${\rm FYS2140}$ - Oblig 5

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Oppgave 1

Forventningsverdien til x er:

$$\langle x \rangle = \int_0^a x \psi(x)_n^* \psi(x)_n dx$$
$$= \int_0^a \frac{2}{a} \sin^2(\frac{n\pi}{a}x) x dx$$
$$\frac{2}{a} \int_0^a x \sin^2(\frac{n\pi}{a}x) dx$$

Vi substituerer $\frac{n\pi}{a}x = u \Rightarrow x = \frac{a}{n\pi}u$, $dx = \frac{a}{n\pi}du$, u(0) = 0, $u(a) = n\pi$:

$$\langle x \rangle = \frac{2}{a} \int_{u(0)}^{u(a)} \frac{a}{n\pi} u \sin^2(u) \frac{a}{n\pi} du$$

= $\frac{2a}{n^2 \pi^2} \int_0^{n\pi} u \sin^2(u) du$

Vi løser integralet $\int u \sin^2(u) du$ ved delvis integrasjon:

$$\int u \sin^2(u) du = \frac{1}{2} u^2 \sin^2(u) - \int \frac{1}{2} u^2 \cdot 2 \sin(u) \cos(u) du$$
$$= \frac{1}{2} u^2 \sin^2(u) - \frac{1}{2} \int u^2 \sin(2u) du$$

Fra Rottmann finner vi løsningen av integraler på formen:

$$\int u^2 \sin(au) du = \frac{2}{a^2} u \sin(au) - \frac{2 - a^2 u^2}{a^3} \cos(au) + C$$

Vi har altså:

$$\int u \sin^2(u) du = \frac{1}{2}u^2 \sin^2(u) - \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{2}{2^2} u \sin(2u) + \frac{2 - 2^2 u^2}{2^3} \cos(2u) + c \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}u^2 \sin^2(u) - \frac{1}{4}u \sin(2u) - \frac{1}{8}\cos(2u) + \frac{1}{4}u^2 \cos(2u) + C$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}u^2 \left(\sin^2(u) + \frac{1}{2}\cos(2u) \right) - \frac{1}{4}u \sin(2u) - \frac{1}{8}\cos(2u) + C$$

$$\frac{1}{2}u^2 \left[\sin^2(u) + \frac{1}{2} \left(1 - 2\sin^2(u) \right) \right] - \frac{1}{4}u \sin(2u) - \frac{1}{8}\cos(2u) + C$$

$$= \frac{1}{4}u^2 - \frac{1}{4}u \sin(2u) - \frac{1}{8}\cos(2u) + C$$

Forventningsverdien til x blir altså:

$$\langle x \rangle = \frac{2a}{n^2 \pi^2} \left[\frac{1}{4} u^2 - \frac{1}{4} u \sin(2u) - \frac{1}{8} \cos(2u) + c \right]_0^{n\pi}$$

$$= \frac{2a}{n^2\pi^2} \left(\frac{n^2\pi^2}{4} - \frac{n\pi}{4} \sin(2n\pi) - \frac{1}{8} \cos(2n\pi) + \frac{1}{8} \right)$$

Siden $\sin(2n\pi)=0$ og $\cos(2n\pi)=1$ for alle $n\in\mathbb{N},$ får vi:

$$< x > = \frac{2a}{n^2\pi^2} \left(\frac{n^2\pi^2}{4} - 0 - \frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{8} \right) = \frac{a}{2}$$

Forventningsverdien til x^2 er:

$$\langle x^2 \rangle = \int x^2 |\psi_n(x)|^2 dx$$

Oppgave 2

- a)
- b)
- c)
- d)
- e)