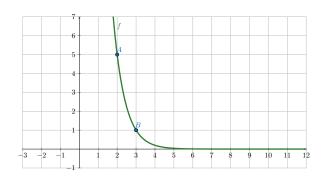
Домаћи задатак из анализе

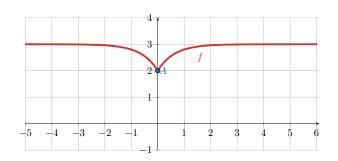
Алекса Вучковић, 2ц

Задатак 1. Скицирати графике следећих функција:

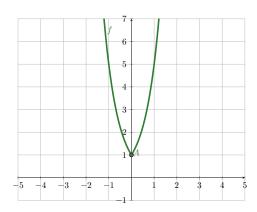
a)
$$f(x) = 5^{3-x}$$



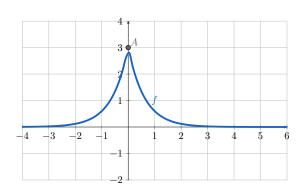
B)
$$f(x) = 3 - 5^{-|x|}$$



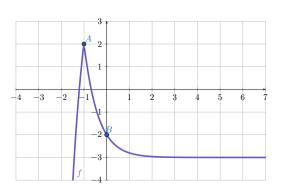
д)
$$f(x) = max\{5^{-x}, 5^x\}$$



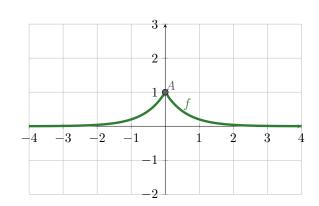
6)
$$f(x) = 3 \cdot 5^{-|x|}$$



$$\Gamma) f(x) = 2 - |5 - 5^{-x}|$$



$$f(x) = min\{5^{-x}, 5^x\}$$



Задатак 2. Одредити домен и скуп вредности функције:

- a) $f(x) = 3^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \Rightarrow x \in [-1,1] \Rightarrow f(x) \in [1,3]$ 6) $f(x) = 2^{\sqrt{x^2-1}} \Rightarrow x \in (-\infty,-1] \cup [1,+\infty) \Rightarrow f(x) \in [1,+\infty)$
- B) $f(x) = \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{\sin x} \Rightarrow x \in \mathbb{R} \Rightarrow f(x) \in \left[\frac{1}{3}, 3\right]$ r) $f(x) = \sqrt{0.5^x 8} = \sqrt{2^{-x} 2^3} \Rightarrow 2^{-x} 2^3 \le 0 \Rightarrow x \le -3 \Rightarrow x \in (-\infty, -3] \Rightarrow f(x) \in [0, +\infty)$

Задатак 3. Решити једначине:

a)
$$\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{1-x} = \sqrt{2}$$
$$\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{1-x} = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$
$$1 - x = -\frac{1}{2}$$
$$x = \frac{3}{2}$$

6)
$$15^x = 5 \cdot 3^x$$

 $\beta^x \cdot 5^x = 5 \cdot \beta^x$
 $x = 1$.

B)
$$3 \cdot 2^{2x-1} = 6^x$$

$$\frac{3}{2} \cdot 4^x = 6^x$$

$$\frac{3}{2} = \left(\frac{6}{4}\right)^x$$

$$\frac{3}{2} = \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^x$$

$$x = 1$$

Γ)
$$36^{x} - 42 \cdot 6^{x} + 216 = 0$$

$$6^{2x} - 42 \cdot 6^{x} + 216 = 0$$

$$6^{x} = \frac{42 \pm \sqrt{42^{2} - 4 \cdot 216}}{2}$$

$$6^{x} = \frac{42 \pm 30}{2}$$

$$6^{x} = 36 \lor 6^{x} = 6$$

$$x \in \{1, 2\}$$

$$t = \sqrt{\left(5\sqrt{2} + 7\right)^x} + \sqrt{\left(5\sqrt{2} - 7\right)^x} = 198$$

$$t = \sqrt{\left(5\sqrt{2} + 7\right)^x}$$

$$t + \frac{1}{t} = 198$$

$$t^2 - 198t + 1 = 0$$

$$t = \frac{198 \pm \sqrt{198^2 - 4}}{2}$$

$$t = 99 \pm 70\sqrt{2}$$

$$t = 99 \pm 70\sqrt{2} = \left(5\sqrt{2} + 7\right)^{\frac{x}{2}}$$

$$99 + 70\sqrt{2} = \left(5\sqrt{2} + 7\right)^2$$

$$t = \frac{1}{(5\sqrt{2} + 7)^2} = \left(5\sqrt{2} + 7\right)^{-2}$$

$$t = \frac{1}{3} \pm \sqrt{\frac{100}{9}} - 4$$

$$t_1 = 3 \lor t_2 = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$t_{1,2} = \pm 1$$

$$t^2 + 3 \cdot t + 1 = 0$$

$$t = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{9} - 4}{2}$$

$$t = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{5}}{2}$$

$$3^x = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{5}}{2}$$

$$4^y$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \mathfrak{h}) \ 4 \cdot 2^{2x} = 18 \cdot 3^{2x} + 6^x / : 2^x \\ 4 = 18 \cdot \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2x} + \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^x \\ t = \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^x \\ 0 = 18t^2 + t - 4 \\ t = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1 + 4 \cdot 18 \cdot 4}}{36} \\ t = -\frac{1}{2} \lor t = \frac{4}{9} \\ \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^x = \frac{4}{9} \lor \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^x = -\frac{1}{2} \\ x = -2 \lor \bot \\ x \in \{-2\} \end{array}$$

e)
$$9 \cdot (9^{x} + 9^{-x}) - 3 \cdot (3^{x} + 3^{-x}) = 72$$
 $t = 3^{x}$
 $9 \cdot (t^{2} + \frac{1}{t^{2}}) - 3 \cdot (t + \frac{1}{t}) = 72$
 $y = t + \frac{1}{t}$
 $y^{2} = t^{2} + \frac{1}{t^{2}} + 2$
 $9 \cdot (y^{2} - 2) - 3 \cdot y = 72$
 $3 \cdot y^{2} - 6 - 3 \cdot y = 72$
 $3 \cdot y^{2} - y - 30 = 0$
 $y_{1,2} = \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{1 + 30 \cdot 3 \cdot 4}}{6}$
 $y_{1} = -3 \lor y_{2} = \frac{10}{3}$
 $\frac{10}{3} = t + \frac{1}{t}$
 $t^{2} - \frac{10}{3} \cdot t + 1 = 0$
 $t = \frac{\frac{10}{3} \pm \sqrt{\frac{100}{9} - 4}}{2}$
 $t_{1} = 3 \lor t_{2} = \frac{1}{3}$
 $x_{1,2} = \pm 1$
 $-3 = t + \frac{1}{t}$
 $t^{2} + 3 \cdot t + 1 = 0$
 $t = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{9} - 4}{2}$
 $t = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{5}}{2}$
 $3^{x} = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{5}}{2}$

Стога једина решења су:

 $x \in \{1, 2\}$

ж)
$$\left(\left(\sqrt[6]{81}\right)^{\frac{x}{5}-\sqrt{x}}\right)^{\frac{x}{5}+\sqrt{x}} = 3^{\frac{9}{5}}$$

$$\left(\left(3^{\frac{4}{6}}\right)^{\frac{x}{5}-\sqrt{x}}\right)^{\frac{x}{5}+\sqrt{x}} = 3^{\frac{9}{5}}$$

$$\left(\frac{4}{6}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{x}{5}-\sqrt{x}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{x}{5}+\sqrt{x}\right) = \frac{9}{5}$$

$$\left(\frac{2}{3}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{x^2}{25}-x\right) \cdot = \frac{9}{5}$$

$$x^2 - 25x - \frac{135}{2} = 0$$

$$x = \frac{25 \pm \sqrt{625 + \frac{135}{2} \cdot 4}}{2}$$

$$x = \frac{25 \pm \sqrt{895}}{2} \text{ jep je } x > 0.$$

Задатак 4. Решити неједначине:

a)
$$\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)^{1-x} < (0,64)^{2(1+\sqrt{x})}$$

$$\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)^{1-x} < \left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^{4(1+\sqrt{x})}$$

$$\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)^{1-x} < \frac{5}{4}^{-4(1+\sqrt{x})}$$

$$1 - x < -4 \cdot (1 + \sqrt{x})$$

$$0 < x - 4 \cdot \sqrt{x} - 5$$

$$(\sqrt{x} - 5) \cdot (\sqrt{x} + 1) > 0$$

$$\sqrt{x} \ge 0 \land \sqrt{x} > 5 \Rightarrow x > 25$$

$$x \in (25, +\infty).$$

6)
$$10^{4x^2-2x-2} \ge 100^{x-1,5}$$

 $10^{4x^2-2x-2} \ge 10^{2x-3}$
 $4 \cdot x^2 - 2 \cdot x - 2 \ge 2 \cdot x - 3$
 $4 \cdot x^2 - 4 \cdot x + 1 \ge 0$
 $(2 \cdot x - 1)^2 \ge 0$
 $x \in \mathbb{R}$.

B)
$$\frac{3^{x} - 9}{x^{2} - 5x + 6} > 0$$

$$\frac{3^{x} - 3^{2}}{(x - 3) \cdot (x - 2)} > 0$$

$$i)x < 2 \Rightarrow 3^{x} - 3^{2} < 0, (x - 3) \cdot (x - 2) > 0 \Rightarrow \bot$$

$$ii)2 \le x \le 3 \Rightarrow 3^{x} - 3^{2} > 0, (x - 3) \cdot (x - 2) < 0 \Rightarrow \bot$$

$$iii)x > 3 \Rightarrow 3^{x} - 3^{2} > 0, (x - 3) \cdot (x - 2) > 0 \Rightarrow x > 3$$

$$x \in (3, +\infty)$$

3)
$$2^{x} + 3^{x} = 5^{x} / : 3^{x}$$

 $\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{x} + 1 = \left(\frac{5}{3}\right)^{x}$

Лева страна је опадајућа, а десна растућа, Стога је једино могуће решење:

$$x = 1$$
.

и)
$$10^x + 11^x + 12^x = 13^x + 14^x / : 12^x$$
 $\left(\frac{5}{6}\right)^x + \left(\frac{11}{12}\right)^x + 1 = \left(\frac{13}{12}\right)^x + \left(\frac{7}{6}\right)^x$

Лева страна је опадајућа, а десна растућа, Стога је једино могуће решење:

$$x=2$$
.

$$r) 3^{x-1} + 3^{x-2} - 3^{x-4} < 315$$

$$3^x \left(\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{9} - \frac{1}{81}\right) < 315$$

$$3^x \left(\frac{35}{81}\right) < 315$$

$$3^x < 81 \cdot 9$$

$$3^x < 3^6$$

$$x \in (-\infty, 6)$$

д)
$$\sqrt{\left(5+2\sqrt{6}\right)^x} + \left(\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{2}\right)^x \le 10$$

$$t = \left(\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{2}\right)^x$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{1}{t^2}} + t \le 10$$

$$t + \frac{1}{t} \le 10$$

$$t^2 - 10 \cdot t + 1 \le 0$$

$$t = 5 \pm 2 \cdot \sqrt{6}$$

$$t \in \left[\left(\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{2}\right)^{-2}, \left(\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{2}\right)^2\right]$$

$$x \in \{-2, 2\}$$

$$\mathfrak{h}$$
) $3^{x+2} \geq 3^{2x+5} - x$ $x \geq 3^{2x+5} - 3^{x+2}$ $i)x < -3 \Rightarrow 3^{2x+5} - 3^{x+2} > -1 \Rightarrow \bot$ $ii) - 3 \leq x < 0 \Rightarrow 3^{2x+5} - 3^{x+2} \geq 0 \Rightarrow \bot$ $iii)0 \leq x \Rightarrow f(x) = 3^{2x+5} - 3^{x+2}$ $f(x)$ расте експоненцијално за разлику од x Стога ова неједнакост нема решења.

e)
$$2^{x} + 3^{x} + 12 < 5^{x} / : 5^{x}$$

$$1 - \frac{2^{x}}{5} - \frac{3^{x}}{5} - \frac{12}{5^{x}} > 0$$

$$f(x) = 1 - \left(\frac{2}{5}\right)^{x} - \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^{x} - \frac{12}{5^{x}} \text{ je } \nearrow$$

$$\exists a \ x = 2 \ f(x) = 0 \Rightarrow x > 2$$

$$x \in (2, +\infty)$$