
Date: Thu, 30 Jul 2015 07:25:38 GMT
Content-Type: text/plain
Content-Length: 4
Connection: close
Pragma: no-cache
Cache-Control: no-store
```

OK



## 12 Get Command

If the server needs to operate the equipment, the server generates a command format, waits till the equipment initiates a request, and then sends a command to the equipment. For the result of command execution, see Reply Command.

### Client Request

<b>Get http</b>	Get /iclock/getrequest?SN=\${SerialNumber}
<b>Host</b>	\${ServerIP}: \${ServerPort}

### Annotation

<b>HTTP request method</b>	GET method
<b>URI</b>	/iclock/getrequest
<b>HTTP protocol version</b>	1.1

### Client Configuration Information

Parameter	Required/ Optional	Description
SN	\${Required}	Serial number of the client
Host head field	\${Required}	
Other header fields	\${Optional}	

### Server Response

When no commands are sent, the reply is as follows:

HTTP/1.1 200 OK

Date: \${XXX}

Content-Length: 2

.....

OK

When a command is sent, the reply is as follows:

HTTP/1.1 200 OK

```

Date: ${XXX}
Content-Length: ${XXX}
.....
${CmdRecord}

```

## Annotation

<b>HTTP Status Line</b>	Defined with standard HTTP protocol						
<b>HTTP Response Header Field</b>							
<b>Date header field \${Required}</b>	This header field is used for synchronization with the server time, in GMT format. For example, Date: Fri, 03 Jul 2015 06:53:01 GMT						
<b>Content-Length Header field</b>	Based on HTTP 1.1, this header field is usually used to specify the data length of the response entity. If the response entity size is uncertain; <b>Head fields of Transfer-Encoding:</b> chunked, Content-Length and Transfer-Encoding are supported, all of which are standard definitions of HTTP and are not described in detail here.						
<b>Response Entity \${CmdRecord}</b>	<p>Issued command record, in the following data format:</p> <p>C: \${CmdID} : \${CmdDesc} \${SP} \${XXX}</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">\${CmdID}</td><td>This command ID is generated by the server randomly, supporting numbers and letters and with a length not over 16 digits. The client needs to reply to the command with this command ID. For details, see the "Reply Command" function as follows.</td></tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">\${CmdDesc}</td><td>Command description falls into data commands and control commands. The data command is unified as the "DATA" description and detailed in the following. "Data Command" function, and all kinds of control commands are different descriptions.</td></tr> <tr> <td colspan="2" style="text-align: center;">\${LF} is used to connect multiple records</td></tr> </table>	\${CmdID}	This command ID is generated by the server randomly, supporting numbers and letters and with a length not over 16 digits. The client needs to reply to the command with this command ID. For details, see the "Reply Command" function as follows.	\${CmdDesc}	Command description falls into data commands and control commands. The data command is unified as the "DATA" description and detailed in the following. "Data Command" function, and all kinds of control commands are different descriptions.	\${LF} is used to connect multiple records	
\${CmdID}	This command ID is generated by the server randomly, supporting numbers and letters and with a length not over 16 digits. The client needs to reply to the command with this command ID. For details, see the "Reply Command" function as follows.						
\${CmdDesc}	Command description falls into data commands and control commands. The data command is unified as the "DATA" description and detailed in the following. "Data Command" function, and all kinds of control commands are different descriptions.						
\${LF} is used to connect multiple records							

## 12.1 DATA Command

When \${CmdDesc} in a command issued by the server is "DATA", this command is deemed as a data command. The client data can be added, deleted, modified, or queried, but different service data supports different operations. For details, see the following.

## 12.1.1 UPDATE Subcommand

Adding or modifying data: Whether adding or modifying depends on whether corresponding data exists on the client, and this operation has nothing to do with the server

The following shows the command format:

### Function

```
C: ${CmdID}: DATA${SP}UPDATE${SP}${TableName}${SP}${DataRecord}
```

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description
UPDATE	This description is used to represent the operation of adding or modifying data.
\${TableName}	Different names of service data tables, for example, the user information USERINFO. The following describes specific supported data.
\${DataRecord}	Service data records in the form of key=value. Different service data has different key descriptions. The following describes the specifics.

### 12.1.1.1 User Information

The command format is:

### Function

```
C:${CmdID}:DATA${SP}UPDATE${SP}USERINFO${SP}PIN=${XXX}${HT}Name=${XXX}${HT}
${HT}Pri=${XXX}${HT}Passwd=${XXX}${HT}Card=${XXX}${HT}Grp=${XXX}${HT}TZ=${XXX}
${HT}Verify=${XXX}${HT}ViceCard=${XXX}${HT}Phone=${XXX}${HT}Gender=${XXX}
${HT}Nation=${XXX}${HT}IDNum=${XXX}
```

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description
PIN=\${XXX}	User ID
Name=\${XXX}	User name. When the equipment is in Chinese, the GB2312 code is used. When the equipment is in another language, the UTF-8 code is used
Pri=\${XXX}	User privilege value, with the meaning described as below;

Value	Description
0	Normal user
2	Registrar
6	Administrator

		10	User-defined	
		14	Super administrator	
Passwd=\${XXX}	Password			
Card=\${XXX}	Card number, supporting two formats; a. hexadecimal data, in the format of [%02x%02x%02x%02x], representing the first, second, third or fourth digit from left to right. For example, if the card number is 123456789, this is: Card=[15CD5B07]. b. string data. If the card number is 123456789, this is: Card=123456789.			
Grp=\${XXX}	Group to which the user belongs, group 1 by default			
TZ=\${XXX}	Information on number of the time period used by the user, in the format of XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX. Digit 1-4 describe whether the group time period is used, digit 5-8 describe using personal time period 1, digit 9-12 describe using personal time period 2, and digit 13-16 describe using personal time period 3.  For example, 0000000000000000 represents use of the group time period. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0001000200000000 represents use of personal time period, with personal time period 1 using the time information of number 2 time period.</li> <li>• 0001000200010000 represents using personal time period, with personal time period 1 using the time information of number 2 time period and personal time period 2 using the time information of number 1 time period.</li> </ul>			
Verify=\${XXX}	User verification mode, does not contain the field, is null, or is set to -1(use group verification, if there is no access group, group verification is 0), otherwise see (appendix 7)			
ViceCard=\${XXX}	User card number (secondary card), string data. If the card number is 123456789, ViceCard=123456789			
StartDatetime=\${XXX}	Validity start date, the format is YYYYMMDD.			
EndDatetime=\${XXX}	Validity end date, the format is YYYYMMDD.			
\${LF} is used to connect multiple records				

For how the result of command execution is replied, see the Reply Command function. For the Return value, see Appendix 1.

The format of returned content is:

#### Function

```
ID=${XXX}&Return=${XXX}&CMD=DATA
```

## 12.1.1.2 Identity Card Information (only supported by personal identification protocol)

The command format is:

### Function

```
C : ${CmdID} : DATA$ (SP) UPDATE$ (SP) IDCARD$ (SP) PIN=${XXX} ${HT} SNNum=${XXX} ${HT}
IDNum=${XXX} ${HT} DNNum=${XXX} ${HT} Name=${XXX} ${HT} Gender=${XXX} ${HT} Nation
=${XXX} ${HT} Birthday=${XXX} ${HT} ValidInfo=${XXX} ${HT} Address=${XXX} ${HT} Ad
ditionalInfo=${XXX} ${HT} Issuer=${XXX} ${HT} Photo=${XXX} ${HT} FPTemplate1=${X
XX} ${HT} FPTemplate2=${XXX} ${HT} Reserve=${XXX} ${HT} Notice=${XXX}
```

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description																											
PIN=\${XXX}	User ID. If the user's information is not bound to the identity card, then the value of PIN is 0																											
SNNum=\${XXX}	Physical card number of identity card																											
IDNum=\${XXX}	Citizen id number																											
DNNum=\${XXX}	Identity card serial number (card body management number)																											
Name=\${XXX}	Id Name, using utf-8 encoding																											
Gender=\${XXX}	Gender code. <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>" male "</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>" female"</td> </tr> </table>		1	" male "	2	" female"																						
1	" male "																											
2	" female"																											
Nation=\${XXX}	Ethnic code. <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>"Decoding error"</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>" Han"</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>" Mongol"</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>" Hui"</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>" Tibetan"</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>" Uighur"</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6</td> <td>" Miao"</td> </tr> <tr> <td>7</td> <td>" Yi"</td> </tr> <tr> <td>8</td> <td>" Zhuang"</td> </tr> <tr> <td>9</td> <td>" Buyi"</td> </tr> <tr> <td>10</td> <td>" Korean"</td> </tr> <tr> <td>11</td> <td>" Manchu"</td> </tr> <tr> <td>12</td> <td>" Dong"</td> </tr> </table>		0	"Decoding error"	1	" Han"	2	" Mongol"	3	" Hui"	4	" Tibetan"	5	" Uighur"	6	" Miao"	7	" Yi"	8	" Zhuang"	9	" Buyi"	10	" Korean"	11	" Manchu"	12	" Dong"
0	"Decoding error"																											
1	" Han"																											
2	" Mongol"																											
3	" Hui"																											
4	" Tibetan"																											
5	" Uighur"																											
6	" Miao"																											
7	" Yi"																											
8	" Zhuang"																											
9	" Buyi"																											
10	" Korean"																											
11	" Manchu"																											
12	" Dong"																											

		13	"Yao"
		14	"Bai"
		15	"Tujia"
		16	"Hani"
		17	"Kazakh"
		18	"Dai"
		19	"Li"
		20	"Lisu"
		21	"Wa"
		22	"She"
		23	"Gaoshan"
		24	"Lahu"
		25	"Shui"
		26	"Dongxiang"
		27	"Naxi"
		28	"Jingpo"
		29	"Kirghiz"
		30	"Du"
		31	"Daur"
		32	"Mulam"
		33	"Qiang"
		34	"Blang"
		35	"Salar"
		36	"Maonan"
		37	"Gelao"
		38	"Xibe"
		39	"Achang"
		40	"Pumi"
		41	"Tajik"
		42	"Nu"
		43	"Uzbek"
		44	"Russian"
		45	"Evenki"
		46	"De'ang"
		47	"Bonan"
		48	"Yugur"
		49	"Gin"
		50	"Tatar"
		51	"Drung"

		52	"Oroqin"	
		53	"Hezhen"	
		54	"Menba"	
		55	"Lhoba"	
		56	"Jino"	
		57	"Coding error"	
		97	"Other"	
		98	" Foreign origin"	
Birthday=\${XXX}		Date of birth (format: yyyyMMdd)		
ValidInfo=\${XXX}		Period of validity, start date and end date (format: yyyyMMddyyyyMMdd)		
Address=\${XXX}		Address, encoded in UTF-8		
AdditionalInfo=\${XXX}		Machine read appends address, encoded in UTF-8		
Issuer = \${XXX}		Issuing authority, use UTF-8 encoding.		
Photo=\${XXX}		Photo data stored by identity card, which is encrypted and converted into base64 data content for transmission.		
FPTemplate1=\${XXX}		Fingerprint 1_fingerprint characteristic data and converted into base64 data content for transmission.		
FPTemplate2=\${XXX}		Fingerprint 2_fingerprint characteristic data and converted into base64 data content for transmission.		
Reserve=\${XXX}		Reserve field		
Notice=\${XXX}		Note information, encoded in UTF-8.		

For how the result of command execution is replied, see the Reply Command function. For the Return value, see Appendix 1.

The format of returned content is:

#### Returned Content

```
ID=${XXX} &Return=${XXX} &CMD=DATA
```

### 12.1.1.3 Fingerprint Template

The command format is:

#### Function

```
C:${CmdID}:DATA${SP}UPDATE${SP}FINGERTMP${SP}PIN=${XXX}${HT}FID=${XXX}${HT}
}Size=${XXX}${HT}Valid=${XXX}${HT}TMP=${XXX}
```

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description								
PIN=\${XXX}	User ID								
FID=\${XXX}	Finger number, valued from 0 – 9.								
Size=\${XXX}	Length of binary data of the finger template after base64 coding.								
Valid=\${XXX}	To describe the template validity and duress mark, with the following values and meanings.  <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th><th>Description</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0</td><td>Invalid template</td></tr> <tr> <td>1</td><td>Normal template</td></tr> <tr> <td>3</td><td>Duress template</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Value	Description	0	Invalid template	1	Normal template	3	Duress template
Value	Description								
0	Invalid template								
1	Normal template								
3	Duress template								
TMP=\${XXX}	When the fingerprint template is transmitted, base64 coding needs to be conducted for the original binary fingerprint template.								
	\${LF} is used to connect multiple records								

**Note:** The fingerprint algorithm version supported by this command is less than or equal to 10.0

For how the result of command execution is replied, see the Reply Command function. For the Return value, see Appendix 1.

The format of returned content is:

### Returned Content

ID=\${XXX}&Return=\${XXX}&CMD=DATA

## 12.1.1.4 Face Template

The command format is:

### Function

C:\${CmdID}:DATA\${SP}UPDATE\${SP}FACE\${SP}PIN=\${XXX}\${HT}FID=\${XXX}\${HT}Valid=\${XXX}\${HT}Size=\${XXX}\${HT}TMP=\${XXX}

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description
PIN=\${XXX}	User ID
FID=\${XXX}	Face template number, valued from 0.
Size=\${XXX}	Length of binary data of the face template after base64 coding

Valid=\${XXX}	Face template validity mark, with the following values and meanings.						
	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th><th>Description</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0</td><td>Invalid template</td></tr> <tr> <td>1</td><td>Normal template</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Value	Description	0	Invalid template	1	Normal template
Value	Description						
0	Invalid template						
1	Normal template						
TMP=\${XXX}	When the face template is transmitted, base64 coding needs to be conducted for the original binary face template.						
\${LF} is used to connect multiple records							

For how the result of command execution is replied, see the Reply Command function. For the Return value, see Appendix 1.

The format of returned content is:

#### Returned Content

ID=\${XXX}&Return=\${XXX}&CMD=DATA

### 12.1.1.5 Finger Vein Template

The command format is:

#### Function

C:\${CmdID}:DATA\${SP}UPDATE\${SP}FVEIN\${SP}Pin=\${XXX}\${HT}FID=\${XXX}\${HT}Ind  
ex=\${XXX}\${HT}Valid=\${XXX}\${HT}Size=\${XXX}\${HT}Tmp=\${XXX}

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description						
Pin=\${XXX}	User ID						
FID=\${XXX}	Finger number, (0~9)						
Index=\${XXX}	One finger has multiple finger vein templates, and Index is the number of finger vein template (0~2)						
SIZE=\${XXX}	Length after base64 coding of the finger vein template binary data						
Valid=\${XXX}	Valid identification of the finger vein template, the values are as follows;						
	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th><th>Description</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0</td><td>Invalid template</td></tr> <tr> <td>1</td><td>Normal template</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Value	Description	0	Invalid template	1	Normal template
Value	Description						
0	Invalid template						
1	Normal template						

Tmp=\${XXX}	Base64 encoding of the original binary finger vein template is needed when transferring the finger vein template.
-------------	---

For how the result of command execution is replied, see the Reply Command function. For the Return value, see Appendix 1.

The format of returned content is:

#### Returned Content

ID=\${XXX} &Return=\${XXX} &CMD=DATA

### 12.1.1.6 Unified Templates

The following new biometric template will be uploaded and downloaded in a unified format, using Type in the data to distinguish what Type of biometric template is, using the integrated format: palm template, etc.

The command format is:

#### Function

C:\${CmdID}:DATA\${SP}UPDATE\${SP}BIODATA\${SP}Pin=\${XXX}\${HT}No=\${XXX}\${HT}Index=\${XXX}\${HT}Valid=\${XXX}\${HT}Dress=\${XXX}\${HT}Type=\${XXX}\${HT}MajorVer=\${XXX}\${HT}MinorVer=\${XXX}\${HT}Format=\${XXX}\${HT}Tmp=\${XXX}

**Note:** Each field explains see uploading Unified Templates

For how the result of command execution is replied, see the Reply Command function. For the Return value, see Appendix 1.

The format of returned content is:

#### Returned Content

ID=\${XXX} &Return=\${XXX} &CMD=DATA

### 12.1.1.7 User Photo

The command format is:

#### Function

```
C: ${CmdID} : DATA${SP}UPDATE${SP}USERPIC${SP}PIN=${XXX}${HT}Size=${XXX}${HT}
Content=${XXX}
```

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description
PIN=\${XXX}	User ID
Size=\${XXX}	Length of binary data of the user photo after base64 coding
Content=\${XXX}	When the user photo is transmitted, base64 coding needs to be conducted for the original binary user photo.
\${LF} is used to connect multiple records	

For how the result of command execution is replied, see the Reply Command function. For the Return value, see Appendix 1.

The format of returned content is:

#### Returned Content

```
ID=${XXX}&Return=${XXX}&CMD=DATA
```

### 12.1.1.8 Comparison Photo

The command format is:

#### Function

```
C: ${CmdID} : DATA${SP}UPDATE${SP}BIOPHOTO${SP}PIN=${XXX}${HT}Type=${XXX}${HT}
Size=${XXX}${HT}Content=${XXX}${HT}Format=${XXX}${HT}Url=${XXX}${HT}PostB
ackTmpFlag=${XXX}
```

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description
PIN=\${XXX}	User ID
Type=\${XXX}	Biometric identification type

Value	Description
-------	-------------

		0	common	
		1	fingerprint	
		2	face (near-infrared)	
		3	vocal print	
		4	iris	
		5	retina	
		6	palm print	
		7	finger vein	
		8	palm	
		9	visible light face	
Size=\${XXX}		Length of the biometric photo after base64 coding		
Content=\${XXX}		When the biometric photo is transmitted, base64 coding needs to be conducted for the original binary biometric photo		
Url=\${XXX}		Server file storage address, currently only supports JPG format		
Format=\${XXX}		Send mode,		
		0	base64 mode	
		1	url mode	
PostBackTmpFlag=\${XXX}		Whether to return the template data after image conversion.		
		0	not required	
		1	required	
		No PostBackTmpFlag parameter, it is not required to return by default		
		\${LF} is used to connect multiple records		

**Note:** Url is the relative path of the occasion, directly send relative path

For how the result of command execution is replied, see the Reply Command function. For the Return value, see Appendix 1.

The format of returned content is:

#### Returned Content

```
ID=${XXX}&Return=${XXX}&CMD=DATA
```

### 12.1.1.9 Short Message

The command format is:

#### Function

```
C : ${CmdID} : DATA${SP}UPDATE${SP}SMS${SP}MSG=${XXX}${HT}TAG=${XXX}${HT}UID=${XXX}${HT}MIN=${XXX}${HT}StartTime=${XXX}
```

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description								
MSG=\${XXX}	Content of the short message, supporting up to 320 bytes. When the equipment is in Chinese, the GB2312 code is used. When the equipment is in another language, the UTF-8 code is used.								
TAG=\${XXX}	Type of the short message, with the following values and meanings: <table border="1" data-bbox="727 887 1298 1073"> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th><th>Description</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>253</td><td>Public short message</td></tr> <tr> <td>254</td><td>User short message</td></tr> <tr> <td>255</td><td>Reserved short message</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Value	Description	253	Public short message	254	User short message	255	Reserved short message
Value	Description								
253	Public short message								
254	User short message								
255	Reserved short message								
UID=\${XXX}	Number of the short message, supporting only integer.								
MIN=\${XXX}	Valid duration of the short message, in minute								
StartTime=\${XXX}	Starting time for the short message to take effect, in the format of XXXX-XX-XX XX:XX:XX. For example, 2015-07-29 00:00:00								
\${LF} is used to connect multiple records.									

For how the result of command execution is replied, see the Reply Command function. For the Return value, see Appendix 1.

The format of returned content is:

#### Returned Content

```
ID=${XXX}&Return=${XXX}&CMD=DATA
```

### 12.1.1.10 Personal Short Message User List

The command format is:

#### Function

C: \${CmdID}: DATA\${SP}UPDATE\${SP}USER\_SMS\${SP}PIN=\${XXX}\${HT}UID=\${XXX}

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description
PIN=\${XXX}	User ID
UID=\${XXX}	Number of the short message, supporting only integer.
\${LF} is used to connect multiple records	

For how the result of command execution is replied, see the Reply Command function. For the Return value, see Appendix 1.

The format of returned content is:

#### Returned Content

ID=\${XXX} &Return=\${XXX} &CMD=DATA

### 12.1.1.11 Publicity Picture

The command format is:

#### Function

C:\${CmdID}:DATA\${SP}UPDATE\${SP}ADPIC\${SP}Index=\${XXX}\${HT}Size=\${XXX}\${HT}Extension=\${XXX}\${HT}Content=\${XXX}

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description
Index=\${XXX}	Image index
Size=\${XXX}	Image size
Extension=\${XXX}	Image extension
Content=\${XXX}	Image Base64 encoding
\${LF} is used to connect multiple records.	

For how the result of command execution is replied, see the Reply Command function. For the Return value, see Appendix 1.

The format of returned content is:

#### Returned Content

```
ID=${XXX}&Return=${XXX}&CMD=DATA
```

### 12.1.1.12 Work Code

The command format is:

#### Function

```
C:${CmdID}:DATA${SP}UPDATE${SP}WORKCODE${SP}PIN=${XXX}${HT}CODE=${XXX}${HT}  
NAME=${XXX}
```

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description
PIN=\${XXX}	Working code index
CODE=\${XXX}	Working code
NAME=\${XXX}	Working code name
 \${LF} is used to connect multiple records.	

For how the result of command execution is replied, see the Reply Command function. For the Return value, see Appendix 1.

The format of returned content is:

#### Returned Content

```
ID=${XXX}&Return=${XXX}&CMD=DATA
```

### 12.1.1.13 Shortcut Key

The command format is:

#### Function

```
C:${CmdID}:DATA${SP}UPDATE${SP}ShortcutKey${SP}KeyID=${XXX}${HT}KeyFun=${XX}  
XX}${HT}StatusCode==${XXX}${HT}ShowName=${XXX}${HT}AutoState=${XXX}${HT}Au
```

toTime=\${XXX} \${HT} Sun=\${XXX} \${HT} Mon=\${XXX} \${HT} Tue=\${XXX} \${HT} Wed=\${XXX} \${HT} Thu=\${XXX} {HT} Fri=\${XXX} \${HT} Sat=\${XXX}

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description																			
KeyID	Shortcut key ID																			
	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th><th>Corresponding Key</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>1</td><td>F1</td></tr> <tr><td>2</td><td>F2</td></tr> <tr><td>3</td><td>F3</td></tr> <tr><td>4</td><td>F4</td></tr> <tr><td>5</td><td>F5</td></tr> <tr><td>6</td><td>F6</td></tr> <tr><td>7</td><td>F7</td></tr> <tr><td>8</td><td>F8</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Value	Corresponding Key	1	F1	2	F2	3	F3	4	F4	5	F5	6	F6	7	F7	8	F8	
Value	Corresponding Key																			
1	F1																			
2	F2																			
3	F3																			
4	F4																			
5	F5																			
6	F6																			
7	F7																			
8	F8																			
KeyFun	Shortcut key function																			
	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th><th>Corresponding Function</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>0</td><td>Undefined</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>State key</td></tr> <tr><td>2</td><td>Work code</td></tr> <tr><td>3</td><td>Short message</td></tr> <tr><td>4</td><td>Key for help</td></tr> <tr><td>5</td><td>Check the attendance record</td></tr> <tr><td>6</td><td>Check the final attendance record</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Value	Corresponding Function	0	Undefined	1	State key	2	Work code	3	Short message	4	Key for help	5	Check the attendance record	6	Check the final attendance record			
Value	Corresponding Function																			
0	Undefined																			
1	State key																			
2	Work code																			
3	Short message																			
4	Key for help																			
5	Check the attendance record																			
6	Check the final attendance record																			
StatusCode	Attendance status																			
ShowName	Status name																			
AutoState	Auto switch																			
AutoTime	Automatic switching time from Monday to Sunday, 08:00; 09:00; 10:00; 11:00; 12:00; 13:00; 14:00																			
Sun	Whether to switch on Sunday																			
Mon	Whether to switch on Monday																			
Tue	Whether to switch on Tuesday																			
Wed	Whether to switch on Wednesday																			
Thu	Whether to switch on Thursday																			
Fri	Whether to switch on Friday																			
Sat	Whether to switch on Saturday																			

For how the result of command execution is replied, see the Reply Command function. For the Return value, see Appendix 1.

The format of returned content is:

#### Returned Content

```
ID=${XXX}&Return=${XXX}&CMD=DATA
```

### 12.1.1.14 Access Group

The command format is:

#### Function

```
C:${CmdID}:DATA${SP}UPDATE${SP}AccGroup${SP}ID=${XXX}${HT}Verify=${XXX}${HT}ValidHoliday=${XXX}${HT}TZ=${XXX}
```

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description
ID	Number of access group
Verify	Group verification mode, with the default value of 0, as shown in (appendix 7)
Validholiday	Valid for holidays: value range 0-1
TZ format	For example: TZ=1; 0; 0: the first number represents time period 1, the second parameter represents time period 2, and the third parameter represents time period 3

For how the result of command execution is replied, see the Reply Command function. For the Return value, see Appendix 1.

The format of returned content is:

#### Returned Content

```
ID=${XXX}&Return=${XXX}&CMD=DATA
```

### 12.1.1.15 Access Time Periods

The command format is:

#### Function

```
C:{CmdID}:DATA${SP}UPDATE${SP}AccTimeZone${SP}UID=${XXX}${HT}SunStart=${XX}
${HT}SunEnd=${XXX}${HT}MonStart=${XXX}${HT}MonEnd=${XXX}${HT}TuesStart=
${XXX}${HT}TuesEnd=${XXX}${HT}WedStart=${XXX}${HT}WedEnd=${XXX}${HT}ThursS
tart=${XXX}${HT}ThursEnd=${XXX}${HT}FriStart=${XXX}${HT}FriEnd=${XXX}${HT}
SatStart=${XXX}${HT}SatEnd=${XXX}
```

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description
UID	Time period number
SunStart	Sunday start time, 1159 means 11:59
SunEnd	Sunday end time, 2359 means 23:59
MonStart	Monday start time
MonEnd	Monday end time
TueStart	Tuesday start time
TuesEnd	Tuesday end time
WedStart	Wednesday start time
WedEnd	Wednesday end time
ThurStart	Thursday start time
ThursEnd	Thursday end time
FriStart	Friday start time
FriEnd	Friday end time
SatStart	Saturday start time
SatEnd	Saturday end time

For how the result of command execution is replied, see the Reply Command function. For the Return value, see Appendix 1.

The format of returned content is:

#### Returned Content

```
ID=${XXX}&Return=${XXX}&CMD=DATA
```

### 12.1.1.16 Access Holiday

The command format is:

#### Function

```
C : ${CmdID} : DATA${SP}UPDATE${SP}AccHoliday${SP}UID=${XXX}${HT}HolidayName=${XXX}${HT}StartDate=${XXX}${HT}EndDate=${XXX}${HT}TimeZone=${XXX}
```

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description
UID	Holiday number
HolidayName	Holiday name
StartDate	1123 means November 23 <sup>rd</sup>
EndDate	1125 means November 25
TimeZone	Time period number

For how the result of command execution is replied, see the Reply Command function. For the Return value, see Appendix 1.

The format of returned content is:

#### Returned Content

```
ID=${XXX}&Return=${XXX}&CMD=DATA
```

### 12.1.1.17 Access Combined Verification

The command format is:

#### Function

```
C : ${CmdID} : DATA${SP}UPDATE${SP}AccUnLockComb${SP}UID=${XXX}${HT}Group1=${XX}${HT}Group2=${XXX}${HT}Group3=${XXX}${HT}Group4=${XXX}${HT}Group5=${XXX}
```

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description
UID	Group verification number
Group1	Group number of people. The group number in the person information
Group2	Group number of people. The group number in the person information
Group3	Group number of people. The group number in the person information

Group4	Group number of people. The group number in the person information
Group5	Group number of people. The group number in the person information

For how the result of command execution is replied, see the Reply Command function. For the Return value, see Appendix 1.

The format of returned content is:

#### Returned Content

```
ID=${XXX}&Return=${XXX}&CMD=DATA
```

### 12.1.1.18 Blacklist of Identity Card Issued (only supported by personal identification protocol)

The command format is:

#### Function

```
C:${CmdID}:DATA${SP}UPDATE${SP}BLACKLIST${SP}IDNum=${XXX}${HT}Name=${XXX}${HT}Gender=${XXX}${HT}Nation=${XXX}
```

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description																	
IDNum	ID number																	
Name	Name																	
Gender	Gender code <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Male</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>Female</td> </tr> </table>		1	Male	2	Female												
1	Male																	
2	Female																	
Nation	Ethnic code <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>"Decoding error"</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>" Han"</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>" Mongol"</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>" Hui"</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>" Tibetan"</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>" Uighur"</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6</td> <td>" Miao"</td> </tr> <tr> <td>7</td> <td>" Yi"</td> </tr> </table>		0	"Decoding error"	1	" Han"	2	" Mongol"	3	" Hui"	4	" Tibetan"	5	" Uighur"	6	" Miao"	7	" Yi"
0	"Decoding error"																	
1	" Han"																	
2	" Mongol"																	
3	" Hui"																	
4	" Tibetan"																	
5	" Uighur"																	
6	" Miao"																	
7	" Yi"																	

8	"Zhuang"
9	"Buyi"
10	"Korean"
11	"Manchu"
12	"Dong"
13	"Yao"
14	"Bai"
15	"Tujia"
16	"Hani"
17	"Kazakh"
18	"Dai"
19	"Li"
20	"Lisu"
21	"Wa"
22	"She"
23	"Gaoshan"
24	"Lahu"
25	"Shui"
26	"Dongxian g"
27	"Naxi"
28	"Jingpo"
29	"Kirghiz"
30	"Du"
31	"Daur"
32	"Mulam"
33	"Qiang"
34	"Blang"
35	"Salar"
36	"Maonan"
37	"Gelao"
38	"Xibe"
39	"Achang"
40	"Pumi"
41	"Tajik"
42	"Nu"
43	"Uzbek"
44	"Russian"
45	"Evenki"
46	"De'ang"

47	"Bonan"
48	"Yugur"
49	"Gin"
50	"Tatar"
51	"Drung"
52	"Oroqin"
53	"Hezhen"
54	"Menba"
55	"Lhoba"
56	"Jino"
57	"Coding error"
97	"Other"
98	" Foreign origin"

For how the result of command execution is replied, see the Reply Command function. For the Return value, see Appendix 1.

The format of returned content is:

#### Returned Content

```
ID=${XXX}&Return=${XXX}&CMD=DATA
```

### 12.1.1.19 Whitelist of Identity Card Issued (only supported by personal identification protocol)

The command format is:

#### Function

```
C:${CmdID}:DATA${SP}UPDATE${SP}WHITELIST${SP}IDNum=${XXX}${HT}Name=${XXX}${HT}
${HT}Gender=${XXX}${HT}Nation=${XXX}${HT}StartDate=${XXX}${HT}EndDate=${XXX}
```

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description
IDNum	ID number
Name	Name
Gender	Gender code

		1	Male	
		2	Female	
	Ethnic code			
Nation	0	"Decoding error"		
	1	"Han"		
	2	"Mongol"		
	3	"Hui"		
	4	"Tibetan"		
	5	"Uighur"		
	6	"Miao"		
	7	"Yi"		
	8	"Zhuang"		
	9	"Buyi"		
	10	"Korean"		
	11	"Manchu"		
	12	"Dong"		
	13	"Yao"		
	14	"Bai"		
	15	"Tujia"		
	16	"Hani"		
	17	"Kazakh"		
	18	"Dai"		
	19	"Li"		
	20	"Lisu"		
	21	"Wa"		
	22	"She"		
	23	"Gaoshan"		
	24	"Lahu"		
	25	"Shui"		
	26	"Dongxian g"		
	27	"Naxi"		
	28	"Jingpo"		
	29	"Kirghiz"		
	30	"Du"		
	31	"Daur"		
	32	"Mulam"		
	33	"Qiang"		
	34	"Blang"		

		35	"Salar"
		36	"Maonan"
		37	"Gelao"
		38	"Xibe"
		39	"Achang"
		40	"Pumi"
		41	"Tajik"
		42	"Nu"
		43	"Uzbek"
		44	"Russian"
		45	"Evenki"
		46	"De'ang"
		47	"Bonan"
		48	"Yugur"
		49	"Gin"
		50	"Tatar"
		51	"Drung"
		52	"Oroqin"
		53	"Hezhen"
		54	"Menba"
		55	"Lhoba"
		56	"Jino"
		57	"Coding error"
		97	"Other"
		98	" Foreign origin"
StartDate		Effective start time, the format is XXXX-XX-XX XX:XX:XX, such as 2021-06-17 00:00:00	
EndDate		Effective end time, the format is XXXX-XX-XX XX:XX:XX, such as 2021-06-20 00:00:00	

For how the result of command execution is replied, see the Reply Command function. For the Return value, see Appendix 1.

The format of returned content is:

#### Returned Content

```
ID=${XXX}&Return=${XXX}&CMD=DATA
```

## 12.1.2 DELETE Subcommand

The command format to delete data:

### Function

C: \${CmdID}: DATA\${SP}DELETE\${SP}\${TableName}\${SP}\${DataRecord}

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description
DELETE	This description is used to represent the operation of deleting data
\${TableName}	Different service data table names. For example, the user information is USERINFO, and the following describes specific supported data.
\${DataRecord}	Condition for deleting data. Different service data supports different conditions. The following describes the specifics

### 12.1.2.1 User Information

The command format is:

### Function

C: \${CmdID}: DATA\${SP}DELETE\${SP}USERINFO\${SP}PIN=\${XXX}

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description
PIN=\${XXX}	User ID to delete specified user information, including fingerprint template, face template and user photo

For how the result of command execution is replied, see the Reply Command function. For the Return value, see Appendix 1.

The format of returned content is:

### Returned Content

ID=\${XXX}&Return=\${XXX}&CMD=DATA

### 12.1.2.2 Fingerprint Template

The command format is:

#### Function

```
C: ${CmdID}:DATA${SP}DELETE${SP}FINGERTMP${SP}PIN=${XXX}
C: ${CmdID}:DATA${SP}DELETE${SP}FINGERTMP${SP}PIN=${XXX}${HT}FID=${XXX}
```

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description
PIN=\${XXX}	User ID
FID=\${XXX}	Finger number, valued from 0-9. To delete specified fingerprint template. When only PIN information is transmitted, all fingerprints of the user are deleted

For how the result of command execution is replied, see the Reply Command function. For the Return value, see Appendix 1.

The format of returned content is:

#### Returned Content

```
ID=${XXX}&Return=${XXX}&CMD=DATA
```

### 12.1.2.3 Face Template

The command format is:

#### Function

```
C: ${CmdID}: DATA${SP}DELETE${SP}FACE${SP}PIN=${XXX}
```

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description
PIN=\${XXX}	User ID to delete specified face template of the user.

For how the result of command execution is replied, see the Reply Command function. For the Return value, see Appendix 1.

The format of returned content is:

**Returned Content**

ID=\${XXX} &Return=\${XXX} &CMD=DATA

### 12.1.2.4 Finger Vein Template

The command format is:

**Function**

C:\${CmdID}:DATA\${SP}DELETE\${SP}FVEIN\${SP}Pin=\${XXX}

C:\${CmdID}:DATA\${SP}DELETE\${SP}FVEIN\${SP}Pin=\${XXX}\${HT}FID=\${XXX}

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Description
PIN=\${XXX}	User ID
FID=\${XXX}	Finger number, (0~9). To delete specified finger vein template of the user.

For how the result of command execution is replied, see the Reply Command function. For the Return value, see Appendix 1.

The format of returned content is:

**Returned Content**

ID=\${XXX} &Return=\${XXX} &CMD=DATA

### 12.1.2.5 Unified Templates

The command format is:

**Function**

C:\${CmdID}:DATA\${SP}DELETE\${SP}BIODATA\${SP}Pin=\${XXX}

C:\${CmdID}:DATA\${SP}DELETE\${SP}BIODATA\${SP}Pin=\${XXX}\${HT}Type=\${XXX}

C:\${CmdID}:DATA\${SP}DELETE\${SP}BIODATA\${SP}Pin=\${XXX}\${HT}Type=\${XXX}\${HT}No=\${XXX}

**Note:**

See upload unified template function for field description to delete specified unified template of the user.

For how the result of command execution is replied, see the Reply Command function. For the Return value, see Appendix 1.

The format of returned content is:

**Returned Content**

```
ID=${XXX}&Return=${XXX}&CMD=DATA
```

### 12.1.2.6 User Photo

The command format is:

**Function**

```
C: ${CmdID}: DATA${SP}DELETE${SP}USERPIC${SP}PIN=${XXX}
```

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Description
PIN=\${XXX}	User ID to delete specified user photo of the user

For how the result of command execution is replied, see the Reply Command function. For the Return value, see Appendix 1.

The format of returned content is:

**Returned Content**

```
ID=${XXX}&Return=${XXX}&CMD=DATA
```

### 12.1.2.7 Comparison Photo

The command format is:

#### Function

C : \${CmdID} : DATA\${SP}DELETE\${SP}BIOPHOTO\${SP}PIN=\${XXX}

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description
PIN=\${XXX}	User ID to delete specified comparison photo of the user

For how the result of command execution is replied, see the Reply Command function. For the Return value, see Appendix 1.

The format of returned content is:

#### Returned Content

ID=\${XXX}&Return=\${XXX}&CMD=DATA

### 12.1.2.8 Short Message

The command format is:

#### Function

C : \${CmdID} : DATA\${SP}DELETE\${SP}SMS\${SP}UID=\${XXX}

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description
UID=\${XXX}	short message number, supporting only integers

For how the result of command execution is replied, see the Reply Command function. For the Return value, see Appendix 1.

The format of returned content is:

#### Returned Content

ID=\${XXX}&Return=\${XXX}&CMD=DATA

### 12.1.2.9 Work Code

The command format is:

#### Function

C : \${CmdID} : DATA\${SP}DELETE\${SP}WORKCODE\${SP}CODE=\${XXX}

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description
CODE=\${XXX}	Working code

For how the result of command execution is replied, see the Reply Command function. For the Return value, see Appendix 1.

The format of returned content is:

#### Returned Content

ID=\${XXX}&Return=\${XXX}&CMD=DATA

### 12.1.2.10 Publicity Picture

The command format is:

#### Function

C : \${CmdID} : DATA\${SP}DELETE\${SP}ADPIC\${SP}Index=\${XXX}

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description
Index=\${XXX}	Image index

For how the result of command execution is replied, see the Reply Command function. For the Return value, see Appendix 1.

The format of returned content is:

#### Returned Content

ID=\${XXX}&Return=\${XXX}&CMD=DATA

### 12.1.2.11 Blacklist of Identity Card (only supported by personal identification protocol)

The command format is:

#### Function

C : \${CmdID} : DATA\${SP}DELETE\${SP}BLACKLIST\${SP}IDNum=\${XXX}

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description
IDNum=\${XXX}	ID number, delete the specified identity card blacklist data

For how the result of command execution is replied, see the Reply Command function. For the Return value, see Appendix 1.

The format of returned content is:

#### Returned Content

ID=\${XXX} &Return=\${XXX} &CMD=DATA

### 12.1.2.12 Whitelist of Identity Card (only supported by personal identification protocol)

The command format is:

#### Function

C : \${CmdID} : DATA\${SP}DELETE\${SP}WHITELIST\${SP}IDNum=\${XXX}

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description
IDNum=\${XXX}	ID number, delete the specified identity card whitelist data

For how the result of command execution is replied, see the Reply Command function. For the Return value, see Appendix 1.

The format of returned content is:

#### Returned Content

```
ID=${XXX}&Return=${XXX}&CMD=DATA
```

### 12.1.3 QUERY Subcommand

The command format to query data:

#### Function

```
C: ${CmdID}: DATA${SP}QUERY${SP}${TableName}${SP}${DataRecord}
```

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description
QUERY	This description is used to represent the operation of querying data.
\${TableName}	Different service data table names. For example, the user information is USERINFO, and the following describes specific supported data.
\${DataRecord}	Condition for querying data. Different service data supports different conditions. The following describes the specifics.

- **Attendance Record**

The command format is:

#### Function

```
C: ${CmdID}: DATA${SP}QUERY${SP}ATTLOG${SP}StartTime=${XXX}${HT}EndTime=${XX}
```

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description
StartTime=\${XXX}	Query starting time, in the format of XXXX-XX-XX XX: XX: XX. For example, 2015-07-29 00: 00: 00
EndTime=\${XXX}	Query ending time, in the format of XXXX-XX-XX XX: XX: XX. For example, 2015-07-29 23: 59: 59

For how the result of command execution is replied, see the Reply Command function. For the Return value, see Appendix 1.

The format of returned content is:

#### Returned Content

```
ID=${XXX}&Return=${XXX}&CMD=DATA
```

To query the attendance record within specified time period. For how to upload, see "Uploading Attendance Record".

### ● Attendance Photo

The command format is:

#### Function

```
C:${CmdID}:DATA${SP}QUERY${SP}ATTPHOTO${SP}StartTime=${XXX}${HT}EndTime=${XXX}
```

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description
StartTime=\${XXX}	Query starting time, in the format of XXXX-XX-XX XX: XX: XX. For example, 2015-07-29 00: 00: 00
EndTime=\${XXX}	Query ending time, in the format of XXXX-XX-XX XX: XX: XX. For example, 2015-07-29 23: 59: 59

For how the result of command execution is replied, see the Reply Command function. For the Return value, see Appendix 1.

The format of returned content is:

#### Returned Content

```
ID=${XXX}&Return=${XXX}&CMD=DATA
```

To query the attendance photo within specified time period. For how to upload, see "Uploading Attendance Photo".

### ● User Information

The command format is:

#### Function

```
C: ${CmdID}: DATA${SP}QUERY${SP}USERINFO${SP}PIN=${XXX}
```

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Description
PIN=\${XXX}	User ID

For how the result of command execution is replied, see the Reply Command function. For the Return value, see Appendix 1.

The format of returned content is:

**Returned Content**

ID=\${XXX} &Return=\${XXX} &CMD=DATA

To query the basic information of specified user. For how to upload, see “Uploading User Information”.

**● Fingerprint Template**

The command format is:

**Function**

C:\${CmdID}:DATA\${SP}QUERY\${SP}FINGERTMP\${SP}PIN=\${XXX}\${HT}FingerID=\${XXX}

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Description
PIN=\${XXX}	User ID
FingerID=\${XXX}	Finger number, valued from 0 – 9.

For how the result of command execution is replied, see the Reply Command function. For the Return value, see Appendix 1.

The format of returned content is:

**Returned Content**

ID=\${XXX} &Return=\${XXX} &CMD=DATA

To query the fingerprint template information of the user. When only the PIN information is transmitted, the information about all fingerprint templates of the user is queried. For how to upload, see “Uploading Fingerprint Template”.

## ● Unified Template

The command format is:

### Function

```
C:${CmdID}:DATA${SP}QUERY${SP}BIODATA${SP}Type=${XXX}
C:${CmdID}:DATA${SP}QUERY${SP}BIODATA${SP}Type=${XXX}${HT}PIN=${XXX}
C:${CmdID}:DATA${SP}QUERY${SP}BIODATA${SP}Type=${XXX}${HT}PIN=${XXX}${HT}
No=${XXX}
```

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description																									
Type=\${XXX}	<p>Biometric Type</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th><th>Description</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>0</td><td>Common</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>Fingerprint</td></tr> <tr><td>2</td><td>Face</td></tr> <tr><td>3</td><td>Voiceprint</td></tr> <tr><td>4</td><td>Iris</td></tr> <tr><td>5</td><td>Retina</td></tr> <tr><td>6</td><td>Palimpsest</td></tr> <tr><td>7</td><td>Finger vein</td></tr> <tr><td>8</td><td>Palm</td></tr> <tr><td>9</td><td>Visible light face</td></tr> <tr><td>10</td><td>Visible light palm</td></tr> </tbody> </table>		Value	Description	0	Common	1	Fingerprint	2	Face	3	Voiceprint	4	Iris	5	Retina	6	Palimpsest	7	Finger vein	8	Palm	9	Visible light face	10	Visible light palm
Value	Description																									
0	Common																									
1	Fingerprint																									
2	Face																									
3	Voiceprint																									
4	Iris																									
5	Retina																									
6	Palimpsest																									
7	Finger vein																									
8	Palm																									
9	Visible light face																									
10	Visible light palm																									
PIN=\${XXX}	<p>User ID</p> <p>Biometric specific number, default value is 0.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th><th>Description</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>[Fingerprint]</td><td>           The number is: 0-9,            The corresponding fingers are:  <b>left hand:</b> little finger / ring finger / middle finger / index finger / thumb,  <b>right hand:</b> thumb / index finger / middle finger / ring finger / little finger         </td></tr> <tr> <td>[Finger vein]</td><td>the same as fingerprints</td></tr> <tr> <td>[Face]</td><td>All is 0</td></tr> <tr> <td>[Iris]</td><td>0 for left eye, 1 for right eye</td></tr> </tbody> </table>		Value	Description	[Fingerprint]	The number is: 0-9, The corresponding fingers are: <b>left hand:</b> little finger / ring finger / middle finger / index finger / thumb, <b>right hand:</b> thumb / index finger / middle finger / ring finger / little finger	[Finger vein]	the same as fingerprints	[Face]	All is 0	[Iris]	0 for left eye, 1 for right eye														
Value	Description																									
[Fingerprint]	The number is: 0-9, The corresponding fingers are: <b>left hand:</b> little finger / ring finger / middle finger / index finger / thumb, <b>right hand:</b> thumb / index finger / middle finger / ring finger / little finger																									
[Finger vein]	the same as fingerprints																									
[Face]	All is 0																									
[Iris]	0 for left eye, 1 for right eye																									

		[Palm]	0 for left hand, 1 for right hand	
		[Visible Light Palm]	0 for left hand, 1 for right hand	

For how the result of command execution is replied, see the Reply Command function. For the Return value, see Appendix 1.

The format of returned content is:

#### Returned Content

```
ID=${XXX}&Return=${XXX}&CMD=DATA
```

To query the unified template information of the specified type. When only the Type information is transmitted, all unified template information of the specified type is queried. For how to upload, see "Uploading Unified Template".

## 12.2 CLEAR Command

### 12.2.1 Clearing Attendance Record

To clear the client attendance record, the command format is:

#### Function

```
C: ${CmdID}: CLEAR${SP}LOG
```

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description
CLEAR\${SP}LOG	used to describe this command

For how the result of command execution is replied, see the Reply Command function. For the Return value, see Appendix 1.

The format of returned content is:

#### Returned Content

```
ID=${XXX}&Return=${XXX}&CMD=CLEAR_LOG
```

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description

CMD=CLEAR_LOG	CLEAR_LOG is used to describe this command
---------------	--

## 12.2.2 Clearing Attendance Photo

To clear the client attendance photo, the command format is:

### Function

C: \${CmdID}: CLEAR\${SP}PHOTO

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description
CLEAR\${SP}PHOTO	used to describe this command

For how the result of command execution is replied, see the Reply Command function. For the Return value, see Appendix 1.

The format of returned content is:

### Returned Content

ID=\${XXX}&Return=\${XXX}&CMD=CLEAR\_PHOTO

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description
CMD=CLEAR_PHOTO	CLEAR_PHOTO is used to describe this command

## 12.2.3 Clearing All Data

To clear all client data, the command format is:

### Function

C: \${CmdID}: CLEAR\${SP}DATA

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description
CMD=CLEAR_DATA	CLEAR_DATA is used to describe this command

CLEAR\${SP}DATA	used to describe this command
-----------------	-------------------------------

For how the result of command execution is replied, see the Reply Command function. For the Return value, see Appendix 1.

The format of returned content is:

#### Returned Content

ID=\${XXX}&Return=\${XXX}&CMD=CLEAR\_DATA

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description
CMD=CLEAR_DATA	CLEAR_DATA is used to describe this command.

## 12.2.4 Clearing Unified Template

To clear client unified template data of the specified type, the command format is:

#### Function

C:\${CmdID}:CLEAR\${SP}BIODATA

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description
CLEAR\${SP}BIODATA	used to describe this command

For how the result of command execution is replied, see the Reply Command function. For the Return value, see Appendix 1.

The format of returned content is:

#### Returned Content

I ID=\${XXX}&Return=\${XXX}&CMD=CLEAR\_BIODATA

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description
CMD= CLEAR_BIODATA	CLEAR_BIODATA is used to describe this command.

## 12.3 Check Command

### 12.3.1 Checking Data Update

The client is required to read configuration information from the server and re-upload corresponding data to the server based on the timestamp. For details, see "Initializing Information Exchange". Currently, only the server resetting the timestamp to 0 is supported. For example, set parameter Stamp to 0.

After reading configuration parameters, the client conducts Uploading Attendance Record again, and the command format is:

#### Function

C: \${CmdID}: CHECK

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description
CHECK	used to describe this command

For how the result of command execution is replied, see the Reply Command function. For the Return value, see Appendix 1.

The format of returned content is:

#### Returned Content

ID=\${XXX} &Return=\${XXX} &CMD=CHECK

### 12.3.2 Checking and Transmitting New Data

The client immediately checks whether new data exists and transmits the new data to the server.

The command format is:

#### Function

C: \${CmdID}: LOG

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description
LOG	used to describe this command

For how the result of command execution is replied, see the Reply Command function. For the Return value, see Appendix 1.

The format of returned content is:

#### Returned Content

```
ID=${XXX}&Return=${XXX}&CMD=LOG
```

### 12.3.3 Automatically Verifying Attendance Data

The server issues the verification for attendance records within a time period, start and end time of uploading by the attendance equipment, as well as total number of records.

The verification is achieved by the server, and the command format is:

#### Function

```
C:${CmdID}:VERIFY${SP}SUM${SP}ATTLOG${SP}StartTime=${XXX}${HT}EndTime=${XX
X}
```

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description
VERIFY\${SP}SUM	used to describe this command
StartTime=\${XXX}	Starting time of issuing by the server, in the format of XXXX-XX-XX XX: XX: XX. For example, 2015-07-29 00: 00: 00
EndTime=\${XXX}	Ending time of issuing by the server, in the format of XXXX-XX-XX XX: XX: XX. For example, 2015-07-29 00: 00: 00

For how the result of command execution is replied, see the Reply Command function(#replycmd). For the Return value, see Appendix 1(#appendix1).

The format of returned content is:

#### Returned Content

```
ID=${XXX}&Return=${XXX}&CMD=VERIFY${SP}SUM&StartTime=${XXX}&EndTime=${XXX}
&AttlogSum=${XXX}
```

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description
AttlogSum=\${XXX}	Total number of attendance records within the period from starting to ending time.

## 12.4 Configuring Option Command

### 12.4.1 Option for Setting the Client

To set the client configuration information, the command format is:

#### Function

C: \${CmdID}: SET\${SP}OPTION\${SP}\${Key}=\${Value}

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description
SET\${SP}OPTION	used to describe this command

**Note:** The configuration information is set in the form of key-value, and this command supports only the configuration of single configuration information.

For how the result of command execution is replied, see the Reply Command function. For the Return value, see Appendix 1.

The format of returned content is:

#### Returned Content

ID=\${XXX}&Return=\${XXX}&CMD=SET\${SP}OPTION

### 12.4.2 Option for Refreshing the Client

The client reloads the configuration information. The command format is:

**Function**

C: \${CmdID}: RELOAD\${SP}OPTIONS

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Description
RELOAD\${SP}OPTIONS	used to describe this command

For how the result of command execution is replied, see the Reply Command function. For the Return value, see Appendix 1.

The format of returned content is:

**Returned Content**

ID=\${XXX}&Return=\${XXX}&CMD=RELOAD\${SP}OPTIONS

### 12.4.3 Sending Client Information to the Server

The server gets information such as client configuration. The command format is:

**Function**

C: \${CmdID}: INFO

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Description
INFO	used to describe this command

For how the result of command execution is replied, see the Reply Command function. For the Return value, see Appendix 1.

The format of returned content is:

**Returned Content**

ID=\${XXX}&Return=\${XXX}&CMD=INFO\${LF}\${Key}=\${Value}\${LF}\${Key}=\${Value}\${LF}\${Key}=\${Value}\${LF}.....

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description
CMD=INFO	is followed by specific customer configuration information, in the form of key-value.

## 12.5 File Command

### 12.5.1 Getting File in the Client

The client sends a server-specified file to the server. The command format is:

#### Function

```
C: ${CmdID}: GetFile${SP}${FilePath}
```

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description
GetFile	used to describe this command
\${FilePath}	File in the client system

For how the result of command execution is replied, see the Reply Command function. For the Return value, see Appendix 1.

The format of returned content is:

#### Returned Content

```
ID=${XXX}${LF}SN=${SerialNumber}${LF}FILENAME=${XXX}${LF}CMD=GetFile${LF}R
eturn=${XXX}${LF}Content=${BinaryData}
```

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description
Return=\${XXX}	Size of returned file.
Content=\${BinaryData}	Binary data flow of the transmitted file

## 12.5.2 Sending File to the Client

### Function 1

The equipment is required to download a file from the server and saves the file in a specified folder. (After being downloaded, a .tgz file is automatically decompressed to the specified directory of FilePath or /mnt/mtdblock if no directory is specified. For a file in another format, the file save path and filename need to be specified.) This file must be provided by the server by HTTP, as well as the URL for obtaining this file. If the URL starts with "http://", the equipment deems the URL as a complete URL address, otherwise, the equipment appends the server's /iclock/ address to specified URL.

The command format is:

#### Function

C: \${CmdID}: PutFile\${SP}\${URL}\${HT}\${FilePath}

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description
PutFile	used to describe this command
\${URL}	Address of the file to be downloaded from the server
\${FilePath}	Destination path for the file to be saved on the client.  <b>Example 1</b> PutFile file/fw/X938/main.tgz main.tgz or PutFile file/fw/X938/main.tgz requires the equipment to download http://server/iclock/file/fw/X938/main.tgz, and decompress main.tgz into the folder of /mnt/mtdblock.  <b>Example 2</b> PutFile file/fw/X938/main.tgz /mnt/ requires the equipment to download http://server/iclock/file/fw/X938/main.tgz, and decompress main.tgz into the folder of /mnt/.  <b>Example 3</b> PutFile file/fw/X938/ssruser.dat /mnt/mtdblock/ssruser.dat requires the equipment to download http://server/iclock/file/fw/X938/ssruser.dat, and remain the file to be /mnt/mtdblock/ssruser.dat.

For how the result of command execution is replied, see the Reply Command function. For the Return value, see Appendix 1.

The format of returned content is:

#### Returned Content

```
ID=${XXX} ${LF} Return=${XXX} ${LF} CMD=PutFile
```

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description
Return=\${XXX}	Size of returned file.

## Function 2

The command format is:

#### Function

```
C:${CmdID}:PutFile${SP}${URL}${HT}${FilePath}${HT}Action=${Value}
```

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description										
PutFile	used to describe this command										
\${URL}	Address of the files to be downloaded from the server										
\${FilePath}	Destination path where the files are stored in the client										
Action	<p>Describes what action to take after the file downloading is complete, supporting the following at present.</p> <p><b>Action=SyncData:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Represents that the device is required to synchronize the data of the same data type with those in the downloaded files, that is, overwriting the old data in the device.</li> <li>The action requires two additional parameters, TableName and RecordCount.</li> </ul> <p>The complete command is as follows:</p> <pre>C:\${CmdID}:PutFile\${SP}\${URL}\${HT}\${FilePath}\${HT}Action=\${Value}\${HT}TableName=\${Value}\${HT}RecordCount=\${Value}</pre> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>TableName</td> <td>Represents the data type, supporting the following;</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td> <table border="1"> <tr> <td><b>\${Value}</b></td> <td><b>Data type</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td>USERINFO</td> <td>User data</td> </tr> <tr> <td>FINGERTMP</td> <td>Fingerprint data</td> </tr> </table> </td> </tr> </table>	TableName	Represents the data type, supporting the following;		<table border="1"> <tr> <td><b>\${Value}</b></td> <td><b>Data type</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td>USERINFO</td> <td>User data</td> </tr> <tr> <td>FINGERTMP</td> <td>Fingerprint data</td> </tr> </table>	<b>\${Value}</b>	<b>Data type</b>	USERINFO	User data	FINGERTMP	Fingerprint data
TableName	Represents the data type, supporting the following;										
	<table border="1"> <tr> <td><b>\${Value}</b></td> <td><b>Data type</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td>USERINFO</td> <td>User data</td> </tr> <tr> <td>FINGERTMP</td> <td>Fingerprint data</td> </tr> </table>	<b>\${Value}</b>	<b>Data type</b>	USERINFO	User data	FINGERTMP	Fingerprint data				
<b>\${Value}</b>	<b>Data type</b>										
USERINFO	User data										
FINGERTMP	Fingerprint data										

		FACE	Face data	
RecordCount	Number of records in the data packet			

**Action= AppendData:**

- Represents that the data in the downloaded files should be appended to the device.

The complete command is as follows.

```
C:${CmdID}:PutFile${SP}${URL}${HT}${FilePath}${HT}Action=AppendData
```

The format of the content in the compressed package is the same as that of distributed data commands, such as

```
C:123:DATA UPDATE USERINFO PIN=1      Name=1    Pri=0    Passwd
=1      Grp=1
        C:124:DATA UPDATE FINGERTMP   PIN=1      FID=11    SIZE=
28 VALID=1 TMP=c2FmZHNhd3Jyd3J1cmVyZXJ1cnc=
        C:125:DATA UPDATE FACE     PIN=1      FID=0      SIZE=28 V
ALID=1 TMP=c2FmZHNhd3Jyd3J1cmVyZXJ1cnc=
        C:126:DATA UPDATE FACE     PIN=1      FID=1      SIZE=28 V
ALID=1 TMP=c2FmZHNhd3Jyd3J1cmVyZXJ1cnc=
        C:127:DATA UPDATE FACE     PIN=1      FID=2      SIZE=28 V
ALID=1 TMP=c2FmZHNhd3Jyd3J1cmVyZXJ1cnc=
        C:128:DATA UPDATE FACE     PIN=1      FID=3      SIZE=28 V
ALID=1 TMP=c2FmZHNhd3Jyd3J1cmVyZXJ1cnc=
        C:129:DATA UPDATE FACE     PIN=1      FID=4      SIZE=28 V
ALID=1 TMP=c2FmZHNhd3Jyd3J1cmVyZXJ1cnc=
        C:130:DATA UPDATE FACE     PIN=1      FID=5      SIZE=28 V
ALID=1 TMP=c2FmZHNhd3Jyd3J1cmVyZXJ1cnc=
        C:131:DATA UPDATE FACE     PIN=1      FID=6      SIZE=28 V
ALID=1 TMP=c2FmZHNhd3Jyd3J1cmVyZXJ1cnc=
        C:132:DATA UPDATE FACE     PIN=1      FID=7      SIZE=28 V
ALID=1 TMP=c2FmZHNhd3Jyd3J1cmVyZXJ1cnc=
        C:133:DATA UPDATE FACE     PIN=1      FID=8      SIZE=28 V
ALID=1 TMP=c2FmZHNhd3Jyd3J1cmVyZXJ1cnc=
        C:134:DATA UPDATE FACE     PIN=1      FID=9      SIZE=28 V
ALID=1 TMP=c2FmZHNhd3Jyd3J1cmVyZXJ1cnc=
        C:135:DATA UPDATE FACE     PIN=1      FID=10     SIZE=28 V
ALID=1 TMP=c2FmZHNhd3Jyd3J1cmVyZXJ1cnc=
        C:136:DATA UPDATE FACE     PIN=1      FID=11     SIZE=28 V
ALID=1 TMP=c2FmZHNhd3Jyd3J1cmVyZXJ1cnc=
.....
```

The format of returned content is:

#### Returned Content

```
ID=${XXX}${LF}Return=${XXX}${LF}CMD=PutFile
```

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description
Return=\${XXX}	Size of returned file.

## 12.6 Remote Enrollment Command

### 12.6.1 Enrolling User Fingerprint

The fingerprint enrollment is initiated by the server and conducted on the client. The command format is:

The command format is:

#### Function

```
C:${CmdID}:ENROLL_FP${SP}PIN=${XXX}${HT}FID=${XXX}${HT}RETRY=${XXX}${HT}OVERWRITE=${XXX}
```

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description				
ENROLL_FP	used to describe this command				
PIN=\${XXX}	Enrolled user ID				
FID=\${XXX}	Enrolled fingerprint number				
RETRY=\${XXX}	Number of retries required if enrollment fails				
OVERWRITE=\${XXX}	Whether to overwrite the fingerprint. <table border="1" data-bbox="571 1403 1373 1538"> <tr> <td><b>0</b></td> <td>means the fingerprint of corresponding user exists and will not be overwritten and error information is returned</td> </tr> <tr> <td><b>1</b></td> <td>means the fingerprint of corresponding user exists and will be overwritten</td> </tr> </table>	<b>0</b>	means the fingerprint of corresponding user exists and will not be overwritten and error information is returned	<b>1</b>	means the fingerprint of corresponding user exists and will be overwritten
<b>0</b>	means the fingerprint of corresponding user exists and will not be overwritten and error information is returned				
<b>1</b>	means the fingerprint of corresponding user exists and will be overwritten				

For how the result of command execution is replied, see the Reply Command function. For the Return value, see Appendix 1.

The format of returned content is:

#### Returned Content

```
ID=${XXX}&Return=${XXX}&CMD=ENROLL_FP
```

## 12.6.2 Enrolling Card Number

The card number enrollment is initiated by the server and conducted on the client. The command format is:

### Function

C:XXX:ENROLL\_MF PIN=%s\tRETRY=%d

**Example:** C:123:ENROLL\_MF PIN=408\tRETRY=3

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description															
PIN	User ID															
RETRY	Number of retries.  <table border="1"><thead><tr><th>Value</th><th>Description</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>0</td><td>Command executed successfully</td></tr><tr><td>-1</td><td>Parameter error</td></tr><tr><td>-3</td><td>Access error</td></tr><tr><td>4</td><td>Register failed retries</td></tr><tr><td>5</td><td>Log out over time</td></tr><tr><td>6</td><td>Click Esc to exit the registration screen</td></tr></tbody></table>		Value	Description	0	Command executed successfully	-1	Parameter error	-3	Access error	4	Register failed retries	5	Log out over time	6	Click Esc to exit the registration screen
Value	Description															
0	Command executed successfully															
-1	Parameter error															
-3	Access error															
4	Register failed retries															
5	Log out over time															
6	Click Esc to exit the registration screen															

For how the result of command execution is replied, see the Reply Command function. For the Return value, see Appendix 1.

The format of returned content is:

### Returned Content

ID=\${XXX}&Return=\${XXX}&CMD=ENROLL\_MF

## 12.6.3 Enrolling Face, Palm Print (Unified Templates)

The fingerprint enrollment is initiated by the server and conducted on the client.

The command format is:

### Function

```
ENROLL_BIO TYPE=%?PIN=%?CardNo=%?\tRETRY=%?\tOVERWRITE=%?
```

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description	
	Value	Description
TYPE	0	/**< General template */
	1	/**< Fingerprint */
	2	/**< Face */
	3	/**< Voice */
	4	/**< Iris */
	5	/**< Retina */
	6	/**< Palm vein */
	7	/**< Finger vein */
	8	/**< Palm print */
	9	/**< Visible light face */
PIN	Enrolled user ID	
CardNo	Enrolled card number	
RETRY	Number of retries required if enrollment fails	
OVERWRITE	Whether to overwrite the face. <b>0</b> means the face of corresponding user exists and will not be overwritten and error information is returned. <b>1</b> means the face of corresponding user exists and will be overwritten	

For how the result of command execution is replied, see the Reply Command function. For the Return value, see Appendix 1.

The format of returned content is:

### Returned Content

```
ID=${XXX}&Return=${XXX}&CMD=ENROLL_BIO
```

## 12.7 Control Command

### 12.7.1 Rebooting the Client

To reboot the client, the command format is:

#### Function

C: \${CmdID}: REBOOT

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description
REBOOT	is used to describe this command.

For how the result of command execution is replied, see the Reply Command function. For the Return value, see Appendix 1.

The format of returned content is:

#### Returned Content

ID=\${XXX} &Return=\${XXX} &CMD=REBOOT

### 12.7.2 Outputting the Door Unlocking Signal

The access equipment outputs the door unlocking signal. The command format is:

#### Function

C: \${CmdID}: AC\_UNLOCK

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description
AC_UNLOCK	is used to describe this command.

For how the result of command execution is replied, see the Reply Command function. For the Return value, see Appendix 1.

The format of returned content is:

**Returned Content**

```
ID=${XXX}&Return=${XXX}&CMD=AC_UNLOCK
```

### 12.7.3 Canceling the Alarm Signal Output

The access equipment cancels the alarm signal output. The command format is:

**Function**

```
C: ${CmdID}: AC_UNALARM
```

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Description
AC_UNALARM	is used to describe this command.

For how the result of command execution is replied, see the Reply Command function. For the Return value, see Appendix 1.

The format of returned content is:

**Returned Content**

```
ID=${XXX}&Return=${XXX}&CMD=AC_UNALARM
```

## 12.8 Other Commands

### 12.8.1 Executing the System Command

The server issues operating system commands which are supported by the client which send execution results to the server. The command format is:

**Function**

```
C: ${CmdID}: SHELL${SP}${SystemCmd}
```

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Description
SHELL	is used to describe this command.
\${SystemCmd}	Operating system command. For example, when the client is linux system, 1s is supported

For how the result of command execution is replied, see the Reply Command function. For the Return value, see Appendix 1.

The format of returned content is:

**Returned Content**

```
ID=${XXX}${LF}SN=${SerialNumber}${LF}Return=${XXX}${LF}CMD=Shell${LF}FILEN  
AME=shellout.txt${LF}Content=${XXX}
```

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Description
Return=\${XXX}	The value is the returned value for the system command.
Content=\${XXX}	The value is the output content of the system command.

## 12.8.2 Online Update

Application scenario: Firmware used to remotely upgrade client devices from server software.

**Method 1**

Remotely upgrade the client's firmware, compatible controller and new architecture all-in-one machine. Upgrade files need to be converted by the server and then sent to the client.

The command format is:

**Function**

//The server issues the command

```
C:${CmdID}:UPGRADE$(SP)checksum=${XXX},url=${URL},size=${XXX}
```

// The client downloads the upgrade package from the URL that comes with the command

```
GET /iclock/file?SN=${SerialNumber}&url=${URL} HTTP/1.1
```

.....  
// The client uploads the execution results  
ID=\${CmdID}&Return=\${XXX}&CMD=UPGRADE

## Annotation

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description
Checksum	Represents md5 checksum
Url	Represents the download resource address of the upgrade file, and the upgrade file name is emfw.cfg
Size	Represents the original file size

## Remarks

In this method, the firmware update file is converted to base64 format data by the server when it is issued. The file that the client receives needs to be converted to binary format and named emfw.cfg.

## Example

### Function

// The server issues the firmware upgrade command

C:384:UPGRADE

checksum=a5bf4dcd6020f408589224274aab132d,url=http\*//localhost\*8088\fireware\F20\admin\emfw.cfg,size=2312

// The client requests to download the upgrade package

GET  
/iclock/file?SN=3383154200002&url=http://192.168.213.17:8088/fireware/F20/admin/emfw.cfg

HTTP/1.1

Cookie: token=af65a75608cf5b80fb3b48f0b4df95a

Host: 192.168.213.17:8088

.....

// The client uploads successful execution results

ID=384&Return=0&CMD=UPGRADE

## Method 2

Remote upgrade client firmware, directly obtain files, no need to transfer format, the client directly obtain files.

The command format is:

### Function

//The server issues the command

```
C:${CmdID}:UPGRADE$(SP)type=1,checksum=${XXX},size=${XXX},url=$(URL)
```

// The client requests to download the upgrade package

```
GET /iclock/file?SN=$(SerialNumber)&url=$(URL) HTTP/1.1
```

```
Cookie: token=af65a75608cf5b80fbb3b48f0b4df95a
```

```
Host: 192.168.213.17:8088
```

.....

// The client uploads the execution results

```
ID=${CmdID}&Return=${XXX}&CMD=UPGRADE
```

### Annotation

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description
Type: 1	means to get the upgrade file from the url. For the time being, only 1 is supported.
Checksum	Represents md5 checksum
Url	Represents the download resource address of the upgrade file, and the upgrade file name is emfw.cfg
Size	represents the upgrade package size

### Remarks

In this method, what the client gets directly is the firmware update file, which does not need to be converted to another format.

## Example

### Function

// The server issues the firmware upgrade command

C:123:UPGRADE

type=1,checksum=oqoier9883kjankdefi894eu,size=6558,url=http://192.168.0.13:89/data/emfw.cfg

// The client requests to download the upgrade package

GET /iclock/file?SN=3383154200002&url=http://192.168.0.13:89/data/emfw.cfg  
HTTP/1.1

Cookie: token=af65a75608cf5b80fbb3b48f0b4df95a

Host: 192.168.0.13:89

.....

// The client uploads successful execution results

ID=384&Return=0&CMD=UPGRADE

## Method 3

Remotely upgrade the client's firmware, and obtain files in a subcontracted pull mode, without format conversion, and the client directly obtains the files. The subcontracting pull process refers to the Range protocol of HTTP, and the process is as follows:

1. The device side specifies RANGE in the HTTP Header: xx-xx specifies the byte range of the upgrade package to be pulled.
2. The software side parses the RANGE specified in the HTTP Header, and returns the upgrade package data in the specified range to the device side.
3. The device side pulls 1M of data each time by default, and the maximum one-time use of 1M memory, which solves the problem of insufficient memory caused by the device pulling large data packets at one time.

The command format is:

### Function

// The server issues the command

```
C:${CmdID}:UPGRADE$(SP)checksum=${XXX},size=${XXX},url=${URL},supportsubco
ntracting=${XXX}

// The client requests to download the upgrade package

GET ${URL} HTTP/1.1

Cookie: token=af65a75608cf5b80fbb3b48f0b4df95a

Host: 192.168.213.17:8088

.....
// The client uploads the execution results

ID=${CmdID}&Return=${XXX}&CMD=UPGRADE
```

## Annotation

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Description
Checksum	Represents md5 checksum
Url	Represents the download resource address of the upgrade file, and the upgrade file name is emfw.cfg
Size	represents the upgrade package size
Supportsubcontracting	Represents whether the software supports the upgrade package subcontracting protocol (0: not supported, 1: supported)

## Remarks

In this method, what the client gets directly is the firmware update file, which does not need to be converted to another format.

## Example

### Function

// The server issues the firmware upgrade command

C:123:UPGRADE

checksum=oqoier9883kjankdefi894eu,size=6558,url=http://192.168.0.13:89/data/emfw.cfg

// The client requests to download the upgrade package

The client requests to download the upgrade package:

GET http://192.168.0.13:89/data/emfw.cfg HTTP/1.1

Cookie: token=af65a75608cf5b80fbb3b48f0b4df95a

```

Host: 192.168.0.13:89
.....
// The client uploads successful execution results
ID=384&Return=0&CMD=UPGRADE

```

### 12.8.3 Background Verification

Application scenario: After the fingerprint/face verification on the attendance device is successful, the personnel number will be uploaded to the back-end system by push, and the back-end system will return a result (whether the verification is allowed or not) to the attendance device after receiving the personnel number for logical judgment.

The command format is:

#### Function

// Client data sending

```

POST /iclock/cdata?SN=${SerialNumber}&type=PostVerifyData HTTP/1.1
Host: ${ServerIP}:${ServerPort}
.....
${PostData}

```

// Uploaded data

#### Annotation

HTTP request method	GET method
URI	/iclock/cdata
HTTP protocol version	1.1

#### Client configuration information

Parameter	Description
SN	\${Required} Serial number of the client
Type =PostRecordData	means to upload recorded data

Host header field	\${Required}
Other header fields	\${Optional}

## Server Response

HTTP/1.1 200 OK

Date: \${XXX}

Content-Length: \${XXX}

.....

OK

## Annotation

HTTP status line	Defined with standard HTTP protocol
HTTP response header field	
Date header field	<b> \${Required}</b> uses this header field to synchronize server time, and the time format uses GMT format, such as Date: Fri, 03 Jul 2015 06:53:01 GMT
Content-Length header field	According to the HTTP 1.1, this header field is generally used to specify the data length of the response entity. If the response entity size is uncertain, head fields of Transfer-Encoding: chunked, Content-Length and Transfer-Encoding are supported, all of which are standard definitions of HTTP and are not described in details here
Response entity	When the server normally receives data and successfully processes data, OK is replied. When an error occurs, the error description is replied
Parameter configuration	PostSelfDefineDataType=PostVerifyData

## 13 Command Reply

After Getting Command Issued by the Server, the client needs to reply corresponding command.

### Client Request

<b>Post http</b>	POST /iclock/devicecmd?SN=\${SerialNumber}
<b>Host</b>	\${ServerIP} : \${ServerPort} \${CmdRecord}

### Annotation

<b>HTTP Request Method</b>	GET method
<b>URI</b>	/iclock/devicecmd
<b>HTTP protocol version</b>	1.1

### Client Configuration Information

Parameter	Required/ Optional	Description						
SN	\${Required}	Serial number of the client						
Host head field	\${Required}							
Content-Length header field	\${Required}							
Other header fields	\${Optional}							
Response entity	\${CmdRecord}	<p>record of replied commands. The reply content all contains the ID\Return\CMD information, with the following meanings.</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>ID</td><td>Number of the command issued by the client</td></tr> <tr> <td>Return</td><td>Returned result after the client executes the command</td></tr> <tr> <td>CMD</td><td>Description of the command issued by the server</td></tr> </table> <p>A small number of replies contain other information. For specific reply content format, see the</p>	ID	Number of the command issued by the client	Return	Returned result after the client executes the command	CMD	Description of the command issued by the server
ID	Number of the command issued by the client							
Return	Returned result after the client executes the command							
CMD	Description of the command issued by the server							

		description of each command.
\${LF} is used to connect multiple command reply records		

## Server Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Date: ${XXX}
Content-Length: 2
.....
OK
```

## Annotation

<b>HTTP status line</b>	Defined with standard HTTP protocol
<b>HTTP response header field</b>	
<b>Date header field</b>	\${Required} This header field is used for synchronization with the server time, in GMT format. For example, Date: Fri, 03 Jul 2015 06:53: 01 GMT
<b>Content-Length header field</b>	Based on HTTP 1.1, this header field is usually used to specify the data length of the response entity. If the response entity size is uncertain, head fields of Transfer-Encoding: chunked, Content-Length and Transfer-Encoding are supported, all of which are standard definitions of HTTP and are not described in details here

## Example

### Client Request

<b>Post http</b>	POST /iclock/devicecmd?SN=0316144680030 HTTP/1.1
<b>Host</b>	58.250.50.81: 8011
<b>User-Agent</b>	iClock Proxy/1.09
<b>Connection</b>	close
<b>Accept</b>	*/*
<b>Content-Length</b>	143
	ID=info8487&Return=0&CMD=DATA ID=info8488&Return=0&CMD=DATA ID=info8489&Return=0&CMD=DATA ID=info7464&Return=0&CMD=DATA

ID=fp7464&Return=0&CMD=DATA
-----------------------------

## Server Response

```
Host: A response from the server:  
HTTP/1.1 200 OK  
Server: nginx/1.6.0  
Date: Tue, 30 Jun 2015 01: 24: 48 GMT  
Content-Type: text/plain  
Content-Length: 2  
Connection: close  
Pragma: no-cache  
Cache-Control: no-store  
OK
```

## 14 Remote Attendance

When attendance is required for a user on a business trip and no information about this user is stored in the attendance machine, the user can check on attendance remotely.

### Current Application Scenario

The user uses the attendance machine keypad to directly enter ID and press OK, and then the attendance machine requests the server to issue all information about this user (basic information and fingerprint information). After that, the user checks on attendance. After being downloaded, the user information is stored in the attendance machine for a period of time. The saving time is set via a parameter. After this period of time, the user information will be deleted.

### Client Request

<b>Post http</b>	GET/iclock/cdata?SN=\${SerialNumber}&table=RemoteAtt&PIN=\${XXX} HTTP/1.1
<b>Host</b>	\${ServerIP}: \${ServerPort}

### Annotation

<b>HTTP request method</b>	GET method
<b>URI</b>	/iclock/cdata
<b>HTTP protocol version</b>	1.1

### Client configuration information

<b>SN</b>	\${Required} Serial number of the client
<b>table=RemoteAtt</b>	Acquiring user information for remote attendance
<b>PIN=\${XXX}</b>	ID information to be required
<b>Host head field</b>	\${Required}
<b>Other header fields</b>	\${Optional}

### Server Response

When user information exists, the reply information is:  
 HTTP/1.1 200 OK  
 Date: \${XXX}

```
Content-Length: ${XXX}
```

```
.....
```

```
DATA${SP}UPDATE${SP}USERINFO${SP}PIN=${XXX}${HT}Name=${XXX}${HT}Passwd=${XX  
X}${HT}Card=${XXX}${HT}Grp=${XXX}${HT}TZ=${XXX}${HT}Pri=${XXX}  
DATA${SP}UPDATE${SP}FINGERTMP${SP}PIN=${XXX}${HT}FID=${XXX}${HT}Size=${XXX}  
${HT}Valid=${XXX}${HT}TMP=${XXX}  
OK
```

Annotation: \${LF} is used to connect multiple data records of the response entity. For specific data format, see Issuing User Information and Issuing Fingerprint Template.



## Appendix 1

Error Code	Description
0	Successful
-1	The parameter is incorrect.
-2	The transmitted user photo data does not match the given size.
-3	Reading or writing is incorrect.
-9	The transmitted template data does not match the given size.
-10	The user specified by PIN does not exist in the equipment.
-11	The fingerprint template format is illegal.
-12	The fingerprint template is illegal.
-30	The integrated template algorithm's version is inconsistent.
-1001	Limited capacity
-1002	Not supported by the equipment
-1003	Command execution timeout
-1004	The data and equipment configuration are inconsistent.
-1005	The equipment is busy.
-1006	The data is too long.
-1007	Memory error
-1008	Failed to get server data

Enroll_FP/Enroll_BIO Error Code	Description
2	Enroll Fingerprint: Fingerprints of the user already exist.
4	Enroll Fingerprint: Registration fails, usually caused by the inferior quality of fingerprints or the inconsistency of the three fingerprints.
5	Enroll Fingerprint: Registered fingerprints already exist in the fingerprint database.
6	Enroll Fingerprint: Registration is cancelled.
7	Enroll Fingerprint: Registration cannot proceed due to the busy device.

<b>PutFile ( Action=SyncData ) Error Code</b>	<b>Description</b>
n > 0	Data is synchronized, with n commands successfully processed.

## Appendix 2

Language number	Meaning
83	Simplified Chinese
69	English
97	Spanish
70	French
66	Arabic
80	Portuguese
82	Russian
71	German
65	Persian
76	Thai
73	Indonesian
74	Japanese
75	Korean
86	Vietnamese
116	Turkish
72	Hebrew
90	Czech
68	Dutch
105	Italian

89	Slovak
103	Greek
112	Polish
84	Traditional Chinese

## Appendix 3

Operation code	Meaning
0	Startup
1	Shutdown
2	Authentication fails
3	Alarm
4	Access menu
5	Change settings
6	Enroll fingerprint
7	Enroll password
8	Enroll HID card
9	Delete user
10	Delete fingerprint
11	Delete password
12	Delete RF card
13	Clear data
14	Create MF card
15	Enroll MF card
16	Register MF card
17	Delete MF card registration

18	Clear MF card content
19	Move enrolled data into the card
20	Copy data in the card to the machine
21	Set time
22	Delivery configuration
23	Delete entry and exit records
24	Clear administrator privilege
25	Modify access group settings
26	Modify user access settings
27	Modify access time period
28	Modify unlocking combination settings
29	Unlock
30	Enroll a new user
31	Change fingerprint attribute
32	Duress alarm
33	Doorbell call
34	Anti-passback
35	Delete attendance photo
36	Modify other user information
37	Holidays
38	Restore data
39	Backup data
40	U-disk upload
41	U-disk download
42	U-disk attendance record encryption
43	Delete records after successful download
53	Exit button

54	Door sensor
55	Alarm
56	Recovery parameters
68	Register user photo
69	Edit user photo
70	Modify user name
71	Modify user permissions
76	Modify network settings IP
77	Modify network settings mask
78	Modify network settings gateway
79	Modify network settings DNS
80	Modify connection settings password
81	Modify connection settings device ID
82	Modify cloud server address
83	Modify cloud server port
87	Modify access control record settings
88	Modify face parameter icon
89	Modify fingerprint parameter icon
90	Modify finger vein parameter icon
91	Modify palmprint parameter icon
92	U-disk upgrade icon
100	Modify RF card information
101	Enroll face
102	Modify personnel permissions
103	Delete personnel permissions
104	Add personnel permissions
105	Delete access control records

106	Delete face
107	Delete personnel photo
108	Modify parameters
109	Select WIFISSID
110	proxy enable
111	proxyip modification
112	Proxy port modification
113	Change personnel password
114	Modify face information
115	Change operator's password
116	Restore access control settings
117	The operator password is entered incorrectly
118	operator password lock
120	Modify the data length of the Legic card
121	Register finger vein
122	Modify finger vein
123	Delete finger vein
124	Register palmprint
125	Modify palmprint
126	Delete palmprint

## Appendix 4

Operation code	Operation object 1	Operation object 2	Operation object 3	Operation object 4
2	If 1:1 authentication is used, this is user ID.			
3	Alarm	For alarm causes, see Appendix 5.		
5	Sequence number of modified setting item	Value after modification		
6	User ID	Sequence number of the fingerprint	Length of the fingerprint template	
9	User ID			
10	User ID			
11	User ID			
12	User ID			

## Appendix 5

Alarm reason	Meaning
50	Door Close Detected
51	Door Open Detected
53	Out Door Button
54	Door Broken Accidentally
55	Machine Been Broken
58	Try Invalid Verification
65535	Alarm Cancelled

# Appendix 6

## Protocol version rules

- **Released version of the protocol:**

2.2.14

2.3.0

2.4.0

2.4.1

Encryption protocol version: 2.4.0 and above

- **Device end:**

The device pushes the protocol version currently used by push to the server through the following protocol

`GET /iclock/cdata?SN=${SerialNumber}&options=all&pushver=${XXX}&language=${XXX}&pushcommkey=${XXX}`

The server returns the release protocol version used by the server for this request and returns the protocol version to the device.

PushProtVer= XXX. If this parameter is not returned, the default protocol version used by the server is 2.2.14.

The device interacts with the lower version based on the version of the protocol used by the current push and that returned by the server.

- **Server-side:**

The server side obtains the protocol version used by push on the device side according to the following request. If there is no pushver field, then the default device USES the 2.2.14 protocol version.

`GET /iclock/cdata?SN=${SerialNumber}&options=all&pushver=${XXX}&language=${XXX}&pushcommkey=${XXX}`

The service side need to return which released software use protocol version:

PushProtVer = XXX

The server interacts with the lower version based on the protocol version used by the software and the one uploaded by the device.

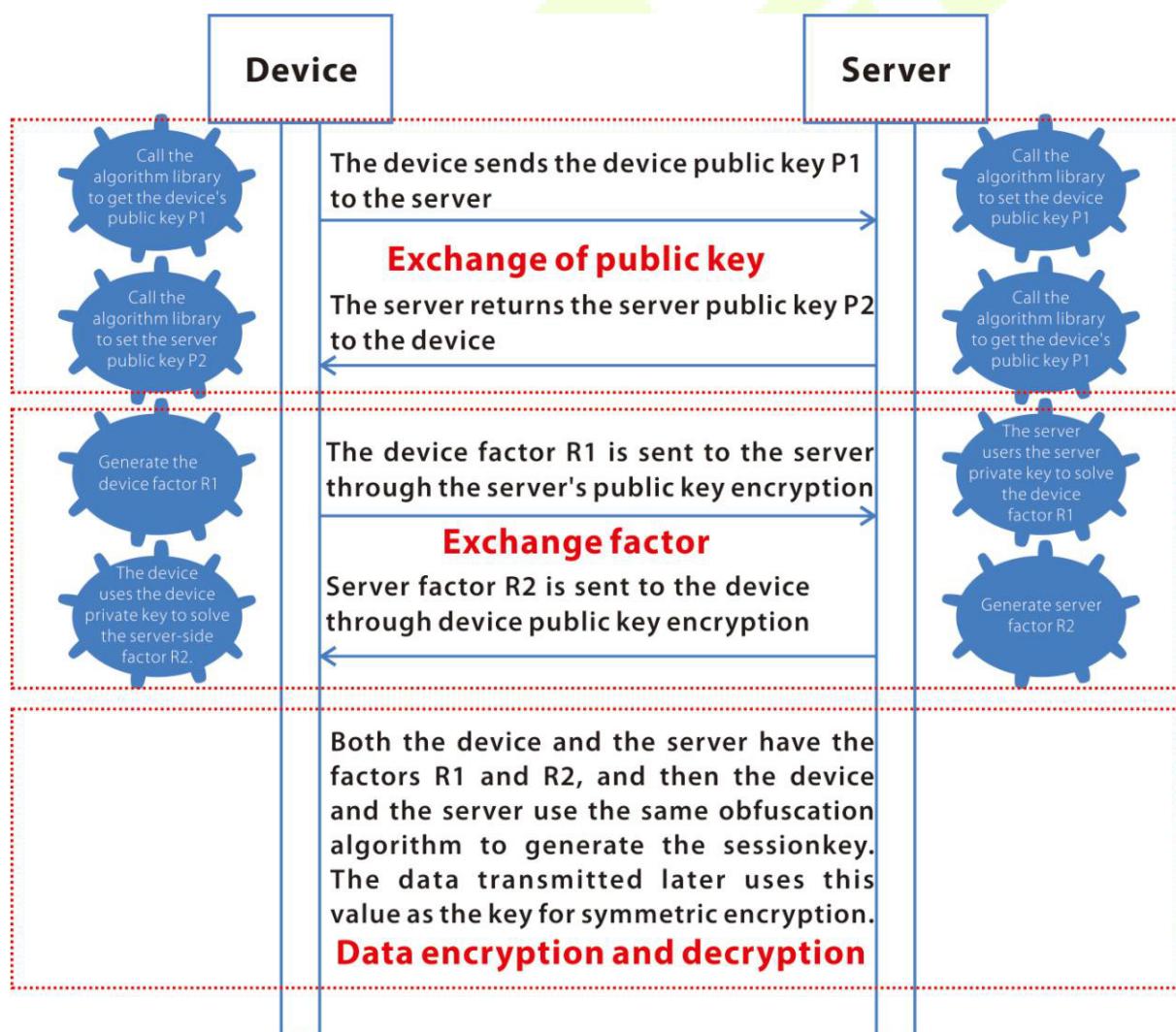
## Appendix 7

Verification	Description
0	Finger vein or face or fingerprint or card or password (automatic identification)
1	Only fingerprint
2	User ID verification
3	Only password
4	Only card
5	Fingerprint or password
6	Fingerprints or card
7	Card or password
8	User ID + fingerprint
9	Fingerprint + password
10	Card + fingerprint
11	Card + password
12	Fingerprint + password + card
13	User ID + fingerprint + password
14	User ID + fingerprint or Card + fingerprint
15	Face
16	Face + fingerprint
17	Face + password
18	Face + card
19	Face + fingerprint + card
20	Face + fingerprint + password
21	Finger vein
22	Finger vein + password
23	Finger vein + card

24	Finger vein + password + card
25	Palm print
26	Palm print + card
27	Palm print + face
28	Palm print + fingerprint
29	Palm print + fingerprint + face
200	Other

## Appendix 8

### Data encryption key exchange scheme

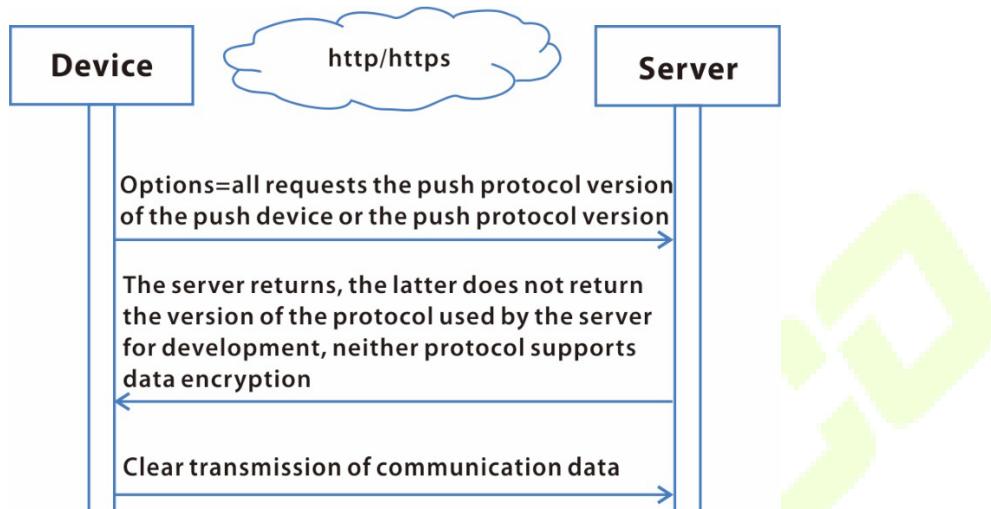


- Algorithm: Encryption algorithm library will be unified packaging, the device used for the static library.
- Scheme:
  - a) The asymmetric encrypted public-private key is initialized when the device and server reconnect.
  - b) The device and server exchange public keys:
    - The device sends the device public key P1 to the server.
    - The server returns the server public key P2 to the device.
    - Complete the public key exchange. Both the device and the server have public keys P1 and P2.
  - c) Device and server exchange factors:
    - The device generates the factor R1 and sends it to the server via the server's public key encryption.
    - The server uses the server private key to solve the device factor R1.
    - The server generates factor R2 and sends it to the device through the device's public key encryption.
    - The device uses the device private key to solve the server factor R2.
    - Complete the factor exchange. Both the device and the server have factors R1 and R2.
  - d) Device and server at the same time have factor R1, R2, and then confused device and a server using the same algorithm was born into a session key (sessionKey), after the transfer of data to value as the symmetric encryption keys.

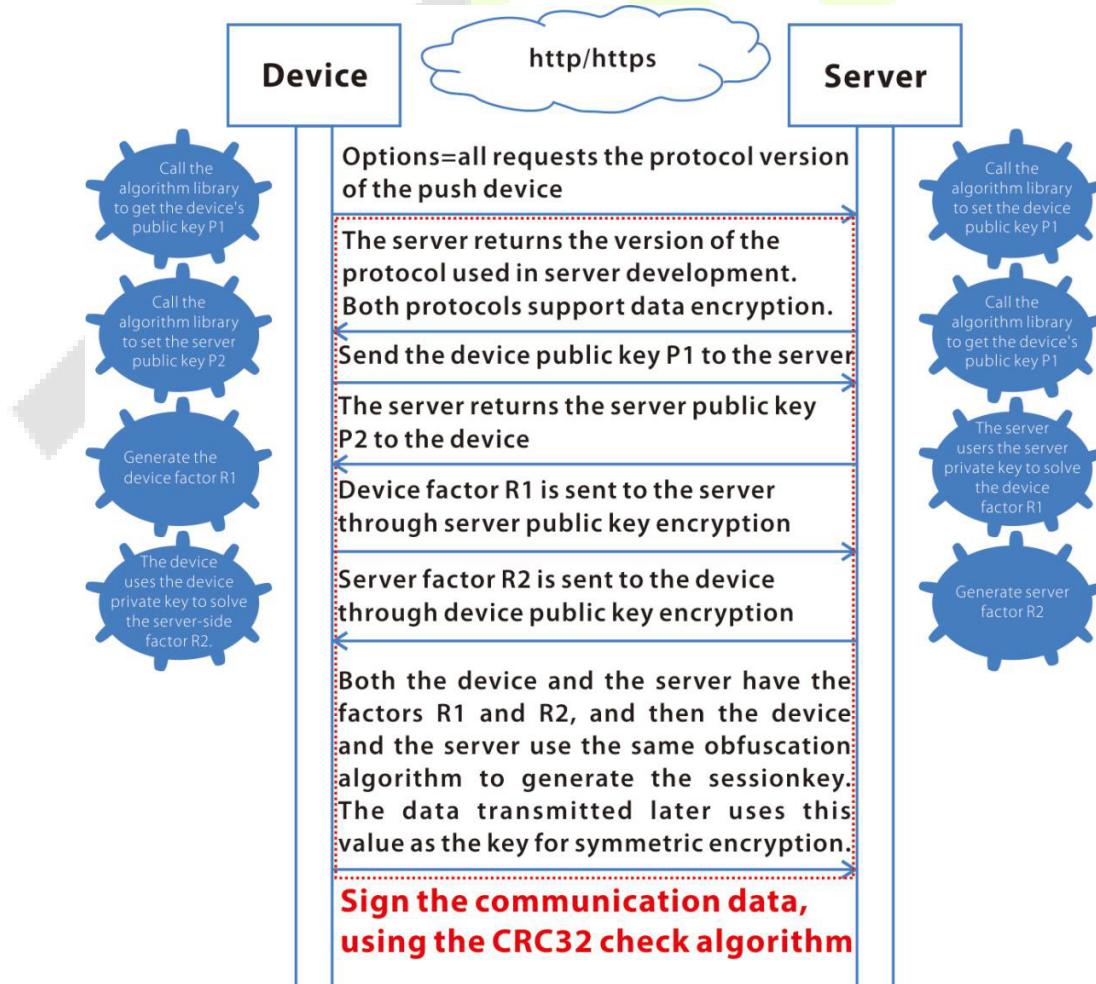
## Compatibility scheme

Compatibility is achieved according to the protocol version used by the device and server, as follows:

### Case 1



### Case 2



**Annotation:**

- a) The device determines whether to use HTTPS or HTTP based on the server address set.
- b) In the first request protocol header of the existing device, pushver field is added to the current communication protocol version number of the device, and PushProtVer is added to the data returned by the software to indicate which protocol version the software was developed on. The device and server take the lowest protocol version and communicate according to the lowest protocol version.
- c) Case 1: When protocol versions of both the server and the device are not supported, explicit transmission of data communication is used.
- d) Case 2: Set a protocol version that supports data encryption. When both the server and the device support the protocol version, use the data encryption scheme.
- e) The order of interaction is as follows:
  - The new protocol exchanges the public keys P1 and P2 of the device and server.
  - The new protocol exchanges the factors R1 and R2 of the device and server.
  - Crc32 verification is carried out for the signature of communication data. Both the device and the server have factors R1 and R2 at the same time. Then, the device and the server use the same obconfusion algorithm to generate sessionKey (sessionKey).

## Appendix 9

Error code	Description
00000000	Succeed
D01E0001	Face detection failed
D01E0002	Face occlusion
D01E0003	Lack of clarity
D01E0004	Face angle is too big
D01E0005	Live detection failed
D01E0006	Extraction template failed

According to the error code generation end + module + type + error value definition

### **Error generator (first)**

D: error code returned by the device

S: error code returned by the software

### **Module (2nd ~ 3rd)**

#### **Device-end:**

01: PUSH communication module

02: Template processing module

03: Hardware interaction module

04: PULL communication module

05: Offline communication module

06: Data transfer module

07: Licensing service module

#### **Software-side:**

Undetermined

### **Type (fourth)**

E: ERROR

**Error value (5th ~ 8th)**

Integer data

## Appendix 10 Biometric Type Index Definition

Index	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Type	Common	Fingerprint	Near-infrared face	Voiceprint	Iris	Retina	Palmprint	Finger vein	Palm vein	Visible light face	Visible light palm

Parameter	Description	Description
type	Biometric type Type 1-8 belongs to near-infrared; Type 9-10 belongs to visible light.	0-Common 1-Fingerprint 2-Near-infrared face 3-Voiceprint 4-Iris 5-Retina 6-Palmprint 7-Finger vein 8-Palm vein 9-Visible light face 10-Visible light palm
MultiBioPhotoSupport	Supports biometric photos	The type is defined bit by bit. Different types are separated by colons, 0 means not supported, 1 means supported. Such as: 0: 1: 1: 0: 0: 0: 0: 0: 0: 0, indicating support for near-infrared fingerprint photo and face photo.
MultiBioDataSupport	Supports bio-templates	The type is defined bit by bit. Different types are separated by colons, 0 means not supported, 1 means supported. Such as: 0: 1: 1: 0: 0: 0: 0: 0: 0: 0, indicating support for near-infrared fingerprint template and face template.
MultiBioVersion	Supported algorithms	The type is defined bit by bit. Different types are separated by colons, 0 means not supported, non-0 means supported version number. Such as: 0: 10: 0: 7: 0: 0: 0: 0: 0: 0: 0, indicating support for fingerprint algorithm10.0 and near-infrared face algorithm7.0.
MaxMultiBioDataCount	Supports maximum number of bio-templates.	The type is defined bit by bit. Different types are separated by colons, 0 means not supported, non-0 means supported maximum capacity. Such as: 0: 10000: 3000: 0: 0: 0: 0: 0: 0: 0, indicating support for the maximum number of fingerprint templates is 10000 and the maximum

		number of near-infrared face templates is 3000.
MaxMultiBioPhotoCount	Supports maximum number of biometric photos.	The type is defined bit by bit. Different types are separated by colons, 0 means not supported, non-0 means supported maximum capacity. Such as: 0: 10000: 3000: 0: 0: 0: 0: 0: 0: 0, indicating support for the maximum number of fingerprint photos is 10000 and the maximum number of near-infrared face photos is 3000.
MultiBioDataCount	The current capacity of bio-templates	The type is defined bit by bit. Different types are separated by colons. Such as: 0: 10000: 3000: 0: 0: 0: 0: 0: 0: 0, indicating the current number of fingerprint templates is 10000 and the current number of near-infrared face templates is 3000.
MultiBioPhotoCount	The current capacity of biometric photos	The type is defined bit by bit. Different types are separated by colons. Such as: 0: 10000: 3000: 0: 0: 0: 0: 0: 0: 0, indicating the current number of fingerprint photos is 10000 and the current number of near-infrared face photos is 3000.

ZKTeco Industrial Park, No. 32, Industrial Road,  
Tangxia Town, Dongguan, China.

Phone : +86 769 - 82109991

Fax : +86 755 - 89602394

[www.zkteco.com](http://www.zkteco.com)

