Project_01 - Yandex_Music

Based on the data from Yandex. Music it's required to compare the behavior of the users in two cities.

Survey target — to test three hypotheses:

- 1. Users activity is depend on the day of the week. Users activity in Moscow and Saint-Petersburg is different.
- 1. On monday morning in Moscow several types of music genres is popular, but in saint-Petersburg is other genres. On friday evening is the same differences in users behavior.
- 1. Users in Moscow and Saint-Petersburg prefer different music genres. Most popular genre in Moscow pop, in Saint-Petersburg rap.

Data overview

```
In [1]: # Pandas Library import import pandas as pd

In [2]: # import of data df = pd.read_csv('yandex_music_project.csv',index_col=[0])

In [3]: # print o first 10 rows of df df.head(10)
```

Out[3]:		userID	Track	artist	genre	City	time	Day
	0	FFB692EC	Kamigata To Boots	The Mass Missile	rock	Saint-Petersburg	20:28:33	Wednesday
	1	55204538	Delayed Because of Accident	Andreas Rönnberg	rock	Moscow	14:07:09	Friday
	2	20EC38	Funiculì funiculà	Mario Lanza	pop	Saint-Petersburg	20:58:07	Wednesday
	3	A3DD03C9	Dragons in the Sunset	Fire + Ice	folk	Saint-Petersburg	08:37:09	Monday
	4	E2DC1FAE	Soul People	Space Echo	dance	Moscow	08:34:34	Monday
	5	842029A1	Преданная	IMPERVTOR	rusrap	Saint-Petersburg	13:09:41	Friday
	6	4CB90AA5	True	Roman Messer	dance	Moscow	13:00:07	Wednesday
	7	F03E1C1F	Feeling This Way	Polina Griffith	dance	Moscow	20:47:49	Wednesday
	8	8FA1D3BE	И вновь продолжается бой	NaN	ruspop	Moscow	09:17:40	Friday
	9	E772D5C0	Pessimist	NaN	dance	Saint-Petersburg	21:20:49	Wednesday

In [4]: # print of overall information of df df.info()

Data columns (total 7 columns): Column Non-Null Count Dtype ----userID 65079 non-null object 63848 non-null object Track 57876 non-null object 2 artist 63881 non-null object 3 genre City 65079 non-null object 5 time 65079 non-null object

65079 non-null object

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Int64Index: 65079 entries, 0 to 65078

dtypes: object(7)
memory usage: 4.0+ MB

Conclusions

Day

In every row of df is information on the music track. Some columns describe the track itself: name, compsitor, genre. Other columns provide the information on the user: city, day and time of the listening.

Preiminary we can assume that it's enough data to check the hypotheses, hovewer df has nulls in data and has some colomn names in "bad" style.

Data Preparation

Column names style

```
In [5]: # print of df columns names
df.columns
Out[5]: Index([' userID', 'Track', 'artist', 'genre', ' City ', 'time', 'Day'], dtype='object')
In [6]: # rename of the bad columns names
df = df.rename(columns={' userID':'user_id','Track':'track',' City ':'city','Day':'day'})
In [7]: # chechk of the results
df.columns
Out[7]: Index(['user_id', 'track', 'artist', 'genre', 'city', 'time', 'day'], dtype='object')
```

Nulls processing

```
In [8]: # Calculation of nulls
        df.isna().sum()
        user id
Out[8]:
        track
                   1231
        artist
                   7203
        genre
                   1198
        city
        time
        day
        dtype: int64
In [9]: # selection of the columns with nulls and replace the nulls with 'unknown'
        columns_to_replace = ['track', 'artist', 'genre']
```

```
for i in columns_to_replace:
             df[i] = df[i].fillna('unknown')
In [10]: # Chechk of the result
         df.isna().sum()
         user id
                    0
Out[10]:
         track
                    0
         artist
                    0
         genre
         city
         time
         day
         dtype: int64
         Duplicates processing
In [11]: # calculation of obvious duplicates
         df.duplicated().sum()
         3826
Out[11]:
In [12]: # deletion of obvious duplicates (with index resetting)
         df = df.drop duplicates().reset index(drop=True)
In [13]: # check of the results
         df.duplicated().sum()
Out[13]: 0
```

In [14]: # chech of unique genres

df['genre'].sort_values().unique()

array(['acid', 'acoustic', 'action', 'adult', 'africa', 'afrikaans', 'alternative', 'alternativepunk', 'ambient', 'americana', 'animated', 'anime', 'arabesk', 'arabic', 'arena', 'argentinetango', 'art', 'audiobook', 'author', 'avantgarde', 'axé', 'baile', 'balkan', 'beats', 'bigroom', 'black', 'bluegrass', 'blues', 'bollywood', 'bossa', 'brazilian', 'breakbeat', 'breaks', 'broadway', 'cantautori', 'cantopop', 'canzone', 'caribbean', 'caucasian', 'celtic', 'chamber', 'chanson', 'children', 'chill', 'chinese', 'choral', 'christian', 'christmas', 'classical', 'classicmetal', 'club', 'colombian', 'comedy', 'conjazz', 'contemporary', 'country', 'cuban', 'dance', 'dancehall', 'dancepop', 'dark', 'death', 'deep', 'deutschrock', 'deutschspr', 'dirty', 'disco', 'dnb', 'documentary', 'downbeat', 'downtempo', 'drum', 'dub', 'dubstep', 'eastern', 'easy', 'electronic', 'electropop', 'emo', 'entehno', 'epicmetal', 'estrada', 'ethnic', 'eurofolk', 'european', 'experimental', 'extrememetal', 'fado', 'fairytail', 'film', 'fitness', 'flamenco', 'folk', 'folklore', 'folkmetal', 'folkrock', 'folktronica', 'forró', 'frankreich', 'französisch', 'french', 'funk', 'future', 'gangsta', 'garage', 'german', 'ghazal', 'gitarre', 'glitch', 'gospel', 'gothic', 'grime', 'grunge', 'gypsy', 'handsup', "hard'n'heavy", 'hardcore', 'hardstyle', 'hardtechno', 'hip', 'hip-hop', 'hiphop', 'historisch', 'holiday', 'hop', 'horror', 'house', 'hymn', 'idm', 'independent', 'indian', 'indie', 'indipop', 'industrial', 'inspirational', 'instrumental', 'international', 'irish', 'jam', 'japanese', 'jazz', 'jewish', 'jpop', 'jungle', 'k-pop', 'karadeniz', 'karaoke', 'kayokyoku', 'korean', 'laiko', 'latin', 'latino', 'leftfield', 'local', 'lounge', 'loungeelectronic', 'lovers', 'malaysian', 'mandopop', 'marschmusik', 'meditative', 'mediterranean', 'melodic', 'metal', 'metalcore', 'mexican', 'middle', 'minimal', 'miscellaneous', 'modern', 'mood', 'mpb', 'muslim', 'native', 'neoklassik', 'neue', 'new', 'newage', 'newwave', 'nu', 'nujazz', 'numetal', 'oceania', 'old', 'opera', 'orchestral', 'other', 'piano', 'podcasts', 'pop', 'popdance', 'popelectronic', 'popeurodance', 'poprussian', 'post', 'posthardcore', 'postrock', 'power', 'progmetal', 'progressive', 'psychedelic', 'punjabi', 'punk', 'quebecois', 'ragga', 'ram', 'rancheras', 'rap', 'rave', 'reggae', 'reggaeton', 'regional', 'relax', 'religious', 'retro', 'rhythm', 'rnb', 'rnr', 'rock', 'rockabilly', 'rockalternative', 'rockindie', 'rockother', 'romance', 'roots', 'ruspop', 'rusrap', 'rusrock', 'russian', 'salsa', 'samba', 'scenic', 'schlager', 'self', 'sertanejo', 'shanson', 'shoegazing', 'showtunes', 'singer', 'ska', 'skarock'. 'slow'. 'smooth', 'soft', 'soul', 'soulful', 'sound', 'soundtrack',

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'southern', 'specialty', 'speech', 'spiritual', 'sport',
                 'stonerrock', 'surf', 'swing', 'synthpop', 'synthrock',
                 'sängerportrait', 'tango', 'tanzorchester', 'taraftar', 'tatar',
                 'tech', 'techno', 'teen', 'thrash', 'top', 'traditional',
                 'tradjazz', 'trance', 'tribal', 'trip', 'triphop', 'tropical',
                 'türk', 'türkçe', 'ukrrock', 'unknown', 'urban', 'uzbek',
                'variété', 'vi', 'videogame', 'vocal', 'western', 'world',
                 'worldbeat', 'ïîï', 'электроника'], dtype=object)
In [15]: # function for replacing of duplicated genres
         def replace wrong genres (wrong genres, correct genre):
             hip hop list = wrong genres
             for i in hip hop list:
                 df['genre'] = df['genre'].replace(i, correct genre)
             return df
In [16]: # deletion of implicit duplicates
         wrong genres list = ['hip', 'hop', 'hip-hop']
         df = replace wrong genres (wrong genres list, 'hiphop')
In [17]: # chechk of the result
         df genre = df['genre']
         df genre = df genre.sort values()
         df genre.unique()
```

array(['acid', 'acoustic', 'action', 'adult', 'africa', 'afrikaans', 'alternative', 'alternativepunk', 'ambient', 'americana', 'animated', 'anime', 'arabesk', 'arabic', 'arena', 'argentinetango', 'art', 'audiobook', 'author', 'avantgarde', 'axé', 'baile', 'balkan', 'beats', 'bigroom', 'black', 'bluegrass', 'blues', 'bollywood', 'bossa', 'brazilian', 'breakbeat', 'breaks', 'broadway', 'cantautori', 'cantopop', 'canzone', 'caribbean', 'caucasian', 'celtic', 'chamber', 'chanson', 'children', 'chill', 'chinese', 'choral', 'christian', 'christmas', 'classical', 'classicmetal', 'club', 'colombian', 'comedy', 'conjazz', 'contemporary', 'country', 'cuban', 'dance', 'dancehall', 'dancepop', 'dark', 'death', 'deep', 'deutschrock', 'deutschspr', 'dirty', 'disco', 'dnb', 'documentary', 'downbeat', 'downtempo', 'drum', 'dub', 'dubstep', 'eastern', 'easy', 'electronic', 'electropop', 'emo', 'entehno', 'epicmetal', 'estrada', 'ethnic', 'eurofolk', 'european', 'experimental', 'extrememetal', 'fado', 'fairytail', 'film', 'fitness', 'flamenco', 'folk', 'folklore', 'folkmetal', 'folkrock', 'folktronica', 'forró', 'frankreich', 'französisch', 'french', 'funk', 'future', 'gangsta', 'garage', 'german', 'ghazal', 'gitarre', 'glitch', 'gospel', 'gothic', 'grime', 'grunge', 'gypsy', 'handsup', "hard'n'heavy", 'hardcore', 'hardstyle', 'hardtechno', 'hiphop', 'historisch', 'holiday', 'horror', 'house', 'hymn', 'idm', 'independent', 'indian', 'indie', 'indipop', 'industrial', 'inspirational', 'instrumental', 'international', 'irish', 'jam', 'japanese', 'jazz', 'jewish', 'jpop', 'jungle', 'k-pop', 'karadeniz', 'karaoke', 'kayokyoku', 'korean', 'laiko', 'latin', 'latino', 'leftfield', 'local', 'lounge', 'loungeelectronic', 'lovers', 'malaysian', 'mandopop', 'marschmusik', 'meditative', 'mediterranean', 'melodic', 'metal', 'metalcore', 'mexican', 'middle', 'minimal', 'miscellaneous', 'modern', 'mood', 'mpb', 'muslim', 'native', 'neoklassik', 'neue', 'new', 'newage', 'newwave', 'nu', 'nujazz', 'numetal', 'oceania', 'old', 'opera', 'orchestral', 'other', 'piano', 'podcasts', 'pop', 'popdance', 'popelectronic', 'popeurodance', 'poprussian', 'post', 'posthardcore', 'postrock', 'power', 'progmetal', 'progressive', 'psychedelic', 'punjabi', 'punk', 'quebecois', 'ragga', 'ram', 'rancheras', 'rap', 'rave', 'reggae', 'reggaeton', 'regional', 'relax', 'religious', 'retro', 'rhythm', 'rnb', 'rnr', 'rock', 'rockabilly', 'rockalternative', 'rockindie', 'rockother', 'romance', 'roots', 'ruspop', 'rusrap', 'rusrock', 'russian', 'salsa', 'samba', 'scenic', 'schlager', 'self', 'sertanejo', 'shanson', 'shoegazing', 'showtunes', 'singer', 'ska', 'skarock', 'slow', 'smooth', 'soft', 'soul', 'soulful', 'sound', 'soundtrack', 'southern', 'specialty', 'speech', 'spiritual', 'sport',

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'stonerrock', 'surf', 'swing', 'synthpop', 'synthrock', 'sängerportrait', 'tango', 'tanzorchester', 'taraftar', 'tatar', 'tech', 'techno', 'teen', 'thrash', 'top', 'traditional', 'tradjazz', 'trance', 'tribal', 'trip', 'triphop', 'tropical', 'türk', 'türkçe', 'ukrrock', 'unknown', 'urban', 'uzbek', 'variété', 'vi', 'videogame', 'vocal', 'western', 'world', 'worldbeat', 'ïîï', 'электроника'], dtype=object)
```

Conclusions

Data preparation has revealed 3 issues in data:

- bad colomns names style;
- nulls in data;
- duplicated data obvious and implicit

The columns names were corrected and duplicted deleted. The missing genres were replaced on "unknown".

After the completion of the data preparation we can start the hypothesis testing.

Hypothesis testing

Compare the behavior of the users in two cities

Users activity is depend on the day of the week. Users activity in Moscow and Saint-Petersburg is different.

```
Out[19]:
         Friday
                       21840
         Monday
                       21354
         Wednesday
                       18059
         Name: track, dtype: int64
In [20]: # creation of function number tracks()
         def number tracks (city,day):
             track list=df[df['day']==day]
             track list=track list[track list['city']==city]
             track list count = track list['user id'].count()
             return track list count
In [21]: # quantity of playback in Moscow on Monday
         moscow monday = number tracks('Moscow', 'Monday')
         moscow monday
         15740
Out[21]:
         # quantity of playback in Saint-Petersburg on Monday
In [22]:
         spb monday = number tracks('Saint-Petersburg', 'Monday')
          spb monday
          5614
Out[22]:
In [23]: # quantity of playback in Moscow on Wednesday
         moscow wendsday = number tracks('Moscow', 'Wednesday')
         moscow_wendsday
         11056
Out[23]:
In [24]: # quantity of playback in Saint-Petersburg on Wednesday
         spb wendsday = number tracks('Saint-Petersburg','Wednesday')
         spb_wendsday
         7003
Out[24]:
```

```
In [25]: # quantity of playback in Moscow on Friday
         moscow_friday = number_tracks('Moscow','Friday')
         moscow friday
         15945
Out[25]:
In [26]: # quantity of playback in Saint-Petersburg on Friday
         spb friday = number tracks('Saint-Petersburg','Friday')
          spb friday
          5895
Out[26]:
In [27]: # print of results
         pd.DataFrame(data=[
              ['Moscow', moscow monday, moscow wendsday, moscow friday],
             ['Saint-Petersburg', spb monday, spb wendsday, spb friday]],
             columns=['city', 'monday', 'wednesday', 'friday'])
Out[27]:
                      city monday wednesday friday
                            15740
          0
                  Moscow
                                       11056 15945
```

Conclusion on Hypothesis one

1 Saint-Petersburg

The data shows the differences in users behavior:

5614

7003

5895

- The highest quantity of playbacks in Moscom is on Monday and Friday, but of the Wendsday it's lower.
- In the Saint-Petersburg is opposite situation the highest quantity is on Wendsday. On Monday and Friday the quantity of playbacks is lower than on Wendsday and almost the same.
- В Москве пик прослушиваний приходится на понедельник и пятницу, а в среду заметен спад.
- В Петербурге, наоборот, больше слушают музыку по средам. Активность в понедельник и пятницу здесь почти в равной мере уступает среде.

Hypothesis is correct.

Music in the begining and end of the week

On monday morning in Moscow several types of music genres is popular, but in Saint-Petersburg is other genres. On friday evening is the same differences in users behavior.

```
In [28]: # getting the moscow general from df, where 'city' column equal to 'Moscow'
         moscow general = df[df['city']=='Moscow']
In [29]: # getting the moscow general from df, where 'city' column equal to 'Saint-Petersburg'
         spb general = df[df['city']=='Saint-Petersburg']
In [30]: # genre weekday() function
         def genre weekday (table, day, time1, time2):
             genre df = table[table['day']==day]
             genre df = genre df[genre df['time']>=time1]
             genre df = genre df[genre df['time']<=time2]</pre>
             genre df count = genre df.groupby('genre')['track'].count()
             genre df sorted = genre df count.sort values(ascending = False)
             return genre df sorted.head(10)
In [31]: # selection of the top genres in Moscow on Monday morning
         genre weekday(moscow general, 'Monday', '07:00', '11:00')
         genre
Out[31]:
                        781
         pop
         dance
                        549
         electronic
                        480
         rock
                        474
         hiphop
                        286
         ruspop
                        186
         world
                        181
                        175
         rusrap
         alternative
                        164
         unknown
                        161
         Name: track, dtype: int64
In [32]: # selection of the top genres in Saint-Petersburg on Monday morning
         genre weekday(spb general, 'Monday', '07:00', '11:00')
```

```
genre
Out[32]:
                         218
         pop
         dance
                         182
         rock
                        162
         electronic
                         147
         hiphop
                         80
         ruspop
                          64
         alternative
                          58
                          55
         rusrap
         jazz
                          44
         classical
                          40
         Name: track, dtype: int64
In [33]: # selection of the top genres in Moscow on Friday evening
         genre weekday(moscow general, 'Friday', '17:00', '23:00')
         genre
Out[33]:
                         713
         pop
                         517
         rock
         dance
                         495
         electronic
                         482
         hiphop
                         273
         world
                         208
         ruspop
                         170
         alternative
                         163
         classical
                         163
         rusrap
                         142
         Name: track, dtype: int64
In [34]: # selection of the top genres in Saint-Petersburg on Friday evening
         genre weekday(spb general, 'Friday', '17:00', '23:00')
         genre
Out[34]:
                         256
         pop
         electronic
                         216
         rock
                         216
         dance
                         210
         hiphop
                         97
         alternative
                         63
         jazz
                         61
         classical
                          60
                          59
         rusrap
         world
                          54
         Name: track, dtype: int64
```

Hypothesis 2 conclusions

Comparing top 10 genres of Monday morning we can cocnclude the following:

- 1. In Moscow and Saint-Petersburg users are listening the similar music. The only difference is that in Moscow top 10 Monday morning rating was icnluded genre "world", but in Saint-Petersburg "jazz" and "classic".
- 2. In Moscow the were too many playbacks of tracks w/o genres that value "unkown" were placed on the 10th position of most popular genres. That means that data with nulls value has the sufficient portion in the data and puts in the danger the certainty of the survey.

On the Friday evenening the result of analysis is similar. Some of the genres goes up, another goes dwn, bot overall top 10 genres stay the same.

The second hepothesis was confirmed only partially:

- Users are listeting the similar music in the beginning and the end of the week.
- Differnece in genres priority in Moscow and Saint-Petersburg is slighlty different. In Moscow users prefer russian pop music, in Saint-Petersburg jazz

Hovewer the nulls in data is not allowed us to confirm the result on 100%. The quantity of null genres in Moscow is so high that the rationg of top 10 genres could be different if that data were not lost.

Genres preferences in Moscow and Saint-Petersburg

Users in Moscow and Saint-Petersburg prefer different music genres. Most popular genre in Moscow - pop, in Saint-Petersburg - rap.

```
In [35]: # Moscow_general df group by row 'genre'
    moscow_genres = moscow_general.groupby('genre')['user_id'].count()
    moscow_genres = moscow_genres.sort_values(ascending = False)
In [36]: # print of first 10 rows
    moscow_genres.head(10)
```

```
genre
Out[36]:
                         5892
          pop
         dance
                         4435
         rock
                         3965
         electronic
                         3786
         hiphop
                         2096
         classical
                         1616
         world
                         1432
         alternative
                         1379
         ruspop
                         1372
                         1161
         rusrap
         Name: user id, dtype: int64
In [37]: # Saint-Peterpurg general df group by row 'genre'
         spb genres = spb general.groupby('genre')['user id'].count()
         spb genres = spb genres.sort values(ascending = False)
In [38]: # print of first 10 rows
         spb genres.head(10)
         genre
Out[38]:
                         2431
          pop
         dance
                         1932
         rock
                         1879
         electronic
                         1736
         hiphop
                          960
          alternative
                          649
          classical
                          646
         rusrap
                          564
         ruspop
                          538
         world
                          515
         Name: user_id, dtype: int64
```

Third Hypothesis conclusions

Hypothesis is correct only partially:

- Pop Music the most popular genre in Moscow, as it was origionally stated in hypothesis. Moreover the top 10 genres includes also russion pop music.
- Against the expectations rap is not the most popular genre in Saint-Petersburg, but it has similar popularity in both cities.

Survey Conclusions

1. Day of the week has difference infuelnce on the users activity in Moscow and Saint-Petersburg.

First hypothesis is correct.

- 1. Music preferences has a slighly changes during the day of the week in Moscor or Saint-Petersburg. A small differences is appeared only in the beginning of the week, on mondays:
- in Moscow users prefer "world" genre
- in Saint-Petersbirg jazz or classic

Therefore second hypothesis was correct only partially. The result of hypothesis testing could be different if the data has full information on all genres (less nulls).

1. Users preferences in Moscow and Saint-Petersburg have more common rather than differenet. Against the expectations the genre preferences in both cities are very similar.

Third hypothesis is not correct. The difference in music preferences in the both cities is minor and could not be spotted on the most part of users.