

Вежбе из физике 2

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Вежба 2. Редна и паралелна веза отпорника

1 Редна веза

$$\begin{aligned}I &= 23 \cdot 10^{-3} A \\ \Delta I &= 1\%I + 3d = 0.6 \cdot 10^{-3} A \\ (I \pm \Delta I) &= (23.0 \pm 0.6) \cdot 10^{-3} A\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}U_1 &= 2.23 V \\ \Delta U_1 &= 0.5\%U_1 + 3d = 0.05 V \\ (U_1 \pm \Delta U_1) &= (2.23 \pm 0.05) V\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}U_2 &= 1.15 V \\ \Delta U_2 &= 0.5\%U_2 + 3d = 0.04 V \\ (U_2 \pm \Delta U_2) &= (1.15 \pm 0.04) V\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}U &= 3.49 V \\ \Delta U &= 0.5\%U + 3d = 0.05 V \\ (U \pm \Delta U) &= (3.49 \pm 0.05) V\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}R_1 &= \frac{U_1}{I} = 101 \Omega \\ \Delta R_1 &= R_1 \cdot \left(\frac{\Delta U_1}{U_1} + \frac{\Delta I}{I} \right) = 5 \Omega \\ (R_1 \pm \Delta R_1) &= (101 \pm 5) \Omega\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}R_2 &= \frac{U_2}{I} = 50 \Omega \\ \Delta R_2 &= R_2 \cdot \left(\frac{\Delta U_2}{U_2} + \frac{\Delta I}{I} \right) = 4 \Omega \\ (R_2 \pm \Delta R_2) &= (50 \pm 4) \Omega\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}R_r &= R_1 + R_2 = 101 \Omega + 50 \Omega = 151 \Omega \\ \Delta R_r &= \Delta R_1 + \Delta R_2 = 5 \Omega + 3.1 \Omega = 8.1 \Omega \approx 9 \Omega \\ (R_r \pm \Delta R_r) &= (151 \pm 9) \Omega\end{aligned}$$

2 Паралелна веза

$$\begin{aligned}I_1 &= 82.1 \cdot 10^{-3} A \\ \Delta I_1 &= 1\%I_1 + 3d = 1.2 \cdot 10^{-3} A \approx 2 \cdot 10^{-3} A \\ (I_1 \pm \Delta I_1) &= (82 \pm 2) \cdot 10^{-3} A\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}I_2 &= 43.1 \cdot 10^{-3} A \\ \Delta I_2 &= 1\%I_2 + 3d = 0.8 \cdot 10^{-3} A \\ (I_2 \pm \Delta I_2) &= (43.1 \pm 0.8) \cdot 10^{-3} A\end{aligned}$$

$$I = 124.8 \cdot 10^{-3} A$$

$$\Delta I = 1\% I + 3d = 1.6 \cdot 10^{-3} A$$

$$(I \pm \Delta I) = (124.8 \pm 1.6) \cdot 10^{-3} A$$

$$U = 4.49 V$$

$$\Delta U = 0.5\% U + 3d = 0.06 V$$

$$(U \pm \Delta U) = (4.49 \pm 0.06) V$$

$$R_1 = \frac{U}{I_1} = 54.7 \Omega$$

$$\Delta R_1 = R_1 \cdot \left(\frac{\Delta U}{U} + \frac{\Delta I_1}{I_1} \right) = 1.6 \Omega \approx 2 \Omega$$

$$(R_1 \pm \Delta R_1) = (55 \pm 2) \Omega$$

$$R_2 = \frac{U_2}{I} = 104 \Omega$$

$$\Delta R_2 = R_2 \left(\frac{\Delta U}{U} + \frac{\Delta I_2}{I_2} \right) = 4 \Omega$$

$$(R_2 \pm \Delta R_2) = (104 \pm 4) \Omega$$

$$R_p = \frac{U}{I} = 36 \Omega$$

$$\Delta R_p = R_p \left(\frac{\Delta U}{U} + \frac{\Delta I}{I} \right) = 1 \Omega$$

$$(R_p \pm \Delta R_p) = (36 \pm 1) \Omega$$

3 Директна мерења

$$R_1 = 51.2 \Omega$$

$$\Delta R_1 = 0.5 \Omega$$

$$(R_1 \pm \Delta R_1) = (51.2 \pm 0.5) \Omega$$

$$R_1 = 101.4 \Omega$$

$$\Delta R_1 = 1.4 \Omega \approx 2 \Omega$$

$$(R_1 \pm \Delta R_1) = (101 \pm 2) \Omega$$

$$R_r = 151.7 \Omega$$

$$\Delta R_r = 1\% R_r + 3d = 1.9 \Omega \approx 2 \Omega$$

$$(R_r \pm \Delta R_r) = (152 \pm 2) \Omega$$

$$R_p = 34.3 \Omega$$

$$\Delta R_p = 1\% R_p + 3d = 0.7 \Omega$$

$$(R_p \pm \Delta R_p) = (34.4 \pm 0.7) \Omega$$