

C513214W10  
Aleksander Skowalski

4(1.)  $A = PDP^{-1} \Rightarrow A^k = PD^kP^{-1}$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -6 \\ 2 & -3 \end{bmatrix}^k = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2 \\ 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix}^k \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 2 \\ -2 & 3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2 \\ 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} 3^k & 0 \\ 0 & (-2)^k \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 2 \\ -2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3(-3)^k & -2(-2)^k \\ 2(-3)^k & -(-2)^k \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 2 \\ -2 & 3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -3(-3)^k + 4(-2)^k & 6(-3)^k - 6(-2)^k \\ -2(-3)^k + 2(-2)^k & 4(-3)^k - 3(-2)^k \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\underline{\underline{(-3)^k \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 6 \\ -2 & 4 \end{bmatrix} + (-2)^k \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -6 \\ 2 & -3 \end{bmatrix}}}$$

6(1.) According to the theorem, eigenvalues are entries of diag matrix  $D$ ,  $\lambda = 3, 4$

$$B_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -3 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$B_4 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

8(1.)  $\lambda = 3 \rightarrow A - 3I = 0$

$$\downarrow$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3-3 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 3-3 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \left. \begin{array}{l} x_2 = 0 \\ x_1 \text{ is free} \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow x = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} = x_1 \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

eigenvector for  $\lambda = 3$  is  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$

It is not diagonalizable because the eigenvector does not span  $\mathbb{R}^2$



$$10(1.) \det(A - \lambda I) = (1-\lambda)(2-\lambda) - 12 = 0$$

$$(1-\lambda)(2-\lambda) - 12 = 0$$

$$2 - \lambda - 2\lambda + \lambda^2 - 12 = 0$$

$$\lambda^2 - 3\lambda - 10 = 0$$

$$\lambda = 5 \vee \lambda = -2$$

↓

$$A - 5I = 0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1-5 & 3 & 0 \\ 4 & 2-5 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -4 & 3 \\ 4 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{+1}$$

↓

$$\begin{bmatrix} -4 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad x_2 \text{ is free}$$

$$-4x_1 + 3x_2 = 0$$

$$x_1 = \frac{3}{4}x_2$$

$$x = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} = x_2 \begin{bmatrix} 3/4 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 3/4 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \text{ is eigenvector for } \lambda = 5$$

↓

$$A + 2I = 0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1+2 & 3 & 0 \\ 4 & 2+2 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 3 & 0 \\ 4 & 4 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{1/3} \xrightarrow{1/4}$$

↓

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{-1}$$

↓

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow x_2 \text{ is free}$$

$$x_1 = -x_2$$

$$x = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} = x_2 \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \text{ is eigenvector for } \lambda = -2$$

That gives:

$$P = \begin{bmatrix} 3/4 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad D = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$12(4.) \quad \lambda = 2$$

↓

$$A - 2I = 0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3-2 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 3-2 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 3-2 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} R_1 \\ R_2 \\ R_3 \end{matrix}$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} x_1 = -x_2 - x_3 \\ \rightarrow x_2 \text{ is free} \\ \rightarrow x_3 \text{ is free} \end{matrix} \quad x = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} = x_2 \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + x_3 \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

eigenvectors for  $\lambda$  are  $\begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$  and  $\begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$

$$\lambda = 5$$

$$A - 5I = 0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3-5 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 3-5 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 3-5 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & -2 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & -2 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} R_1 \\ R_2 \\ R_3 \end{matrix}$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -2 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & -3 & 0 & 0 \\ -3 & 3 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} R_1 \\ R_2 \\ R_3 \end{matrix}$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -2 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & -3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} R_1 \\ R_2 \\ R_3 \end{matrix} \rightarrow \begin{matrix} 3x_1 - 3x_2 = 0 \rightarrow x_1 = x_2 \\ x_3 \text{ is free} \end{matrix}$$

$$\begin{cases} -2x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = 0 \\ -2x_1 + x_1 + x_3 = 0 \\ x_1 = x_2 = x_3 \end{cases} \quad x = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} = x_2 \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

eigenvector for  $\lambda = 5$  is  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$



That means:

$$P = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}, Q = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

u(1.)

$$\lambda = 3$$

↓

$$A - 3I = 0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2-3 & 0 & -2 & 0 \\ 1 & 3-3 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3-3 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & -2 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{+1}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\downarrow} \left. \begin{array}{l} x_1 = -2x_3 \\ x_2 \text{ is free} \\ x_3 \text{ is free} \end{array} \right\} x = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} = x_2 \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + x_3 \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

eigenvectors for  $\lambda=3$  are  $\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$  and  $\begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$

$$\lambda = 2$$

↓

$$A - 2I = 0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2-2 & 0 & -2 & 0 \\ 1 & 3-2 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3-2 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & -2 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \left. \begin{array}{l} \rightarrow x_1 = -x_2 \\ \rightarrow x_3 = 0 \end{array} \right\}$$

eigenvector for  $\lambda=2$  is  $\begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$

That means

$$P = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & -2 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, Q = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$



22(1.)

- a) The eigenvectors must be lin independent FALSE  
 b)  
 c) TRUE  
 d) They're not related? FALSE

24(1.)

Two one-dimensional eigenspace sums up to 2, but the matrix is a  $3 \times 3$  matrix.  
 So it's not diagonalizable.

34(2.)

Eigenvalues from Python: -2, 5

$$\lambda = -2 \rightarrow A + 2I = 0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 4+2 & -9 & -7 & 8 & 2 & 0 \\ -7 & -9+2 & 0 & 7 & 14 & 0 \\ 5 & 10 & 5+2 & -5 & -10 & 0 \\ -2 & 3 & 7 & 0+2 & 4 & 0 \\ -3 & -13 & -7 & 10 & 11+2 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & -9 & -7 & 8 & 2 & 0 \\ -7 & -7 & 0 & 7 & 14 & 0 \\ 5 & 10 & 7 & -5 & -10 & 0 \\ -2 & 3 & 7 & 2 & 4 & 0 \\ -3 & -13 & -7 & 10 & 13 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

↓

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 2/5 & -3/5 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -7/5 & -7/5 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

eigenvector for  $\lambda = -2$  is  $\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ -5/7 \\ 3/7 \\ 2/7 \end{bmatrix}$



$$\lambda = 5 \rightarrow A - \lambda I = 0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 4-5 & -9 & -7 & 8 & 2 & 0 \\ -7 & -9-5 & 0 & 7 & 14 & 0 \\ 5 & 10 & 5-5 & -5 & -10 & 0 \\ -2 & 3 & 7 & 0-5 & 4 & 0 \\ -3 & -13 & -7 & 10 & 11-5 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -9 & -7 & 8 & 2 & 0 \\ -7 & -14 & 0 & 7 & 14 & 0 \\ 5 & 10 & 0 & -5 & -10 & 0 \\ -2 & 3 & 7 & -5 & 4 & 0 \\ -3 & -13 & -7 & 10 & 6 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

↓

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -2 & 1 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

eigenvector:  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$

That means:

$$P = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 5 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 5 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 5 \end{bmatrix}, \quad Q = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -5/7 & -6/7 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 3/7 & 3/7 & -1 & -1 & -1 \\ 2/7 & 2/7 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$



$$3a) \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1/3 & 0 & 1/2 & 1/2 \\ 1/3 & 0 & 1/2 & 0 & 1/2 \\ 0 & 1/3 & 0 & 1/2 & 0 \\ 1/3 & 0 & 1/2 & 0 & 0 \\ 1/3 & 1/3 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$b) \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1/3 & 1/3 & 1/3 \\ 1/3 & 0 & 1/3 & 1/3 \\ 1/3 & 1/3 & 0 & 1/3 \\ 1/3 & 1/3 & 1/3 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

4a)

$$P = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1/3 & 0 & 0 & 1/2 & 0 \\ 1/3 & 0 & 0 & 1/2 & 0 \\ 1/3 & 1/2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1/2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$\rightarrow$

$$P'$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1/5 \\ 1/3 & 0 & 0 & 1/2 & 1/5 \\ 1/3 & 0 & 0 & 1/2 & 1/5 \\ 1/3 & 1/2 & 0 & 0 & 1/5 \\ 0 & 1/2 & 0 & 0 & 1/5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$P'' = \begin{bmatrix} 1/500 & 1/500 & 124/1000 & 1/500 & 1/5 \\ 83/200 & 1/500 & 1/500 & 497/1000 & 1/5 \\ 83/200 & 1/500 & 1/500 & 497/1000 & 1/5 \\ 83/200 & 497/1000 & 1/500 & 1/500 & 1/5 \\ 1/500 & 497/1000 & 1/500 & 1/500 & 1/5 \end{bmatrix}$$



4b)

$$P = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1/2 & 1/4 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1/4 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1/2 & 0 & 1/2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1/4 & 0 & 1/2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1/4 & 1/2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1/2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$P' = \begin{bmatrix} 1/6 & 1/2 & 1/4 & 0 & 0 & 1/6 \\ 1/6 & 0 & 1/4 & 0 & 0 & 1/6 \\ 1/6 & 1/2 & 0 & 1/2 & 0 & 1/6 \\ 1/6 & 0 & 1/4 & 0 & 1/2 & 1/6 \\ 1/6 & 0 & 1/4 & 1/2 & 0 & 1/6 \\ 1/6 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1/2 & 1/6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$P'' = \begin{bmatrix} 1/6 & 149/300 & 299/1200 & 1/600 & 1/600 & 1/6 \\ 1/6 & 1/600 & 299/200 & 1/600 & 1/600 & 1/6 \\ 1/6 & 149/300 & 1/600 & 149/300 & 1/600 & 1/6 \\ 1/6 & 1/600 & 299/200 & 1/600 & 149/300 & 1/6 \\ 1/6 & 1/600 & 299/200 & 149/300 & 1/600 & 1/6 \\ 1/6 & 1/600 & 1/600 & 1/600 & 149/300 & 1/6 \end{bmatrix}$$



Results for problem 4 (see hw10Code.py for code):

```
array =  
[[ 0.002  0.002  0.992  0.002  0.2 ]  
 [ 0.332  0.002  0.002  0.497  0.2 ]  
 [ 0.332  0.002  0.002  0.497  0.2 ]  
 [ 0.332  0.497  0.002  0.002  0.2 ]  
 [ 0.002  0.497  0.002  0.002  0.2 ]]  
final order = [1 4 3 2 5]  
importance = [ 0.23648889  0.21038811  0.21038811  0.21038811  0.13234678]  
  
array =  
[[ 0.16666667  0.49666667  0.24916667  0.00166667  0.00166667  0.16666667]  
 [ 0.16666667  0.00166667  0.24916667  0.00166667  0.00166667  0.16666667]  
 [ 0.16666667  0.49666667  0.00166667  0.49666667  0.00166667  0.16666667]  
 [ 0.16666667  0.00166667  0.24916667  0.00166667  0.49666667  0.16666667]  
 [ 0.16666667  0.00166667  0.24916667  0.49666667  0.00166667  0.16666667]  
 [ 0.16666667  0.00166667  0.00166667  0.00166667  0.49666667  0.16666667]]  
final order = [3 5 4 1 6 2]  
importance = [[ 0.19983853-0.j  0.19944284-0.j  0.19944284-0.j  0.15057436-0.j  
 0.14998280-0.j  0.10071863-0.j]]
```