

# M1 (b) – Encapsulation

Jin L.C. Guo

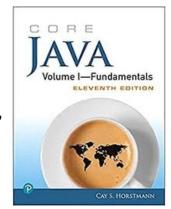
## Concerns from you (latest survey input)

- Workload
  - Time management
- Format
  - Lectures
  - Lab Tests
- Background

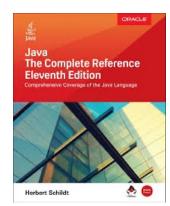
#### Additional references for Java

• <a href="https://docs.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/java/nutsandbolts/index.html">https://docs.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/java/nutsandbolts/index.html</a>

 Core Java Volume I—Fundamentals, Eleventh Edition



• Java: The Complete Reference, Eleventh Edition



## Recap of last class

## Programming Mechanism Review

• Classes and Interfaces

#### Activity 1:

Code Demo m1.EscapingReference



Are there any ways to change the state of an Undergrad object without going through its own methods?



What about Course?

Model the structure of the system at a specific time

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• Complete or part of the system

Model the structure of the system at a specific time

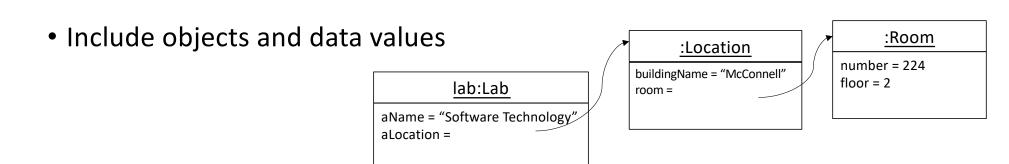
Complete or part of the system

Include objects and data values

name:Type

Object field = value

- Model the structure of the system at a specific time
- Complete or part of the system

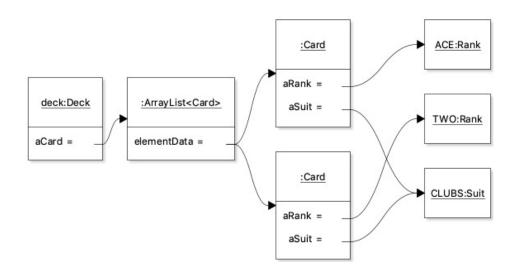


- Model the structure of the system at a specific time
- Complete or part of the system
- Include objects and data values
- To discover or explain facts of software design (by capturing object relations)

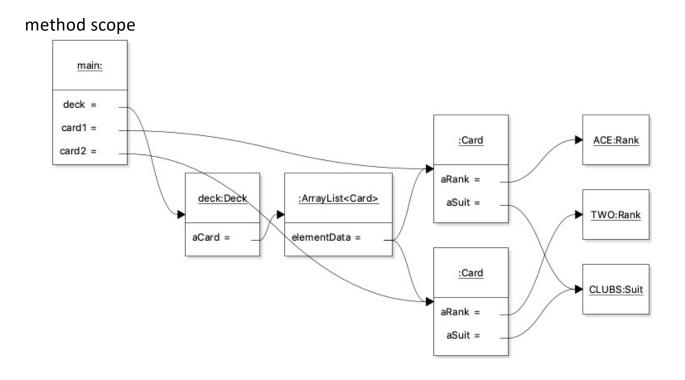
### Activity 2 - Draw Object Diagram

```
Deck deck = new Deck();
Card card1 = new Card(Rank.ACE, Suit.CLUBS);
Card card2 = new Card(Rank.TWO, Suit.CLUBS);
deck.addCard(card1);
deck.addCard(card2);
```

## Object Diagram - Capturing Object Relations



## Capturing Object Relations – Object Diagram



## Well-encapsulated Card Class

```
public class Card
{
    final private Rank aRank;
    final private Suit aSuit;

    public Card(Rank pRank, Suit pSuit)
    {
        aRank = pRank;
        aSuit = pSuit;
    }

    public Rank getRank()
    {
        return aRank;
    }

    ......
}
```

```
Deck deck = new Deck();
Card card1 = new Card(Rank.ACE, Suit.CLUBS);
Card card2 = new Card(Rank.TWO, Suit.CLUBS);
deck.addCard(card1);
deck.addCard(card2);
```

Add access methods that only return references to immutable objects.

```
public class Deck
{
    private List<Card> aCards = new ArrayList<>();
    ... ...

    public List<Card> getCards()
    {
        return new ArrayList<> (aCards);
    }
}
```

Returning a copy

### How to make a copy?

• Copy Constructor: a special constructor that creates an object using another object of the same Java class.

```
public Undergrad(Undergrad pUG) {
    this.aID = pUG.aID;
    this.aFirstName = pUG.aFirstName;
    this.aLastName = pUG.aLastName;
}
```

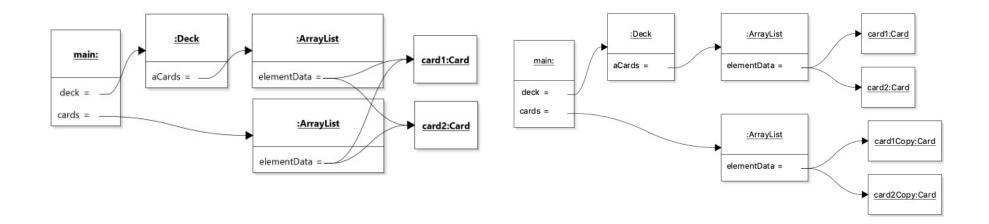
### How to make a copy?

Static method within the class

```
public static Undergrad getCopy(Undergrad pUG) {
    Undergrad copy =
        new Undergrad(pUG.aID, pUG.aFirstName, pUG.aFirstName);
    return copy;
}
```

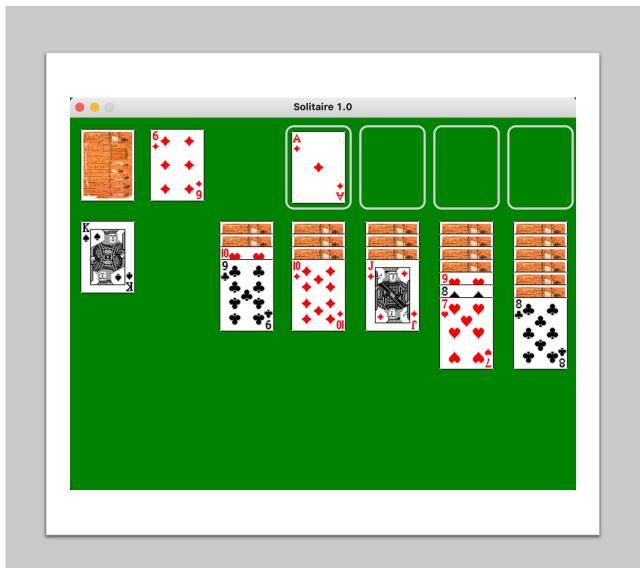
```
public class Deck
{
          private List<Card> aCards = new ArrayList<>();
          public List<Card> getCards()
                    return new ArrayList<> (aCards);
                                                 :Deck
                                                                     :ArrayList
                                main:
                                                                                         card1:Card
}
                                             aCards =
                                                               elementData = -
                              deck =
                              cards =
                                                                     :ArrayList
                                                                                          card2:Card
Returning a copy
                                                               elementData = -
```

## Shallow Copy VS Deep Copy



### Activity 3

- Add Color attribute to Card
  - Which class should be changed?
  - What data structure should be used to represent Color?



```
/**
* A card's suit.
public enum Suit
   CLUBS, DIAMONDS, SPADES, HEARTS;
   public enum Color {BLACK, RED}
   public Color getColor()
       switch(this)
           case CLUBS:
               return Color.BLACK;
           case DIAMONDS:
               return Color.RED;
           case SPADES:
               return Color.BLACK;
           case HEARTS:
               return Color.RED;
           default:
               throw new AssertionError(this);
```

```
/**
* A card's suit.
public enum Suit
   CLUBS(Color.BLACK),
   DIAMONDS(Color.RED),
   SPADES(Color.BLACK),
   HEARTS(Color.RED);
   private Color aColor;
   public enum Color {BLACK, RED}
   Suit(Color pColor)
                                   package-private/private access
       this.aColor = pColor;
   }
   public Color getColor()
       return this.aColor;
}
```

### Recap of this module

- Programming mechanisms:
  - Scope and Visibility
- Concepts and Principles:
  - Information Hiding, Encapsulation, Escaping Reference, Immutability
- Design Techniques:
  - Object Diagrams
- Patterns and Antipatterns:
  - Primitive Obsession **?**

#### Next Module

Types and Polymorphism