$$In[\sigma]:= f1[\rho_{-}, n_{-}, l_{-}] := \sqrt{\left(\frac{2 \, \mathsf{Z}}{\mathsf{n} \, \mathsf{a}}\right)^{3} \, \frac{(\mathsf{n} - l - 1) \, !}{2 \, \mathsf{n} \, (\mathsf{n} + l) \, !}}$$

$$\mathsf{Exp}\left[\frac{-\mathsf{Abs}[\rho]}{\mathsf{n}}\right] \left(\frac{2 \, \mathsf{Abs}[\rho]}{\mathsf{n}}\right)^{l} \, \mathsf{LaguerreL}\left[\mathsf{n} - l - 1, \, 2 \, l + 1, \, \frac{2 \, \mathsf{Abs}[\rho]}{\mathsf{n}}\right]$$

Atomic radius of Na:; ionic radius: 154 pm

Metallic sodium: bcc crystal, interatomic distance d=370 pm; ionic radius r0=186 pm

Bohr radius: b= 53 pm

d=370/53 a0= ~7 b distance between adjacent atoms

$$ln[*]:= Z = 11;$$

 $a = 1 / 137;$

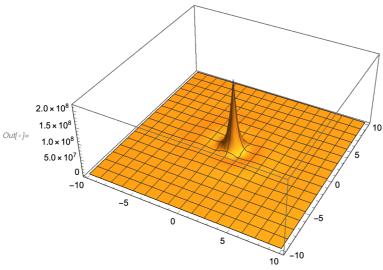
Let's visualize maximally symmetric and antisymmetric wavefunctions φ^+,φ^- based e.g. on the 3d orbital. Sum over 200 adjacent lattice sites.

1-dimensional chain, and...

2 - dimensional lattice (simplified : only radial component of the wavefunction with radial symmetry):

$$ln[s]:= f3[x_, y_, n_, l_] := f1[\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}, n, l]^2;$$

 $In[*]:= Plot3D[f3[x, y, 4, 0], \{x, -10, 10\}, \{y, -10, 10\}, PlotRange \rightarrow Full]$



1s orbital

Let me define a lattice wavefunction as the sum of individual wavefunctions centered at each lattice site (d=7 times the Bohr radius).

$$|\varphi\rangle = \sum_i ci^* |R(r-ri)\rangle$$
.

In the following the R(r) function is named by f1: the argument of the radial wavefunction is taken in its absolute value.

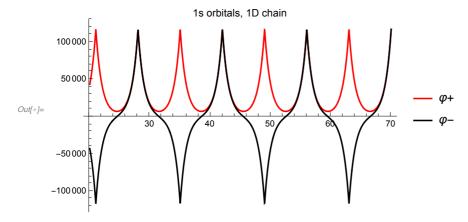
$$ln[*]:= symm1s[r_] = \sum_{i=0}^{200} f1[r-i*7, 1, 0];$$

antisymm1s[r_] =
$$\sum_{i=0}^{200} (-1)^i$$
 f1[r-i*7, 1, 0];

 $ln[\cdot]:= Plot[\{symm1s[r], antisymm1s[r]\}, \{r, 20, 70\},$

PlotRange → Full, PlotStyle → {Red, Black},

PlotLabel \rightarrow "1s orbitals, 1D chain", PlotLegends \rightarrow {" φ +", " φ -"}]



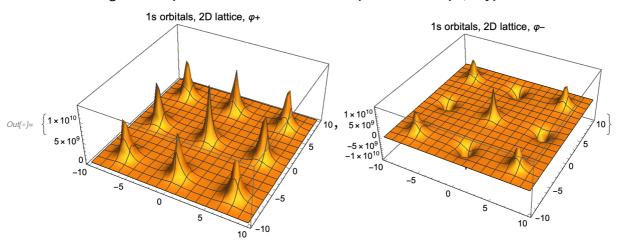
2D lattice: same as for the 1D chain, with an array of atoms spaced by d=7*b. The symmetric/antisymmetric functions are defined nased on f3[x,y].

 $ln[*]:= \{Plot3D[symm2d1s[x, y, 1, 0], \{x, -10, 10\}, \{y, -10, 10\}, \{y,$

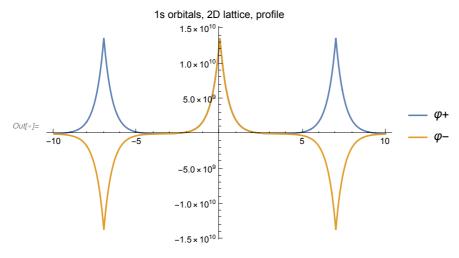
PlotRange \rightarrow Full, PlotLabel \rightarrow "1s orbitals, 2D lattice, φ +"],

 $\label{eq:plot3D} Plot3D[asymm2d1s[x, y, 1, 0], \{x, -10, 10\}, \{y, -10, 10\},$

PlotRange \rightarrow Full, PlotLabel \rightarrow "1s orbitals, 2D lattice, φ -"]}



 $log[w]:= Plot[\{symm2d1s[x, 0, 1, 0], asymm2d1s[x, 0, 1, 0]\}, \{x, -10, 10\}, PlotRange \rightarrow Full, \{x, -10, 10\}, PlotRange \rightarrow Full,$ $PlotLabel \rightarrow "1s \ orbitals, \ 2D \ lattice, \ profile", PlotLegends \rightarrow \{"\varphi+", "\varphi-"\}]$



2s orbital

2p orbital

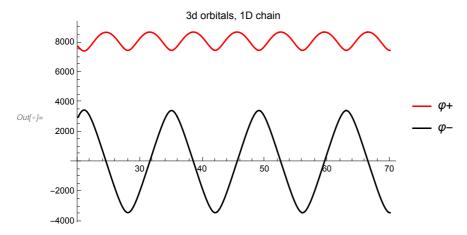
3s orbital

3d orbital

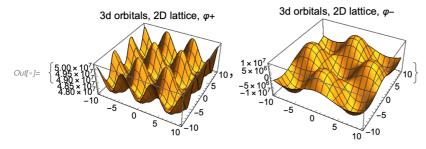
$$ln[*]:= symm3d[r_{-}] = \sum_{i=0}^{200} f1[r-i*7,3,2];$$

$$antisymm3d[r_{-}] = \sum_{i=0}^{200} (-1)^{i} f1[r-i*7,3,2];$$

 $loleright = Plot[\{symm3d[r], antisymm3d[r]\}, \{r, 20, 70\},$ PlotRange → Full, PlotStyle → {Red, Black}, PlotLabel \rightarrow "3d orbitals, 1D chain", PlotLegends \rightarrow {" φ +", " φ -"}]



ln[*]:= {Plot3D[symm2d1s[x, y, 3, 2], {x, -10, 10}, {y, -10, 10}, PlotRange \rightarrow Full, PlotLabel \rightarrow "3d orbitals, 2D lattice, φ +"], Plot3D[asymm2d1s[x, y, 3, 2], $\{x, -10, 10\}, \{y, -10, 10\},\$ PlotRange \rightarrow Full, PlotLabel \rightarrow "3d orbitals, 2D lattice, φ -"]}



 $\textit{lo[*]} = \mathsf{Plot[\{symm2d1s[x, 0, 3, 2], asymm2d1s[x, 0, 3, 2]\}, \{x, -10, 10\}, \mathsf{PlotRange} \rightarrow \mathsf{Full}, \mathsf{PlotRange} \rightarrow \mathsf{PlotRange} \rightarrow$ PlotLabel \rightarrow "3d orbitals, 2D lattice, profile", PlotLegends \rightarrow {" ϕ +", " ϕ -"}]

