

A Fast Quantum Circuit Simulator

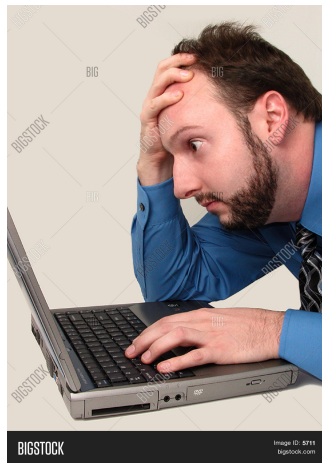
Pagonis Alexandros

Hack-Q-Thon (Q-munity)

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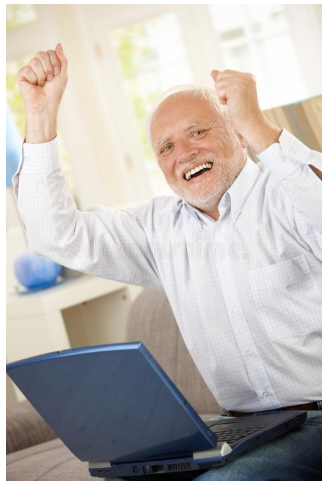
A fast simulator

- Are you tired of your slow python-written Quantum Simulator?
- 10 Qubits seem like a pipe-dream to you?
- Do you want to optimize your Quantum Circuits in a jiffy?



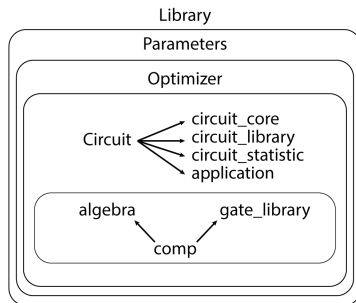
Designing Principles

- 1 Choose a fast language:
C++ seems perfect.
- 2 Keep it simple (imitate
PennyLane's syntax)
- 3 Keep it flexible and
organized.
- 4 Make it open-source
- 5 Make it fast. Squeeze every
bit of performance.



What it contains

- 1 A fast complex number and linear algebra library
- 2 A basic gate library
- 3 A circuit class with core utilities
- 4 A circuit back-propagation algorithm
- 5 Built-in Circuit Optimizers



What do we need? (Part 1)

Compress the layers into as few as possible. Keep track of qubits' last available position. Push everything to the left.

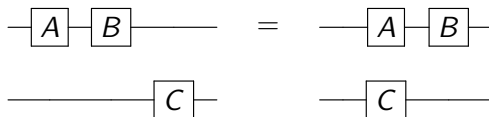


Figure: Layer compression

What do we need? (Part 2)

A **permutation** algorithm to apply layer-gate on our state vector (fill empty "wires" with Identity)

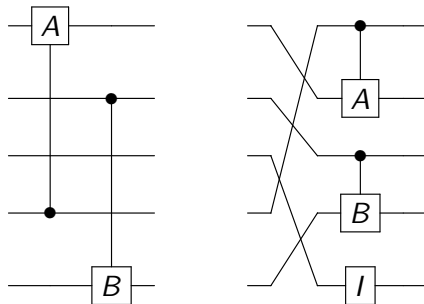


Figure: Permutation Algorithm

What do we need? (Part 3)

A good **Back-Propagation**
Algorithm for parametric
circuit optimization

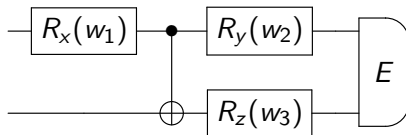
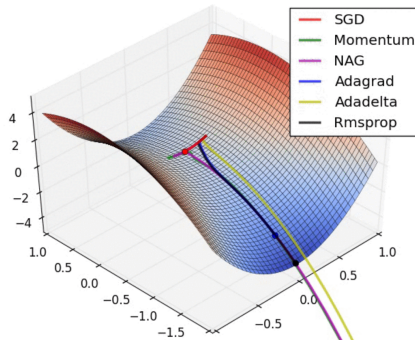


Figure: Find ∇E

What do we need? (Part 4)

Built-in **optimizers** (Adam, GD, Adagrad for the moment)



Example (Part 1)

Define parameters. Use an extra qubit to produce pseudo-non-linearity

```
#define N_QUBITS 5           // 4+1 ancillary
#define DEPTH      6
#define MY_EPOCHS 2500

// predefined in gate_library
SqMatrix Y = matrix_Y;
SqMatrix X = matrix_X;
SqMatrix Z = matrix_Z;
SqMatrix I = matrix_I;
```

Example (Part 2)

Construct **H2** Hamiltonian (Operator '%' is tensor product)

```
SqMatrix Hamiltonian =  
    0.04523279994605781 * Y%Y%Y%Y  
+ 0.04523279994605781 * X%X%Y%Y  
+ 0.04523279994605781 * Y%Y%X%X  
+ 0.04523279994605781 * X%X%X%X  
- 0.8105479805373281 * I%I%I%I  
- 0.22575349222402358 * Z%I%I%I  
+ 0.17218393261915543 * I%Z%I%I  
+ 0.12091263261776633 * Z%Z%I%I  
- 0.22575349222402358 * I%I%Z%I  
+ 0.17464343068300436 * Z%I%Z%I  
+ 0.16614543256382414 * I%Z%Z%I  
+ 0.17218393261915543 * I%I%I%Z  
+ 0.16614543256382414 * Z%I%I%Z  
+ 0.16892753870087904 * I%Z%I%Z  
+ 0.12091263261776633 * I%I%Z%Z;
```

Example (Part 3)

Construct Neural Network with alternating layers

```
// Param Layer / Entang Layer...
// --RY--o---X-----RY--o---X-----
// --RY--X-o-/------RY--X-o-/----etc--
// --RY----X-o-----RY----X-o-----

void make_circuit(Circuit &c, std::vector<c_type> weights) {
    for(unsigned int i = 0; i < DEPTH; ++i) {
        // Parameter Layer
        for(unsigned int j = 0; j < N_QUBITS; ++j)
            c.RY(j, weights[i*DEPTH + j]);
        // Entanglement Layer
        for(unsigned int j = 0; j < N_QUBITS-1; ++j)
            c.CZ(j, j+1);
        c.CZ(N_QUBITS-1, 0);
    }
}
```

Example (Part 4)

Pass it to ADAM optimizer

```
int main()
{
    // initialize random weights
    std::vector<c_type> weights = random_weights(N_QUBITS * DEPTH);

    // optimize
    // qubits, layout, Observable, Obs_qubits,
    // initial weights, epochs
    weights = ADAM( N_QUBITS, make_circuit,
                   Hamiltonian, {0,1,2,3}, weights , MY_EPOCHS);

    return 0;
}
```

Example (Part 5)

Compile code:

```
/tests$ g++ -O3 H2_hamiltonian.cpp  
/tests$ time ./a.out
```

Execute and measure time:

```
Epoch: 2410 <E>: -1.7521  
Epoch: 2420 <E>: -1.75228  
Epoch: 2430 <E>: -1.7525  
Epoch: 2440 <E>: -1.75278  
Epoch: 2450 <E>: -1.75311  
Epoch: 2460 <E>: -1.75349  
Epoch: 2470 <E>: -1.75391  
Epoch: 2480 <E>: -1.75439  
Epoch: 2490 <E>: -1.75491  
Epoch: 2500 <E>: -1.75548  
  
real    0m0.575s  
user    0m0.566s  
sys     0m0.009s
```

Figure: Wow..

Thank you for your time